WATER CHEF INC Form 10QSB/A December 21, 2007

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, DC 20549 FORM 10-QSB/A (Mark One)

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURACT OF 1934	RITIES AND EXCHANGE
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 200	07
( ) TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE EXCH	HANGE ACT
For the transition period from to Commission file number 1-09	_ 9478
WATER CHEF, INC.	
(Exact Name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in	Its Charter)
Delaware	86-0515678
(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)	(IRS Employer
68 South Service Road, Suite 100, Melville, New Yo	
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)	
631-577-7915	
(Issuer's Telephone Number, Including Area Co	 ode)
(Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal if Changed Since Last Report)	Year,
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or period that the registrant was required to file such reports) subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes	r for such shorter ), and (2) has been
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell compared 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.) Yes [ ] No [X]	pany (as defined in
State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer equity, as of the last practicable date.	's classes of common
OUTSTANDING AS OF AUGUST 7, 2007	
CLASS	Common
Par value \$0.001 per share	190,191,843
Transitional small business disclosure format (check one) Yes	s [ ] No [X]

#### INDEX

	PAGE
PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION:	
ITEM 1: FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Condensed Balance Sheet (Unaudited) At June 30, 2007	2-3
Condensed Statements of Operations (Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 For the Period January 1, 2002 to June 30, 2007	4
Condensed Statement of Stockholders' Deficiency (Unaudited) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006	
Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 For the Period January 1, 2002 to June 30, 2007	5-6 7-8
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited)	9-16
ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION	17-20
ITEM 3: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	21-22
PART II: OTHER INFORMATION:	
ITEM 2: UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	23
ITEM 6: EXHIBITS	24
SIGNATURE	25
CERTIFICATIONS	26-27

1

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash	\$215 <b>,</b> 129
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	30,685
Total Current Assets	245,814
FIXED ASSETS:	
Property and equipment - net of accumulated	
depreciation of \$234	13,806
OTHER ASSETS	
Patents and trademarks - net of accumulated	14 476
amortization of \$11,579	14,476
Other assets	6,360
Total Other Assets	20,836
TOTAL ASSETS	\$280,456
	=======

See notes to condensed financial statements.

2

WATER CHEF, INC.
(A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

JUNE 30, 2007

#### LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY

CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 401,099
Accrued compensation	135,000
Accrued consulting and director fees	155,833
Notes payable to officer and director (including accrued interest of \$2,863)	102,863
Notes payable (including accrued interest of \$393,361)	1,001,314
Fair value of detachable warrants and options	501,800
Fair value of embedded conversion options	143,900
Accrued dividends payable	190,084
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	 2,631,893

#### COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### STOCKHOLDER'S DEFICIENCY:

Preferred stock - \$.001 par value; 10,000,000 shares

Authorized; 185,819 shares issued and outstanding, (liquidation preference \$2,321,500)  Common stock - \$.001 par value; 340,000,000 shares authorized;	186
190,196,243 shares issued and 190,191,843 shares outstanding	190,191
Additional paid-in capital	25,333,677
Treasury stock, at cost - 4,400 shares of common stock	(5,768)
Deficit accumulated through December 31, 2001	(14,531,596)
Deficit accumulated during development stage	(13,338,127)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY	(2,351,437)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY	\$ 280,456 ======

See notes to condensed financial statements.

3

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

# CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

For	June	30,	s Ended	Fo	r the Six M June
2			2006		2007 
\$		\$		\$	
	8,000		21,000		23,000
	757,718		878,966		920,255
	31.925		36.064		139,200
	\$ 	June 2007\$ \$ 8,000	June 30, 2007\$\$\$ 8,000	June 30, 2007	2007 2006 

LOSS ON SETTLEMENT OF DEBT			
INTEREST EXPENSE - CONVERSION PROVISION	113,000		113,000
CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF WARRANTS AND EMBEDDED CONVERSION OPTION		72,400	18,400
		1,008,430	
NET LOSS	(816,543)	(1,008,430)	(1,213,855)
DEEMED DIVIDEND ON PREFERRED STOCK			
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS	(74)	(42,401)	(213)
	(74)	(42,401)	(213)
NET LOSS APPLICABLE TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS	\$ (816,617) ======	\$ (1,050,831) =======	, , , ,
BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE		\$ (0.01)	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING - BASIC AND DILUTED	185,852,398 ======	193,303,682	

See notes to condensed financial statements.

4

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

# CONDENSED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (UNAUDITED)

	Preferre	Common		
	Shares	Ar	mount	Shares
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007				
BALANCE - JANUARY 1, 2007	188,917	\$	189	198,977,497
Proceeds from Sale of Common Stock:				
(\$0.090 per share) May 10, 2007				1,111,112
(\$0.083 per share) May 10, 2007				2,409,640
(\$0.090 per share) May 31, 2007				555 <b>,</b> 555
(\$0.083 per share) June 26, 2007				1,203,080
Stock for compensation:				
(\$0.110 per share) May 2, 2007				2,500,000

Common stock issued in repayment of debt:			
(\$0.132 per share) February 26, 2007			195,212
(\$0.111 per share) March 8, 2007			234,165
(\$0.107 per share) March 14, 2007			256,643
(\$0.099 per share) March 19, 2007			262,650
(\$0.097 per share) March 23, 2007			806,583
(\$0.095 per share) April 4, 2007			546,901
(\$0.086 per share) May 1, 2007			908,885
Stock for late payment penalty:			
(\$0.100 per share) May 22, 2007			100,000
Preferred stock converted to common stock:			
During the quarter ended March 31, 2007	(2,848)	(3)	113,920
During the quarter ended June 30, 2007	(250)		10,000
Cancellation of debt for no consideration			
Surrender and cancellation of common stock			(20,000,000)
Reclassification of derivative liability			
to equity upon conversion of debt			
Reclassification of options to non employees to			
derivative liability			
Reclassification of derivative liability to			
equity upon conversion of preferred stock			
Amortization of warrants and option over the			
vesting period for employees and non employees			
Preferred stock dividend			
Net loss			
BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2007	185,819	\$ 186	190,191,843

See notes to condensed financial statements.

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WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

- at cost	2001	Stage
Stock	December 31,	Development
Treasury	through	During
	Accumulated	
	Deficit	Deficit

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

BALANCE - JANUARY 1, 2007	\$ (5,768)	\$(14,531,596)	\$(12,124,272)
Proceeds from Sale of Common Stock:			
(\$0.090 per share) May 10, 2007			
(\$0.083 per share) May 10, 2007			
(\$0.090 per share) May 31, 2007			
(\$0.083 per share) June 26, 2007			
Stock for compensation:			
(\$0.110 per share) May 2, 2007			
Common stock issued in repayment of debt:			
(\$0.132 per share) February 26, 2007			
(\$0.111 per share) March 8, 2007			
(\$0.107 per share) March 14, 2007			
(\$0.099 per share) March 19, 2007			
(\$0.097 per share) March 23, 2007			
(\$0.095 per share) April 4, 2007			
(\$0.086 per share) May 1, 2007			
Stock for late payment penalty:			
(\$0.100 per share) May 22, 2007			
Preferred stock converted to common stock:			
During the quarter ended March 31, 2007			
During the quarter ended June 30, 2007			
Cancellation of debt for no consideration			
Surrender and cancellation of common stock			
Reclassification of derivative liability to equity upon conversion of debt			
Reclassification of options to non employees to derivative liability			
Reclassification of derivative liability to equity upon conversion of preferred stock			
Amortization of warrants and option over the vesting period for employees and non employees			
Preferred stock dividend			
Net loss	 		(1,213,855)
BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2007	\$ (5 <b>,</b> 768)	\$(14,531,596) =======	\$(13,338,127) =======

See notes to condensed financial statements.

6

WATER CHEF, INC.
(A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(UNAUDITED)

For the Six Months Ended

	Jun	e 30	),
	 2007		2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	 		
Net loss	\$ (1,213,855)	\$	(1,499,401
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net			
cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation	234		
Amortization of patents	927		927
Interest expense - deferred financing	4,687		4,687
Stock-based compensation	503,838		767,699
Interest expense - conversion provision	113,000		
Accretion of debt discount	69,800		112,800
Change in fair value of warrants and embedded			
conversion option	18,400		186,600
Loss on settlement of debt			
Non-dilution agreement termination cost			
Inventory reserve			
Write-off of stock subscription receivable			
Financing cost - warrant extension			
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Inventory			30,000
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(11,403)		2,394
Security deposits	(3,198)		
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other current	. , ,		
liabilities, accrued compensation, accrued consulting and			
director fees, accrued dividends and customer deposits	136,661		(189,381
,	 ·		
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(380,909)		(583,675
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Purchase of property and equipment	 (14,040)	_	 
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	\$ (14,040)	\$	

See notes to condensed financial statements.

7

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

> CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

> > For the Per For the Six Months Ended January 1, June 30, to June 2007 2006 2007

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Stock subscription receivable Proceeds from sale of preferred stock Proceeds from sale of common stock Proceeds from sale of common stock to be issued Deferred financing costs Proceeds from convertible promissory notes Proceeds from officers and directors loans Repayment of notes payable	\$	 450,000   100,000 (39,638)		  540,000    (15,962)		65, 1,130, 1,990, 200, (15, 550, 100, (75,
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities		510,362		524,038		3 <b>,</b> 946,
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		115,413		(59,637)		179,
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		99,716		244 <b>,</b> 595		35 <b>,</b>
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$	215 <b>,</b> 129		184 <b>,</b> 958 =====	\$ ===	215,
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: CASH PAID DURING THE YEAR FOR:	\$		\$ ===		\$ ===	356 <b>,</b> 
Compensation satisfied by issuance of common stock	\$		\$		\$ ===	55 <b>,</b>
Common stock issued in satisfaction of liabilities		311,078		48 <b>,</b> 485		6,675,
Reclassification of derivative liabilities upon conversion of debt	\$ ===	140,800	- 7		\$ ===	508 <b>,</b>
Reclassification of equity instruments to liabilities		247,100	\$	 =====	\$	536 <b>,</b> =====
Reclassification of derivative liabilities upon conversion of preferred stock		3 <b>,</b> 200	\$		\$ ===	3,
Cancellation of debt for no consideration		1,327,321	\$			L,327,

See notes to condensed financial statements.

8

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Water Chef, Inc. (the "Company"), is a Delaware corporation currently engaged in the design and marketing of water purification equipment both inside and outside the United States. The Company's corporate headquarters are located in Melville, New York.

#### NOTE 2: BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information. Accordingly, these interim financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary to make the financial statements not misleading have been included.

The operating results for the six-month period ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2007. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, filed on March 30, 2007, for the year ended December 31, 2006.

#### DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY

The Company is in the development stage as defined by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") Statement No. 7, "Accounting and Reporting for Development Stage Companies." To date, the Company has generated limited sales and has devoted its efforts primarily to developing its products, implementing its business and marketing strategy and raising working capital through equity financing or short-term borrowings.

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company recognizes its revenues when the product is shipped and or title passes and collection is reasonably assured.

#### STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS 123R which replaces SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" and supersedes Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." SFAS 123R requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the financial statements based on their fair values. Pro forma disclosure is no longer an alternative to financial statement recognition.

9

 $\mbox{WATER CHEF, INC.} \label{eq:water} \mbox{(A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)}$ 

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 3: GOING CONCERN

The accompanying condensed financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has incurred

recurring losses from operations, an accumulated deficit since its inception of approximately \$27,870,000 and has a working capital deficiency of approximately \$2,386,000 at June 30, 2007. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans with respect to these matters include restructuring its existing debt, settling its existing debt by issuing shares of its common stock and raising additional capital through future issuance of stock and or debentures. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain sufficient funds to continue the development of its product, marketing plan and distribution network. The accompanying condensed financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

#### NOTE 4: RECENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments — an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140" ("SFAS 155"). SFAS 155 resolves issues addressed in SFAS 133 Implementation Issue No. D1, "Application of Statement 133 to Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets." The requirements in SFAS 155 are effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S., and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, with earlier application encouraged. Any cumulative effect will be recorded as an adjustment to the opening accumulated deficit balance, or other appropriate component of equity. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2006, the SEC staff issued Staff Accounting Bulleting ("SAB") No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements ("SAB 108"). SAB 108 was issued in order to reduce the diversity in practice in how public companies quantify misstatements of financial statements, including misstatements that were not material to prior years' financial statements. SAB 108 is effective for fiscal year 2007. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

10

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 4: RECENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 provides

companies with an option to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The objective of SFAS 159 is to reduce both complexity in accounting for financial instruments and the volatility in earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently. Generally accepted accounting principles have required different measurement attributes for different assets and liabilities that can create artificial volatility in earnings. The FASB has indicated it believes that SFAS 159 helps to mitigate this type of accounting-induced volatility by enabling companies to report related assets and liabilities at fair value, which would likely reduce the need for companies to comply with detailed rules for hedge accounting. SFAS 159 also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between companies that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities.

SFAS 159 does not eliminate disclosure requirements included in other accounting standards, including requirements for disclosures about fair value measurements included in SFAS 157 and SFAS No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments." SFAS 159 is effective for the Company as of the beginning of fiscal year 2009 the adoption of this pronouncement is not expected to have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2006, the FASB approved FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. EITF 00-19-2, "Accounting for Registration Payment Arrangements" ("FSP EITF 00-19-2"), which specifies that the contingent obligation to make future payments or otherwise transfer consideration under a registration payment arrangement, whether issued as a separate agreement or included as a provision of a financial instrument or other agreement, should be separately recognized and measured in accordance with SFAS No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies." FSP EITF 00-19-2 also requires additional disclosure regarding the nature of any registration payment arrangements, alternative settlement methods, the maximum potential amount of consideration and the current carrying amount of the liability, if any. The quidance in FSP EITF 00-19-2 amends FASB Statements No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, " and No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity," and FASB Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others," to include scope exceptions for registration payment arrangements.

FSP EITF 00-19-2 is effective immediately for registration payment arrangements and the financial instruments subject to those arrangements that are entered into or modified subsequent to the issuance date of this FSP, or for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, and interim periods within those fiscal years, for registration payment arrangements entered into prior to the issuance date of this FSP. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

11

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 4: RECENT ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely—than—not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. Differences between tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and the benefit recognized and measured pursuant to the interpretation are referred to as "unrecognized benefits." A liability is recognized (or amount of net operating loss carry forward or amount of tax refundable is reduced) for an unrecognized tax benefit because it represents an enterprise's potential future obligation to the taxing authority for a tax position that was not recognized as a result of applying the provisions of FIN 48.

In accordance with FIN 48, interest costs related to unrecognized tax benefits are required to be calculated (if applicable) and would be classified as "Interest expense, net" in the consolidated statements of operations. Penalties would be recognized as a component of "General and administrative expenses."

In many cases the Company's uncertain tax positions are related to tax years that remain subject to examination by relevant tax authorities. The Company files income tax returns in the United States (federal) and in various state and local jurisdictions. In most instances, the Company is no longer subject to federal, state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for years prior to 2003.

The adoption of the provisions of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations. As of June 30, 2007, no liability for unrecognized tax benefits was required to be recorded.

The Company recognized a deferred tax asset of approximately \$8 million as of June 30, 2007, primarily relating to net operating loss carry-forwards of approximately \$24 million through 2006, available to offset future taxable income.

The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. The Company considers projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. At present, the Company does not have a sufficient history of income to conclude that it is more likely than not that the Company will be able to realize all of its tax benefits in the near future and therefore a valuation allowance was established in the full value of the deferred tax asset.

A valuation allowance will be maintained until sufficient positive evidence exists to support the reversal of any portion or all of the valuation allowance net of appropriate reserves.

12

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 5: CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTES

On October 17, 2006, the Company entered into a Convertible Promissory Note for proceeds of \$300,000. The loan has a stated interest rate of 8% per annum and matured on February 17, 2007. The Company issued a warrant for 882,352 shares of the Company's common stock, exercisable at \$0.085 per share and has a life of three years. The warrant has a cashless exercise provision. The note and accrued interest are convertible at any time after the maturity date into shares of the Company's common stock at a conversion price equal to the current market price multiplied by eighty-five percent. After the maturity date, the lender converted \$300,000 of principal and \$11,078 of interest to 3,211,039 shares of common stock during the six months ended June 30, 2007 in full satisfaction of the note plus accrued interest

The Convertible Promissory Note agreement required the Company to file a registration statement no later than thirty business days from the date of the agreement for no less than the amount of subscribed shares, and to cause the registration statement relating to the registrable securities to become effective the earlier of five business days after notice from the Securities and Exchange Commission that the registration statement may be declared effective, or one hundred twenty days.

The Convertible Promissory Note agreement included a liquidated damages clause, which stipulates if the registration statement is not filed by the filing date or declared effective by the effective date, then upon failure of either event the subscriber shall be entitled to liquidated damages, payable in cash, in the sum of one percent (1%) of the principal amount of the Note:

- (a) for each 30 day period after the filing date the transpires until the date that the Company files the registration statement, and
- (b) for each 30 day period after the effective date that transpires until such date as the registration statement is declared effective.

The Company accounted for the above transaction in accordance with EITF issue No. 00-19 "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock." The Company has determined that there is an embedded conversion option of the warrants and derivative liabilities. Accordingly, the warrants and the embedded conversion option are recorded at fair market value and marked to market through earnings at the end of each reporting period.

The gross proceeds of \$300,000 were recorded net of a discount of \$174,200. The debt discount consisted of \$12,800 related to the warrants and \$161,400 related to the embedded conversion option. During the six months ended June 30, 2007 the Company charged to interest expense \$69,800 for the accretion of the debt discount.

13

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 5: CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTES (Continued)

The warrants and the embedded conversion option were accounted for under EITF issue No. 00-19 "Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company's Own Stock" and EITF 05-4, View A "The Effect of a Liquidated Damages Clause on a Freestanding Financial Instrument." Due to certain factors and the liquidated damage provision in the registration rights agreement, the Company determined that the embedded conversion option and the warrants are derivative liabilities.

Accordingly, the warrants and the embedded conversion option were marked to market through earnings at the end of each reporting period. The Company determined that the value of the registration rights was deemed to be de minimis and the related registration statement became effective in January 2007. The warrants and the conversion option are valued using the Black-Scholes valuation model.

The Convertible Promissory Note was secured by 4,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock held by an officer of the Company. The security shares were returned upon the registration of the common stock underlying the convertible debenture.

Under accounting guidance provide by EITF 00-19, the conversion price of the convertible promissory note did not have a determinable number of shares the note could be settled in. As a result, previously granted warrants as well as the embedded conversion option of the Series F Convertible Preferred Stock were required to be reclassified from equity and presented as a derivative liability. Accordingly, the warrants, options and conversion option will be marked to market through earnings at the end of each reporting period.

#### NOTE 6: NET LOSS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK

Basic loss per share was computed using the weighted average number of outstanding common shares. Diluted loss per share includes the effect of dilutive common stock equivalents from the assumed exercise of options, warrants, convertible preferred stock and convertible notes. Common stock equivalents were excluded in the computation of diluted loss per share since their inclusion would be anti-dilutive. Total shares issuable upon the exercise of warrants and conversion of preferred stock for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 were 20,274,384 and 8,666,720, respectively.

14

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 7: STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY

Debt

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 3,211,039 shares of common stock for \$300,000 of debt principal and \$11,078 of accrued interest.

Conversion of preferred stock into common stock

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 123,920 shares of common stock in connection with the conversion of 3,098 shares of preferred stock.

Cash

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company raised \$450,000 through the sale of 5,279,387 shares of common stock.

#### Services

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock in satisfaction of a late payment penalty to one of its note holders. The Company recorded a charge of \$10,000.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 2,500,000 shares of common stock to two management employees for services. The Company incurred a stock based compensation charge of \$275,000.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company granted 9,100,000 warrants to various employees and consultants for services. Of this amount 4,100,000 warrant shares fully vested on the date of the grant, and the balance vest over the life of the grant. Each of the warrants has a life of three years, and is exercisable at \$0.11\$ to \$0.1175 per share. The Company incurred a stock based compensation charge of \$218,838.

#### Relinquishment of common stock

Effective with his resignation as President and Chief Executive Officer, on January 29, 2007 David Conway returned to the Company 20,000,000 shares of common stock owned by him and his affiliates. The return of the shares was recorded as a retirement and cancellation of the common stock.

#### NOTE 8: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

On January 29, 2007, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer resigned and surrendered his stock appreciation rights, any severance under his employment agreement, returned 20,000,000 shares of common stock, forgave \$525,738 of notes payable and accrued interest, and relinquished his rights to \$471,583 of unpaid and accrued salary.

The Company reclassified the accrued compensation, notes payable and accrued interest to equity. The return of the shares was recorded as a retirement and cancellation of the common stock. The cancellation of the stock appreciation rights did not have an accounting impact.

15

WATER CHEF, INC. (A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 8: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

On February 12, 2007, Marshall S. Sterman resigned from the Board of Directors and waived his rights to any accrued consulting and director fees owed to him by the Company. The Company reclassified the debt of \$330,000 during the six months ended June 30, 2007 to equity.

In January 2007, Leslie J. Kessler was appointed as President of the Company. In connection with her employment, she is to receive a salary of \$9,000 per month. In addition, Ms. Kessler will be issued 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock and a warrant to purchase 2,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The warrants are exercisable at \$0.11 per share, have a life of three years and vest over two years. In addition, the employment agreement provides for certain performance-based cash incentives. During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued the 2,000,000 shares of common stock at a value of \$220,000 and granted the warrants at a value of \$125,200. The warrants were valued using the Black-Scholes option valuation model.

In March 2007, the Chief Executive Officer and a Director each made bridge loans of \$50,000 to the Company. The loans pay simple interest at the rate of 10% per annum and are due and payable in 120 days.

The loans to the Chief Executive Officer and the Director carry an option that if the loans are not repaid by June 14, 2007 and June 29, 2007, respectively, such option will entitle the lenders to convert their debt to common stock at a price equal to 50% of the average closing price of the Company's common stock over the three previous business days before demand for conversion is made. The Company recorded a charge of \$113,000 during the second quarter ended June 30, 2007 for the embedded conversion option.

#### NOTE 9: MAJOR CUSTOMERS / CREDIT RISK

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company had no sales. During the six months ended June 30, 2006, the Company sold two units to one customer and recognized revenues of \$115,000.

The Company maintains cash deposits with financial institutions, which from time to time may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk from cash.

#### NOTE 10: CONTINGENCIES

On July 14, 2006, Funding Group, Inc. filed a complaint with the Supreme Court of the State of New York in New York County seeking damages due to an alleged breach of contract related to a \$25,000 loan made by the plaintiff to the Company. On October 11, 2006, the Company filed a counter claim against Funding Group, Inc. with the Supreme Court of the State of New York. The Company believes the complaint is without merit and intends to vigorously defend itself in these actions, and believes that the eventual outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company. However, the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be determined at this time.

16

#### ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations of the Company should be read in conjunction with the Company's

Financial Statements and related Footnotes.

#### Forward-Looking Statements

This quarterly report on Form 10-QSB/A contains "forward-looking statements" intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements regarding the Company's expected financial position, business and financing plans are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are identified by use of forward-looking words such as "anticipates," "believes," "plans," "estimates," "expects," and "intends" or words or phrases of similar expression. These forward-looking statements are subject to various assumptions, risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to, changes in political and economic conditions, demand for the Company's products, acceptance of new products, technology developments affecting the Company's products and to those discussed in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, actual results could differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements.

#### Introduction

Until the fourth quarter of 2001, Water Chef was engaged in the manufacture and marketing of water coolers and water purification and filtration products. In the fourth quarter of 2001, the Company completed the sale of this business in order to focus its activities on its PureSafe line of business. The PureSafe Water Station has been designed by the Company to meet the needs of communities which either do not have access to municipal water treatment systems, or for those which systems have been compromised, either by environmental factors or by faulty design or maintenance.

#### Results of Operations

Sales for the six months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 were \$0 and \$115,000, respectively. During the six months ended June 30,2006, the Company recognized the sale of two PureSafe Water Station Systems

Cost of sales for the six month period ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was \$23,000 and \$72,000, respectively. An analysis of the components of cost of sales in the 2007 and 2006 periods follows:

		Rent and Overhead	
Costs of Sales Period	Product CGS	Payments to Manufacturer	Total
For the six months ended			
June 30, 2007 For the six months ended	\$	\$ 23,000	\$23,000
June 30, 2006	\$30,000	\$ 42,000	\$72,000

17

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION (Continued)

Results of Operations (Continued)

Selling, general and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2007 were \$920,255 compared to \$1,163,937 for the six months ended June 30, 2006, a decrease of 21%.

The net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2007 was \$1,213,855 compared to \$1,499,401 in the same period ended June 30, 2006.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

At June 30, 2007, the Company had a working capital deficiency of approximately \$2,386,000. In addition, the Company continues to suffer recurring losses from operations and has an accumulated deficit since inception of approximately \$27,870,000. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that that the Company will continue as a going concern. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans with respect to these matters include restructuring its existing debt, raising additional capital through future issuances of stock and/or equity, and finding sufficient profitable markets for its products to generate sufficient cash to meet its business obligations. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain sufficient funds to continue the development of its product, marketing plan and distribution network. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

In March 2007, the Chief Executive Officer and a Director each made bridge loans of \$50,000 to the Company. The loans pay simple interest at the rate of 10% per annum and are due and payable in 120 days. Failure to repay the loans on a timely basis will entitle the lenders to convert their debt to common stock at a price equal to 50% of the average closing price of the Company common over the three previous business days before demand for conversion is made.

The loans to the Chief Executive Officer and the Director carry an option that if the loans are not repaid by June 14, 2007 and June 29, 2007, respectively, such option will entitle the lenders to convert their debt to common stock at a price equal to 50% of the average closing price of the Company's common stock over the three previous business days before demand for conversion is made. The Company recorded a charge of \$113,000 during the second quarter ended June 30, 2007 for the embedded conversion option.

#### Recent Accounting Standards

In February 2006, the FASB issued SFAS 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments — an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140" ("SFAS 155"). SFAS 155 resolves issues addressed in SFAS 133 Implementation Issue No. D1, "Application of Statement 133 to Beneficial Interests in Securitized Financial Assets." The requirements in SFAS 155 are effective for all financial instruments acquired or issued after the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

18

Recent Accounting Standards (Continued)

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S., and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, with earlier application encouraged. Any cumulative effect will be recorded as an adjustment to the opening accumulated deficit balance, or other appropriate component of equity. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In September 2006, the SEC staff issued Staff Accounting Bulleting ("SAB") No. 108, Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements when Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements ("SAB 108"). SAB 108 was issued in order to reduce the diversity in practice in how public companies quantify misstatements of financial statements, including misstatements that were not material to prior years' financial statements. SAB 108 is effective for fiscal year 2007. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 provides companies with an option to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The objective of SFAS 159 is to reduce both complexity in accounting for financial instruments and the volatility in earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently. Generally accepted accounting principles have required different measurement attributes for different assets and liabilities that can create artificial volatility in earnings. The FASB has indicated it believes that SFAS 159 helps to mitigate this type of accounting-induced volatility by enabling companies to report related assets and liabilities at fair value, which would likely reduce the need for companies to comply with detailed rules for hedge accounting. SFAS 159 also establishes presentation and disclosure requirements designed to facilitate comparisons between companies that choose different measurement attributes for similar types of assets and liabilities.

SFAS 159 does not eliminate disclosure requirements included in other accounting standards, including requirements for disclosures about fair value measurements included in SFAS 157 and SFAS No. 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments." SFAS 159 is effective for the Company as of the beginning of fiscal year 2009. The adoption of this pronouncement is not expected to have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

19

ITEM 2: MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION (Continued)

Recent Accounting Standards (Continued)

In December 2006, the FASB approved FASB Staff Position (FSP) No. EITF 00-19-2, "Accounting for Registration Payment Arrangements" ("FSP EITF 00-19-2"), which specifies that the contingent obligation to make future payments or otherwise transfer consideration under a

registration payment arrangement, whether issued as a separate agreement or included as a provision of a financial instrument or other agreement, should be separately recognized and measured in accordance with SFAS No. 5, "Accounting for Contingencies." FSP EITF 00-19-2 also requires additional disclosure regarding the nature of any registration payment arrangements, alternative settlement methods, the maximum potential amount of consideration and the current carrying amount of the liability, if any. The guidance in FSP EITF 00-19-2 amends FASB Statements No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," and No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity," and FASB Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others," to include scope exceptions for registration payment arrangements.

FSP EITF 00-19-2 is effective immediately for registration payment arrangements and the financial instruments subject to those arrangements that are entered into or modified subsequent to the issuance date of this FSP, or for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006, and interim periods within those fiscal years, for registration payment arrangements entered into prior to the issuance date of this FSP. The adoption of this pronouncement did not have an impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

20

#### ITEM 3: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation and Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15e promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer has concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms.

Our auditors in connection with our 2006 annual audit identified certain deficiencies which were considered to be both material and significant. Management is aware that there is a lack of segregation of duties within the Company due to the limited number of employees responsible for general administrative and financial matters. In the past, the (former) Chief Executive Officer of the Company performed substantially all of the duties of a chief executive officer, chief financial officer and was also responsible for all accounting and financial reporting matters. This constitutes a significant deficiency in the financial reporting. Management had previously concluded that, considering the employees involved and the control procedures in place

and the potential benefits of adding additional employees to clearly segregate duties, the benefit did not justify the additional expense. However, subsequent to June 30, 2007, the following steps were taken to mitigate the identified significant deficiencies: (i) hired an accountant/bookkeeper, who holds an MS in accounting and who has nine-years of experience, to review and compile the financial statements on a quarterly and annual basis, (ii) hired a new Chief Financial Officer, who is a Certified Public Accountant ("CPA") and has been a Partner in a CPA firm for many years, (iii) hired a new Chief Executive Officer, so that the authorities vested in the Chief Financial Officer and Chief Financial Officer will be separated, and (iv) The Resnick Druckman Group LLC (outside financial consultants) review all monthly reporting and all financial transactions, with emphasis on debt transactions.

The system for eliminating the reported deficiencies includes both a segregation of duties and multiple reviewers of financial transactions and financial reporting, with particular attention to debt financing transactions. The Company's Bookkeeper's functions are now reviewed by the Company's Chief Financial Officer on a regular basis. Monthly, all reporting and any debt and equity transactions and black scholes computations are reviewed by the Company's Chief Financial Officer, as well as by The Resnick Druckman Group LLC.

The second reportable condition which was identified as a material weakness, was the inability to ensure that the accounting for our debt and equity-based transactions is accurate and complete. In recent years we have consummated a series of complex debt and equity transactions involving the application of highly specialized accounting principles. In order to mitigate this condition, The Resnick Druckman Group LLC now reviews all financial debt transactions of the Company. We believe this material weakness will be mitigated by this review process and by the other factors set forth in the third paragraph.

#### Changes in Internal Controls

Management has evaluated the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2007. Based on such evaluation, management has concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were not effective for their intended purpose described above. There were no other changes to the internal controls during the six months ended June 30, 2007 that have materially affected or that are reasonably likely to affect the internal controls. The control improvements identified above were implemented subsequent to June 30, 2007 as described above.

21

#### ITEM 3: CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected. The Company's disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving its objectives. The Company's principal executive officer

and principal financial officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at June 30, 2007, at that reasonable assurance level, as described above.

22

WATER CHEF, INC.
(A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 2: UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 3,211,039 shares of common stock for the settlement of \$311,078 of debt and accrued interest.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 123,920 shares of common stock in connection with the conversion of 3,098 shares of preferred stock.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company raised \$450,000 through the sale of 5,279,387 shares of common stock.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock in satisfaction of a late payment penalty to one of its note holders. The Company recorded a charge of \$10,000.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007 the Company issued 2,500,000 shares of common stock to two management employees for services. The Company incurred a stock based compensation charge of \$275,000.

During the six months ended June 30, 2007, the Company granted 9,100,000 warrants for services. Of this amount 4,100,000 warrant shares fully vested on the date of the grant, and the balance vest over the life of the grant. Each of the warrants has a life of three years, and is exercisable at \$0.11 to \$0.1175 per share. The Company incurred a stock based compensation charge of \$218,838.

The Company issued these shares in reliance on the exemption from registration afforded by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933 and Regulation D promulgated thereunder. These shares were offered to less than 35 "non-accredited" investors and were purchased for investment purposes with no view to resale.

23

WATER CHEF, INC.
(A Development Stage Company Commencing January 1, 2002)

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 6: EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	Description
31	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial
	Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 8 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

24

#### SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Water Chef, Inc.

Date December 19, 2007

/s/ Leslie J. Kessler

Leslie J. Kessler, President, Chief
President and Chief Executive
Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date December 19, 2007 /s/ Terry R. Lazar

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Terry R. Lazar
Director and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and
Accounting Officer)