APOLLO GOLD CORP Form 10-Q November 13, 2007

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

#### **FORM 10-Q**

## x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007

OR

## o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 001-31593

#### APOLLO GOLD CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Yukon Territory, Canada

Not Applicable

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

#### 5655 South Yosemite St., Suite 200 Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111-3220

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (720) 886-9656

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large Accelerated Filer o

Accelerated Filer o

Non-Accelerated Filer x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No x

At November 9, 2007, there were 156,248,123 common shares of Apollo Gold Corporation outstanding.

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#### STATEMENTS REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward looking statements as defined in the *Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995* with respect to our financial condition, results of operations, business prospects, plans,

objectives, goals, strategies, future events, capital expenditure, and exploration and development efforts. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "may," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "intends," "continue," or the negative of such terms, or other comparable terminology. The statements include comments regarding:

future cash flow and operational results from the Montana Tunnels mine;

the establishment and estimates of mineral reserves and resources; the timing of completion of feasibility studies at Black Fox; production and production costs; daily production rates; throughput rates; cash operating costs; total cash costs; grades of ore mined and milled; expenditures; exploration; permits; expansion plans; plans for Black Fox and Huizopa; closure costs; cash flows; future financing; liquidity; estimates of environmental liabilities: our ability to obtain future financing to fund our estimated operating and capital requirements; anticipated exploration, development and corporate overhead expenditures; factors impacting our results of operations; the impact of adoption of new accounting standards.

These forward looking statements are subject to numerous risks, uncertainties and assumptions including: unexpected changes in business and economic conditions; significant increases or decreases in gold and zinc prices; changes in interest and currency exchange rates; timing and amount of production; unanticipated grade changes; unanticipated metal recovery or production problems; changes in mining and milling costs; operational problems at our mining property; availability of materials, equipment, supplies and water; determination of reserves; changes in project parameters; costs and timing of development of new reserves; results of current and future exploration activities;

results of pending and future feasibility studies; joint venture relationships; political or economic instability, either globally or in the countries in which we operate; local and community impacts and issues; timing and receipt of government approvals; accidents and labor disputes; environmental costs and risks; competitive factors, including competition for property acquisitions; availability of external financing on reasonable terms or at all; and the factors discussed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 under the heading "Risk Factors." Many of these factors are beyond our ability to control and predict. These factors are not intended to represent a complete list of the general or specific factors that may affect us. We disclaim any obligation to update forward looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

#### ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES, REPORTING CURRENCY AND OTHER INFORMATION

Apollo Gold Corporation prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Canada and publishes its financial statements in United States dollars. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this quarterly report, as well as our annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior period financial statements to conform with the current period presentation.

Unless stated otherwise, all dollar amounts are expressed in United States dollars.

References to "we," "our," "us," the "Company" or "Apollo" mean Apollo Gold Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries, to any one or more of them, as the context requires.

#### NON-GAAP FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Cash operating, total cash and total production costs are non-GAAP financial measures and are used by management to assess performance of individual operations as well as a comparison to other gold producers. We have included cash operating costs information to provide investors with information about the cost structure of our mining operations.

The term "cash operating costs" is used on a per ounce of gold basis. Cash operating costs per ounce is equivalent to direct operating cost as found on the Consolidated Statements of Operations, less production royalty expenses and mining taxes but includes by-product credits for payable silver, lead and zinc.

The term "total cash costs" is equivalent to cash operating costs plus production royalties and mining taxes.

The term "total production costs" is equivalent to total cash costs plus non-cash costs including depreciation and amortization.

This information differs from measures of performance determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in Canada and the United States and should not be considered in isolation or a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. These measures are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. See Item 2, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, for a reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to our Statements of Operations.

#### PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, accompanying notes and other relevant information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 2, 2007.

## APOLLO GOLD CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands of U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

	Sept	tember 30, 2007	De	cember 31, 2006
ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,637	\$	4,512
Accounts receivable and other		2,304		728
Note receivable (Note 4)		_		1,865
Prepaids		713		301
Inventories (Note 5)		1,476		660
Total current assets		11,130		8,066
Property, plant and equipment		44,484		38,868
Deferred stripping costs (Note 3)		4,427		_
Restricted certificates of deposit		6,097		4,605
Deferred financing costs		_		265
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	66,138	\$	51,804
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT				
Accounts payable	\$	2,908	\$	1,710
Accrued liabilities		2,611		1,254
Notes payable		1,312		671
Property and mining taxes payable		709		442
Convertible debentures		8,598		7,660
Total current liabilities		16,138		11,737
Accrued long-term liabilities		133		370
Notes payable		195		569
Convertible debentures (Note 6)		4,676		_
Accrued site closure costs		7,536		7,135
Deferred gain (Note 4)		2,976		3,750
TOTAL LIABILITIES		31,654		23,561
Continuing operations (Note 1)				
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Share capital (Note 7)		160,187		159,029
Equity component of convertible debentures (Note 6)		4,047		1,809
Note warrants (Note 6)		3,204		1,062
Contributed surplus		12,228		11,166
Deficit		(145,182)		(144,823)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		34,484		28,243
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	66,138	\$	51,804

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

### APOLLO GOLD CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(In thousands of U.S. dollars, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)  $\,$ 

		Three months ended September 30,			Nine mont Septem		
		2007		2006	2007		2006
Revenue from sale of minerals	\$	11,863	\$	372 \$	27,594	\$	10,177
Operating expenses							
Direct operating costs		7,285		3,211	18,280		13,957
Depreciation and amortization		377		324	1,007		1,282
General and administrative							
expenses		902		1,123	2,901		3,594
Accretion expense – accrued site							
closure costs		126		237	380		711
Amortization of deferred gain (Note 4)		(345)		_	(774)		_
Exploration and business		· ·			, ,		
development		291		188	2,028		788
Loss on sale of property, plant and							
equipment		_		3	_		7
		8,636		5,086	23,822		20,339
Operating income (loss)		3,227		(4,714)	3,772		(10,162)
Other income (expenses)		,			•		, , ,
Interest income		146		99	485		253
Interest expense (Note 8)		(1,584)		(726)	(4,197)		(1,939)
Financing costs		_		_	(480)		_
Foreign exchange gain (loss) and					, ,		
other		33		(29)	31		(42)
Income (loss) from continuing							
operations before income taxes for							
the period		1,822		(5,370)	(389)		(11,890)
Income taxes		295		<u> </u>	295		_
Income (loss) from continuing							
operations for the period		2,117		(5,370)	(94)		(11,890)
Loss from discontinued operations							
for the period		_		_	_		(250)
Net income (loss) and							
comprehensive income (loss) for the							
period	\$	2,117	\$	(5,370) \$	(94)	\$	(12,140)
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share from:							
Continuing operations	\$	0.01	\$	(0.04) \$	0.00	\$	(0.10)
Discontinued operations	-		7	-	_	7	(5.20)
r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	0.01	\$	(0.04) \$	0.00	\$	(0.10)
	-	3.31	7	(σ.σ., ψ	0.00	7	(3.10)
		143,922,308		121,997,402	143,358,591		120,131,131

Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding
Diluted weighted-average number

of shares outstanding 145,202,005 121,997,402 143,358,591 120,131,131

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## APOLLO GOLD CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In thousands of U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

			Equity				
	<b>a.</b>		Component				
	Share Ca	ıpital	of	<b>.</b>			
	Number of Shares	Amount	Convertible			Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31,	of Shares	Amount	DebenturesV	varrants	Surpius	Deficit	Total
2005	107,456,451	\$ 148,526	5 \$ 1,809 \$	781 \$	10.561.\$	(129,236)\$	32,441
Units issued for cash	11,650,000	3,488	·	, 701 φ	10,501 φ	(12),230)\$	3,488
Shares issued for 2005	11,050,000	3,100	,				3,100
stock-based compensation	2,290,408	955	<u> </u>	_	_	_	955
Reduction of exercise price	2,2>0,100	,,,,					,,,,
of Note Warrants	_			305	_	_	305
Note warrants exercised	600,000	264	<b>.</b> –	(24)	_	_	240
Shares issued for services	1,325,000	668		(= ·)	_	_	668
Flow-through units issued	, ,						
for cash	2,222,221	746	<u> </u>	_	27	_	773
Units issued for cash	16,688,206	4,357	7 _	_	156	_	4,513
Options exercised	50,000	25	5 –	_	(5)	_	20
Stock-based compensation	_			_	427	_	427
Net loss	_			_	_	(15,587)	(15,587)
Balance, December 31,							
2006	142,282,286	159,029	1,809	1,062	11,166	(144,823)	28,243
Change in accounting							
policy (Note 3)	_			-	_	(265)	(265)
Balance (as adjusted),							
January 1, 2007	142,282,286	159,029	1,809	1,062	11,166	(145,088)	27,978
Shares issued for services	20,000	10	) –	_	_	_	10
Shares issued for Huizopa							
settlement (Note 7(a)(i))	1,000,000	540	) –	_	_	_	540
Shares issued for Black Fox							
mineral rights (Note							
7(a)(ii))	1,057,692	527	_	_	_	_	527
Income tax benefits							
renounced to shareholders							
of flow-through units		(0.0					(20.5)
issued in 2006 (Note 10)	_	(295	) –	_	_	_	(295)
Equity component of							
convertible debentures			2 202				2 202
(Note 6)	_		- 2,292	2 202	_	_	2,292
Note warrants (Note 6)	_			2,292	_	_	2,292
Debenture compensation					167		167
warrants (Note 6)	100 500	220		(150)	467	_	467
Note warrants exercised	198,500	229 147		(150)	_	_	79 93
Debentures converted  Stock based compensation	400,000	147	` `	_	595	<del>-</del>	595
Stock-based compensation	_			_	393	_	393

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Net loss and comprehensive							
loss	_	_	_	_	_	(94)	(94)
Balance, September 30,							
2007	144,958,478 \$	160,187 \$	4,047 \$	3,204 \$	12,228 \$	(145,182)\$	34,484

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

## APOLLO GOLD CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands of U.S. dollars) (Unaudited)

		Three months ended September 30,		ths ended ber 30,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Operating activities				
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ 2,117	\$ (5,370)	\$ (94)	\$ (12,140)
Items not affecting cash:				
Depreciation and amortization	377	324	1,007	1,282
Amortization of deferred stripping costs	597	_	1,258	0
Amortization of deferred financing				
costs	_	80	_	239
Financing costs	_	-	174	0
Loss from discontinued operations	_	_	_	250
Reduction in exercise price of Note				
Warrants	_	-	_	305
Stock-based compensation	208	126	595	315
Shares issued for services and				
settlement of claims	_	668	550	668
Accretion expense – accrued site closure				
costs	126	237	380	711
Accretion expense – convertible				
debenture	1,052	271	2,523	775
Loss on sale of property, plant and				
equipment and other	(2)	24	(2)	64
Amortization of deferred gain (Note 4)	(345)	-	(774)	_
Income taxes	(295)	_	(295)	_
Net change in non-cash operating				
working capital items (Note 12)	797	470	433	(1,243)
Discontinued operations	_	_	_	(250)
Net cash provided by (used in)				
operating activities	4,632	(3,170)	5,755	(9,024)
Investing activities				
Property, plant and equipment				
expenditures	(2,072)	(591)	(5,749)	(5,029)
Deferred stripping costs	(1,937)	-	(5,685)	_
Proceeds from disposal of property,				
plant and equipment	_	-	_	92
Restricted certificate of deposit and				
other assets	(600)	(525)	(1,492)	9,488
Net cash (used in) provided by				
investing activities	(4,609)	(1,116)	(12,926)	4,551
Financing activities				
Proceeds on issuance of shares	_	-	_	3,488
	-	_	8,062	_

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Proceeds on issuance of convertible				
debentures and note warrants, net				
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	13	240	79	240
Proceeds from notes payable	_	309	1,250	309
Payments of notes payable	(475)	(315)	(1,960)	(763)
Funding by Elkhorn Tunnels, LLC	_	3,050	1,865	3,050
Net cash (used in) provided by				
financing activities	(462)	3,284	9,296	6,324
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash				
equivalents	(439)	(1,002)	2,125	1,851
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of				
period	7,076	2,980	4,512	127
Cash and cash equivalents, end of				
period (Note 12)	\$ 6,637	\$ 1,978 \$	6,637	\$ 1,978
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW				
INFORMATION				
Interest paid	\$ 867	\$ 349 \$	1,471	\$ 899
Income taxes paid	\$ _	\$ - \$	_	\$ _

See Note 12 for additional supplemental cash flow information.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

## 1.

#### **CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

These condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of a going concern which assumes that Apollo Gold Corporation ("Apollo" or the "Company") will realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. To date the Company has funded its operations through issuance of debt and equity securities, joint venture contributions from Elkhorn Tunnels, LLC ("Elkhorn") and cash generated by the Montana Tunnels joint venture (Note 4). The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to generate cash flow from the Montana Tunnels joint venture and/or continue to issue debt and equity securities.

If the Company is unable to generate sufficient cash flow from the Montana Tunnels joint venture and/or secure additional financing, it may be unable to continue as a going concern and material adjustments would be required to the carrying value of assets and liabilities and balance sheet classifications used.

#### 2. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Apollo is engaged in gold mining including extraction, processing, refining and the production of other co-product metals, as well as related activities including exploration and development. The Company is the operator of the Montana Tunnels mine (the "Mine"), which is a 50% joint venture with Elkhorn. The Mine is an open pit mine and mill located in the State of Montana that produces gold dore and lead-gold and zinc-gold concentrates. The Company owns the Diamond Hill mine, which is also located in Montana and is currently under care and maintenance.

Apollo has a development property, the Black Fox development project (the "Black Fox Project"), which is located near the Township of Matheson in the Province of Ontario, Canada. Apollo also owns Mexican subsidiaries that own concessions at the Huizopa exploration project (the "Huizopa Project"), which is located in the Sierra Madres in Chihuahua, Mexico.

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) These unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("Canadian GAAP") and except as described in Note 14, conform in all material respects with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). The accounting policies followed in preparing these financial statements are those used by the Company as set out in the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006, except as disclosed in (b), (c), and (d) below. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP have been omitted. These interim financial statements should be read together with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2006.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in these financial statements. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the fiscal year.

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007. In particular, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, \$0.1 million and \$0.3 million of stock-based compensation, respectively, charged to operations have been reclassified to general and

administrative expenses rather than disclosed separately.

#### APOLLO GOLD CORPORATION

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (b) Effective January 1, 2007, the Company includes ore stockpiles within Inventories. Ore stockpiles represent ore that has been mined and is available for further processing. Work-in-process inventories, including ore stockpiles, are valued at the lower of average production cost and net realizable value, after a reasonable allowance for further processing and sales costs.
- (c) On March 2, 2006, the Emerging Issues Committee issued EIC-160, *Stripping Costs Incurred in the Production Phase of a Mining Operation*, which requires stripping costs that represent a betterment to the mineral property to be capitalized and amortized in a rational and systematic manner over the reserves that directly benefit from the specific stripping activity. The Company adopted EIC-160 as of January 1, 2007 on a prospective basis. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company capitalized \$1.9 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, in deferred stripping costs and recorded amortization thereon in the amount of \$0.6 million and \$1.3 million, respectively. Deferred stripping costs are amortized using the units-of-production method over the expected life of the operation based on the estimated recoverable gold equivalent ounces.
- (d) Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted CICA Handbook Section 1530, Comprehensive Income, CICA Handbook Section 3855, Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement, CICA Handbook Section 3865, Hedges, and CICA Handbook Section 3251, Equity. These new Handbook Sections provide comprehensive requirements for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments, transaction costs incurred on financial instruments, as well as standards on when and how hedge accounting may be applied. CICA Handbook Section 1530 also introduces a new component of equity referred to as comprehensive income. The Company has adopted these standards prospectively.

In accordance with this new standard, the Company now classifies all financial instruments as either held-to-maturity, available-for-sale, held-for-trading, loans and receivables, or other financial liabilities. Financial assets held to maturity, loans and receivables and financial liabilities other than those held for trading, are measured at amortized cost. Available-for-sale instruments are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income. Instruments classified as held for trading are measured at fair value with unrealized gains and losses recognized in the statement of operations. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Upon adoption of this new standard, the Company has designated its cash and cash equivalents as held-for-trading, which are measured at fair value. Accounts receivable and other are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost. Restricted certificates of deposit are classified as held-to-maturity, and are measured at amortized cost. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, property and mining taxes payable, convertible debentures, notes payable, and accrued site closure costs are classified as other liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

Under CICA Handbook Section 3855, the Company adopted a policy to expense debt financing costs when they are incurred and as a result the Company recorded a non-cash adjustment to increase opening deficit by \$0.3 million to eliminate the opening balance of deferred financing costs that were capitalized and amortized under the Company's previous accounting policy.

Comprehensive income is the change in shareholders' equity during a period from transactions and other events and circumstances from non-owner sources. The adoption of CICA Handbook Section 1530 had no impact on the

Company.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

#### 4. MONTANA TUNNELS JOINT VENTURE

On July 28, 2006, Apollo entered into a joint venture ("JV Agreement") with Elkhorn in respect of the Mine. Elkhorn contributed \$13 million in return for a 50% interest in the Mine.

Elkhorn receives 55% and Apollo receives 45% of the positive free cash flow, as defined in the JV agreement, from the Mine until such time as Elkhorn has received cash flow of \$13 million (at which time Apollo will have received \$10.6 million). At that time, Apollo would become entitled to 60% and Elkhorn 40% of the positive free cash flow from the Mine, until both parties have received an equal amount (at which time Apollo and Elkhorn will have each received \$17.7 million). Thereafter, the sharing would be 50/50. Additionally, Elkhorn is entitled to a 10% interest distribution (reduced from 12% effective April 1, 2007) charged to the joint venture as interest expense (Note 8) on its initial contribution of \$13 million until it has received cash flow of \$13 million. The interest distribution is based on the declining balance of this cash flow of \$13 million and, as of September 30, 2007, Elkhorn had received cash flow of \$2.8 million.

Apollo accounts for its 50% interest in the Montana Tunnels joint venture using the proportionate consolidation method. As of December 31, 2006, the Company recorded a deferred gain on the transfer of assets and liabilities to the joint venture of \$3.8 million. The deferred gain is amortized using the units-of-production method over the expected life of the operation based on the estimated recoverable gold equivalent ounces. Amortization of the deferred gain was \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively.

Apollo's 50% share of the assets and liabilities of the Montana Tunnels joint venture is as follows:

	Septemb 200	•	ember 31, 2006
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	759	\$ (64)
Other non-cash current assets		3,336	2,570
		4,095	2,506
Property, plant and equipment		7,555	7,151
Deferred stripping costs		4,427	-
Restricted certificates of deposit		4,827	3,430
Total assets	\$	20,904	\$ 13,087
Current liabilities	\$	3,954	\$ 1,819
Notes payable		168	527
Accrued site closure costs		6,472	6,127
Total liabilities	\$	10,594	\$ 8,473

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### 4. MONTANA TUNNELS JOINT VENTURE (continued)

Apollo's 50% share of the Montana Tunnels joint venture for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Septe	ee months ended ember 30, 2007	Nine months ended September 30, 2007
Revenue from sale of minerals	\$	11,863	\$ 27,594
Direct operating costs		7,283	18,278
Depreciation and amortization		351	929
Accretion expense – accrued site closure costs		114	345
		7,748	19,552
Operating income		4,115	8,042
Interest income		60	157
Interest expense		(199)	(786)
Income from continuing operations	\$	3,976	\$ 7,413
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(3,183)	\$ (8,090)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	\$	(324)	\$ 1,459

#### 5. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of:

6.

	Septem 200	,	December 2006	31,
Concentrate inventory	\$	123	\$	_
Stockpiled ore inventory (Note 3(b))		320		_
Materials and supplies		1,033		660
	\$	1,476	\$	660

#### CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

On February 23, 2007, the Company completed a private placement of \$8.6 million aggregate principal amount of Series 2007-A convertible debentures ("2007 Debentures"). Each \$1,000 of principal amount of 2007 Debentures included 2,000 common share purchase warrants ("2007 Debenture Warrants") (Note 7(b)(i)). The 2007 Debentures mature on February 23, 2009 and bear interest at a rate of 12% per annum during the first year and 18% per annum during the second year, payable annually beginning on February 23, 2008.

The 2007 Debentures are convertible, at the option of the holder, at any time prior to maturity into common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.50 per common share. The Company has the option to force conversion of the 2007 Debentures under certain circumstances. The Debentures are classified as a compound financial instrument for

accounting purposes. The 2007 Debenture Warrants have an exercise price of \$0.50 per common share and have a term of two years from the date of grant.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

## 6.

#### **CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES (continued)**

On the date of issuance of the 2007 Debentures, the gross proceeds of \$8.6 million was allocated to the relative fair values of the Debentures (\$3.2 million), the holder's option to convert the principal balance into common shares (\$2.7 million) (the "Conversion Option"), and the 2007 Debenture Warrants (\$2.7 million). The \$3.2 million fair value of the 2007 Debentures is classified as a liability, while the \$5.4 million allocated to the Conversion Option and the 2007 Debenture Warrants is classified as separate components within shareholders' equity.

Over the two-year term, the 2007 Debentures are accreted to their face value through a periodic charge to accretion expense with a corresponding credit to the liability component. The accretion expense is based on the effective interest method. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recorded accretion expense of \$0.7 and \$1.4 million, respectively, related to the 2007 Debentures, which is included in interest expense.

In addition to the 2007 Debenture Warrants, the agents were granted 1,201,200 compensation warrants with substantially the same terms and conditions as the 2007 Debenture Warrants.

The Company incurred transaction costs of \$1.3 million (including the fair value of the agents' compensation warrants of \$0.5 million). These costs were allocated to 2007 Debenture issuance costs of \$0.5 million and to equity issuance costs of \$0.8 million, based on their relative fair values of the debt and equity components. Financing costs associated with the issuance of the 2007 Debentures are expensed as incurred.

The fair values of the Conversion Option, the 2007 Debenture Warrants, and the compensation warrants were determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model assuming no expected dividends, a volatility of the Company's share price of 70%, an interest rate of 4.1%, and an expected life of two years.

Under the terms of the Registration Rights Agreements entered into by the Company in connection with the 2007 Debentures, the common shares underlying the 2007 Debentures and the 2007 Debenture Warrants are required to be registered for resale with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). If the registration statement with respect to 50% of such shares was not declared effective by the SEC by May 25, 2007, the Company would be required to pay additional interest to the holders of the 2007 Debentures equal to 6% per annum. The Company did not meet the May 25, 2007 effectiveness deadline and as a result accrued additional interest of \$55,000 for the period commencing May 25, 2007 through August 10, 2007, the date the effectiveness was approved by the SEC. Additionally, if the registration statement with respect to the remaining 50% of such shares was not declared effective by the SEC by August 22, 2007, the Company would be required to pay additional interest to the holders of the 2007 Debentures equal to 6% per annum until February 23, 2008 or until this condition is met. The Company did not meet the August 22, 2007 effectiveness deadline and as a result accrued additional interest of \$28,000 for the period commencing August 22, 2007 through September 30, 2007.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### 7. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Shares issued in 2007

- (i) On February 28, 2007, the Company issued 1,000,000 common shares of the Company at \$0.54 per share in connection with the settlement of certain claims in relation to the Huizopa property.
- (ii) On September 4, 2007, the Company issued 1,057,692 common shares of the Company at \$0.50 per share in connection with acquiring rights to certain mineral claims at the Black Fox property.

(b) Warrants

The following summarizes outstanding warrants as at September 30, 2007:

<b>Date Issued</b>	Number of Warrank	Expiry Date		
		Exer	cisable in US\$	
November 4, 2004	4,215,100	4,215,100	0.40	November 4, 2007 (1)
November 4, 2004	240,000	240,000	0.80	November 4, 2007 (2)
November 4, 2004	1,396,000	1,396,000	0.80	November 4, 2007 (2)
November 8, 2006	8,344,103	8,344,103	0.50	November 8, 2009
November 8, 2006	1,168,174	1,168,174	0.50	November 8, 2009
February 23, 2007	17,160,000	17,160,000	0.50	February 23, 2009
February 23, 2007	1,201,200	1,201,200	0.50	February 23, 2009
	33,724,577	33,724,577		
		Exerc	cisable in Cdn\$	
January 26, 2006	2,000,000	2,000,000	0.39	January 26, 2008
October 30, 2006	1,111,111	1,111,111	1.00(3)	October 30, 2008 (3)
	3,111,111	3,111,111		
	36,835,688	36,835,688		

- (1)3,735,100 of these warrants were exercised prior to expiration for proceeds of \$1.5 million and the remaining 480,000 of these warrants expired unexercised on November 4, 2007.
- (2) These warrants expired unexercised on November 4, 2007.
- (3) The exercise price of these warrants increased to Cdn\$1.15 on October 31, 2007.

In addition, in connection with the Company's private placement to Canadian purchasers of 2,222,221 flow-through units on October 30, 2006, the Company issued 166,666 broker compensation warrants. Each broker compensation warrant is immediately exercisable at Cdn\$0.45 for two years into one common share of the Company and one-half of one share purchase warrant, with each whole share purchase warrant exercisable into one common share of the Company at Cdn\$1.00 per common share through October 30, 2007 and at Cdn\$1.15 through October 30, 2008. The broker compensation warrants expire on October 30, 2008.

(c) Options

A summary of information concerning outstanding stock options at September 30, 2007 is as follows:

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

### 7. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

				Performan	ce-ba	ased
	Fixed Stock	tions	<b>Stock Options</b>			
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Balances, December 31, 2006	3,052,900	\$	1.06	1,230,852	\$	0.80
Options granted	3,291,939		0.57	_		_
Options cancelled	(31,750)		1.07	_		_
Options expired	_		_	(1,230,852)		0.80
Balances, September 30, 2007	6,313,089	\$	0.80	_	\$	_

#### (i) Fixed stock option plan

The Company has a stock option plan that provides for the granting of options to directors, officers, employees and service providers of the Company. Typically, options vest over two years and have a 10-year contractual term, unless otherwise determined by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company is authorized to issue a maximum of 12,139,686 fixed stock options. As at September 30, 2007, an aggregate of 5,826,597 fixed stock options were available for future grants of awards under the plan.

The following table summarizes information concerning outstanding and exercisable fixed stock options at September 30, 2007:

	Options Outstanding		Options Ex						
				Weighted					
		Weigh	ited	Average		Weighted			
		Avera	age	Remaining		Average			
Number		Exerc	cise (	Contractual L	ifeNumber	Ex	kercise		
Outstanding	Expiry Date	Price per	Share	(in years)	<b>Exercisable P</b>	rice	per Share		
678,200	February 18, 2013	\$	2.24	5.4	678,200	\$	2.24		
261,000	March 10, 2014		2.05	6.4	261,000		2.05		
25,000	May 19, 2014		1.44	6.6	25,000		1.44		
21,200	August 10, 2014		0.95	6.9	21,200		0.95		
1,162,750	March 10, 2015		0.65	7.4	1,162,750		0.65		
100,000	August 4, 2015		0.27	7.8	100,000		0.27		
300,000	December 12, 2015		0.20	8.2	150,000		0.20		
125,000	March 28, 2016		0.65	8.5	125,000		0.65		
200,000	May 23, 2016		0.53	8.7	100,000		0.53		
108,000	August 10, 2016		0.48	8.9	54,000		0.48		
40,000	November 9, 2016		0.32	9.1	_		_		
3,142,114	February 6, 2017		0.57	9.4	_		_		
100,000	September 1, 2011		0.46	3.9	_		_		

49,825	August 13, 2017	0.46	9.9	_	_
6,313,089	\$	0.80	8.2	2,677,150 \$	1.15
15					

#### Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### 7. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

#### (ii) Performance-based stock option plan

The 1,230,852 performance-based stock options that were exercisable at \$0.80 expired June 25, 2007.

(d) Stock-based compensation

The fair value of each option granted is estimated at the time of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with weighted average assumptions for grants as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30,				
	2	007		2006	
Risk free interest rate		4.1%		4.2	%
Dividend yield		0%		0	%
Volatility		71%		89	%
Expected life in years		6		6	
Weighted average grant-date fair value of stock options	\$	0.37	\$	0.41	

#### (e) Shareholder Rights Plan

On January 17, 2007, the Company adopted a Shareholder Rights Plan (the "Rights Plan"). The Rights Plan was adopted to ensure the fair treatment of shareholders in connection with any take-over bid for common shares of Apollo. The Rights Plan seeks to provide shareholders with adequate time to properly assess a take-over bid without undue pressure. It also is intended to provide the Board with more time to fully consider an unsolicited take-over bid and, if appropriate, to explore other alternatives to maximize shareholder value. The Rights Plan is not intended to prevent take-over bids that treat shareholders fairly.

The Rights Plan, adopted and effective in January 2007, was ratified by the shareholders at Apollo's Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on May 16, 2007. The Rights Plan expires in January 2012.

#### 8. INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense consists of:

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,			
	2007		2006	2007		2006	
Accretion on convertible debentures	\$ 1,063	\$	271 \$	2,534	\$	775	
Interest paid on convertible debentures	265		265	794		794	
Amortization of deferred financing							
costs	_		80	_		237	
	144		_	593		_	

Interest related to Montana Tunnels joint venture agreement (Note 4)

joint venture agreement (Note 4)				
Capital leases and other	112	110	276	133
	\$ 1,584	\$ 726 \$	4,197	\$ 1,939
16				

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### 9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing net income available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated to reflect the dilutive effect of exercising outstanding warrants and stock options by applying the treasury stock method.

Earnings used in determining earnings per share from continuing operations are presented below for the three months ended September 30, 2007.

(\$ thousands, except per share amounts)		tincome	Shares	Per Sha	are
Basic earnings per share					
Net income from continuing operations	\$	2,117	143,922,308	\$	0.01
Effect of dilutive securities: warrants		_	1,048,244		_
Effect of dilutive securities: stock options		_	231,453		_
Diluted earnings per share					
Net income from continuing operations	\$	2,117	145,202,005	\$	0.01

10. INCOME TAXES

The Company recorded a \$0.3 million recovery for income taxes for the period ended September 30, 2007 in connection with the flow-through units issued in October 2006. In addition, income tax expense for the period has been offset by a recovery of prior tax losses.

#### 11. LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

In May 2006, a purported class action lawsuit was filed in U.S. Federal Court Missoula Division of Montana by 14 former employees at the Montana Tunnels mine alleging (i) violations of the Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act of 1988 (the "WARN Act") and the Montana Wage Act and (ii) breach of contract. The allegations relate to the termination of the employees following the cessation of mining in October 2005. Specifically, the plaintiffs allege that the Company gave deficient WARN Act notice and are seeking damages for back pay and benefits. The Company believes that the resolution of this matter will not have a material impact on its financial statements.

#### 12. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) Net changes in non-cash operating working capital items for the three and nine months ended September 30 are:

		Three months ended September 30,			Nine mont Septem		
	20	007		2006	2007		2006
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts receivable and other	\$	23	\$	(78) \$	(1,576)	\$	2,382
Prepaids		39		(336)	240		(17)
Inventories		50		231	(815)		375

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### 12. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (continued)

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,			
	2007		2006	2007		2006	
Increase (decrease) in:							
Accounts payable	791		118	1,197		(4,280)	
Accrued liabilities	(245)		603	1,120		574	
Property and mining taxes payable	139		(68)	267		(277)	
	\$ 797	\$	470 \$	433	\$	(1,243)	

#### (b) Components of cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2007 and 2006 are:

	September 3	0,	September 30,	
	2007			2006
Cash	\$	227	\$	648
Short-term investments	6,	410		1,330
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,	637	\$	1,978

(c) Non-cash transactions

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, (i) Series 2007-A convertible debentures with a face value of \$200,000 were converted and the Company recorded a reduction of \$94,000 in convertible debentures and a corresponding increase in equity; (ii) property, plant and equipment totaling \$527,000 was acquired via issuance of shares (Note 7(a)(ii)); and (iii) the Company financed a portion of its insurance program included in Prepaids by issuing a note payable of \$653,000.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, property, plant and equipment totaling \$325,000 was acquired via issuance of notes payable. Also, during the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company issued agent's compensation warrants with a value of \$294,000 for services rendered in connection with the issuance of the Series 2007-A convertible debentures (Note 6).

#### 13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Apollo operates the Montana Tunnels mine (a 50% joint venture effective December 31, 2006) in the United States and the Black Fox development project in Canada. The reportable segments have been determined at the level where decisions are made on the allocation of resources and capital and where performance is measured. The assets and liabilities of Montana Tunnels as at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 below differ from the amounts for the Montana Tunnels joint venture in Note 4 due to the inclusion of assets and liabilities of Montana Tunnels Mining, Inc. not pertaining to the Montana Tunnels joint venture, which primarily relate to the Diamond Hill mine. The accounting policies for these segments are the same as those followed by the Company as a whole.

Amounts as at September 30, 2007 are as follows:

### **Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

### 13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

	Montana Tunnels		Black Fox		Corporate and Other	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 759	\$	14	\$	5,864 \$	6,637
Other non-cash current assets	3,366		134		993	4,493
	4,125		148		6,857	11,130
Property, plant and equipment	7,563		33,793		3,128	44,484
Deferred stripping costs	4,427		_	-	_	4,427
Restricted certificates of deposit	5,449		648		_	6,097
Total assets	\$ 21,564	\$	34,589	\$	9,985 \$	66,138
Current liabilities and convertible						
debenture	\$ 3,960	\$	244	\$	11,934 \$	16,138
Accrued long-term liabilities	_	-	_	-	133	133
Notes payable	168		27		_	195
Convertible debenture	_	-	_	-	4,676	4,676
Accrued site closure costs	7,140		396		_	7,536
Deferred gain	2,976		_	-	_	2,976
Total liabilities	\$ 14,244	\$	667	\$	16,743 \$	31,654

Amounts as at December 31, 2006 are as follows:

	Montana Tunnels		Black Fox		Corporate and Other	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (64)	\$	9	\$	4,567	\$ 4,512
Other non-cash current assets	2,579		105		870	3,554
	2,515		114		5,437	8,066
Property, plant and equipment	7,159		30,455		1,254	38,868
Restricted certificates of deposit	4,052		553		_	4,605
Deferred financing costs	_	-	_	-	265	265
Total assets	\$ 13,726	\$	31,122	\$	6,956	\$ 51,804
Current liabilities	\$ 1,823	\$	149	\$	9,765	\$ 11,737
Notes payable and other long term						
liabilities	527		42		370	939
Accrued site closure costs	6,760		375		_	7,135
Deferred Gain	3,750		_	-	_	3,750
Total liabilities	\$ 12,860	\$	566	\$	10,135	\$ 23,561
19						

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

#### 13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

Amounts for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, are as follows:

Three months ended September 30, 2007 Montana **Corporate** and Other **Tunnels Black Fox Total** Revenue from sale of minerals \$ 11,863 \$ \$ \$ 11,863 7,285 Direct operating costs 7,285 Depreciation and amortization 351 26 377 General and administrative expenses 902 902 Accretion expense – accrued site closure costs 126 126 Amortization of deferred gain (345)(345)Exploration and business development 291 291 and other 7,417 1,219 8,636 Operating income (loss) 4,446 (1,219)3,227 Interest income 60 86 146 Interest expense (199)(1,385)(1,584)Foreign exchange gain and other 33 33 Income (loss) from continuing \$ operations before income taxes 4,307 (2,219)\$ 1,822 Investing activities Property, plant and equipment expenditures and deferred stripping 2,678 expenditures \$ \$ 1,859 \$ 4,537

	Montana N	7				
	Tunnels	Black Fox		and Other		Total
Revenue from sale of minerals	\$ 27,594	\$	_	\$ -	\$	27,594
Direct operating costs	18,280		_	_		18,280
Depreciation and amortization	929		_	78		1,007
General and administrative expenses	_		_	2,901		2,901
Accretion expense – accrued site						
closure costs	380		_	_		380
Amortization of deferred gain	(774)		_	_		(774)
Exploration and business development						
and other	_		_	2,028		2,028
	18,815		_	5,007		23,822
Operating gain (loss)	8,779		_	(5,007)		3,772
Interest income	157		_	328		485
Interest expense	(786)		_	(3,411)		(4,197)

Financing costs	_	_	(480)	(480)
Foreign exchange gain and other	_	_	31	31
Income (loss) from continuing				
operations before income taxes	\$ 8,150	\$ _	\$ (8,539) \$	(389)
Investing activities				
Property, plant and equipment expenditures and deferred stripping expenditures	\$ 7,019	\$ 3,317	\$ 1,951 \$	12,287
20				

# Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

## 13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (continued)

	Three months ended September 30, 2006						
	Montana						
		Tunnels	]	Black Fox		and Other	Total
Revenue from sale of minerals	\$	372	\$	_	\$	- \$	372
Direct operating costs		3,211		_		_	3,211
Depreciation and amortization		298		_		26	324
General and administrative expenses		_		_		1,123	1,123
Accretion expense – accrued site							
closure costs		237		_		_	237
Exploration and business development							
and other		_		_		191	191
		3,746		_		1,340	5,086
Operating loss		(3,374)		_		(1,340)	(4,714)
Interest income		76		_		23	99
Interest expense		(109)		_		(617)	(726)
Foreign exchange loss and other		_		_		(29)	(29)
Loss from continuing operations							
before income taxes	\$	(3,407)	\$	_	\$	(1,963) \$	(5,370)
Investing activities							
Property, plant and equipment							
expenditures	\$	2,640	\$	586	\$	5 \$	3,231

	Nine months ended September 30, 2006						
		Montana				Corporate	
		<b>Tunnels</b>		Black Fox		and Other	Total
Revenue from sale of minerals	\$	10,177	\$	-	\$	- \$	10,177
Direct operating costs		13,957		-		-	13,957
Depreciation and amortization		1,199		-		83	1,282
General and administrative expenses		-		-		3,594	3,594
Accretion expense – accrued site							
closure costs		711		-		-	711
Exploration and business development							
and other		-		-		795	795
		15,867		-		4,472	20,339
Operating loss		(5,690)		-		(4,472)	(10,162)
Interest income		190		-		63	253
Interest expense		(127)		-		(1,812)	(1,939)
Foreign exchange loss and other		-		-		(42)	(42)
Loss from continuing operations							
before income taxes	\$	(5,627)	\$	-	\$	(6,263) \$	(11,890)
Investing activities							
	\$	2,640	\$	4,908	\$	121 \$	7,669

Property, plant and equipment expenditures

#### 14. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND U.S. GAAP

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian GAAP. The following adjustments and/or additional disclosures would be required in order to present the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP and with practices prescribed by the SEC for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

## 14. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND U.S. GAAP (continued)

Material variances between financial statement items under Canadian GAAP and the amounts determined under U.S. GAAP are as follows:

	Sept	ember 30, 2007	Dec	cember 31, 2006
Total assets in accordance with Canadian GAAP	\$	66,138	\$	51,804
Impairment of property, plant and equipment, and change in depreciation				
and amortization(a)(ii)		(1,879)		(2,038)
Deferred stripping costs (a)(iii)		(4,427)		_
Black Fox development costs(b)		(24,810)		(22,354)
Convertible debentures(c)		657		103
Equity accounting for investment in Montana Tunnels joint venture(a)(i)		(10,594)		(8,473)
Total assets in accordance with U.S. GAAP	\$	25,085	\$	19,042
Total liabilities in accordance with Canadian GAAP		\$ 31,6	54 \$	23,561
Convertible debentures (c)		2,3	99	764
Equity accounting for investment in Montana Tunnels joint venture(a)(i)		(10,5	94)	(8,473)
Deferred gain(a)(i)		(2,9	76)	(3,750)
Total liabilities in accordance with U.S. GAAP		\$ 20,4	83 \$	12,102

	S	eptember 30, 2007	D	ecember 31, 2006
Total shareholders' equity in accordance with Canadian GAAP	\$	34,484	\$	28,243
Impairment of property, plant and equipment, and change in depreciation				
and amortization(a)(ii)		(1,879)		(2,038)
Deferred stripping costs (a)(iii)		(4,427)		_
Black Fox development costs(b)		(24,810)		(22,354)
Convertible debentures(c)		(1,742)		(661)
Deferred gain(a)(i)		2,976		3,750
Total shareholders' equity in accordance with U.S. GAAP	\$	4,602	\$	6,940
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities in accordance with U.S. GAAP		\$ 25,0	85	\$ 19,042

Under U.S. GAAP, the components of shareholders' equity would be as follows:

	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Share capital	\$ 160,183	\$ \$ 158,790
Note warrants	3,204	1,062
Contributed surplus	38,908	31,964
Deficit	(197,693	(184,876)

Total shareholders' equity in accordance with U.S. GAAP	\$ 4,602 \$	6,940
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**Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements** 

Nine month period ended September 30, 2007

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

## 14. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND U.S. GAAP (continued)

Under U.S. GAAP, the net loss and net loss per share would be adjusted as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2007		2006	2007		2006
Income (loss) from continuing						
operations for the period						
based on Canadian GAAP	\$ 2,117	\$	(5,370) \$	(94)	\$	(11,890)
Change in depreciation of property,						
plant and equipment (a)(ii)	66		_	160		183
Capitalized deferred stripping costs						
and amortization (a)(iii)	(1,340)		_	(4,427)		_
Black Fox development costs (b)	(1,135)		(587)	(2,456)		(2,682)
Convertible debentures (c)	231		161	(4,996)		454
Amortization of deferred gain (a)(i)	(345)		_	(774)		_
Income taxes (e)	(230)		_	(230)		_
Loss from continuing operations for						
the period based on U.S. GAAP	(636)		(5,796)	(12,817)		(13,935)
Loss from discontinued operations for						
the period based on Canadian and U.S.						
GAAP	_		_	_		(250)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for						
the period based on U.S. GAAP	\$ (636)	\$	(5,796) \$	(12,817)	\$	(14,185)
Basic and diluted income (loss) per						
share in accordance with U.S. GAAP:						
Continuing operations	\$ 0.00	\$	(0.05) \$	(0.09)	\$	(0.12)
Discontinued operations	_		_	_		_
Net income (loss) per share – U.S.						
GAAP basic and diluted	\$ 0.00	\$	(0.05) \$	(0.09)	\$	(0.12)

(a) Montana Tunnels mine

(i) Under Canadian GAAP, the Company has accounted for its joint venture interest in the Montana Tunnels mine ("MTM") using the proportionate consolidation method whereby the Company's proportionate share of each line item of MTM's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses is included in the corresponding line item of the Company's financial statements. Under U.S. GAAP, the Company would account for MTM using the equity method whereby the Company's share of the investees' earnings and losses is included in operations and its investments therein are adjusted by a similar amount. The carrying value of MTM was lower under U.S. GAAP than under Canadian GAAP following an impairment of the property, plant and equipment in prior years and as a result the gain on transfer of the Company's interest in MTM into the joint venture under U.S. GAAP is higher. Under U.S. GAAP, the gain on transfer of the Company's interest MTM into the joint venture was included in the net loss for the year ended December 31, 2006; whereas under Canadian GAAP it was deferred and is recognized as an adjustment to net loss using the units of production method over the expected life of the operation based on the estimated recoverable gold equivalent ounces.

## (ii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

Under Canadian GAAP, write-downs for impairment of property, plant and equipment are determined using current proven and probable reserves and mineral resources expected to be converted into mineral reserves. Under U.S. GAAP, write-downs recorded in 2002 were determined using current proven and probable reserves. Accordingly, for U.S. GAAP purposes, an impairment of property, plant and equipment and an adjustment to the related depreciation has been recorded.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

#### 14. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND U.S. GAAP (continued)

(iii) Deferred stripping costs

Under Canadian GAAP, stripping costs that represent a betterment to the mineral property are capitalized and amortized using the units-of-production method over the expected life of the operation based on the estimated recoverable gold equivalent ounces. Under U.S. GAAP, these expenditures are expensed as incurred.

(b) Black Fox Project

Under Canadian GAAP, mining development costs at the Black Fox Project have been capitalized. Under U.S. GAAP, these expenditures are expensed as incurred. Accordingly, for U.S. GAAP purposes, a reduction in property, plant and equipment of \$24.8 million has been recorded as at September 30, 2007.

#### (c) Convertible debentures

- (i) Under Canadian GAAP, the Series 2007-A Convertible Debentures (the "2007 Debentures") were recorded as a compound financial instrument including detachable note warrants. On issuance in February 2007, under U.S. GAAP, the detachable note warrants are similarly treated as an equity instrument with the remainder of the 2007 Debentures treated as a liability. Further, under U.S. GAAP, the beneficial conversion feature determined using the effective conversion price based on the proceeds allocated to the 2007 Debentures in accordance with EITF 00-27, "Application of Issue No. 98-5 to Certain Convertible Instruments" ("EITF 00-27"), is allocated to contributed surplus. This discount on the 2007 Debentures, in the amount of \$5.9 million, is recognized as additional interest expense immediately as the debt is convertible at the date of issuance. Canadian GAAP does not require the recognition of any beneficial conversion feature.
- (ii) Under Canadian GAAP, the 12% Series 2004-B Convertible Debentures (the "2004 Debentures") were recorded as a compound financial instrument including detachable note warrants. On issuance in November 2004, under U.S. GAAP, the detachable note warrant is similarly treated as an equity instrument with the remainder of the 2004 Debentures treated as a liability. Further, under U.S. GAAP, the beneficial conversion feature determined using the effective conversion price based on the proceeds allocated to the 2004 Debentures in accordance with EITF 00-27, is allocated to contributed surplus. This discount on the 2004 Debentures, in the amount of \$0.1 million, is recognized as additional interest expense immediately as the debt is convertible at the date of issuance. Canadian GAAP does not require the recognition of any beneficial conversion feature.
- (iii) As of January 1, 2007, under Canadian GAAP, the Company expenses debt financing costs when they are incurred (Note 3(d)). Prior to January 1, 2007, under Canadian GAAP, debt financing costs were capitalized and amortized. Under U.S. GAAP, debt financing costs are capitalized.

#### APOLLO GOLD CORPORATION

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (Stated in U.S. dellars tabular amounts in thousands)

(Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

## 14. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CANADIAN AND U.S. GAAP (continued)

#### (d) Statements of cash flows

- (i) Under Canadian GAAP, mining development costs at the Black Fox Project are included in cash flows from investing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Under U.S. GAAP, these expenditures are included in cash flows from operating activities. Accordingly, under U.S. GAAP, the consolidated statements of cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 would reflect a decrease in cash used in investing activities of \$1.1 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, and a corresponding decrease in cash provided by operating activities for each period. Additionally, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 the consolidated statements of cash flow under U.S. GAAP would reflect a decrease of \$0.6 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, used in investing activities, respectively, and a corresponding increase in cash used in operating activities for each period.
- (ii) Under Canadian GAAP, deferred stripping costs are included in cash flows from investing activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Under U.S. GAAP, these stripping costs are included in cash flows from operating activities. Accordingly, under U.S. GAAP, the consolidated statements of cash flows for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 would reflect a decrease in cash used in investing activities of \$1.9 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, and a corresponding decrease in cash provided by operating activities.
- (iii) Under Canadian GAAP, debt financing costs are included in cash flows from operating activities. Under U.S. GAAP, these costs are capitalized and are included in cash flows from financing activities. Accordingly, under U.S. GAAP, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 would reflect a decrease in cash flows provided by financing activities of \$0.3 million, and a corresponding decrease in cash used in operating activities.

#### (e) Flow-through common shares

Under Canadian income tax legislation, a company is permitted to issue shares whereby the Company agrees to incur qualifying expenditures and renounce the related income tax deductions to the investors. The Company has accounted for the issue of flow-through shares using the deferral method in accordance with Canadian GAAP. At the time of issue, the funds received are recorded as share capital.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") staff has taken the view that under SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*, the proceeds from issuance should be allocated between the offering of shares and the sale of tax benefits. The allocation is made based on the difference between the quoted price of the existing shares and the amount the investor pays for the shares. A liability is recognized for this difference. The liability is reversed when tax benefits are renounced and a deferred tax liability is recognized at that time. Income tax expense is the difference between the amount of a deferred tax liability and the liability recognized on issuance.

(f) Income taxes

The Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, on January 1, 2007. There was no effect on the Company's cumulative retained earnings as of January 1, 2007, as a result of the adoption of Interpretation 48. As of the date of adoption, there were no unrecognized U.S. tax benefits. Under current conditions and expectations, management does not foresee any significant changes in unrecognized tax

benefits that would have a material impact on the Company's financial statements. The Company and/or one or more of its subsidiaries file income tax returns in the United States and Canada. The Company is generally not subject to U.S. and Canada income tax examinations that could create a tax liability for tax years before 2001. The Company recognizes interest accrued related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in operating expenses.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

15.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

(a) Jipangu settlement agreement

On October 4, 2007, the Company entered into a settlement agreement (the "Agreement") with Jipangu, Inc., and Jipangu International, Inc. (collectively, "Jipangu") and certain of its subsidiaries. The Agreement was entered into to settle indemnification claims made by Jipangu under the Stock Purchase Agreement dated October 17, 2005, pursuant to which the Company sold to Jipangu the stock of certain subsidiaries owning, among other things, the Florida Canyon and Standard mines, in Nevada.

The indemnification claims related to certain costs associated with a leach pad issue, a liability for certain taxes and a liability for certain employee disability claims. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Company agreed (i) to pay Jipangu \$650,000 in full satisfaction of the claims related to the leach pad and the tax claims and (ii) to reimburse Jipangu in full in respect of certain employee disability claims when and if damages related to those claims exceed \$200,000.

The Company had accrued \$600,000 for the estimated liability as of December 31, 2006, and accrued an additional \$183,000 as of September 30, 2007, \$133,000 of which is recorded as an accrued long-term liability for the employee disability claims that are described in the above paragraph.

#### (b) Credit facility and hedging terms

On October 12, 2007, the Company entered into a credit facility agreement for \$8.0 million. The credit facility, which was drawn on October 18, 2007 for the full amount of the facility, matures September 30, 2008 and bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.25%, repayable in four quarterly payments beginning December 31, 2007. The loan is secured by all of the assets of Montana Tunnels Mining, Inc. Upon repayment or conversion of the Series 2004-B convertible debentures (the "2004 Debentures") by December 2007, all of Apollo's assets at its Black Fox project will also be pledged as security for the loan. The quarterly payments are according to the following schedule: (i) 15% of the aggregate principal amount outstanding ("Principal Outstanding") on December 31, 2007; (ii) 33% of the Principal Outstanding on March 31, 2008; (iii) 50% of the Principal Outstanding on June 30, 2008 and; (iv) 100% of the Principal Outstanding on September 30, 2008.

The credit facility agreement requires the Company to use proceeds from the loan as follows: (i) first, for repayment of the 2004 Debentures, and (ii) second, once the 2004 Debentures have been repaid in full or converted in full to common shares of the Company, for general working capital purposes.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Nine month period ended September 30, 2007 (Stated in U.S. dollars; tabular amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

#### 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

In order to meet certain loan criteria, Apollo on October 15, 2007 hedged 2,267 tonnes (approximately 5,000,000 lbs) of lead and 3,418 tonnes (approximately 7,500,000 lbs) of zinc which equates to approximately 65% and 40% respectively of Apollo's share of lead and zinc production from the Montana Tunnels Mine during the 12-month term of the facility. No gold or silver production was hedged. The lead and zinc hedge is in the form of a no premium collar (buy a put, sell a call) at the following prices: Lead - put \$1.40 per lb, call \$1.90 per lb.; Zinc - put \$1.20 per lb, call \$1.54 per lb.

The Company will not apply hedge accounting to this transaction. As a result, the Company will account for these contracts as investments and will record the changes in unrealized gains and losses in the statement of income each period. The fair value of these derivatives will be recorded as a current asset or current liability at each balance sheet date.

(c) Flow-through financing

On October 31, 2007, the Company completed an offering of 7,454,545 flow-through shares at Cdn\$0.55 per share for net proceeds of Cdn\$3.8 million. The underwriter received a 5.5% fee of Cdn\$0.2 million and 372,727 compensation warrants. Each compensation warrant is immediately exercisable at Cdn\$0.55 per common share of the Company and expires on April 30, 2009.

# ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### All Dollar amounts are expressed in United States Dollars

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in Canada (Canadian GAAP). For a reconciliation to GAAP in the United States (U.S. GAAP), see Note 14 to the attached condensed consolidated financial statements.

In this Form 10-Q, the terms "cash operating cost," "total cash cost" and "total production cost" are non-GAAP financial measures and are used on a per ounce of gold sold basis. Cash operating costs per ounce is equivalent to direct operating cost as found on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, less production royalty expenses and mining taxes but includes by-product credits for payable silver, lead, and zinc production. Total cash costs is equivalent to cash operating costs plus production royalties and mining taxes. The term "total production costs" is equivalent to total cash costs plus non-cash costs including depreciation and amortization. See "Reconciliation of Cash Operating and Total Operating Costs per Ounce" below.

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation.

#### BACKGROUND AND RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

We are principally engaged in gold mining including extraction, processing, refining and the production of other co-product metals, as well as related activities including exploration and development of mineral deposits principally in North America. We are the operator of the Montana Tunnels mine (the "Mine"), which is a 50% joint venture with Elkhorn Tunnels, LLC ("Elkhorn"). The Mine is an open pit mine and mill located near Helena, Montana, which produces gold doré and lead-gold and zinc-gold concentrates.

We own a development property, the Black Fox Project, which is located near the township of Matheson in the Province of Ontario, Canada. We also own Mexican subsidiaries which own concessions at the Huizopa exploration property located in the Sierra Madres in Chihuahua, Mexico.

On February 23, 2007, the Company completed a private placement of \$8.6 million aggregate principal amount of Series 2007-A convertible debentures with each \$1,000 principal amount of the convertible debentures including 2,000 common share purchase warrants. The convertible debentures are convertible at the holder's option at \$0.50 per common share at any time until they mature. The Company has the option to force conversion of the convertible debentures under certain circumstances. The convertible debentures mature on February 23, 2009 and bear interest at a rate of 12% per annum during the first year and 18% per annum during the second year, payable annually beginning on February 23, 2008. The accompanying warrants, each of which is exercisable for one common share of the Company, have an exercise price of \$0.50 per share and a term of two years.

On October 12, 2007, the Company entered into a credit facility agreement for \$8.0 million. The credit facility, which was drawn on October 18, 2007 for the full amount of the facility, matures September 30, 2008 and bears interest at LIBOR plus 1.25%, repayable in four quarterly payments beginning December 31, 2007. The loan is secured by all of the assets of Montana Tunnels Mining, Inc. Upon repayment or conversion of the Series 2004-B convertible debentures by December 2007, all of Apollo's assets at its Black Fox project will also be pledged as security for the loan. The quarterly payments are according to the following schedule: (i) 15% of the aggregate principal amount outstanding ("Principal Outstanding") on December 31, 2007; (ii) 33% of the Principal Outstanding on March 31, 2008; (iii) 50% of the Principal Outstanding on June 30, 2008 and; (iv) 100% of the Principal Outstanding on September 30, 2008. The credit facility agreement requires the Company to use proceeds from the loan as follows: (i)

first, for repayment of the 2004 Debentures, and (ii) second, once the 2004 Debentures have been repaid in full or converted in full to common shares of the Company, for general working capital purposes.

In order to meet certain loan criteria, Apollo on October 15, 2007 hedged 2,267 tonnes (approximately 5,000,000 lbs) of lead and 3,418 tonnes (approximately 7,500,000 lbs) of zinc which equates to approximately 65% and 40% respectively of Apollo's share of lead and zinc production from the Mine during the 12-month term of the facility. No gold or silver production was hedged. The lead and zinc hedge is in the form of a no premium collar (buy a put, sell a call) at the following prices: Lead - put \$1.40 per lb, call \$1.90 per lb.; Zinc - put \$1.20 per lb, call \$1.54 per lb.

On October 31, 2007, the Company completed an offering of 7,454,545 flow-through shares at Cdn\$0.55 per share for net proceeds of Cdn\$3.8 million. The underwriter received a 5.5% fee of Cdn\$0.2 million and 372,727 compensation warrants. Each compensation warrant is immediately exercisable at Cdn\$0.55 per common share of the Company and expires on April 30, 2009.

#### **Montana Tunnels**

At the Montana Tunnels mine the open pit remediation program was completed in February 2007 and the mill resumed operations on March 1, 2007.

The remediation, which lasted from September 2006 to February 2007, required the removal of 8.4 million tons of waste material, at a total cost of \$15.5 million. These costs, plus working capital of \$2.5 million, were funded \$14.25 million by Elkhorn, our joint venture partner, \$1.25 million by us and \$2.5 million from a working capital loan to the joint venture from Teck Cominco Metals Ltd. ("Teck Cominco"), our smelter contractor. Montana Tunnels repaid the loan in full to Teck Cominco on July 19, 2007.

During the third quarter 2007, approximately 3,700,000 tons were mined, of which 1,087,000 tons were ore. The mill processed 1,154,000 tons of ore at an average throughput of 12,500 tons per day for the quarter and payable production was 9,500 ounces of gold, 158,000 ounces of silver, 3,371,000 lbs of lead and 6,611,000 lbs of zinc. Apollo's share of this production is 50%. The project to increase mill throughput by over 1,000 tons per day, by re-commissioning a larger primary crusher (last utilized in 2005), which was scheduled for completion at the end of August 2007, was only completed in the first half of October 2007.

Ore mined	1,087,000 tons
Waste mined	2,616,000 tons
Total mined	3,703,000 tons
Ore milled	1,154,000 tons

Grade:		<b>Recoveries:</b>	
Au ounces per ton	0.0116	Au	77.6%
Ag ounces per ton	0.2374	Ag	75.1%
Pb %	0.2066	Pb	77.3%
Zn %	0.4453	Zn	77.2%

Total cash costs for the third quarter 2007 on a by-product basis were minus \$215 per ounce of gold and on a co-product basis they were \$459 per ounce of gold, \$8.15 per ounce of silver, \$1.12 per lb of lead and \$0.78 per lb of zinc.

During the third quarter 2007, the joint venture spent \$1.5 million on capital projects, which included \$1.0 million for the expansion of the tailings dam and \$0.3 million for the upgrade of the primary crushing circuit. Apollo's share of these capital expenditures is 50%.

**4th Quarter Forecast** – With the completion of the primary crusher project in October 2007, we anticipate that improvement in ore throughput will be achieved and there will be a respective increase in metal production. As a result, we believe that in the fourth quarter 2007, the Mine should achieve its best operational results of 2007.

## **Black Fox**

On August 13, 2007, we filed a new NI 43-101 which demonstrates the continued expansion of Black Fox since the last published NI 43-101 dated August 14, 2006. The new mineral reserve and resource estimate was prepared by SRK Consulting ("SRK"), Denver, Colorado.

During the preparation of the NI 43-101, SRK and Apollo identified a potential infill drilling program of approximately 60 holes. If the drilling results of this program are positive, it could increase the amount of inferred resources that may be converted to indicated resources as part of the bankable feasibility study scheduled for completion in the first quarter of 2008. As at November 7, 2007, we had completed 39 surface holes and 7 underground holes. The table below summarizes the Black Fox Total Mineral Reserve as published in the NI 43-101:

#### Black Fox - Probable Reserves

	<b>Cutoff Grade</b>	Tonnes	Grade	Contained
Mining Method	Au g/t	(000)	Au g/t	<b>Au Ounces</b>
Open Pit	1.0	3,362	5.8	625,000
Underground	3.0	1,108	10.6	377,000
<b>Total Reserves</b>		4,470	7.0	1,002,000

The minable reserve was calculated based on a gold price of US\$525/oz which is approximately the three-year trailing average. The average total cash cost per ounce of gold was calculated at \$236 per ounce.

In addition to the reserves above, the NI 43-101 contains the indicated and inferred resources shown in the tables below:

#### **Black Fox – Indicated Resources(1)**

	<b>Cutoff Grade</b>	Tonnes	Grade
Mining Method	Au g/t	(000)	Au g/t
Open Pit	1.0	997	4.5
Underground	3.0	667	10.1

#### Black Fox – Inferred Resource(2)

	Cutoff Grade	Tonnes	Grade
Mining Method	Au g/t	(000)	Au g/t
Open Pit	1.0	3,256	4.7
Underground	3.0	929	12.3