CITIZENS & NORTHERN CORP

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

Form 10-Q August 07, 2015

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015
or
"TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission file number: 000-16084
CITIZENS & NORTHERN CORPORATION
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)
PENNSYLVANIA 23-2451943 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

90-92 MAIN STREET, WELLSBORO, PA 16901

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

570-724-3411

(Registrant's telephone number including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer "Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer "Smaller reporting company"

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes "No x

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock (\$1.00 par value) 12,195,996 Shares Outstanding on August 4, 2015

CITIZENS & NORTHERN CORPORATION

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands, Except Share and Per Share Data) (Unaudited)	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks:		
Noninterest-bearing	\$15,839	\$14,812
Interest-bearing	19,566	21,235
Total cash and due from banks	35,405	36,047
Available-for-sale securities, at fair value	497,111	516,807
Loans held for sale	192	0
Loans receivable	663,818	630,545
Allowance for loan losses	(7,300)	(7,336)
Loans, net	656,518	623,209
Bank-owned life insurance	20,876	22,119
Accrued interest receivable	3,875	3,908
Bank premises and equipment, net	15,837	16,256
Foreclosed assets held for sale	1,223	1,189
Deferred tax asset, net	1,931	1,668
Intangible asset - Core deposit intangibles	41	52
Intangible asset - Goodwill	11,942	11,942
Other assets	10,771	8,766
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,255,722	\$1,241,963
LIABILITIES		
Deposits:		
Noninterest-bearing	\$216,910	\$212,439
Interest-bearing	761,539	755,550
Total deposits	978,449	967,989
Short-term borrowings	19,806	5,537
Long-term borrowings	62,916	73,060
Accrued interest and other liabilities	7,578	7,015
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,068,749	1,053,601
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, \$1,000 par value; authorized 30,000 shares; \$1,000 liquidation preference	0	0
per share; no shares issued at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014	· ·	·
Common stock, par value \$1.00 per share; authorized 20,000,000 shares in 2015 and		
2014; issued 12,655,171 at June 30, 2015 and 12,655,171 at December 31, 2014;	12,655	12,655
outstanding 12,196,830 at June 30, 2015 and 12,279,980 at December 31, 2014		
Paid-in capital	71,258	71,541
Retained earnings	107,422	105,550
	(8,448)	(6,744)

Treasury stock, at cost; 458,341 shares at June 30, 2015 and 375,191 shares at December 31, 2014

51, 2017		
Sub-total Sub-total	182,887	183,002
Accumulated other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	4,077	5,281
Defined benefit plans gain	9	79
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	4,086	5,360
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	186,973	188,362
TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$1,255,722	\$1,241,963

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Income	3 Month		Fiscal Year To Date		
(In Thousands Except Per Share Data) (Unaudited)			6 Months En		
INTEREST INCOME	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Interest and fees on loans	\$7,753	\$8,085	\$15,462	\$16,083	
Interest on balances with depository institutions	25	32	51	62	
Interest on loans to political subdivisions	391	334	740	707	
Interest on mortgages held for sale	3	5	5	8	
Income from available-for-sale securities:					
Taxable	1,934	1,961	3,908	3,763	
Tax-exempt	1,013	1,080	2,029	2,191	
Dividends	67	66	154	155	
Total interest and dividend income	11,186	11,563	22,349	22,969	
INTEREST EXPENSE					
Interest on deposits	479	553	965	1,107	
Interest on short-term borrowings	5	1	6	6	
Interest on long-term borrowings	692	736	1,418	1,465	
Total interest expense	1,176	1,290	2,389	2,578	
Net interest income	10,010	10,273	19,960	20,391	
Provision for loan losses	221	446	224	135	
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	9,789	9,827	19,736	20,256	
OTHER INCOME					
Service charges on deposit accounts	1,305	1,314	2,327	2,537	
Service charges and fees	123	134	236	261	
Trust and financial management revenue	1,241	1,138	2,355	2,185	
Brokerage revenue	206	242	425	469	
Insurance commissions, fees and premiums	23	27	63	59	
Interchange revenue from debit card transactions	500	517	974	970	
Net gains from sale of loans	183	265	330	416	
(Decrease) increase in fair value of servicing rights	(33)	(53)	(150)	52	
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	102	91	199	179	
Net loss from premises and equipment	0	(1)	0	(1)	
Other operating income	312	306	690	604	
Sub-total	3,962	3,980	7,449	7,731	
Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, net	932	103	1,006	134	
Total other income	4,894	4,083	8,455	7,865	
OTHER EXPENSES	•	,	•	•	
Salaries and wages	3,603	3,646	7,090	7,211	
Pensions and other employee benefits	935	1,153	2,320	2,472	
Occupancy expense, net	640	641	1,362	1,356	
Furniture and equipment expense	467	466	921	938	
FDIC Assessments	148	146	299	293	
Pennsylvania shares tax	317	337	566	678	
Professional fees	113	144	235	292	
Automated teller machine and interchange expense	255	218	501	429	
1 1000 marion marinine and interestance expense		_10	201	,	

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Software subscriptions	211	201	408	391
Loss on prepayment of debt	910	0	910	0
Other operating expense	1,275	1,395	2,726	2,811
Total other expenses	8,874	8,347	17,338	16,871
Income before income tax provision	5,809	5,563	10,853	11,250
Income tax provision	1,452	1,400	2,681	2,799
NET INCOME	\$4,357	\$4,163	\$8,172	\$8,451
NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC	\$0.36	\$0.33	\$0.67	\$0.68
NET INCOME PER SHARE - DILUTED	\$0.36	\$0.33	\$0.67	\$0.68

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(In Thousands) (Unaudited)

	3 Months Ended June 30,		Six Mon June 30,	
Net income	2015 \$4,357	2014 \$4,163	2015 \$8,172	2014 \$8,451
Unrealized (losses) gains on available-for-sale securities:				
Unrealized holding (losses) gains on available-for-sale securities	(4,572)	4,523	(847)	9,857
Reclassification adjustment for gains realized in income	(932)	(103)	(1,006)	(134)
Other comprehensive (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities	(5,504)	4,420	(1,853)	9,723
Unfunded pension and postretirement obligations:				
Changes from plan amendments and actuarial gains and losses included in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) gain	0	3	(100)	144
Amortization of net transition obligation, prior service cost and net actuarial loss included in net periodic benefit cost	(5)	(4)	(8)	(8)
Other comprehensive (loss) gain on unfunded retirement obligations	(5)	(1)	(108)	136
Other comprehensive (loss) income before income tax	(5,509)	4,419	(1,961)	9,859
Income tax related to other comprehensive loss (income)	1,929	(1,545)	687	(3,450)
Net other comprehensive (loss) income	(3,580)	2,874	(1,274)	6,409
Comprehensive income	\$777	\$7,037	\$6,898	\$14,860

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	6 Month	s Ended
(In Thousands) (Unaudited)	June 30,	June 30,
	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$8,172	\$8,451
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Provision for loan losses	224	135
Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, net	(1,006)	(134)
Loss on prepayment of debt	910	0
Realized (gain) loss on foreclosed assets	(61)	19
Loss on disposition of premises and equipment	0	1
Depreciation expense	958	988
Accretion and amortization on securities, net	791	674
Accretion and amortization on loans and deposits, net	(10)	(14)
Decrease (increase) in fair value of servicing rights	150	(52)
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance	(199)	(179)
Stock-based compensation	307	384
Amortization of core deposit intangibles	11	17
Deferred income taxes	424	1,057
Gains on sales of loans, net	(330)	(416)
Origination of loans for sale	(10,029)	
Proceeds from sales of loans	10,089	12,807
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest receivable and other assets	(1,225)	179
Increase in accrued interest payable and other liabilities	681	1,795
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	9,857	13,269
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from maturities of certificates of deposit	0	480
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	11,255	28,831
Proceeds from calls and maturities of available-for-sale securities	41,777	35,340
Purchase of available-for-sale securities	(35,200)	(83,766)
Redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh stock	2,042	976
Purchase of Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh stock	(2,960)	(123)
Net (increase) decrease in loans	(34,153)	20,248
Proceeds from bank-owned life insurance	1,442	0
Purchase of premises and equipment	(539)	(206)
Return of principal on limited liability entity investments	99	87
Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets	657	378
Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Investing Activities	(15,580)	2,245
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net increase in deposits	10,460	24,723
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	14,269	(18,748)
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(11,054)	
Purchase of treasury stock	(3,415)	0
Sale of treasury stock	378	86

Tax benefit from compensation plans	78	74
Common dividends paid	(5,635)	(5,703)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	5,081	295
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(642)	15,809
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	31,619	38,591
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$30,977	\$54,400
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Assets acquired through foreclosure of real estate loans	\$630	\$924
Accrued purchase of available-for-sale securities	\$0	\$1,312
Interest paid	\$2,404	\$2,587
Income taxes paid	\$1,645	\$1,834

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in

Stockholders' Equity

(In Thousands Except Share and Per Share Data)

Accumulated

(Unaudited) Other

						Comprehensive		
	Common Shares	Treasury Shares	Common Stock		Retained Earnings		Treasury Stock	Total
Six Months Ended		Situics	Stock	Cupitui	Lui iiiigs	income	Stock	1000
June 30, 2015: Balance, December	12,655,171	375,191	\$12,655	\$71.541	\$105,550	\$5.360	(\$6,744)	\$188,362
31, 2014	12,000,171	0,0,1,1	Ψ12,000	Ψ, 1,0 11	•	ΨΕ,Ε σσ	(ψος,)	•
Net income					8,172			8,172
Other comprehensive						(1,274)		(1,274)
loss, net								, , ,
Cash dividends					(6 272)			(6 272)
declared on common stock, \$.52 per share					(6,373)			(6,373)
Shares issued for								
dividend reinvestment		(37,758)		25			713	738
plan		(37,730)		23			713	750
Treasury stock								
purchased		176,000					(3,415)	(3,415)
Shares issued from								
treasury related to		(22.225)		(26)			404	270
exercise of stock		(22,235)		(26)			404	378
options								
Restricted stock		(34,800)		(627)			627	0
granted		(34,000)		(027)			027	U
Forfeiture of		1,943		33			(33)	0
restricted stock		1,743		33			(33)	O
Stock-based								
compensation				307				307
expense								
Tax effect of stock				(6)				(6)
option exercises				, ,				,
Tax benefit from dividends on				11				11
restricted stock				11				11
Tax benefit from								
employee benefit plan					73			73
Balance, June 30,								
2015	12,655,171	458,341	\$12,655	\$71,258	\$107,422	\$4,086	(\$8,448)	\$186,973

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Six Months Ended								
<u>June 30, 2014:</u>								
Balance, December	12,596,540	206,477	\$12,596	\$70.105	\$101,216	(\$993)	(\$3,452)	\$179,472
31, 2013	12,000,010	200,177	φ12,000	φιοίτος	•	(ψ))()	(ψε, ιε Ξ)	•
Net income					8,451			8,451
Other comprehensive						6,409		6,409
income, net						0,100		0,107
Cash dividends								
declared on common					(6,459)			(6,459)
stock, \$0.52 per share								
Shares issued for	40.000		40	716				7.5.6
dividend reinvestment	40,009		40	716				756
plan								
Shares issued from								
treasury related to								
exercise of stock		(5,577)		(7)			93	86
options Restricted stock								
granted		(16,711)		(279)			279	0
Forfeiture of								
restricted stock		2,355		39			(39)	0
Stock-based								
compensation				384				384
expense								
Tax effect of stock				1				1
option exercises				1				1
Tax benefit from								
dividends on				5				5
restricted stock								
Tax benefit from					68			68
employee benefit plan					00			00
Balance, June 30,	12,636,549	186,544	\$12,636	\$70.964	\$103,276	\$5.416	(\$3,119)	\$189,173
2014	,000,010	230,0	412,000	Ψ, 0, 0 I	4100,270	4-,.10	(40,11)	4107,110

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

1. BASIS OF INTERIM PRESENTATION

The consolidated financial information included herein, with the exception of the consolidated balance sheet dated December 31, 2014, is unaudited. Such information reflects all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments) that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in stockholders' equity for the interim periods; however, the information does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for a complete set of financial statements.

Operating results reported for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 might not be indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2015. The Corporation evaluates subsequent events through the date of filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

2. PER SHARE DATA

Net income per share is based on the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding. The following data show the amounts used in computing basic and diluted net income per share. As shown in the table that follows, diluted earnings per share is computed using weighted average common shares outstanding, plus weighted-average common shares available from the exercise of all dilutive stock options, less the number of shares that could be repurchased with the proceeds of stock option exercises based on the average share price of the Corporation's common stock during the period.

Weighted-

Average Earnings

Net Common Income Shares

Per Share

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

Earnings per share – basic

\$8,172,000 12,233,964 \$0.67

Dilutive effect of potential common stock arising from stock options:

Exercise of outstanding stock options

218,115

Hypothetical share repurchase at \$19.97 (196,407)

Earnings per share – diluted \$8,172,000 12,255,672 \$0.67

Six Months Ended June 30, 2014

Earnings per share – basic \$8,451,000 12,429,717 \$0.68

Dilutive effect of potential common stock arising from stock options:

Exercise of outstanding stock options 239,291 Hypothetical share repurchase at \$19.25 (217,549)

Earnings per share – diluted \$8,451,000 12,451,459 \$0.68

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	Net Income	Weighted- Average Common Shares	Earnings Per Share
Earnings per share – basic	\$4 357 000	12,199,996	\$0.36
Dilutive effect of potential common stock arising from stock options:	Ψ1,557,000	12,177,770	ψ0.50
Exercise of outstanding stock options		205,024	
Hypothetical share repurchase at \$20.15		(182,494)	
Earnings per share – diluted	\$4,357,000	12,222,526	\$0.36
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014			
Earnings per share – basic	\$4,163,000	12,441,679	\$0.33
Dilutive effect of potential common stock arising from stock options:			
Exercise of outstanding stock options		174,840	
Hypothetical share repurchase at \$18.81		(157,135)	
Earnings per share – diluted	\$4,163,000	12,459,384	\$0.33

Stock options that were anti-dilutive were excluded from net income per share calculations. Weighted-average common shares available from anti-dilutive instruments totaled 75,539 shares in the six-month period ended June 30, 2015, 169,448 shares in the six-month period ended June 30, 2014, 47,974 shares in the second quarter 2015 and 200,672 shares in the second quarter 2014.

3. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Comprehensive income is the total of (1) net income, and (2) all other changes in equity from non-stockholder sources, which are referred to as other comprehensive income. The components of other comprehensive income, and the related tax effects, are as follows:

(In Thousands)	Before-Tax Amount	Income Tax Effect	Net-of-Tax Amount
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015:			
Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities:			
Unrealized holding losses on available-for-sale securities	(\$847)	\$297	(\$550)
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) realized in income	(1,006)	352	(654)
Other comprehensive loss on available-for-sale securities	(1,853)	649	(1,204)

Unfunded pension and postretirement obligations:			
Changes from plan amendments and actuarial gains and losses included in other comprehensive income	(100)	35	(65)
Amortization of net transition obligation, prior service cost and net actuarial loss included in net periodic benefit cost	(8)	3	(5)
Other comprehensive loss on unfunded retirement obligations	(108)	38	(70)
Total other comprehensive loss	(\$1,961)	\$687	(\$1,274)

(In Thousands)	Before-Tax Amount	Income Tax Effect	Net-of-Tax Amount
Six Months Ended June 30, 2014: Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities: Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities Reclassification adjustment for (gains) realized in income Other comprehensive income on available-for-sale securities	\$9,857 (134) 9,723	(\$3,450) 47 (3,403)	\$6,407 (87) 6,320
Unfunded pension and postretirement obligations: Changes from plan amendments and actuarial gains and losses included in other	144	(50)	94
comprehensive income Amortization of net transition obligation, prior service cost and net actuarial loss included in net periodic benefit cost	(8)	3	(5)
Other comprehensive income on unfunded retirement obligations	136	(47)	89
Total other comprehensive income	\$9,859	(\$3,450)	\$6,409
(In Thousands)		Income Tax	
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015: Unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities:	Amount	Effect	Amount
Unrealized holding losses on available-for-sale securities Reclassification adjustment for (gains) realized in income Other comprehensive loss on available-for-sale securities	(\$4,572) (932) (5,504)	\$1,601 326 1,927	(\$2,971) (606) (3,577)
Unfunded pension and postretirement obligations:			
Changes from plan amendments and actuarial gains and losses included in other comprehensive income	0	0	0
Amortization of net transition obligation, prior service cost and net actuarial loss included in net periodic benefit cost	(5)	2	(3)
Other comprehensive loss on unfunded retirement obligations	(5)	2	(3)
Total other comprehensive loss	(\$5,509)	\$1,929	(\$3,580)
(In Thousands)	Before-Tax Amount	Income Tax Effect	Net-of-Tax Amount
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014:			
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities: Unrealized holding gains on available-for-sale securities Reclassification adjustment for (gains) realized in income Other comprehensive income on available-for-sale securities	\$4,523 (103) 4,420	(\$1,582) 36 (1,546)	\$2,941 (67) 2,874

Unfunded pension and postretirement obligations:			
Changes from plan amendments and actuarial gains and losses included in other comprehensive income	3	(1)	2
Amortization of net transition obligation, prior service cost and net actuarial loss included in net periodic benefit cost	(4)	2	(2)
Other comprehensive loss on unfunded retirement obligations	(1)	1	0
Total other comprehensive income	\$4,419	(\$1,545)	\$2,874

Changes in the components of accumulated other comprehensive income are as follows and are presented net of tax:

(In Thousands)	Unrealized Holding Gains (Losses) on Securities		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
Six Months Ended June 30, 2015			
Balance, beginning of period	\$5,281	\$79	\$5,360
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(550)	(65)	(615)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(654)	(5)	(659)
Other comprehensive loss	(1,204)	(70)	(1,274)
Balance, end of period	\$4,077	\$9	\$4,086
Six Months Ended June 30, 2014			
Balance, beginning of period	(\$1,004)	\$11	(\$993)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	6,407	94	6,501
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(87)	(5)	(92)
Other comprehensive income	6,320	89	6,409
Balance, end of period	\$5,316	\$100	\$5,416
Three Months Ended June 30, 2015			
Balance, beginning of period	\$7,654	\$12	\$7,666
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(2,971)	0	(2,971)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(606)	(3)	(609)
Other comprehensive loss	(3,577)	(3)	(3,580)
Balance, end of period	\$4,077	\$9	\$4,086
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 Balance, beginning of period	\$2,442	\$100	\$2,542
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	32, 44 2 2,941	2	2,943
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(67)		(69)
-	2,874	(2) 0	` '
Other comprehensive income	•		2,874
Balance, end of period	\$5,316	\$100	\$5,416

Items reclassified out of each component of other comprehensive income are as follows:

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

Details about Accumulated Other	Reclassified from Accumulated Other	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated
Comprehensive Income Components	Comprehensive Income	Statements of Income
Unrealized gains and losses on		
available-for-sale		
securities	(\$1,006)	Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, net
	352	Income tax provision
	(654)	Net of tax
Amortization of defined benefit pension and		
postretirement items:		
Prior service cost	(15)	Pensions and other employee benefits
Actuarial loss	7	Pensions and other employee benefits
	(8)	Total before tax
	3	Income tax provision
	(5)	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	(\$659)	

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale	Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income
securities	(\$134)	Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, net
	47	Income tax provision
	(87)	Net of tax
Amortization of defined benefit pension and		
postretirement items:		
Prior service cost	(16)	Pensions and other employee benefits
Actuarial loss	8	Pensions and other employee benefits
	(8)	Total before tax
	3	Income tax provision
	(5)	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	(\$92)	

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2015 (In Thousands)

Details about Accumulated Other	Reclassified from Accumulated Other	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated
Comprehensive Income Components	Comprehensive Income	Statements of Income
Unrealized gains and losses on		
available-for-sale		
securities	(\$932)	Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, ne
	326	Income tax provision
	(606)	Net of tax
Amortization of defined benefit pension and		
postretirement items:		
Prior service cost	(8)	Pensions and other employee benefits
Actuarial loss	3	Pensions and other employee benefits
	(5)	Total before tax
	2	Income tax provision
	(3)	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	(\$609)	

For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2014 (In Thousands)

Total reclassifications for the period

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Components Unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale	Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Income
securities	(\$103)	Realized gains on available-for-sale securities, net
	36	Income tax provision
	(67)	Net of tax
Amortization of defined benefit pension and		
postretirement items:		
Prior service cost	(8)	Pensions and other employee benefits
Actuarial loss	4	Pensions and other employee benefits
	(4)	Total before tax
	2	Income tax provision
	(2)	Net of tax

(\$69)

4. CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS

Cash and due from banks at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 include the following:

 (In thousands)
 June 30
 Dec. 31,

 2015
 2014

 Cash and cash equivalents
 \$30,977
 \$31,619

 Certificates of deposit
 4,428
 4,428

 Total cash and due from banks
 \$35,405
 \$36,047

Certificates of deposit are issues by U.S. banks with original maturities greater than three months. Each certificate of deposit is fully FDIC-insured. The Corporation maintains cash and cash equivalents with certain financial institutions in excess of the FDIC insurance limit.

The Corporation is required to maintain reserves against deposit liabilities in the form of cash and balances with the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia. The reserves are based on deposit levels, account activity, and other services provided by the Federal Reserve Bank. Required reserves were \$15,821,000 at June 30, 2015 and \$16,853,000 at December 31, 2014.

5. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Corporation measures certain assets at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. FASB ASC topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" establishes a framework for measuring fair value that includes a hierarchy used to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used in determining valuations into three levels. The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 – Fair value is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible to the Corporation for identical assets. These generally provide the most reliable evidence and are used to measure fair value whenever

available.

Level 2 – Fair value is based on significant inputs, other than Level 1 inputs, that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset through corroboration with observable market data. Level 2 inputs include quoted market prices in active markets for similar assets, quoted market prices in markets that are not active for identical or similar assets and other observable inputs.

Level 3 – Fair value is based on significant unobservable inputs. Examples of valuation methodologies that would result in Level 3 classification include option pricing models, discounted cash flows and other similar techniques.

The Corporation monitors and evaluates available data relating to fair value measurements on an ongoing basis and recognizes transfers among the levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the date of an event or change in circumstances that affects the valuation method chosen. Examples of such changes may include the market for a particular asset becoming active or inactive, changes in the availability of quoted prices, or changes in the availability of other market data.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, assets measured at fair value and the valuation methods used are as follows:

	Quoted Prices	June 30, 2015 Other			
(In Thousands)	in Active Markets (Level 1)	Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value	
Recurring fair value measurements					
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES:					
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$0	\$26,871	\$0	\$26,871	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:					
Tax-exempt	0	119,749	0	119,749	
Taxable	0	35,135	0	35,135	
Mortgage-backed securities	0	76,790	0	76,790	
Collateralized mortgage obligations, Issued by U.S. Government agencies	0	230,794	0	230,794	
Collateralized debt obligations	0	34	0	34	
Total debt securities	0	489,373	0	489,373	
Marketable equity securities	7,738	0	0	7,738	
Total available-for-sale securities	7,738	489,373	0	497,111	
Servicing rights	0	0	1,209	1,209	
Total recurring fair value measurements	\$7,738	\$489,373	\$1,209	\$498,320	
Nonrecurring fair value measurements					
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$0	\$0	\$3,880	\$3,880	
Valuation allowance	0	0	(600)	(600)	
Impaired loans, net	0	0	3,280	3,280	
Foreclosed assets held for sale	0	0	1,223	1,223	
Total nonrecurring fair value measurements	\$0	\$0	\$4,503	\$4,503	

	Oveted Driess	December 31, 2014			
(In Thousands)	Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)		Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total Fair Value	
Recurring fair value measurements					
AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE SECURITIES:					
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$0	\$26,676	\$0	\$26,676	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:					
Tax-exempt	0	124,839	0	124,839	
Taxable	0	33,878	0	33,878	
Mortgage-backed securities	0	83,903	0	83,903	
Collateralized mortgage obligations,					
Issued by U.S. Government agencies	0	238,823	0	238,823	
Collateralized debt obligations	0	34	0	34	
Total debt securities	0	508,153	0	508,153	
Marketable equity securities	8,654	0	0	8,654	
Total available-for-sale securities	8,654	508,153	0	516,807	
Servicing rights	0	0	1,281	1,281	
Total recurring fair value measurements	\$8,654	\$508,153	\$1,281	\$518,088	
Nonrecurring fair value measurements					
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$0	\$0	\$3,241	\$3,241	
Valuation allowance	0	0	(769)	(769)	
Impaired loans, net	0	0	2,472	2,472	
Foreclosed assets held for sale	0	0	1,189	1,189	
Total nonrecurring fair value measurements	\$0	\$0	\$3,661	\$3,661	

Management's evaluation and selection of valuation techniques and the unobservable inputs used in determining the fair values of assets valued using Level 3 methodologies include sensitive assumptions. Other market participants might use substantially different assumptions, which could result in calculations of fair values that would be substantially different than the amount calculated by management.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, quantitative information regarding significant techniques and inputs used for assets measured on a recurring basis using unobservable inputs (Level 3 methodologies) are as follows:

Fair Value at			
6/30/15	Valuation	Unobservable	Method or Value As of

Asset	(In Thousands)	-	Input(s)		6/30/15
Servicing rights	\$1,209	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	10.00%	Rate used through modeling period
			Loan prepayment speeds	173.00%	Weighted-average PSA
			Servicing fees	0.25%	of loan balances
				4.00%	of payments are late
				5.00%	late fees assessed
				\$1.94	Miscellaneous fees per account per month
			Servicing costs	\$6.00	Monthly servicing cost per account
				\$24.00	Additional monthly servicing cost per loan on loans more than 30 days delinquent
				1.50%	of loans more than 30 days delinquent
				3.00%	annual increase in servicing costs

Asset	Fair Value at 12/31/14 (In Thousands)	-	Unobservable Input(s)		Method or Value As of 12/31/14
Servicing rights	\$1,281	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	12.00%	Rate used through modeling period
C			Loan prepayment speeds	156.00%	Weighted-average PSA
			Servicing fees	0.25%	of loan balances
				4.00%	of payments are late
				5.00%	late fees assessed
				\$1.94	Miscellaneous fees per account per month
			Servicing costs	\$6.00	Monthly servicing cost per account
				\$24.00	Additional monthly servicing cost per loan on loans more than 30 days delinquent
				1.50%	of loans more than 30 days delinquent
				3.00%	annual increase in servicing costs

The fair value of servicing rights is affected by expected future interest rates. Increases (decreases) in future expected interest rates tend to increase (decrease) the fair value of the Corporation's servicing rights because of changes in expected prepayment behavior by the borrowers on the underlying loans.

Following is a reconciliation of activity for Level 3 assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(In Thousands)	Three Mo	nths Ended	Six Months Ended		
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Servicing rights balance, beginning of period	\$1,195	\$1,268	\$1,281	\$1,123	
Issuances of servicing rights	47	66	78	106	
Unrealized losses included in earnings	(33)	(53)	(150)	52	
Servicing rights balance, end of period	\$1,209	\$1,281	\$1,209	\$1,281	

Loans are classified as impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Corporation will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Foreclosed assets held for sale consist of real estate acquired by foreclosure. For impaired commercial loans secured by real estate and foreclosed assets held for sale, estimated fair values are determined primarily using values from third-party appraisals. Appraised values are discounted to arrive at the estimated selling price of the collateral, which is considered to be the estimated fair value. The discounts also include estimated costs to sell the property.

At June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, quantitative information regarding significant techniques and inputs used for nonrecurring fair value measurements using unobservable inputs (Level 3 methodologies) are as follows:

(In Thousands, Except Percentages)		Valuation				Value at 6/30/15
Asset	Balance at 6/30/15	Allowance at 6/30/15	Fair Value at 6/30/15	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	(Weighted Average)
Impaired loans: Residential mortgage loans -						
first liens	\$1,104	\$136	\$968	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	34%
Commercial: Commercial loans secured by real estate	322	80	242	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	40%
Commercial and industrial	75	75	0	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	45%
Commercial construction and land	1,815	211	1,604	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value Discount to appraised value	30%
Loans secured by farmland	564	98	466	Sales comparison		40%
Total impaired loans Foreclosed assets held for sale - real estate:	\$3,880	\$600	\$3,280		appronoca (mac	
Residential (1-4 family)	\$487	\$0	\$487	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	27%
Land	736	0	736	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	26%
Total foreclosed assets held for sale	\$1,223	\$0	\$1,223	_		

(In Thousands, Except Percentages)	Ralanca at	Valuation	Fair Value at	Valuation	Unobservable	Value at 12/31/14 (Weighted	
Asset	12/31/14	12/31/14	12/31/14	Technique	Inputs	Average)	
Impaired loans: Residential mortgage loans - first liens Commercial:	\$715	\$358	\$357	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	36%	
Commercial loans secured by real estate	16	16	0	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	42%	
Commercial and industrial	150	82	68		Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	21%
Commercial construction and land	1,815	211	1,604	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	30%	
Loans secured by farmland	545	102	443	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	40%	
Total impaired loans Foreclosed assets held for sale - real estate:	\$3,241	\$769	\$2,472	Companyon	арримов наше		
Residential (1-4 family)	\$306	\$0	\$306	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	42%	
Commercial property	159	0	159	Sales comparison		Discount to appraised value	23%
Land	724	0	724	Sales comparison	Discount to appraised value	29%	
Total foreclosed assets held for sale	\$1,189	\$0	\$1,189				

Certain of the Corporation's financial instruments are not measured at fair value in the consolidated financial statements. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. Accordingly, the fair value estimates may not be realized in an immediate settlement of the instrument. Certain financial instruments and all nonfinancial instruments are excluded from disclosure requirements. Therefore, the aggregate fair value amounts presented may not represent the underlying fair value of the Corporation.

The Corporation used the following methods and assumptions in estimating fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - The carrying amounts of cash and short-term instruments approximate fair values.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT - Fair values for certificates of deposit, included in cash and due from banks in the consolidated balance sheet, are based on quoted market prices for certificates of similar remaining maturities.

SECURITIES - Fair values for securities, excluding restricted equity securities, are based on quoted market prices or other methods as described above. The carrying value of restricted equity securities approximates fair value based on applicable redemption provisions.

LOANS HELD FOR SALE - Fair values of loans held for sale are determined based on applicable sale prices available under the Federal Home Loan Banks' MPF Xtra and MPF Original programs.

LOANS - Fair values are estimated for portfolios of loans with similar financial characteristics. Loans are segregated by type such as commercial, commercial real estate, residential mortgage and other consumer. Each loan category is further segmented into fixed and adjustable rate interest terms and by performing and nonperforming categories. The fair value of performing loans is calculated by discounting contractual cash flows, adjusted for estimated prepayments based on historical experience, using estimated market discount rates that reflect the credit and interest rate risk inherent in the loans. Fair value of nonperforming loans is based on recent appraisals or estimates prepared by the Corporation's lending officers.

SERVICING RIGHTS - The fair value of servicing rights, included in other assets in the consolidated balance sheet, is determined through a discounted cash flow valuation. Significant inputs include expected net servicing income, the discount rate and the expected prepayment speeds of the underlying loans.

DEPOSITS - The fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, such as noninterest-bearing demand deposits, savings, money market and interest checking accounts, is (by definition) equal to the amount payable on demand at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The fair value of time deposits, such as certificates of deposit and Individual Retirement Accounts, is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows. The discount rate is estimated using the rates currently offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities. The fair value estimates of deposits do not include the benefit that results from the low-cost funding provided by the deposit liabilities compared to the cost of borrowing funds in the market, commonly referred to as the core deposit intangible.

BORROWED FUNDS - The fair value of borrowings is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses based on rates currently available to the Corporation for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

ACCRUED INTEREST - The carrying amounts of accrued interest receivable and payable approximate fair values.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS - The Corporation has commitments to extend credit and has issued standby letters of credit. Standby letters of credit are conditional guarantees of performance by a customer to a third party. Estimates of the fair value of these off-balance sheet items were not made because of the short-term nature of these arrangements and the credit standing of the counterparties.

The estimated fair values, and related carrying amounts, of the Corporation's financial instruments are as follows:

(In Thousands)	Valuation	June 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
	Method(s)	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Used	Amount	Value	Amount	Value
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 1	\$30,977	\$30,977	\$31,619	\$31,619
Certificates of deposit	Level 2	4,428	4,443	4,428	4,443
Available-for-sale securities	See Above	497,111	497,111	516,807	516,807
Restricted equity securities (included in Other Assets)	Level 2	2,502	2,502	1,584	1,584
Loans held for sale	Level 2	192	192	0	0
Loans, net	Level 3	656,518	653,715	623,209	629,267
Accrued interest receivable	Level 2	3,875	3,875	3,908	3,908
Servicing rights	Level 3	1,209	1,209	1,281	1,281

Financial liabilities:

Deposits with no stated maturity	Level 2	738,317	738,317	729,052	729,052
Time deposits	Level 2	240,132	241,030	238,937	239,712
Short-term borrowings	Level 2	19,806	19,753	5,537	5,473
Long-term borrowings	Level 2	62,916	68,017	73,060	78,866
Accrued interest payable	Level 2	89	89	104	104

6. SECURITIES

Amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are summarized as follows:

(In Thousands)	Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Holding Losses	Fair Value
Ohlisations of H.C. Community	¢27 100	¢20	(\$2.5 7)	¢26 071
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$27,189	\$39	(\$357)	\$26,871
Obligations of states and political subdivisions: Tax-exempt	115,908	4,147	(306)	119,749
Taxable	34,872	4,147 394	(131)	35,135
Mortgage-backed securities	76,323	754	(287)	76,790
Collateralized mortgage obligations, Issued by U.S. Government				
agencies	231,148	1,308	(1,662)	230,794
Collateralized debt obligations	34	0	0	34
Total debt securities	485,474	6,642	(2,743)	489,373
Marketable equity securities	5,365	2,383	(10)	7,738
Total	\$490,839	\$9,025	(\$2,753)	\$497,111
	٨ها		Gross Unrealized	Ecia
(In Thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Holding	Gross Unrealized Holding	Fair Value
(In Thousands)	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Fair Value
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies		Gross Unrealized Holding	Gross Unrealized Holding	
	Cost	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses	Value
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions:	Cost \$27,221	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains \$38	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses (\$583)	Value \$26,676
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions: Tax-exempt	Cost \$27,221 120,086	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains \$38 5,134	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses (\$583) (381)	Value \$26,676 124,839
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions: Tax-exempt Taxable	Cost \$27,221 120,086 33,637	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains \$38 5,134 415	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses (\$583) (381) (174)	Value \$26,676 124,839 33,878
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions: Tax-exempt Taxable Mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations, Issued by U.S. Government	Cost \$27,221 120,086 33,637 82,479	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains \$38 5,134 415 1,493	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses (\$583) (381) (174) (69)	Value \$26,676 124,839 33,878 83,903
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies Obligations of states and political subdivisions: Tax-exempt Taxable Mortgage-backed securities Collateralized mortgage obligations, Issued by U.S. Government agencies	Cost \$27,221 120,086 33,637 82,479 239,620	Gross Unrealized Holding Gains \$38 5,134 415 1,493 1,239	Gross Unrealized Holding Losses (\$583) (381) (174) (69) (2,036)	Value \$26,676 124,839 33,878 83,903 238,823

Total \$508,682 \$11,377 (\$3,252) \$516,807

The following table presents gross unrealized losses and fair value of available-for-sale securities with unrealized loss positions that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired, aggregated by length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

June 30, 2015 (In Thousands)	Less That Fair Value	n 12 Months Unrealized Losses	12 Mon Fair Value	ths or More Unrealized Losses		Unrealized Losses
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$10,033	(\$62)	\$14,180	(\$295)	\$24,213	(\$357)
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:						
Tax-exempt	24,310	(283)	744	(23)	25,054	(306)
Taxable	9,581	(61)	4,777	(70)	14,358	(131)
Mortgage-backed securities	20,022	(213)	3,889	(74)	23,911	(287)
Collateralized mortgage obligations, Issued by U.S. Government agencies	62,196	(341)	55,754	(1,321)	117,950	(1,662)
Total debt securities	126,142	(960)	79,344	(1,783)	205,486	(2,743)
Marketable equity securities	59	(10)	0	0	59	(10)
Total temporarily impaired available-for-sale securities	\$126,201	(\$970)	\$79,344	(\$1,783)	\$205,545	(\$2,753)

December 31, 2014 (In Thousands)	Less Tha Fair Value	nn 12 Months Unrealized Losses	12 Montl Fair Value	ns or More Unrealized Losses	Total Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	\$0	\$0	\$24,020	(\$583)	\$24,020	(\$583)
Obligations of states and political subdivisions:						
Tax-exempt	11,898	(289)	6,991	(92)	18,889	(381)
Taxable	4,240	(22)	9,159	(152)	13,399	(174)
Mortgage-backed securities	0	0	4,160	(69)	4,160	(69)
Collateralized mortgage obligations, Issued by	58,812	(396)	60,897	(1,640)	119,709	(2,036)
U.S. Government agencies	30,012	(370)	00,077	(1,040)	117,707	(2,030)
Total debt securities	74,950	(707)	105,227	(2,536)	180,177	(3,243)
Marketable equity securities	134	(9)	0	0	134	(9)
Total temporarily impaired available-for-sale securities	\$75,084	(\$716)	\$105,227	(\$2,536)	\$180,311	(\$3,252)

Gross realized gains and losses from available-for-sale securities were as follows:

(In Thousands)	3 Month	s Ended	6 Months Ended		
	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Gross realized gains from sales	\$932	\$140	\$1,006	\$342	
Gross realized losses from sales	0	(37)	0	(208)	
Net realized gains	\$932	\$103	\$1,006	\$134	

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale debt securities by contractual maturity are shown in the following table as of June 30, 2015. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because counterparties may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Amortized	Fair
(In Thousands)	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$10,599	\$10,741
Due from one year through five years	62,421	63,102
Due from five years through ten years	60,873	61,305
Due after ten years	44,110	46,641
Subtotal	178,003	181,789
Mortgage-backed securities	76,323	76,790
Collateralized mortgage obligations, Issued by U.S. Government agencies	231,148	230,794
Total	\$485,474	\$489,373

The Corporation's mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations have stated maturities that may differ from actual maturities due to borrowers' ability to prepay obligations. Cash flows from such investments are dependent upon the performance of the underlying mortgage loans and are generally influenced by the level of interest rates. In the table above, mortgage-backed securities and collateralized mortgage obligations are shown in one period.

Investment securities carried at \$363,533,000 at June 30, 2015 and \$369,945,000 at December 31, 2014 were pledged as collateral for public deposits, trusts and certain other deposits as provided by law. See Note 8 for information concerning securities pledged to secure borrowing arrangements.

Management evaluates securities for other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market conditions warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and (3) whether the Corporation intends to sell the security or more likely than not will be required to sell the security before its anticipated recovery.

A summary of information management considered in evaluating debt and equity securities for OTTI at June 30, 2015 is provided below.

Debt Securities

At June 30, 2015, management performed an assessment for possible OTTI of the Corporation's debt securities on an issue-by-issue basis, relying on information obtained from various sources, including publicly available financial data, ratings by external agencies, brokers and other sources. The extent of individual analysis applied to each security depended on the size of the Corporation's investment, as well as management's perception of the credit risk associated with each security. Based on the results of the assessment, management believes impairment of debt securities at June 30, 2015 to be temporary.

Equity Securities

The Corporation's marketable equity securities at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 consisted exclusively of stocks of banking companies. At June 30, 2015, the Corporation held two stocks with an unrealized loss of \$10,000 for which management determined an OTTI charge was not required.

Realized gains from sales of bank stocks totaled \$476,000 in the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015. The Corporation realized gains from sales of bank stocks totaling \$74,000 in the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2014.

C&N Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (FHLB-Pittsburgh), which is one of 12 regional Federal Home Loan Banks. As a member, C&N Bank is required to purchase and maintain stock in FHLB-Pittsburgh. There is no active market for FHLB-Pittsburgh stock, and it must ordinarily be redeemed by FHLB-Pittsburgh in order to be liquidated. C&N Bank's investment in FHLB-Pittsburgh stock, included in Other Assets in the consolidated balance sheet, was \$2,372,000 at June 30, 2015 and \$1,454,000 at December 31, 2014. The Corporation evaluated its holding of FHLB-Pittsburgh stock for impairment and deemed the stock to not be impaired at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. In making this determination, management concluded that recovery of total outstanding par value, which equals the carrying value, is expected. The decision was based on review of financial information that FHLB-Pittsburgh has made publicly available.

7. LOANS

The loans receivable portfolio is segmented into residential mortgage, commercial and consumer loans. Loans outstanding at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 are summarized by segment, and by classes within each segment, as follows:

Summary of Loans by Type		
(In Thousands)	June 30,	Dec. 31,
	2015	2014
Residential mortgage:		
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$294,978	\$291,882
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	21,502	21,166
Home equity lines of credit	39,140	36,629
1-4 Family residential construction	19,651	16,739
Total residential mortgage	375,271	366,416
Commercial:		
Commercial loans secured by real estate	135,063	145,878
Commercial and industrial	61,427	50,157
Political subdivisions	40,908	17,534
Commercial construction and land	7,826	6,938
Loans secured by farmland	7,565	7,916
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	8,561	8,917
Agricultural loans	4,287	3,221
Other commercial loans	12,809	13,334
Total commercial	278,446	253,895
Consumer	10,101	10,234
Total	663,818	630,545
Less: allowance for loan losses	(7,300)	(7,336)
Loans, net	\$656,518	\$623,209

The Corporation grants loans to individuals as well as commercial and tax-exempt entities. Commercial, residential and personal loans are made to customers geographically concentrated in the Pennsylvania and New York counties that comprise the market serviced by Citizens & Northern Bank. Although the Corporation has a diversified loan portfolio, a significant portion of its debtors' ability to honor their contracts is dependent on the local economic conditions within the region. There is no concentration of loans to borrowers engaged in similar businesses or activities that exceed 10% of total loans at either June 30, 2015 or December 31, 2014.

The Corporation maintains an allowance for loan losses that represents management's estimate of the losses inherent in the loan portfolio as of the balance sheet date and recorded as a reduction of the investment in loans. The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level considered adequate to provide for losses that can be reasonably anticipated. Management performs a quarterly evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance. The allowance is based on the Corporation's past loan loss experience, known and inherent risks in the portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, the estimated value of any underlying collateral, composition of the loan portfolio, current economic conditions and other relevant factors. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires material estimates that may be susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. In the process of evaluating the loan portfolio, management also considers the Corporation's exposure to losses from unfunded loan commitments. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, management determined that no allowance for credit losses related to unfunded loan commitments was required.

Transactions within the allowance for loan losses, summarized by segment and class, for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2015	March 31, 2015	Classes of Ca	D	Provision	June 30, 2015
(In Thousands)	Balance	Charge-offs	Recoveries	(Credit)	Balance
Allowance for Loan Losses:					
Residential mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$2,774	(\$58)	\$0	\$59	\$2,775
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	200	0	0	10	210
Home equity lines of credit	322	0	0	22	344
1-4 Family residential construction	207	0	0	50	257
Total residential mortgage	3,503	(58)	0	141	3,586
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	1,736	0	0	(44)	1,692
Commercial and industrial	684	0	3	113	800
Political subdivisions	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial construction and land	286	0	0	10	296
Loans secured by farmland	159	0	0	(4)	155
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	81	0	0	(1)	80
Agricultural loans	29	0	0	11	40
Other commercial loans	123	0	0	(3)	120
Total commercial	3,098	0	3	82	3,183
Consumer	139	(19)	19	(4)	135
Unallocated	394	0	0	2	396
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$7,134	(\$77)	\$22	\$221	\$7,300
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014	March 31,				June 30,
(In Thousands)	2014	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision	
	Balance	238		(Credit)	Balance
Allowance for Loan Losses:					
Residential mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$2,863	(\$40)	\$1	\$142	\$2,966
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	280	0	0	0	280
Home equity lines of credit	271	0	0	6	277
1-4 Family residential construction	153	0	0	20	173
Total residential mortgage	3,567	(40)	1	168	3,696
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	3,081	(1,486)	0	301	1,896
Commercial and industrial	555	0	7	64	626

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Political subdivisions	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial construction and land	247	0	5	(89)	163
Loans secured by farmland	98	0	0	(2)	96
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	105	0	0	(2)	103
Agricultural loans	30	0	0	0	30
Other commercial loans	138	0	0	(3)	135
Total commercial	4,254	(1,486)	12	269	3,049
Consumer	128	(20)	11	8	127
Unallocated	394	0	0	1	395
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$8,343	(\$1,546)	\$24	\$446	\$7,267

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014			Provision	June 30, 2015
(In Thousands)	Balance	Charge-offs	Recoveries	(Credit)	Balance
Allowance for Loan Losses:				,	
Residential mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$2,941	(\$137)	\$1	(\$30)	\$2,775
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	176	0	0	34	210
Home equity lines of credit	322	0	0	22	344
1-4 Family residential construction	214	0	0	43	257
Total residential mortgage	3,653	(137)	1	69	3,586
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	1,758	(115)	0	49	1,692
Commercial and industrial	688	(10)	4	118	800
Political subdivisions	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial construction and land	283	0	0	13	296
Loans secured by farmland	165	0	0	(10)	155
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	87	0	0	(7)	80
Agricultural loans	31	0	0	9	40
Other commercial loans	131	0	0	(11)	120
Total commercial	3,143	(125)	4	161	3,183
Consumer	145	(37)	34	(7)	135
Unallocated	395	0	0	1	396
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$7,336	(\$299)	\$39	\$224	\$7,300
Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	December 31,			ъ	June 30,
(In Thousands)	2013 Balance	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Provision (Credit)	2014 Balance
Allowance for Loan Losses:					
Residential mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$2,974	(\$59)	\$1	\$50	\$2,966
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	294	0	0	(14)	\$280
Home equity lines of credit	269	0	0	8	\$277
1-4 Family residential construction	168	0	0	5	\$173
Total residential mortgage	3,705	(59)	1	49	3,696
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	3,123	(1,521)	250	44	1,896
Commercial and industrial	591	(24)	8	51	626
Political subdivisions	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial construction and land	267	(170)	5	61	163
	267	(170)	3	01	
Loans secured by farmland	115	0	0	(19)	96
Loans secured by farmland Multi-family (5 or more) residential					

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Other commercial loans	138	0	0	(3)	135
Total commercial	4,367	(1,715)	263	134	3,049
Consumer	193	(46)	25	(45)	127
Unallocated	398	0	0	(3)	395
Total Allowance for Loan Losses	\$8,663	(\$1,820)	\$289	\$135	\$7,267

In the evaluation of the loan portfolio, management determines two major components for the allowance for loan losses – (1) a specific component based on an assessment of certain larger relationships, mainly commercial purpose loans, on a loan-by-loan basis; and (2) a general component for the remainder of the portfolio based on a collective evaluation of pools of loans with similar risk characteristics. The general component is assigned to each pool of loans based on both historical net charge-off experience, and an evaluation of certain qualitative factors. An unallocated component is maintained to cover uncertainties that could affect management's estimate of probable losses. The unallocated component of the allowance reflects the margin of imprecision inherent in the underlying assumptions used in the above methodologies for estimating specific and general losses in the portfolio.

In determining the larger loan relationships for detailed assessment under the specific allowance component, the Corporation uses an internal risk rating system. Under the risk rating system, the Corporation classifies problem or potential problem loans as "Special Mention," "Substandard," or "Doubtful" on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values. Substandard loans include those characterized by the distinct possibility that the Corporation will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected. Loans classified as Doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as Substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses present make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. Loans that do not currently expose the Corporation to sufficient risk to warrant classification as Substandard or Doubtful, but possess weaknesses that deserve management's close attention, are deemed to be Special Mention. Risk ratings are updated any time that conditions or the situation warrants. Loans not classified are included in the "Pass" column in the table below.

The following tables summarize the aggregate credit quality classification of outstanding loans by risk rating as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

June 30, 2015		Special			
(In Thousands)	Pass	Mention	Substandard	Doubtful	Total
Residential Mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$286,168	\$485	\$8,252	\$73	\$294,978
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	20,931	90	481	0	21,502
Home equity lines of credit	37,328	1,407	405	0	39,140
1-4 Family residential construction	19,632	19	0	0	19,651
Total residential mortgage	364,059	2,001	9,138	73	375,271
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	121,059	5,139	8,865	0	135,063
Commercial and Industrial	54,601	6,291	417	118	61,427
Political subdivisions	40,908	0	0	0	40,908
Commercial construction and land	5,744	164	1,918	0	7,826
Loans secured by farmland	5,668	423	1,451	23	7,565

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Multi-family (5 or more) residential	8,287	274	0	0	8,561
Agricultural loans	4,266	0	21	0	4,287
Other commercial loans	12,727	82	0	0	12,809
Total Commercial	253,260	12,373	12,672	141	278,446
Consumer	9,915	22	164	0	10,101
Totals	\$627,234	\$14,396	\$21,974	\$214	\$663,818

December 31, 2014		Special			
	Pass		Substandard	Doubtful	Total
(In Thousands)		Mention			
Residential Mortgage:					
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$280,094	\$1,246	\$10,464	\$78	\$291,882
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	20,502	112	552	0	21,166
Home equity lines of credit	35,935	294	400	0	36,629
1-4 Family residential construction	16,719	20	0	0	16,739
Total residential mortgage	353,250	1,672	11,416	78	366,416
Commercial:					
Commercial loans secured by real estate	133,204	2,775	9,899	0	145,878
Commercial and Industrial	41,751	7,246	1,042	118	50,157
Political subdivisions	17,534	0	0	0	17,534
Commercial construction and land	4,650	266	2,022	0	6,938
Loans secured by farmland	5,990	433	1,468	25	7,916
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	8,629	288	0	0	8,917
Agricultural loans	3,196	0	25	0	3,221
Other commercial loans	13,248	86	0	0	13,334
Total commercial	228,202	11,094	14,456	143	253,895
Consumer	10,095	22	117	0	10,234
Totals	\$591,547	\$12,788	\$25,989	\$221	\$630,545

The general component of the allowance for loan losses covers pools of loans including commercial loans not considered individually impaired, as well as smaller balance homogeneous classes of loans, such as residential real estate, home equity lines of credit and other consumer loans. Accordingly, the Corporation generally does not separately identify individual consumer and residential loans for impairment disclosures, unless such loans are subject to a restructuring agreement. The pools of loans are evaluated for loss exposure based upon three-year average historical net charge-off rates for each loan class, adjusted for qualitative factors. Qualitative risk factors (described in the following paragraph) are evaluated for the impact on each of the three segments (residential mortgage, commercial and consumer) within the loan portfolio. Each qualitative factor is assigned a value to reflect improving, stable or declining conditions based on management's judgment using relevant information available at the time of the evaluation. The adjustment for qualitative factors is applied as an increase or decrease to the three-year average net charge-off rate to each loan class within each segment.

The qualitative factors used in the general component calculations are designed to address credit risk characteristics associated with each segment. The Corporation's credit risk associated with all of the segments is significantly impacted by these factors, which include economic conditions within its market area, the Corporation's lending policies, changes or trends in the portfolio, risk profile, competition, regulatory requirements and other factors. Further, the residential mortgage segment is significantly affected by the values of residential real estate that provide collateral for the loans. The majority of the Corporation's commercial segment loans (approximately 57% at June 30, 2015) is secured by real estate, and accordingly, the Corporation's risk for the commercial segment is significantly

affected by commercial real estate values. The consumer segment includes a wide mix of loans for different purposes, primarily secured loans, including loans secured by motor vehicles, manufactured housing and other types of collateral.

Loans are classified as impaired, when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Corporation will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record and the amount of shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan-by-loan basis for commercial loans, by the fair value of the collateral (if the loan is collateral dependent), by future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective rate or by the loan's observable market price.

The scope of loans evaluated individually for impairment include all loan relationships greater than \$200,000 for which there is at least one extension of credit graded Special Mention, Substandard or Doubtful. Also, all loans classified as troubled debt restructurings (discussed in more detail below) and all loan relationships less than \$200,000 in the aggregate, but with an estimated loss of \$100,000 or more, are individually evaluated for impairment. Loans that are individually evaluated for impairment, but which are not determined to be impaired, are combined with all remaining loans that are not reviewed on a specific basis, and such loans are included within larger pools of loans based on similar risk and loss characteristics for purposes of determining the general component of the allowance. The loans that have been individually evaluated, but which have not been determined to be impaired, are included in the "Collectively Evaluated" column in the tables summarizing the allowance and associated loan balances as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

The following tables present a summary of loan balances and the related allowance for loan losses summarized by portfolio segment and class for each impairment method used as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

June 30, 2015	Loans:			Allowance fo	or Loan Loss	es:
(In Thousands)						
	Individually	Collectively		Individually	Collectively	
	Evaluated	Evaluated	Totals	Evaluated	Evaluated	Totals
Residential mortgage:						
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$1,755	\$293,223	\$294,978	\$136	\$2,639	\$2,775
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	77	21,425	21,502	0	210	210
Home equity lines of credit	0	39,140	39,140	0	344	344
1-4 Family residential construction	0	19,651	19,651	0	257	257
Total residential mortgage	1,832	373,439	375,271	136	3,450	3,586
Commercial:						
Commercial loans secured by real estate	6,145	128,918	135,063	80	1,612	1,692
Commercial and industrial	332	61,095	61,427	75	725	800
Political subdivisions	0	40,908	40,908	0	0	0
Commercial construction and land	1,840	5,986	7,826	211	85	296
Loans secured by farmland	1,474	6,091	7,565	98	57	155
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	0	8,561	8,561	0	80	80
Agricultural loans	21	4,266	4,287	0	40	40
Other commercial loans	0	12,809	12,809	0	120	120
Total commercial	9,812	268,634	278,446	464	2,719	3,183
Consumer	0	10,101	10,101	0	135	135
Unallocated						396
Total	\$11.644	\$652,174	\$663.818	\$600	\$6.304	\$7,300
Commercial: Commercial loans secured by real estate Commercial and industrial Political subdivisions Commercial construction and land Loans secured by farmland Multi-family (5 or more) residential Agricultural loans Other commercial loans Total commercial Consumer	6,145 332 0 1,840 1,474 0 21 0 9,812	128,918 61,095 40,908 5,986 6,091 8,561 4,266 12,809 268,634	135,063 61,427 40,908 7,826 7,565 8,561 4,287 12,809 278,446	80 75 0 211 98 0 0 0 464	1,612 725 0 85 57 80 40 120 2,719	1,692 800 0 296 155 80 40 120 3,183 135 396

December 31, 2014	Loans:			Allowance for	or Loan Loss	es:
(In Thousands)						
	Individually	Collectively		Individually	Collectively	
	Evaluated	Evaluated	Totals	Evaluated	Evaluated	Totals
Residential mortgage:						
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$1,665	\$290,217	\$291,882	\$358	\$2,583	\$2,941
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	17	21,149	21,166	0	176	176
Home equity lines of credit	0	36,629	36,629	0	322	322
1-4 Family residential construction	0	16,739	16,739	0	214	214
Total residential mortgage	1,682	364,734	366,416	358	3,295	3,653
Commercial:						
Commercial loans secured by real estate	6,537	139,341	145,878	16	1,742	1,758
Commercial and industrial	663	49,494	50,157	82	606	688
Political subdivisions	0	17,534	17,534	0	0	0
Commercial construction	1,939	4,999	6,938	211	72	283
Loans secured by farmland	1,470	6,446	7,916	102	63	165
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	0	8,917	8,917	0	87	87
Agricultural loans	25	3,196	3,221	0	31	31
Other commercial loans	0	13,334	13,334	0	131	131
Total commercial	10,634	243,261	253,895	411	2,732	3,143
Consumer	0	10,234	10,234	0	145	145
Unallocated						395
Total	\$12,316	\$618,229	\$630,545	\$769	\$6,172	\$7,336

Summary information related to impaired loans at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is as follows:

(In Thousands)	June 30, 2 Unpaid Principal	Recorded	Related	-	Recorded	Related
	Balance	Investment	Allowance	Balance	Investment	Allowance
With no related allowance recorded:						
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$651	\$651	\$0	\$950	\$950	\$0
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	77	77	0	17	17	0
Commercial loans secured by real estate	7,409	5,823	0	8,062	6,521	0
Commercial and industrial	257	257	0	513	513	0
Commercial construction and land	25	25	0	124	124	0
Loans secured by farmland	910	910	0	925	925	0
Agricultural loans	21	21	0	25	25	0
Total with no related allowance recorded	9,350	7,764	0	10,616	9,075	0

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With a related allowance recorded:						
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	1,104	1,104	136	715	715	358
Commercial loans secured by real estate	322	322	80	16	16	16
Commercial and industrial	75	75	75	150	150	82
Commercial construction and land	1,815	1,815	211	1,815	1,815	211
Loans secured by farmland	564	564	98	545	545	102
Agricultural loans	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total with a related allowance recorded	3,880	3,880	600	3,241	3,241	769
Total	\$13,230	\$11,644	\$600	\$13,857	\$12,316	\$769

The average balance of impaired loans and interest income recognized on impaired loans is as follows:

							e Recogni	
	Average	Investmen	nt in Impa	ired Loans	-			
(In Thousands)	3 Month	s Ended	6 Month	s Ended	3 Mon Ended	ths	6 Mont Ended	ths
	June 30,		June 30,	ı	June 3	30,	June 3	0,
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Residential mortgage:								
Residential mortgage loans - first lien	\$3,701	\$4,527	\$3,819	\$4,493	\$20	\$24	\$58	\$46
Residential mortgage loans - junior lien	66	197	57	214	1	0	2	2
Total residential mortgage	3,767	4,724	3,876	4,707	21	24	60	48
Commercial:								
Commercial loans secured by real estate	6,286	7,261	6,437	7,589	90	156	203	267
Commercial and industrial	423	882	513	986	5	9	12	19
Commercial construction and land	41	408	58	519	0	2	0	4
Loans secured by farmland	1,447	1,274	1,468	1,280	26	18	52	33
Agricultural loans	46	45	23	46	2	1	2	2
Total commercial	8,243	9,870	8,499	10,420	123	186	269	325
Consumer	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0
Total	\$12,010	\$14,595	\$12,375	\$15,129	\$144	\$210	\$329	\$373

Loans are placed on nonaccrual status for all classes of loans when, in the opinion of management, collection of interest is doubtful. Any unpaid interest previously accrued on those loans is reversed from income. Interest income is not recognized on specific impaired loans unless the likelihood of further loss is remote. Interest payments received on loans for which the risk of further loss is greater than remote are applied as a reduction of the loan principal balance. Interest income on other nonaccrual loans, including impaired loans, is recognized only to the extent of interest payments received. Generally, loans are restored to accrual status when the obligation is brought current, has performed in accordance with the contractual terms for a reasonable period of time (generally six months) and the ultimate collectability of the total contractual principal and interest is no longer in doubt. The past due status of all classes of loans receivable is determined based on contractual due dates for loan payments. Also, the amortization of deferred loan fees is discontinued when a loan is placed on nonaccrual status.

The breakdown by portfolio segment and class of nonaccrual loans and loans past due ninety days or more and still accruing is as follows:

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(In Thousands)	June 30, 2015 Past Due 90+ Days and		December 31, Past Due 90+ Days and	
	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Accruing	Nonaccrual
Residential mortgage:				
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$1,706	\$3,227	\$1,989	\$3,440
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	14	50	82	50
Home equity lines of credit	58	20	49	22
Total residential mortgage	1,778	3,297	2,120	3,512
Commercial:				
Commercial loans secured by real estate	630	5,714	653	5,804
Commercial and industrial	0	257	5	379
Commercial construction and land	85	1,815	35	1,915
Loans secured by farmland	0	933	0	951
Agricultural loans	0	21	0	25
Total commercial	715	8,740	693	9,074
Consumer	36	23	30	24
Totals	\$2,529	\$12,060	\$2,843	\$12,610

The amounts shown in the table immediately above include loans classified as troubled debt restructurings (described in more detail below), if such loans are past due ninety days or more or nonaccrual.

The table below presents a summary of the contractual aging of loans as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	As of June Current &				As of Decer Current &	mber 31, 2	014	
(In Thousands)	Past Due Less than 30 Days		Past Due 90+ Days	Total	Past Due Less than 30 Days	Past Due 30-89 Days	Past Due 90+ Days	Total
Residential mortgage: Residential mortgage loans - first liens	\$288,923	\$3,085	\$2,970	\$294,978	\$282,766	\$5,443	\$3,673	\$291,882
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	21,134	312	56	21,502	20,853	190	123	21,166
Home equity lines of credit	38,888	194	58	39,140	36,300	258	71	36,629
1-4 Family residential construction	19,651	0	0	19,651	16,739	0	0	16,739
Total residential mortgage	368,596	3,591	3,084	375,271	356,658	5,891	3,867	366,416
Commercial:								
Commercial loans secured by real estate	133,590	338	1,135	135,063	143,713	883	1,282	145,878
Commercial and industrial Political subdivisions	61,253 40,908	153 0	21 0	61,427 40,908	49,994 17,534	43 0	120 0	50,157 17,534
Commercial construction and land	5,896	30	1,900	7,826	4,897	91	1,950	6,938
Loans secured by farmland	6,704	23	838	7,565	6,811	254	851	7,916
Multi-family (5 or more) residential	8,561	0	0	8,561	8,720	197	0	8,917
Agricultural loans Other commercial loans Total commercial Consumer	3,958 12,809 273,679 10,036	308 0 852 29	21 0 3,915 36	4,287 12,809 278,446 10,101	3,105 13,334 248,108 10,164	91 0 1,559 40	25 0 4,228 30	3,221 13,334 253,895 10,234
Totals	\$652,311	\$4,472	\$7,035	\$663,818	\$614,930	\$7,490	\$8,125	\$630,545

Nonaccrual loans are included in the contractual aging in the immediately preceding table. A summary of the contractual aging of nonaccrual loans at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is as follows:

Current &

Past Due Past Due Past Due

(In Thousands)

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	Less than	30-89	90+	
	30 Days	Days	Days	Total
June 30, 2015 Nonaccrual Totals	\$6,885	\$669	\$4,506	\$12,060
December 31, 2014 Nonaccrual Totals	\$6,959	\$369	\$5,282	\$12,610

Loans whose terms are modified are classified as Troubled Debt Restructurings (TDRs) if the Corporation grants such borrowers concessions, and it is deemed that those borrowers are experiencing financial difficulty. Loans classified as TDRs are designated as impaired. The outstanding balance of loans subject to TDRs, as well as contractual aging information at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Current &				
(In Thousands)	Past Due	Past Due	Past Due		
	Less than	30-89	90+		
	30 Days	Days	Days	Nonaccrual	Total
June 30, 2015 Totals	\$1,013	\$81	\$25	\$5,216	\$6,335
December 31, 2014 Totals	\$1,725	\$82	\$0	\$5,388	\$7,195

There were no TDRs that occurred during the three-month period ended June 30, 2015. TDRs that occurred during the three-month period ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Three Months Ended June 30, 2014		Pre-	Post-
		Modification	Modification
	Number	Outstanding	Outstanding
	Of	Recorded	Recorded
	Contracts	Investment	Investment
Residential mortgage:			
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	2	\$67	\$67
Commercial:			
Commercial loans secured by real estate	5	6,679	5,193
Commercial and industrial	1	80	80

The TDRs related to residential mortgage loans in the three-month period ended June 30, 2014 included a reduction in payment amount on one contract and an interest only period allowed on one contract. The TDRs related to the commercial loans in the three-month period ended June 30, 2014 relate to six contracts associated with one relationship. The Corporation entered into a forbearance agreement with this commercial borrower which includes a reduction in monthly payment amounts over a fifteen-month period. At the end of the fifteen-month period, the monthly payment amounts would revert to the original amounts, unless the forbearance agreement is extended or the payment requirements are otherwise modified. In July 2015, the forbearance agreement was extended for twelve months. The Corporation recorded a charge-off of \$1,486,000 in the second guarter 2014 as a result of these modifications, as the payment amounts based on the forbearance agreement are not sufficient to fully amortize the contractual amount of principal outstanding on the loans. The amount of charge-off was determined based on the excess of the contractual principal due over the present value of the payment amounts provided for in the forbearance agreement, assuming the revised payment amounts would continue until maturity, at the contractual interest rates. After the effect of the charge-off, the total recorded investment in loans to this borrower amounted to \$5,273,000, with no related allowance for loan losses on these loans at June 30, 2014, while the allowance on the loans amounted to \$1,503,000 at March 31, 2014. There were no changes in the allowance for loan losses related to TDRs that occurred in the second quarter 2014.

TDRs that occurred during the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015
(Balances in Thousands)

Number
Outstanding
of
Recorded
PrePostModification
Modification
Outstanding
Recorded

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	Contracts	Investment	Investment
Residential mortgage:			
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	1	\$56	\$56
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	1	32	32
Consumer	1	30	30

Six Months Ended June 30, 2014	Pre-	Post-		
(Balances in Thousands)		Modification	Modification	
	Number	Outstanding	Outstanding	
	of	Recorded	Recorded	
	Contracts	Investment	Investment	
Residential mortgage:				
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	3	\$150	\$150	
Commercial:				
Commercial loans secured by real estate	5	6,679	5,193	
Commercial and industrial	1	80	80	

The TDRs in the six-month period ended June 30, 2015 included an extended maturity date and a reduction in interest rate on a residential mortgage – first lien, a lowered interest rate and reduced payment amount on a residential mortgage – junior lien loan and a lowered interest rate and reduced payment amount on the consumer loan. There was no allowance for loan losses on these loans at June 30, 2015, and no change in the allowance for loan losses resulting from these TDRs.

In addition to the TDRs that occurred in the second quarter 2014, which are described above, in the first quarter 2014 the Corporation agreed to a reduction in interest rate and payment amount on one residential mortgage loan. After the effect of the \$1,486,000 charge-off related to loans to one commercial borrower described above, there was no allowance for loan losses on loans to that borrower at June 30, 2014, while the allowance on the loans amounted to \$1,552,000 at December 31, 2013. There were no other changes in the allowance for loan losses related to TDRs that occurred during the six-month period ended June 30, 2014.

There were no defaults on loans for which modifications considered to be TDRs were entered into within the previous 12 months in the three-month period ended June 30, 2015. In the three-month period ended June 30, 2014, defaults on loans for which modifications considered to be TDRs were entered into within the previous 12 months were as follows:

	Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment
Three Months Ended June 30, 2014		
(Balances in Thousands)		
Residential mortgage,		
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	1	\$83
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	1	62
Commercial,		
Commercial loans secured by real estate	1	429
Agricultural	1	13

In the second quarter 2014, the events of default in the table listed above included a borrower's failure to make the reduced payments provided for at a reduced interest rate on a first lien residential mortgage. The other events of default listed above in the three-month period resulted from the borrowers' failure to make interest only monthly payments. There were no allowances for loan losses recorded on these loans at June 30, 2014.

In the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, defaults on loans for which modifications considered to be TDRs were entered into within the previous 12 months were as follows:

Number of Recorded Contracts Investment

Six Months Ended June 30, 2015

(Balances in Thousands)

Residential mortgage,

D '1 ' 1 ' 1 ' 1 ' C' ' 1'	0	0115
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	2	\$115
Commercial:		
Commercial loans secured by real estate	1	407
Commercial construction and land	1	25

	Number of Contracts	Recorded Investment
Six Months Ended June 30, 2014		
(Balances in Thousands)		
Residential mortgage:		
Residential mortgage loans - first liens	2	\$223
Residential mortgage loans - junior liens	1	62
Commercial,		
Commercial loans secured by real estate	1	429
Loans secured by farmland	4	490
Agricultural	1	13

In the six-month period ended June 30, 2015, the events of default in the table listed above resulted from the borrowers' failure to make timely payments under the following circumstances: (1) for one customer relationship included in the Residential first lien mortgage class, payment was missed after the interest rate and monthly payment amount had been reduced; (2) for the other customer relationship included in the Residential first lien mortgage class, monthly payments were missed after reducing the monthly payments to interest only payments; (3) for the Commercial loan secured by real estate, monthly payments were missed after reducing the monthly payments to interest only; and (4) for the Commercial construction and land loan, monthly payments were missed after extending the term of maturity. There were no allowances for loan losses recorded on these loans at June 30, 2015.

In the six-month period ended June 30, 2014, the events of default in the table listed above included a borrower's failure to make reduced payments provided for at a reduced interest rate on a first lien residential mortgage. The other events of default listed above in the six-month period ended June 30, 2014 resulted from the borrowers' failure to make interest only monthly payments. There were no allowances for loan losses recorded on these loans at June 30, 2014.

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of foreclosed residential real estate properties held as a result of obtaining physical possession (included in Foreclosed assets held for sale in the unaudited consolidated balance sheet) was \$487,000.

At June 30, 2015, the recorded investment of consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings are in process was \$1,388,000.

8. BORROWED FUNDS

SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Short-term borrowings include the following:

(In Thousands)	June 30,	Dec. 31
	2015	2014
FHLB-Pittsburgh borrowings	\$15,000	\$0
Customer repurchase agreements	4,806	5,537
Total short-term borrowings	\$19,806	\$5,537

The FHLB-Pittsburgh loan facilities are collateralized by qualifying loans secured by real estate with a book value totaling \$443,861,000 at June 30, 2015 and \$446,780,000 at December 31, 2014. Also, the FHLB-Pittsburgh loan facilities require the Corporation to invest in established amounts of FHLB-Pittsburgh stock. The carrying values of the Corporation's holdings of FHLB-Pittsburgh stock (included in Other Assets) were \$2,372,000 at June 30, 2015 and \$1,454,000 at December 31, 2014.

The short-term borrowing from the FHLB-Pittsburgh is an overnight borrowing and has an interest rate of 0.34%.

The Corporation engages in repurchase agreements with certain commercial customers. These agreements provide that the Corporation sells specified investment securities to the customers on an overnight basis and repurchases them on the following business day. The weighted average rate paid by the Corporation on customer repurchase agreements was 0.10% at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The carrying value of the underlying securities was \$4,860,000 at June 30, 2015 and \$5,590,000 at December 31, 2014.

LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

Long-term borrowings are as follows:

C		
	June 30,	Dec. 31
	2015	2014
orrowings	\$11,916	\$12,060
ents	51,000	61,000
rowings	\$62,916	\$73,060
	ents	2015 prrowings \$11,916 ents 51,000

Long-term borrowings from FHLB - Pittsburgh are as follows:

(In Thousands)	June 30,	Dec. 31
	2015	2014
Loan maturing in 2016 with a rate of 6.86%	\$83	\$107
Loan maturing in 2017 with a rate of 6.83%	13	16
Loan maturing in 2017 with a rate of 3.81%	10,000	10,000
Loan maturing in 2020 with a rate of 4.79%	905	987
Loan maturing in 2025 with a rate of 4.91%	915	950
Total long-term FHLB-Pittsburgh borrowings	\$11,916	\$12,060

Repurchase agreements included in long-term borrowings are as follows:

(In Thousands)	June 30,	Dec. 31
	2015	2014
Agreement maturing in 2017 with a rate of 3.595%	\$27,000	\$27,000
Agreement maturing in 2017 with a rate of 4.265%	24,000	34,000
Total long-term repurchase agreements	\$51,000	\$61,000

The Corporation incurred a loss of \$910,000 in the second quarter of 2015 on prepayment of \$10,000,000 of the agreement with an interest rate of 4.265%.

"Repurchase Dates," as defined in the Master Repurchase Agreement between the Corporation and the broker-dealer, occur quarterly on or about the 20th of each March, June, September and December until the "Final Repurchase Date" (as defined) on December 20, 2017. The Corporation pays interest, and each of the borrowings is putable by the issuer, on each Repurchase Date. The Final Repurchase Date is the effective maturity date of the borrowings.

Securities sold under repurchase agreements were delivered to the broker-dealer who is the counter-party to the transactions. The broker-dealer may have sold, loaned or otherwise disposed of such securities to other parties in the normal course of their operations, and has agreed to resell to the Corporation substantially identical securities at the maturities of the agreements. The Master Repurchase Agreement provides that the Agreement constitutes a "netting contract," as defined; however, the Corporation and the broker-dealer have no other obligations to one another and accordingly, no netting has occurred.

The carrying value of the underlying securities was \$64,212,000 at June 30, 2015 and \$70,982,000 at December 31, 2014, detailed in the following table:

(In Thousands)	June 30,	December 31,
	2015	2014
Mortgage-backed securities	\$21,888	\$24,114
Collateralized mortgage obligations, Issued by U.S. Government agencies	42,324	46,868
Total	\$64,212	\$70,982

Two of the more significant risks associated with the repurchase agreements are as follows:

The borrowings are putable at quarterly intervals by the issuer. Accordingly, if interest rates were to rise to a sufficient level, the issuer would be expected to require the Corporation to pay off the borrowings. In this circumstance, the Corporation would be required to obtain new borrowings at a higher interest rate than the existing repurchase agreements or utilize cash from other sources to pay off the borrowings. If sales of available-for-sale securities were used to generate cash to pay off the borrowings, the value of such securities would be expected to have fallen, which could result in the Corporation recognizing a loss.

As principal pay-downs of mortgage backed securities and CMOs occur, the Corporation must have available, unencumbered assets or purchase a sufficient amount of assets with credit quality suitable to the broker-dealer to replace the amounts being paid off. Since pre-payments of mortgages typically increase as interest rates fall, the Corporation may be required to purchase additional assets at times when market rates are lower than the rates paid on the borrowings.

The Corporation manages these risks by maintaining sufficient available assets of acceptable credit quality, as well as maintaining other borrowing facilities, to meet ongoing collateral maintenance requirements or pay off the borrowings if required. In particular, the Corporation had unused borrowing capacity available from the FHLB-Pittsburgh of \$292,963,000 at June 30, 2015.

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS

The Corporation sponsors a defined benefit health care plan that provides postretirement medical benefits and life insurance to employees who meet certain age and length of service requirements. Full-time employees no longer accrue service time toward the Corporation-subsidized portion of the medical benefits. This plan contains a cost-sharing feature, which causes participants to pay for all future increases in costs related to benefit coverage. Accordingly, actuarial assumptions related to health care cost trend rates do not significantly affect the liability balance at June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and are not expected to significantly affect the Corporation's future expenses. The Corporation uses a December 31 measurement date for the postretirement plan

In an acquisition in 2007, the Corporation assumed the Citizens Trust Company Retirement Plan, a defined benefit pension plan. This plan covers certain employees who were employed by Citizens Trust Company on December 31, 2002, when the plan was amended to discontinue admittance of any future participant and to freeze benefit accruals. Information related to the Citizens Trust Company Retirement Plan has been included in the tables that follow. The Corporation uses a December 31 measurement date for this plan.

The components of net periodic benefit costs from these defined benefit plans are as follows:

(In Thousands)	Pension Six Months Ended		Postretirement Six Months Ended June 30,	
	June 30,			
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Service cost	\$0	\$0	\$19	\$17
Interest cost	18	37	28	29
Expected return on plan assets	(23)	(44)	0	0

Amortization of prior service cost	0	0	(15)	(16)
Recognized net actuarial loss	7	8	0	0
Net periodic benefit cost	\$2	\$1	\$32	\$30

(In Thousands)	Pension Three Months Ended		Postretirement Three Months Ended	
	June 30,		June 30,	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Service cost	\$0	\$0	\$9	\$8
Interest cost	9	19	15	15
Expected return on plan assets	(12)	(22)	0	0