

UNILEVER N V
Form 6-K
July 31, 2008

FORM 6-K
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

REPORT OF FOREIGN ISSUER

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of July, 2008

UNILEVER N.V.
(Translation of registrant's name into English)

WEENA 455, 3013 AL, P.O. BOX 760, 3000 DK, ROTTERDAM, THE NETHERLANDS
(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports
under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F..X.. Form 40-F.....

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper
as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1): _____

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper
as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7): _____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes No ..X..

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82- _____

Exhibit 99 attached hereto is incorporated herein by reference.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UNILEVER N.V.

/S/ P J CESCAU
By P J CESCAU
DIRECTOR

/S/ J A LAWRENCE
By J A LAWRENCE
DIRECTOR

Date: 31 July 2008

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NUMBER	EXHIBIT DESCRIPTION
99	Notice to Euronext, Amsterdam dated 31 July 2008 2nd Quarter Results 2008

Exhibit 99

**INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR HALF YEAR TO JUNE
2008**

KEY FINANCIALS

(unaudited)

Second			€ million	Half		
Quarter				Year 2008		
2008						
Increase/(Decrease)			Increase/(Decrease)			
Current	Current	Constant	Current	Current	Constant	
rates	rates	rates	rates	rates	rates	
Continuing operations:						
10 374	(1) %	6		(1)	6	
		%Turnover	19 945	%	%	
1 369	(5) %	3		16	24	
		%Operating profit	3 184	%	%	
1 353	(4) %	4		14	21	
		%Pre-tax profit	3 135	%	%	
Total operations:						
978	(19)%	(12)%	2 385	5 %	10 %	
0.32	(18) %	(12EPS) (%Euros)		6	12	
			0.79	%	%	

GOOD PERFORMANCE CONTINUES IN A CHALLENGING ENVIRONMENT. OUTLOOK CONFIRMED.

Financial

Highlights

of the Half Year

- Underlying sales growth of 7.0% in the first half year.
- Operating margin of 16.0% in the first half year, with an underlying improvement of 0.4 percentage points.
- Earnings per share up by 6%, or 12% at constant exchange rates. The first quarter benefited from disposal profits, while the second quarter was affected by higher restructuring charges and a particularly low tax rate last year.

Operational Highlights

- Broad-based growth in every category.
- Continued strong growth in Developing and Emerging (D&E) countries from both volume and pricing.
- Price-driven growth in Western Europe and North America.
- Cost increases recovered through determined pricing action and accelerating savings. Efficiency programmes on track to deliver €1 billion of savings this year.
- Further significant progress with disposal programme, including *Bertolli* olive oil and North American laundry.

GROUP CHIEF EXECUTIVE

"

Our performance in the first half year has been good in what has been a challenging environment. We have delivered 7% underlying sales growth and an underlying improvement in profitability while maintaining competitiveness. The changes already implemented in the business have made us nimbler and better able to respond to the market conditions. We are doing so against

our

clear priorities

of maintaining competitiveness, improving margins and investing selectively to gain market

share

Looking to the future,
our strategy leverages

our
strong brands,
broad geographic footprint and products that meet everyday needs across a wide range of price points.
Our innovation programme focuses on opportunities in health and wellness, the use of superior technology,
and rapid deployment
in
to new markets.

This continues to be the best route to long-term value creation

For this year we confirm our outlook for delivering growth ahead of our 3-5% target range, with an underlying improvement in operating margin."

Patrick Cescau, Group Chief Executive

31 July
2008

UNILEVER
SECOND
QUARTER AND
HALF YEAR
RESULTS 2008

In the following commentary we report underlying sales growth (abbreviated to 'USG' or 'growth') at constant exchange rates, excluding the effects of acquisitions and disposals. Turnover includes the impact of exchange rates, acquisitions and disposals. Unilever uses 'constant rate' and 'underlying' measures primarily for internal performance analysis and targeting purposes. We also comment on trends in operating margins before RDIs (restructuring, disposals and impairments), and use the movements in Ungearing Free Cash Flow and Return On Invested Capital to measure progress against our longer-term value creation goals. Unilever believes that such measures provide additional information for shareholders on underlying business performance trends. Such measures are not defined under IFRS and are not intended to be a substitute for GAAP measures of turnover, operating margin, profit, EPS and cash flow. Please refer also to note 2 to the financial statements. Further information about these measures is available on our website at

www.unilever.com/ourcompany/investorcentre

This results announcement also represents Unilever's half-yearly report for the purposes of the Disclosure and

Transparency Rules (DTR) made by the UK Financial Services Authority (DTR 4.2 - Half-yearly financial reports). In this context: (i) the condensed set of financial statements can be found on pages 8 to 16; (ii) pages 1 to 7 comprise the interim management report; and (iii) the Directors' responsibility statement can be found on page 17. Other than as disclosed elsewhere in this document no material related parties transactions have taken place in the first six months of the year.

**1.
SUMMARY OF BUSINESS PERFORMANCE FOR
THE
SECOND QUARTER AND
FIRST HALF YEAR**

Underlying sales growth was

6.8% in the second quarter, taking the half year rate to 7.0%. Prices increased by 7.4% in the second quarter and by 6.1% in the first half year.

Europe

grew by 2.3% in both the quarter and the half year. All of the growth has come from pricing, with volumes 2.9% lower in the second quarter.

The lower volumes largely reflect weaker ice cream sales and the expected reversal of the additional sales at the end of the first quarter ahead of price increases and systems implementations.

The

Americas

has sustained its momentum with growth of 5.7% in the first half year. This was achieved against a strong comparator which included the impact of additional sales ahead of the systems change in the

US

in June last year. In Latin America growth accelerated in both value and volume including a good performance in

Brazil

Growth in Asia Africa picked up further to 15.1% in the second quarter and is broad-based across countries with double-digit increases almost everywhere. In addition to pricing, volume growth was robust at 4.1% in the second quarter.

At a global level, all categories grew by more than 5% in the first half year.

Advertising investment behind our brands was increased by some €100 million at constant rates of exchange in the first half year. With the benefit of higher sales, media efficiency programmes and fewer promotions, A&P as a percentage of sales was 0.7 points lower in the second quarter and 0.4 points lower in the first half year.

Commodity costs increased by around

€

60

0 million in the second quarter

and

by

around €1 billion in the first half

. This

is

equivalent to 5.5 percentage points of sales
in the quarter and
4.8

percentage

points in the first half. Both price increases and savings from cost reduction programmes accelerated in the

second

quarter. As a result we were able to deliver an underlying improvement in operating margin of 0.5

percentage points in the quarter, taking the first half year improvement to 0.4 percentage points.

2. FINANCIAL COMMENTARY

2.1

Turnover

Underlying sales growth was 6.8% in the second quarter and 7.0% in the first half year. The Euro has strengthened against most currencies and this, together with a small

net impact of acquisitions and disposals, led to turnover being 1.4% lower in the second quarter and 0.5% lower in the first six months.

2.2

Operating profit

Operating profit was

5

% lower than last year in the second quarter because of the stren

g

thening of the Euro and a higher level of restructuring charges. The operating margin at 13.2% was 0.5 percentage points below last year. Before the impact of restructuring and disposals there was an underlying improvement of 0.5 percentage points.

For the half year, operating profit was 16% higher than last year and the operating margin of 16.0% was 2.3 percentage points higher, both being boosted by profits on disposals in the first quarter. Before restructuring and disposals there was an underlying improvement in operating margin of 0.4 percentage points.

2.3

Finance costs and tax

Finance costs

of net borrowings

were 16% lower than last year in the quarter and in line with last year for the first six months.

The

effective

tax rate was 28% in the second quarter and 25% in the first half year. This compares with 19% and 20% in the second quarter and first half of last year respectively, both of which included benefits from the favourable settlement of tax audits. The underlying tax rate, before restructuring and disposals, was 26% in the first half of this year.

For the full year we expect the tax rate on this basis to be around 25%.

2.4

Joint ventures, associates and other income from non-current investments

Share of net profit from joint ventures and associates and other income from non-current investments for the second quarter was in line with last year at €39 million. For the first half year these contributed €92 million, which was €47 million below last year as a result of a lower level of one-time gains in the first quarter.

2. 5

Net profit and earnings per share

Net profit was 19% lower than last year in the second quarter, reflecting higher restructuring costs, the low tax rate in the same quarter last year and the stronger euro.

Net profit was 5% higher in the first six months with a benefit from profits on disposals, but a negative impact from the stronger euro.

Earnings per share for the first six months were €0.79 which included a net gain of €0.0

7 from restructuring and disposals. This compares with €0.75 in the first six months of last year which included a negligible net impact from restructuring and disposals and benefited from the particularly low tax rate.

2.6

Share buy-backs

By the end of June we had bought back

53.6 million shares at a total purchase price of €1.1 billion

, as part of the planned 2008 share buy-back of at least €1.5 billion

2.7

Cash flow

Net cash flow from operating activities was €0.7 billion lower than last year. This was entirely due to a build-up of working capital in the first half year. Part of this came from the effect of commodity price inflation. In addition there were a number of temporary factors including

the planned build

up of stocks during the change programme and

calendar effects. The largely one-off nature of these, together with an intensified programme for working capital management across the business, is expected to result in a much improved cash flow in the second half year.

Restructuring costs were slightly higher than in the first half of 2007, but this was more than offset by lower cash contributions to pension funds and favourable tax rebates.

Net capital expenditure was also slightly higher than last year.

**2.8
Balance sheet**

Working capital has increased from its normal seasonal low point at the start of the year. The increase has been heightened by the factors referred to above in the commentary on cash flow movements

The overall funding position of the Group's pension arrangements improved slightly with net liabilities for all schemes of €1.0 billion at the end of the half year, down from €1.1

billion at the end of 2007.

Assets have reduced by €2.1 billion due to the fall in market values and the appreciation of the euro against the currencies of investments.

Liabilities fell by €2.2 billion, mainly due to the impact of higher discount rates, net of higher inflation assumptions and the strengthening of the euro.

3. OPERATIONAL REVIEW

**3.1
Europe**

Second Q uarter 2008				Half Year 2008			
2008	2007	%	%	2008	2007	%	%
		Change	Underlying sales growth			Change	Underlying sales growth

4 017	4 041	(0.6)	2.3	Turnover (€ million)	7 511	7 585	(1.0)	2.3
12.9	13.8			Operating Margin (%)	20.1	14.1		
(3.9)	(1.7)			Impact of RDIs (%) *	3.5	(1.5)		

*

Restructuring, business disposals and other items

Growth

Underlying sales growth was 2.3% in both the quarter and the half year, slightly behind the growth of our markets.

Central and

Eastern Europe

maintained its growth of around 10% with further growth in volumes in the second quarter and increased pricing.

Russia

made a particularly strong contribution.

Western Europe

grew b

y 1.4% in the second quarter, and by 1.3% in the first half year. Increased prices were partly offset by lower volumes in ice cream and the expected reversal of the additional sales at the end of the first quarter ahead of price increases and systems implementations.

Germany

grew modestly in the second quarter, with an improved performance in spreads, after a weak

start to the year. Benelux had another good quarter with continued strong growth in the

Netherlands

across most categories, and a pick-up in

Belgium

. In both the

UK

and

Italy

, savoury and dressings contributed to solid growth. Sales in

France

and

Spain

declined in difficult trading conditions and in both countries we have lost some share to private label brands.

Innovation

Hellmann's
extra light

mayonnaise made with free range eggs is part of a campaign to promote the goodness of mayonnaise in the UK

,
France
and
Italy

.
Rama
flavoured creams have been launched in Germany and the Nordic countries.

In tea, we have built further on the Rainforest Alliance certification, extended

Lipton
linea
slimming teas and introduced
Lipton
clear green

, a new generation of healthy tea. A strong programme for

Magnum
ice creams included new-look 'minis' across the region, and the top-of-the-range 'temptation' introduced to several new countries.

A new range of

Axe
body washes and after shave balms has been launched in the UK

,
Germany
and
France
and the latest global body spray

Axe
dark temptation
across the region. The new upside-down deodorants for

Dove
and
Rexona
offer the smoothest ever roll-on with less packaging material.

Small & mighty
concentrated detergents are
being rolled out across the region
under the

Dirt is Good
brand. As well as offering consumer convenience, these also
have a

markedly
better environmental footprint.
In oral care we have launched
Signal
white now
, the first instant whitening toothpaste.

Profitability

The first half year operating margin of 20.1% was 6.0 percentage points higher than last year, largely reflecting profits on disposals. Before restructuring and disposals there was an underlying improvement in margin of 1.0 percentage point. Gross margins were lower as we recovered cost increases in absolute terms but not yet sufficiently to maintain the percentage margin. However this was more than compensated by sharply lower overheads costs.

Accelerating change

As previously announced,
Western
Europe
will
be managed as a single region under a new President, Doug Baillie
. This will
allow the management to focus solely on driving improved performance in the region. Central and Eastern
Europe
will
now
be
under the responsibility of Harish Manwani, President for Asia Africa, reflecting the priority on business
building in developing and emerging markets. These changes will be reflected in the regional segmentation
of Unilever's published results from the end of this year.

In the second quarter we completed the move to a single office location in
Italy
,
and announced four
factory rationalisations and the setting up of a new multi-country organisation for
Central Europe
.

The move to a single SAP system for the region continues
,
with three quarters of our business now live and the full programme to be complete by the end of the year.
In July we announced the disposal of
the

Ber
t
olli
olive oil
business
and three local
bottled oil

brands
in
Italy

.

**3.
2**

**The
Americas**

Second Quarter 2008				Half Year 2008			
2008	2007	% Change	Underlying sales growth	2008	2007	% Change	Underlying sales growth
3 314	3 520	(5.8)	4.9	6 453	6 751	(4.4)	5.7
				Turnover (€ million)			
13.4	14.9			13.7	14.6		
				Operating Margin (%)			
(1.3)	(0.7)			(1.0)	(0.7)		
				<i>Impact of RDIs</i> (%)			
				*			

*
*Restructuring, business disposals and
other items*

Growth

The good momentum in the business has been sustained

, with underlying sales growth of 5.7% in the first six

months, against a strong comparator

due to

the additional sales ahead

of

the systems implementation in the

US

at

the end of the second quarter last year. This held back the second quarter growth for the region as a whole by some 2 percentage points

.
In the
US

all of the growth is coming from price, with consumer volumes lower than a year ago.

Before the effect of the systems implementation last year, which reverse

d

in July,

our own sales in

the

US

grew by about 4% in both the second quarter and the first six months

, slightly ahead of the market growth rate

.

Canada

had a weak second quarter.

Our growth in

Latin America

has been strong across all the main countries, with 13% in the second quarter taking the half year growth rate to 11%. There has been a good performance in

Brazil

and continued high growth in

Mexico

and elsewhere.

Innovation

New ranges of

Knorr

bouillons, sauces and soups have been launched in

Brazil

and

Argentina

with a clear Vitality positioning, featuring healthy ingredients. Under the

Hellmann's

brand we have introduced an olive oil mayonnaise in the

US

and a new milder tasting mayonnaise made with milk in

Brazil

and

Mexico

.

Bertolli

frozen meals in the

US

have been extended with a range of 'mediterranean garden' dishes.

The latest global

Dove

range, 'go fresh', has been launched in the

US

, as well as a new cream oil variant, 'sleek satin'. As in Europe

,
Axe has brought out body washes targeted at over 20's and the new 'dark temptation' deodorant with a novel chocolate fragrance. In Laundry the new

Dirt is Good mix with improved cleaning and longer-lasting freshness has been introduced to Latin America

as well as a variant of *Surf*

with fabric conditioner. New variants of 3 times concentrated liquid detergents have been launched in the US

Profitability

The operating margin for the first half year was 13.7%, which was 0.9 percentage points lower than last year. Before

the impact of restructuring and disposals, there was an underlying reduction in margin of 0.6 percentage points. We have fully recovered the impact of higher commodity cost

s
in absolute terms, through a combination of savings and price increases, but this has not been enough to maintain the percentage margin.

Accelerating change

As part of the One Unilever programme, the move to a single head office for the US

business in Englewood Cliffs and the closure of the Greenwich

office has been completed. At the same time, the ice cream businesses in the US

and Canada

have been integrated into the respective One Unilever country organisations. In Latin America

, the financial shared

services centre has been sold to Cap

g
emini. We have also announced the disposal of olive oil sold under the

Bertolli

brand as part of a global agreement

, and the sale of the North American laundry business.

3.3 Asia

Africa

				Year 2008					
2008	2007	% Change	Underlying sales growth	%	2008	2007	% Change	Underlying sales growth	%
3 043	2 965	2.7	15.1	Turnover (€ million)	5 981	5 718	4.6	14.7	
13.3	12.2			Operating Margin (%)	13.3	12.1			
(0.4)	(0.5)			Impact of RDIs (%)	(0.2)	(0.6)			

*
Restructuring, business disposals and other items

Growth

Underlying sales growth was 15.1% in the second quarter and 14.7% in the first half year. While more of the growth in value is coming from pricing, volumes also continue to grow well, albeit at a slightly slower pace than last year. Our

growth continues to be very broad-based and is ahead of the market. All of our top five D&E businesses in the region, and all our categories, grew at more than 10%.

In India, laundry contributed particularly strongly with good growth in all three of our brands, each positioned at a different income level. The new global *Sunsilk* mix is driving share gain in India as elsewhere in the region. China has sustained a growth rate of over 20%, with most of this coming from higher volumes including the build of *Clear* shampoo. Indonesia has shown continued strong growth momentum, particular

I
y in personal care and ice cream.
Turkey
had another good, well balanced performance,
however
growth in
South Africa
came entirely from price, with volumes flat, largely as a result of supply chain constraints.

Performance in
Japan
and
Australia

was
weak in more difficult consumer markets.

Innovation

We have launched
Lipton
milk tea in a number of new countries and introduced
Lipton

clear green
teas in
Turkey
and
Arabia
. A strong programme for
Cornetto
ice cream includes a new 'choco disk' variant and we have introduced
Magnum
chocolate indulgence in
China
and
India
. In
Turkey
we have launched
Knorr

e
at in colour mealmakers and mayonnaise in a squeeze bottle.

Rexona
is taking the first steps to building a market for deodorants in
China
. New versions of
Pond
'
s

anti-ageing and
skin

-

lightening creams and the new global
Sunsilk
range have been rolled

out across the region. Innovations in laundry include

Surf

clean and fresh,

Surf

Excel

multi-chamber sachets, the improved global

Dirt

is

Good

mix and concentrated fabric conditioners.

Profitability

The operating margin for the first six months was 13.3%, which was 1.2 percentage points higher than a year ago. Before the impact of restructuring and disposals there was an underlying improvement of 0.8 percentage points. Savings programmes and price increases have offset the impact of higher commodity costs and we have the benefit of increased scale from sales growth.

Accelerating change

The move to a single SAP system across the region is progressing to plan and we are setting up a regional supply chain team based in Singapore

.

In the second quarter we announced the disposal of our palm oil business in

Cote D'Ivoire

and the acquisition of laundry soaps in the same country. We have also announced the disposal of Komili olive oil in

Turkey

.

Both these transactions are subject to regulatory approval.

Central and
Eastern Europe

will

be managed as part of this region. This reflects the focus on

business building in these countries as part of Unilever's priority for Developing and Emerging markets. The change will be reflected in our reporting of business segments from the end of this year.

RISK MANAGEMENT

On pages

13 and 14 of our 2007 Report and Accounts we set out our assessment of the principal risk issues that would face the business through 2008. In our view, the nature and potential impact of such risks remains essentially unchanged

as regards our performance over the second half of the year

. As anticipated, commodity prices

affecting the materials we buy

have continued to show an upward trend in the first half of the year.

W

e will continue to monitor

this

closely and to manage our response through a combination of pricing

and

savings

programmes

. In addition,

there could be a further weakening of key economies. W

hilst people's essential needs for food and hygiene would remain unchanged, we could experience impact

in markets as individual consumers adjust their spending patterns. We manage the associated risks

by ensuring that our brands remain competitive through appropriate pricing, marketing

support and relevant innovation in our

product

portfolio

across

a wide range of

price points.

OTHER INFORMATION

On 10 April 2008, Unilever entered into a settlement with Mars to bring an end to all claims made by Mars concerning Unilever's distribution arrangements for the sale of impulse ice cream. Prior to the settlement, Mars had initiated proceedings against Unilever in a number of European jurisdictions. The settlement does not imply any admission of liability on Unilever's part.

In April 2008 Unilever received a notice from the UK Office of Fair Trading requiring the production of documents in relation to an investigation into potential co-ordination of the retail prices of products in the grocery sector. A response to the notice was provided in June 2008. It is too early to gauge whether the investigation to which the notice relates will lead to a Statement of Objections being addressed to Unilever or its subsidiaries.

In June 200

8, Unilever premises in

Austria

,

Belgium

,

Italy

, The Netherlands and

Spain

were the subject of unannounced inspections by the European Commission and/or national competition authorities. The inspections were in relation to the home care and/or personal care markets. A request for information relating to alleged anti-competitive behaviour in detergents markets in the EEA was subsequently received by Unilever in July 2008. It is too early to gauge whether the investigation that has

been initiated will lead to a Statement of Objections being addressed to Unilever or its subsidiaries.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

This announcement may contain forward-looking statements, including 'forward-looking statements' within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Words such as 'expects', 'anticipates', 'intends' or the negative of these terms and other similar expressions of future performance or results, including financial objectives to 2010, and their negatives are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and assumptions regarding anticipated developments and other factors affecting the Group. They are not historical facts, nor are they guarantees of future performance. Because these forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, there are important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements, including, among others, competitive pricing and activities, consumption levels, costs, the ability to maintain and manage key customer relationships and supply chain sources, currency values, interest rates, the ability to integrate acquisitions and complete planned divestitures, physical risks, environmental risks, the ability to manage regulatory, tax and legal matters and resolve pending matters within current estimates, legislative, fiscal and regulatory developments, political, economic and social conditions in the geographic markets where the Group operates and new or changed priorities of the Boards. Further details of potential risks and uncertainties affecting the Group are described in the Group's filings with the London Stock Exchange, Euronext Amsterdam and the US Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Annual Report on Form 20-F. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this document. Except as required by any applicable law or regulation, the Group expressly disclaims any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any change in the Group's expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

ENQUIRIES

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There will be a web cast of the results presentation available at:
www.unilever.com/ourcompany/investorcentre/results/quarterlyresults/default.asp

The results for the
third
quarter 2008
and the announcement of interim dividends
will be published on

30 October

		%	%Net profit from continuing operations		%	%
-	54		Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	-	76	
978	1 207	(19) %	(12) %Net profit for the period	2 385	2 281	5 %
Attributable to:						
69	63		Minority interests	137	124	
909	1 144	(21) %	(14) %Shareholders' equity	2 248	2 157	4 %
Combined earnings per share						
0.32	0.38	(14) %	(8) %Continuing operations (Euros)	0.79	0.72	10 %
0.31	0.37	(14) %	(8) Continuing operations - diluted %(Euros)	0.77	0.70	10 %
-	0.02		Discontinued operations (Euros)	-	0.03	
-	0.01		Discontinued operations - diluted (Euros)	-	0.02	
0.32	0.40	(18) %	(12) %Total operations (Euros)	0.79	0.75	6 %
0.31	0.38	(19) %	(12) %Total operations - diluted (Euros)	0.77	0.72	6 %

STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE

(unaudited)

€ million	Half Year	
	2008	2007
Fair value gains/(losses) on financial instruments net of tax	(34)	14
Actuarial gains/(losses) on pension schemes net of tax	(126)	1 221
Currency retranslation gains/(losses) net of tax	(331)	194
Net income/(expense) recognised directly in equity	(491)	1 429

Net profit for the period	2 385	2 281
Total recognised income and expense for the period	1 894	3 710
Attributable to:		
Minority interests	91	131
Shareholders' equity	1 803	3 579

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(unaudited)

€ million

	Half Year	
	2008	2007
<u>Operating activities</u>		
Cash flow from operating activities	885	1 661
Income tax paid	(481)	(600)
Net cash flow from operating activities	404	1 061
<u>Investing activities</u>		
Interest received	64	62
Net capital expenditure	(491)	(444)
Acquisitions and disposals	403	72
Other investing activities	40	161
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities	16	(149)
<u>Financing activities</u>		
		(1)
Dividends paid on ordinary share capital	(1 194)	412
Interest and preference dividends paid	(201)	(225)
Change in financial liabilities	2 081	1 905
Share buy-back programme	(1 085)	(663)
Other movements on treasury stock	(19)	219
Other financing activities	(89)	(309)
Net cash flow from/(used in) financing activities	(507)	(485)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(87)	427
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	901	710
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(152)	23

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period

662 1 160

BALANCE SHEET

(unaudited)

€ million	As at 30 June 2008	As at 31 December 2007	As at 30 June 2007
<u>Non-current assets</u>			
Goodwill	12 015	2 244	12 439 4
Intangible assets	4 436	4 511	741
Property, plant and equipment	6 045	6 284	6 249
Pension asset for funded schemes in surplus	1 857	2 008	2 451
Deferred tax assets	966	1 003	782
Other non-current assets	1 245	1 32 4	1 215
Total non-current assets	26 564	27 37 4	27 877
<u>Current assets</u>			
Inventories	4 431	3 894	4 166
Trade and other current receivables	514	5 4 194	5 437
Current tax assets	241	367	254
Cash and cash equivalents	1 060	1 098	1 518
Other financial assets	259	216	292
Non-current assets held for sale	277	159	38
Total current assets	782	9 928	11 705
<u>Current liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities	(5 947)	(4 166)	(5 367)
Trade payables and other current liabilities	(8 377)	(8 017)	(8 833)
Current tax liabilities	(457)	(395)	(614)
Provisions	(829)	(968)	(658)
Liabilities associated with non-current assets held for sale	(42)	(13)	-
Total current liabilities	(15)	(13)	(15 472)

	652	559	
))	
Net current assets/(liabilities)	(3 870)	(3 631)	(3 767)
Total assets less current liabilities	22 694	23 743	24 110
<u>Non-current liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities due after one year	5 607	5 483	5 233
Non-current tax liabilities	231	233	226
Pensions and post-retirement healthcare benefits liabilities:			
Funded schemes in deficit	787	827	517
Unfunded schemes	2 084	2 270	3 097
Provisions	785	694	899
Deferred tax liabilities	1 260	1 213	1 088
Other non-current liabilities	168	204	256
Total non-current liabilities	10 922	10 924	11 316
<u>Equity</u>			
Shareholders' equity	11 344	12 387	12 245
Minority interests	428	432	549
Total equity	11 772	12 819	12 794
Total capital employed	22 694	23 743	24 110

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

1

ACCOUNTING INFORMATION AND POLICIES

The condensed interim financial statements are based on International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU and IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, and have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'. The basis of preparation is consistent with that applied for the year ended 31 December 2007.

The condensed financial statements are shown at current exchange rates, while percentage year-on-year changes are shown at both current and constant exchange rates to facilitate comparison.

The income statement on page 8 and the statement of recognised income and expense and the cash flow statement on page 9 are translated at rates current in each period.

The balance sheet on page
10 is
translated at period-end rates of exchange.

The financial statements attached do not constitute the full financial statements within the meaning of
Section 240 of the UK Companies Act 1985. Full accounts for Unilever for the year ended 31 December
200

7

have been delivered to
the Registrar of Companies. The auditors' report on these accounts was unqualified and did not contain a
statement under Section 237(2) or Section 237(3) of the UK Companies Act 1985.

2

NON-GAAP MEASURES

In our financial reporting we use certain measures that are not recognised under IFRS or other generally accepted
accounting
principles (GAAP). We do this because we believe that these measures are useful to investors and other users of our
financial
statements in helping them to understand underlying business performance. Wherever we use such measures, we make
clear that
these are not intended as a substitute for recognised GAAP measures. Wherever appropriate and practical, we provide
reconciliations to relevant GAAP measures.

The principal non-GAAP measure which we apply in our quarterly reporting is underlying sales growth,
which we reconcile to changes in the GAAP measure turnover in
notes

4

and

5

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In note 8 we

reconcile net debt to the amounts reported in our balance sheet and cash flow statement.

We also comment on underlying trends in operating profit, by which we mean

the movements recorded after setting aside the impact of restructuring, disposals and impairments, on the
grounds that the incidence of these items is uneven between quarterly reporting periods. We specifically
avoid referring to a measure of 'underlying operating profit', since such a term might imply that we did not
regard the items involved, particularly restructuring costs, as an ongoing element of our business over the
longer term.

In addition, we

report annually against two further non-GAAP measures: Ungearred Free Cash Flow and Return on
Invested Capital. Further information about these measures and their reconciliation to GAAP measures is
given on on our website at

www.unilever.com/investorcentre

3 SIGNIFICANT ITEMS WITHIN THE INCOME STATEMENT

In our income statement reporting we recognise restructuring costs, profits and losses on business disposals and certain other one-off items, which we collectively term RDIs. We disclose on the face of our income statement the total value of such items that arise within operating profit. In our operating review by geographic segment and in

note 4 we highlight the impact of these items on our operating margin. The impact of these items, and of similar items arising within other elements of our income statement, on our reported net profit was as follows:

€ million

Second Quarter		Half Year	
2008	2007	2008	2007
		RDIs within operating profit:	
(206)	(120)		
		Restructuring	
(1)	6	(330)	(241)
		Business disposals	
(5)	4	516	36
		(
		5	
)	9
(212)	((19
	110		6
)	181)
58	37	(3)	72
-	57	24	137
(154)	(16)	202	13
		Tax effect of RDIs within operating profit:	
		RDIs arising below operating profit:	
		Total impact of RDIs on net profit	

The impact of RDIs on reported Earnings Per Share is given in note 10.

4

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS BY GEOGRAPHY

On 28 February 2008 Unilever announced a number of organisational changes. As part of these changes, our operations in Central and Eastern Europe will in future be managed within an enlarged region together with those in Asia and Africa, with Western Europe

becoming a standalone region. Since these changes are taking place progressively during the remainder of 2008, we are continuing to report quarterly against our structure as it applied in 2007. In our fourth quarter reporting for 2008 we will provide additional analysis of our regional results against the new structure, including restated amounts for each of the quarters of 2008, and will report on the new basis thereafter.

Continuing operations -

Second

Quarter

€ million	Europe	Americas	Asia Africa	Total
Turnover				
2007	4 041	3 520	2 965	10 526
2008	4 017	3 314	3 043	10 374
Change	(0.6)	(5.8)	2.7	(1.4)
Impact of:	%	%	%	%
Exchange rates	(2.1)	(9.4)	(10.7)	(7.1)
	%	%	%	%
Acquisitions	1.4	-	0.2	0.6
	%	%	%	%
Disposals	(2.2)	(1.0)	(0.3)	(1.3)
	%	%	%	%
Underlying sales growth	2.3	4.9	15.1	6.8
	%	%	%	%
Price	5.4	6.8	10.6	7.4
	%	%	%	%
Volume	(2.9)	(1.7)	4.1	(0.5)
	%	%	%	%
Operating profit				
2007	557	523	363	1 443
2008	519	445	405	1 369
Change current rates	(6.8)	(14.9)	11.7	(5.1)
	%	%	%	%
Change constant rates	(5.0)	(4.3)	27.5	3.4
	%	%	%	%
Operating margin				
2007	13.8	14.9	12.2	13.7

	%	%	%	%
	12.9	13.4	13.3	13.2
2008	%	%	%	%
<i>Includes restructuring, business disposals and other items</i>				
	(1.7)	(0.7)	(0.5)	(1.1)
2007	%	%	%	%
	(3.9)	(1.3)	(0.4)	(2.0)
2008	%	%	%	%

Continuing operations -**Half
Year**

€ million	Asia			Total
	Europe	Americas	Africa	
Turnover				
2007	7 585	6 751	5 718	20 054
2008	7 511	6 453	5 981	19 945
Change	(1.0)	(4.4)	4.6	(0.5)
Impact of:	%	%	%	%
Exchange rates	(2.1)	(8.6)	(8.6)	(6.2)
	%	%	%	%
		-		
Acquisitions	0.8		0.2	0.3
	%	%	%	%
Disposals	(1.9)	(1.0)	(0.3)	(1.2)
	%	%	%	%
Underlying sales growth	2.3	5.7	14.7	7.0
	%	%	%	%
Price	4.0	6.3	8.5	6.1
	%	%	%	%
Volume	(1.6)	(0.6)	5.7	0.8
	%	%	%	%
Operating profit				
2007	1 067	988	690	2 745
2008	1 510	882	792	3 184
Change current rates	41.6	(10.8)	14.9	16.0
	%	%	%	%
Change constant rates	43.3	(1.1)	28.3	23.7
	%	%	%	%

Operating margin

	14.1	14.6	12.1	13.7
2007	%	%	%	%
	20.1	13.7	13.3	16.0
2008	%	%	%	%
<i>Includes restructuring, business disposals and other items</i>				
	(1.5)	(0.7)	(0.6)	(1.0)
2007	%	%	%	%
	3.5	(1.0)	(0.2)	0.9
2008	%	%	%	%

5

SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS BY PRODUCT AREA**Continuing operations -****Second****Quarter**

€ million	Home care and other				Total
	Savoury, dressings and spreads	Ice cream and beverages	Personal care		
Turnover					
2007	3 377	2 441	2 861	1 847	10 526
2008	3 433	2 377	2 761	1 803	10 374
Change	1.6	(2.6)	(3.5)	(2.3)	(1.4)
	%	%	%	%	%
Impact of:					
Exchange rates	(5.7)	(6.3)	(8.7)	(8.4)	(7.1)
	%	%	%	%	%
Acquisitions	0.2	2.2	-	-	0.6
	%	%	%	%	%
Disposals	(1.9)	(1.9)	0.1	(1.3)	(1.3)
	%	%	%	%	%
Underlying sales growth	9.6	3.6	5.6	8.1	6.8
	%	%	%	%	%
Operating profit					
2007	526	403	383	131	1 443

2008	507	370	365	127	1 369
	(3.5)	(8.1)	(4.7)	(3.1)	(5.1)
Change current rates	%	%	%	%	%
	3.2	(2.6)	7.4	11.4	3.4
Change constant rates	%	%	%	%	%
Operating margin					
	15.5	16.5	13.4	7.1	13.7
2007	%	%	%	%	%
	14.8	15.6	13.2	7.0	13.2
2008	%	%	%	%	%

Continuing operations -

Half
Year

€ million	Home care and other				Total
	Savoury, dressings and spreads	Ice cream and beverages	Personal care		
Turnover					
2007	6 752	4 055	5 610	3 637	20 054
2008	6 859	3 999	5 481	3 606	19 945
	1.6	(1.4)	(2.3)	(0.8)	(0.5)
Change	%	%	%	%	%
Impact of:					
Exchange rates	(5.0)	(6.0)	(7.5)	(6.9)	(6.2)
	%	%	%	%	%
	0.1	1.4	-	-	0.3
Acquisitions	%	%	%	%	%
	(1.8)	(1.5)	(0.1)	(1.3)	(1.2)
Disposals	%	%	%	%	%
	8.7	5.1	5.7	8.0	7.0
Underlying sales growth	%	%	%	%	%
Operating profit					
2007	983	517	925	320	2 745
2008	1 422	586	880	296	3 184
	44.7	13.4	(4.9)	(7.6)	16.0
Change current rates	%	%	%	%	%
	51.7	19.4	3.8	1.9	23.7
Change constant rates	%	%	%	%	%

Operating margin

	14.6	12.7	16.5	8.8	13.7
2007	%	%	%	%	%
	20.7	14.7	16.1	8.2	16.0
2008	%	%	%	%	%

6**TAXATION**

The effective tax rate for the first half year was 25 % compared with

20 % for

the first half of 2007

. The tax rate is calculated by dividing the tax charge by pre-tax profit excluding the contribution of joint ventures and associates.

7**Reconciliation of net profit to cash flow from operating activities**

€ million	Half Year	
	2008	2007
Net profit	2 385	2 281
Taxation	750	546
	(9)	
Share of net profit of joint ventures/associates and other income from non-current investments	2	(139)
)	
	14	
Net finance costs	1	140
Operating profit (continuing and discontinued operations)	3 184	2 828
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	466	464

Changes in working capital	(2 140)	(1 313)
Pensions and similar provisions less payments	(42)	(104)
Restructuring and other provisions less payments	(55)	(93)
Elimination of (profits)/losses on disposals	(565)	(182)
Non-cash charge for share-based compensation	54	69
Other adjustments	(17)	(8)
Cash flow from operating activities	885	1 661

8 NET DEBT

€ million	As at 30 June 2008	As at 31 December 2007
	(11 5	
	5	
Total financial liabilities	4)	(9 649)
Financial liabilities due within one year	(5 947)	(4 166)
Financial liabilities due after one year	(5 607)	(5 483)
Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet	1 060	1 098
Cash and cash equivalents as per cash flow statement	662	901
Add bank overdrafts deducted therein	398	197
Financial assets	259	216
	(
	10 2	
	3	
	5	
)	
Net debt		(8 335)

On 21 February 2008 we issued Swiss franc notes to the value of CHF 600 million (€360 million) in two tranches: CHF 250 million with an interest rate of 3.125% and maturing in January 2012, and CHF 350 million at 3.5% maturing in March 2015.

On 21 May 2008

we

issued €750 million fixed rate notes with a coupon rate of 4.875%, repayable in 2013.

9 MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY

€ million	Half Year	
	2008	2007
Equity at 1 January	12 819	11 672
Total recognised income and expense for the period	1 894	3 710
Dividends	(1 352)	(1 363)
Movement in treasury stock	(1 520)	(1 283)
Share-based payment credit	54	64
Dividends paid to minority shareholders	(95)	(97)
Currency retranslation gains/(losses) net of tax	(17)	(1)
Other movements in equity	(11)	92
Equity at the end of the period	11 772	12 794

During the first half year we purchased shares to the value of € 1.1

billion under the share buy-back programme announced in March 2007.

10 COMBINED EARNINGS PER SHARE

The combined earnings per share calculations are based on the average number of share units representing the combined ordinary shares of NV and PLC in issue during the period, less the average number of shares held as treasury stock.

In calculating diluted earnings per share, a number of adjustments are made to the number of shares, principally the following:

(i) conversion into PLC ordinary shares in the year 2038 of shares in a group company under the arrangements for the variation of the Leverhulme Trust and (ii) the exercise of share options by employees.

Earnings per share for total operations for the first half year

were calculated as follows:

	2008	2007
Combined EPS	Millions of units	

-		
Basic		
Average number of combined share units	2 828. 1	2 887 .1
Net profit attributable to shareholders' equity	€ million	2 248 2 157
Combined EPS (Euros)	0.79	0.75
Combined EPS - Diluted	Million s of units	
Adjusted average number of combined share units	2 925. 6	2 984 .5
Combined EPS - diluted (Euros)	0.77	0.72
Impact of RDIs on Earnings Per Share		
Total impact of RDIs on reported net profit (see note 3)	€ million	202 13
Impact of RDIs on basic earnings per share (Euros)	0.07	0.01
Earnings per share in US Dollars and Sterling		
Combined EPS (Dollars)	1.22	0.99
Combined EPS - diluted (Dollars)	1.18	0.96
Combined EPS (Pounds)	0.62	0.50
Combined EPS - diluted (Pounds)	0.60	0.49

The numbers of shares included in the calculation of earnings per share is an average for the period. During the period the following movements in shares have taken place:

	Millions
Number of shares at 31 December 2007 (net of treasury stock)	2 853.1
Net movements in shares under incentive schemes	6.0
Share buy-back	(53.6)
Number of shares at 3 0	2 805.5

June

2008

11

A

ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

On 14 November 2007

we announced that we had signed a definitive agreement with McCormick & Company, Incorporated to sell our Lawry's and Adolph's branded seasoning blends and marinades business in the US and Canada for €410 million. The transaction is expected to be completed on or around 31 July 2008. The combined annual turnover of the business is approximately €100 million.

Effective 1 January 2008, we entered into an expanded international partnership with Pepsico for the marketing and distribution of ready-to-drink tea products under the *Lipton* brand.

On 3 January 2008 we completed the sale of the Boursin brand to Le Groupe Bel for €400 million. The turnover of this brand in 2007 was approximately €100 million.

On 4 February 2008 we announced that we had signed an agreement to acquire Inmarko, the leading Russian ice cream

company, for an undisclosed amount. The transaction was completed on 2 April 2008. The company had a turnover in 2007

of approximately €115 million.

On 19 June 2008

we announced that we had signed an agreement to sell our edible oil business in Côte d'Ivoire together with our interests in local palm oil plantations, Palmci and PHCI. At the same time we plan to acquire the soap business of Cosmivoire, an Ivorian producer with a market presence throughout Francophone West Africa. The deal is subject to approval by the regulatory authorities.

On 10 July 2008

we announced that we had signed an agreement to sell Komili, the market leading olive oil brand in Turkey, to Ana Gida, part of the Anadolu Group, for an undisclosed amount. The transaction, which is subject to regulatory approval, is expected to be completed by the end of 2008.

On 21 July 2008

we announced that we had signed an agreement with Grupo SOS for the disposal of our Bertolli olive oil and vinegar business, for a consideration of €630 million. The transaction is structured as a worldwide perpetual licence by Unilever of the *Bertolli* brand in respect of olive oil and premium vinegar. The transaction includes the sale of the Italian Maya, Dante and San Giorgio olive oil and seed oil businesses, as well as the factory at Inveruno

, Italy

The transaction, which is subject to regulatory approval, is expected to be completed by the end of 2008.

On 28 July 2008

we

announced that

we

had signed a definitive agreement to sell

our

North American laundry business in the

US

,

Canada

and

Puerto Rico

to Vestar Capital Partners, a leading global private equity firm

, for a face value of US \$1.45 billion

. Vestar will m

e

erge the business with its existing operation, Huish Detergents Inc., to fo

r

m a new company, The Sun Products Corporation. The consideration consists of a cash payment of US

\$1.075 billion, together with preferred shares in the Sun Products Corporation with a face value of US \$375

million, and warrants offering the opportunity to acquire up to 2.5% of the common equity of the Sun

Products Corporation. The businesses to be sold include the

all

,

Snuggle

,

Wisk

,

Surf

and

Sunlight

fabric cleaning and fabric conditioning brands in the

US

,

Canada

and Puerto Rico, as well as Unilever's manufacturing facility in

Baltimore

. These businesses had a combined turnover in 2007 of approximately US \$1.0 billion. The transaction, which is subject to regulatory approval, is expected to be completed by the end of 2008.

1

2

EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There were no material post balance sheet events other than those mentioned elsewhere in this report.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

The Directors confirm that this condensed consolidated set of interim financial statements has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, and that the interim management report includes a fair review of the

information required by
DTR

4.2.7 and
DTR

4.2.8.

Unilever's Directors are listed in the Annual Report and Accounts for 2007, with the exception of the following changes:

- At the Group's AGMs on 14 and 15 May 2008, James Lawrence was appointed as an Executive Director and Kees van der Graaf and Ralph Kugler stood down as Executive Directors
- On 30 June 2008 Genevieve Berger stood down as a Non-Executive Director in order to take up an executive role as Unilever's Chief Research and Development Officer

Details of all current Directors are available on our website at
www.unilever.com

By order of the Board

Patrick Cescau

**James
Lawrence**
Group Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

31 July 2008