

HENNESSY ADVISORS INC  
Form 10-K  
December 05, 2008  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-K**

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**  
For the Transition Period From \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 000-49872

**HENNESSY ADVISORS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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<b>California</b> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	<b>68-0176227</b> (IRS Employer Identification No.)
<b>7250 Redwood Blvd., Suite 200</b>  <b>Novato, California</b> (Address of principal executive office)	<b>94945</b> (Zip Code)
<b>(415) 899-1555</b>  (Issuer's telephone number)	

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

**None.**

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:**

**Common Stock, no par value**

(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check

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one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

The aggregate market value of Common Stock held by non-affiliates (as affiliates are defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) of the Registrant, based on the closing price of \$7.90 on March 31, 2008, was \$27,419,786.

**APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE REGISTRANTS**

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

As of October 31, 2008 there were 5,719,227 shares of Common Stock (no par value) issued and outstanding.

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:**

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for its 2009 annual meeting of stockholders are incorporated by reference in Parts II and III.

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HENNESSY ADVISORS, INC.

FORM 10-K

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

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PART I

ITEM 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS  
GENERAL

Overview

We are a publicly traded investment management firm. Our principal business activity is managing, servicing and marketing our six open-end mutual funds. All of our mutual funds are no-load, meaning investors do not pay any upfront or deferred sales charges. We use quantitative stock selection strategies to manage each of the Hennessy Funds. In total, the net assets of the mutual funds we manage have increased by 352% from \$194 million on September 30, 2001 to \$876 million as of September 30, 2008. However, the current asset balance is a decrease of 49% from the prior year ending balance of \$1.7 billion due to volatility in the market place which has lead to increased redemptions and declining market performance.

Each of the Hennessy Funds pays fees to us for our management services. Management services include investment research, supervision of investments, conducting investment programs (including evaluation, sale and reinvestment of assets), the placement of orders for purchase and sale of securities, solicitation of brokers to execute transactions and the preparation and distribution of reports and statistical information. The original class shares of all six of our mutual funds also pay fees to us for shareholder services. Shareholder services consist primarily of providing a call center to respond to shareholder inquiries, including inquiries regarding specific mutual fund account and investment information. The fees that we receive for management and shareholder services are based on a percentage of the average daily net asset values of our mutual funds.

Company History

We were founded in 1989 as a California corporation under the name Edward J. Hennessy Incorporated. We initially registered with the appropriate federal, state and self-regulatory organizations as a broker-dealer with a retail business. In addition, we were a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, serving mainly individual investors, but we terminated this registration in July 2000 and are no longer engaged in the broker-dealer business. In 1990, we registered as an investment advisor. From 1990 to 1996, we provided management services to private clients and limited partnerships utilizing strategies similar to those we use in advising our mutual funds today. In 1996, we launched our first mutual fund, the Hennessy Balanced Fund. We initially managed the Hennessy Balanced Fund through The Hennessy Management Co., L.P., a California limited partnership for which we served as the general partner. As general partner, we performed all of the management functions on behalf of The Hennessy Management Co., L.P. for the Hennessy Balanced Fund.

In 1998, we launched our second mutual fund, the Hennessy Total Return Fund. We initially managed the Hennessy Total Return Fund through The Hennessy Management Co. 2, L.P., another California limited partnership for which we served as the general partner and as such, performed all of the management functions on behalf of The Hennessy Management Co. 2, L.P. for the Hennessy Total Return Fund.

In 2000, we began acquiring the rights to manage the assets of additional mutual funds by entering into agreements with the funds' investment advisors to acquire management contracts related to such funds. When we acquire the rights to manage the assets of a mutual fund, we generally either enter into a management agreement covering the mutual fund or reorganize the assets of the mutual fund into one of our existing mutual funds. An attractive acquisition target for us is a retail-oriented, no-load mutual fund with less than \$500 million in net assets.

In June 2000, we completed our first acquisition by entering into a management agreement covering the O Shaughnessy Cornerstone Growth Fund and O Shaughnessy Cornerstone Value Fund and changed the names of these funds to the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund and the Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund. In connection with this

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acquisition, we obtained an exclusive, perpetual license to use the names and investment strategies of the Cornerstone Growth Fund and Cornerstone Value Fund from Netfolio, Inc. These two mutual funds had approximately \$197 million in combined net assets at the time we began managing them.

In May 2002, we completed our initial public offering, raising \$5.7 million in a non-underwritten offering at a split-adjusted price of \$2.97 and became a 1934 Act reporting company as a small-business issuer. At the time of our initial public offering, assets under management were approximately \$348 million. In connection with our initial public offering, the limited partners of The Hennessy Management Co., L.P. and The Hennessy Management Co. 2, L.P. agreed to merge their partnerships into our new public company, thereby allowing the consolidation of all our management activities directly into Hennessy Advisors, Inc.

In September 2003, we acquired the management agreement for the SYM Select Growth Fund. In connection with that acquisition, we launched our fifth mutual fund, the Hennessy Focus 30 Fund, into which we reorganized the assets of the SYM Select Growth Fund. At the time of this acquisition, the SYM Fund had approximately \$35 million in net assets.

In March 2004, we acquired the management agreements for five funds managed by Lindner Asset Management, Inc., which we refer to as the Lindner Funds. In connection with this acquisition, the assets of the Lindner Funds were reorganized into four of our existing mutual funds. At the time of this acquisition, the Lindner Funds had approximately \$301 million in combined net assets.

In July 2005, we acquired the management agreement for The Henlopen Fund and changed the name to the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II. At the time of this acquisition, The Henlopen Fund had approximately \$299 million in net assets.

In November 2007, we opened the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC, a non-registered private pooled investment fund. Hennessy Advisors, Inc. is the managing member and invested approximately \$0.5 million in the Micro Cap Growth Fund at inception.

In March 2008, we established an institutional share class for four of our mutual funds: the Hennessy Growth Fund, the Hennessy Growth Fund, Series II, the Hennessy Focus 30 Fund and the Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund. The institutional shares require a minimum investment of \$0.25 million per fund, and net expenses do not exceed 0.98% of the average daily net assets of the Funds.

**BUSINESS OPERATIONS, PRODUCTS and STRATEGIES**

**Management Agreements and Fees**

We have entered into management agreements covering all of our mutual funds with the registered investment companies or trusts under which our mutual funds are organized. Our registered investment companies or trusts are currently Hennessy Funds, Inc., Hennessy Mutual Funds, Inc. and Hennessy Funds Trust. Our management agreement with: Hennessy Funds, Inc. covers the Hennessy Total Return Fund and Hennessy Balanced Fund; with Hennessy Mutual Funds, Inc. covers the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, the Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund and the Hennessy Focus 30 Fund; and with Hennessy Funds Trust covers the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II. Under these agreements, we are responsible for overall investment and management services, subject to the oversight of the applicable board of directors or trustees and according to each mutual fund's particular fundamental investment objectives and policies. The boards of each of Hennessy Funds, Inc., Hennessy Mutual Funds, Inc. and Hennessy Funds Trust consist of four individuals, including our chairman of the board and chief executive officer, Neil J. Hennessy, and three independent directors or trustees. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, a majority of the independent directors or trustees must approve the entry into and continuation of our management agreements. The independent directors also have sole responsibility for selecting and nominating other independent directors or trustees.

We also provide any ordinary clerical and bookkeeping services needed by our mutual funds that are not provided by the funds' custodian, administrator or transfer agent. We fulfill requests for information about our mutual funds or pay the fulfillment expenses that our mutual funds would otherwise incur.

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In exchange for all of these services, we receive a management fee from each of our mutual funds, which is based on the amount of each fund's average daily net assets. The annual management fees payable to us by our mutual funds are as follows:

Fund	Management Fee (as a percentage of fund assets)
Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund (all classes)	0.74%
Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II (all classes)	0.74%
Hennessy Focus 30 Fund (all classes)	0.74%
Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund (all classes)	0.74%
Hennessy Total Return Fund	0.60%
Hennessy Balanced Fund	0.60%

For the institutional share classes of the funds, we have a contractual obligation to waive the advisory fee to the extent necessary to ensure that net expenses do not exceed 0.98% of the average daily net assets of the funds.

Our management agreements must be renewed annually by a majority of the directors and trustees of the investment companies, and the majority must include a majority of all disinterested directors or trustees. Two other circumstances might lead to termination of the management agreements: the assignment of a management agreement to another advisor automatically terminates the agreement (assignment includes indirect assignment, which is the transfer of our common stock in sufficient quantities deemed to constitute a controlling block), and the termination of the agreement, via written notice, by our firm or by one of the funds' investment companies which causes termination after 60 days of the notice. The current management agreements were renewed by the Board of Directors of the Hennessy Funds, Inc. and Hennessy Mutual Funds, Inc. and by the trustees of the Hennessy Funds Trust on March 4, 2008 for a period of one year.

As of October 1, 2007, Hennessy Advisors, Inc. was also appointed the Managing Member of the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC (the Fund). Hennessy Advisors, Inc. will serve as the Managing Member until its resignation or removal. The Managing Member may voluntarily resign with 30 days' prior written notice to the other members or 60 days' prior written notice if there is not then a remaining Managing Member. At any time, the Managing Member may designate an additional Managing Member or designate a successor Managing Member with no further consent or approval required from the other members. The Managing Member may be removed at any time, with or without cause, by the vote of the other members owning a majority-in-interest of the capital accounts of the Disinterested Members, defined as members other than members who are the Managing Member or affiliates of the Managing Member.

In the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC, the annual advisory fee is 2.0% of the aggregate capital accounts of the members, but no management fee is charged to the capital account of the Managing Member. Additionally, an incentive allocation can potentially be earned on any member's balance, other than the Managing Member. The allocation is determined at the end of each calendar quarter as 20% of the amount by which net profits (defined as the amount by which the net asset value on the last day of a period exceeds the net asset value on the commencement of the same period), if any, exceed the positive balance, if any, of a member's loss carryforward (defined as a memorandum account kept for each member having an initial balance of zero that is increased by the net loss, if any, allocated to each member for each calendar period).

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### Shareholder Services

In addition to our management agreements, we also have shareholder servicing agreements covering the original share classes of the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II, Hennessy Focus 30 Fund, Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund, Hennessy Total Return Fund and Hennessy Balanced Fund. We have provided shareholder services under a shareholder servicing agreement to the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund and Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund since October 2003, to the Hennessy Focus 30 Fund since June 30, 2005, to the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II since July 1, 2005, and to the Hennessy Total Return Fund and Hennessy Balanced Fund since July 1, 2007. Under these agreements, we provide administrative support services to these funds, including, among other things, the following:

maintaining an 800 number that current fund shareholders may call to ask questions about the funds or their accounts with the funds;

assisting shareholders in processing exchange and redemption requests;

assisting shareholders in changing dividend options, account designations and addresses;

responding generally to shareholder questions; and

providing other similar services that the funds may request.

In exchange for these services, we receive an annual shareholder servicing fee from each of the above-named funds of 0.10% of the funds' average daily net assets.

### 12b-1 Plan

The Hennessy Total Return Fund and Hennessy Balanced Fund have each adopted a 12b-1 plan. Under Rule 12b-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, mutual funds can adopt a plan that allows them to make payments to third parties in connection with the distribution of their fund shares. Such distribution activities might include: advertising; compensation paid to financial institutions, broker-dealers, and others for sales and marketing; shareholder accounting services; the printing and mailing of prospectuses to other than existing shareholders; and the printing and mailing of sales literature. Mutual funds can also employ a distributor to distribute and market mutual fund shares. 12b-1 fees can be used to pay the distributor for expenses incurred for telephone costs, overhead costs, costs of employees who engage in or support the distribution of the fund shares, the printing of prospectuses and other reports for other than existing shareholders, advertising and the preparation and distribution of sales literature. The 12b-1 plan adopted by the Hennessy Total Return Fund and the Hennessy Balanced Fund authorizes each fund to make payments at an annual rate not to exceed 0.15% of each Fund's average daily net assets. The SEC has considered changes to Rule 12b-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and although no specific proposals are currently pending, changes to Rule 12b-1 could restrict our current practices.

### Custodial and Brokerage Arrangements

All shareholder funds are held by third party custodians. Independent brokerage firms execute all trades for our funds, at our direction.

Currently, we participate in four soft dollar arrangements. This means that we receive research reports and real-time electronic research to assist us in trading and managing our mutual funds. Under these soft dollar arrangements, we pay brokerage commissions for securities trades on behalf of a mutual fund that may be higher than the commissions that we would pay through a different brokerage firm, but in exchange we receive research or other services that benefit our mutual funds. Our soft dollar arrangements comply with SEC guidance regarding soft dollars.



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### License Agreement

Our ability to use the names and formulaic investment strategies of the funds now known as the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund and Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund are governed by the terms and conditions of a license agreement, dated as of April 10, 2000, with Netfolio, Inc. Under the license agreement, Netfolio, Inc. granted us a perpetual, paid-up, royalty-free, exclusive license to use certain trademarks, such as Strategy Indexing, Cornerstone Growth and Cornerstone Value, as well as the formula investment strategies used by the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund and Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund. All of our advertising, marketing, promotional and other materials incorporating or referring to the trademarks are subject to the prior written approval of Netfolio, Inc., except that we do not need Netfolio Inc.'s prior written approval to use the trademarks in a manner that is not substantially unchanged from any prior use by Netfolio, Inc. in its own business or from any prior use by us previously approved by Netfolio, Inc. We can assign the license to another person or entity if the assignee agrees in writing to be bound by the terms of the license agreement. There are no ongoing licensing fees associated with this license agreement and Netfolio, Inc. does not have any contractual rights to terminate the license agreement.

### Business Strategy

From 1996, when we started our first mutual fund, until September 30, 2008, we have grown our assets under management to \$876 million, with fluctuations during that time. Recent market conditions have created significant volatility in the equities markets, causing increased redemptions and negative performance. However, we strive to increase our profitability and assets under management by implementing the following key strategies:

Utilizing our branding and marketing campaign for growth.

We believe that we can attract investors to our mutual funds by effectively marketing our unique quantitative investment style. We believe that our investment philosophy appeals to investors who want to understand exactly how their investments are managed and who favor statistical analysis and empirical evidence as the basis for investment decisions. We will continue our efforts to make Hennessy a name readily recognizable by investors through frequent print media, radio and television appearances. We use our media appearances to convey to investors that we manage our funds with the discipline and consistency of an index fund by never straying from our strategies. We believe that a straightforward, quantitative approach is easily understood by investors and makes them more likely to recommend us to others by word of mouth. As our brand recognition broadens, we believe that our investment philosophy will generate organic growth through new investments in our mutual funds.

Expanding our distribution network to additional mutual fund supermarkets.

One of the ways that investors can buy shares of our mutual funds is through mutual fund supermarkets, principally Schwab, Fidelity, TD Ameritrade and Pershing. Mutual fund supermarkets can offer funds of many different investment companies to investors, often without a transaction fee or sales charge to the investor. Instead of charging a fee to investors, mutual fund supermarkets are reimbursed for their services by the applicable fund or that fund's investment advisor. This ability to purchase various mutual funds at no cost in a single location is very attractive to investors. Mutual fund supermarkets have been a significant source of our asset growth. Of the \$876 million of assets under management in our mutual funds as of September 30, 2008, approximately 67% of those assets came from mutual fund supermarkets. We see continued opportunities to form new relationships with mutual fund supermarkets, thereby enhancing the accessibility of our no-load mutual funds to investors.

Increasing our current base of investment professionals who utilize no-load mutual funds for their clients.

Investment professionals generally have a wide variety of investment products that they can recommend to their clients. A recommendation by an investment professional

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to a client to buy one of our mutual funds can be very influential to that client. Thus, we believe that expanding our current base of investment professionals who utilize no-load funds for their clients will help us increase the amount of assets that we manage, which will in turn increase our revenues.

Securing participation in the platforms of national full-service firms that permit their investment professionals to utilize no-load funds for their clients.

We will strive to continue developing relationships with national full-service firms that permit their investment professionals to offer no-load funds to their clients as a way to increase the amount of assets that we manage, which will in turn increase our revenues.

Pursuing selective acquisitions.

We selectively consider strategic acquisitions of management agreements of additional mutual funds. Through our acquisition strategy, we have added over \$832 million of net assets to our family of mutual funds over a period of approximately five years. We believe there are a number of attractive acquisition opportunities from smaller mutual fund managers who are reaching retirement age or whose investment strategy does not lend itself to the economies of scale inherent in our strictly quantitative approach. We have been able to offer lower overall expense ratios to the shareholders of acquired funds as well as improved performance.

Deliver strong, high quality financial results.

We seek to manage our investment management business to the highest regulatory, ethical and business standards while strenuously controlling costs and creating high margins for the Hennessy shareholders. Because we apply quantitative investment strategies, we have been able to rapidly increase assets under management, through both acquisitions and organic growth, while maintaining a small staff.

Increasing our distribution to new and existing clients.

We recently hired Kevin Rowell, who also serves as President of Hennessy Funds, to build a distribution plan to generate organic growth in our Funds. The core of the distribution team centers around: internal wholesaling, relationship management and investment research analysis. The distribution effort is supported by the marketing department by providing institutional quality advisor materials and heightened brand awareness. The distribution team is working on building and maintaining a database covering key platforms, delivering content to the analyst community and developing a research center website for our Funds.

## Marketing

We generate all of our operating revenues by providing management and shareholder services to the mutual funds. The revenues that we receive from the mutual funds are based on the amount of average daily net assets in the funds and thus, we can increase our revenues by growing the amount of net assets in the funds. One of the best ways we can grow the assets of the mutual funds is by delivering strong investment performance, which we believe should:

result in an increase in the value of existing assets in the funds;

encourage more investors to buy shares of our mutual funds and decrease the number of investors who redeem their shares and leave our mutual funds; and

motivate current investors to invest additional money in our mutual funds.

We have developed an aggressive public relations outreach program to target audiences we would otherwise be unable to address. Our public relations outreach program has resulted in Hennessy Funds being mentioned in national print and broadcast media an average of once every two to three days in such vehicles as CNBC, Fox News, The Wall Street Journal, The New York Times, Smart Money, Barron's, and Investors Business Daily, to name a few. To facilitate our presence in the media, we installed LiveStudio, an in-house studio providing Mr. Hennessy with a direct link to the media broadcasts he frequents. The LiveStudio was completed and placed in service as of March 2008.



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We also send quarterly information mailings, fund performance updates, news articles pertaining to the funds and commentaries from our portfolio manager, Neil J. Hennessy, to clients and prospective clients, and we exhibit at select investment advisor trade shows throughout the year.

### Acquisition Strategy and Market Opportunity

We believe that we are well positioned to experience organic growth, and possibly growth by acquisition, in the future. Our scalable business model allows us to increase our profit margins as assets under management grow, since we do not need to add personnel proportional to the increase in assets under management.

Together with organic growth, our growth strategy revolves around the acquisition of management agreements. An attractive acquisition target for us is a retail-oriented, no-load mutual fund with less than \$500 million in assets. We believe the regulatory burden imposed upon the mutual fund industry has compressed the margins of smaller mutual fund managers, making those managers more receptive to an acquisition. We believe that we are well positioned to benefit from these attractive acquisition trends and from the increasing supply of potential targets.

### Investment Strategy

Each of the Hennessy Funds employs a consistent and repeatable investment process, combining time-tested, purely quantitative stock selection formulas with a highly disciplined, team-managed approach. Our stock selection formulas have been tested over historical periods for hypothetical performance results, and we adhere to our proven formulas in all types of market conditions. A brief description of each of our mutual fund's objective and investment formula follows:

**Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund (HFCGX and HICGX).** The Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund seeks long-term growth of capital. While it has historically selected small cap companies, the formula may select mid and large cap companies. This fund screens a universe of stocks with a market capitalization of more than \$175 million, a price-to-sales ratio of less than 1.5, higher annual earnings than in the previous year and stock price appreciation, or positive relative strength, over the prior three- and six-month periods. The fund then invests in the 50 stocks with the highest one-year price appreciation.

**Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II (HENLX and HINLX).** The Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II seeks long-term capital appreciation. This fund utilizes the same investment formula as the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund but rebalances its portfolio at a different time of the year, in an effort to create as different a portfolio of stocks as possible.

**Hennessy Focus 30 Fund (HFTFX and HIFTX).** The Hennessy Focus 30 Fund seeks long-term growth of capital by investing in mid-cap, growth-oriented companies. This fund screens a universe of stocks with a market capitalization of between \$1 to \$10 billion, excluding American Depository Receipts, a price-to-sales ratio of less than 1.5, higher annual earnings than in the previous year and positive stock price appreciation over a three- and six-month period. The fund then invests in the 30 stocks with the highest one-year price appreciation.

**Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund (HFCVX and HICVX).** The Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund seeks total return, consisting of capital appreciation and current income, by investing in large, dividend-paying companies. This fund screens a universe of stocks with above average market capitalization, shares outstanding and cash flow, and 12-month sales that are at least 50% higher than average. The fund then invests in the 50 stocks with the highest dividend yield, which is calculated as the annual dividends paid by a company divided by the per share price of its stock.

**Hennessy Total Return Fund (HDOGX).** The Hennessy Total Return Fund seeks total return, consisting of capital appreciation and current income, by investing approximately 75% of its assets in the 10 highest dividend-yielding common stocks of the Dow Jones Industrial Average (commonly referred to as the Dogs of the Dow) and the remaining 25% in U.S. Treasury securities with a maturity of less than one year.

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Hennessy Balanced Fund (HBF BX). The Hennessy Balanced Fund seeks a combination of capital appreciation and current income by investing approximately fifty percent of its assets in the Dogs of the Dow stocks and approximately fifty percent in U.S. Treasury securities with a maturity of less than one year.

Historical Fund Investment Performance

The following table presents the average annualized returns for each of our mutual funds and the relevant benchmark indices for the one-year, three-year, five-year, ten-year and since inception periods ended September 30, 2008. Although we did not begin managing the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund and Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund until June 2000, we have included historical performance information for these funds from their inception date of November 1, 1996 because the previous investment manager to these funds managed the funds using the same strategies that we still use today. Returns are presented net of all expenses borne by mutual fund shareholders, but are not net of fees waived or expenses borne by us. The past investment performance of our mutual funds is no guarantee of future performance and all of these mutual funds have experienced negative performance over various time periods in the past and may do so again in the future:

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	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception (11/01/96)
<b>Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund</b>					
Institutional Class Share HICGX	-31.16%	-7.93%	2.85%	11.11%	10.19%
Original Class Share HFCGX	-31.29%	-7.99%	2.82%	11.09%	10.17%
S&P 400 Mid cap Index (2)(6)	-16.68%	1.78%	8.65%	10.29%	10.98%
S&P 500 (1)(2)	-21.98%	0.22%	5.17%	3.06%	6.08%
<b>Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II</b>					
Institutional Class Share HINLX	-41.05%	-12.46%	N/A	N/A	-11.64%
Original Class Share HENLX	-40.88%	-12.38%	N/A	N/A	-11.56%
Russell 2000 Growth Index (2)(3)	-17.07%	1.45%	N/A	N/A	3.13%
S&P 500 (1)(2)	-21.98%	0.22%	N/A	N/A	1.21%
<b>Hennessy Focus 30 Fund</b>					
Institutional Class Share HIFTX	-20.41%	0.40%	11.19%	N/A	10.10%
Original Class Share HFTFX	-20.25%	0.47%	11.23%	N/A	10.15%
S&P 400 Mid cap Index (2)(6)	-16.68%	1.78%	8.65%	N/A	7.99%
S&P 500 (1)(2)	-21.98%	0.22%	5.17%	N/A	4.52%
<b>Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund</b>					
Institutional Class Share HICVX	-31.83%	-3.67%	3.12%	4.10%	4.28%
Original Class Share HFCVX	-31.83%	-3.67%	3.12%	4.10%	4.28%
Russell 1000 Index (2)(4)	-22.10%	0.13%	5.49%	3.49%	6.27%
S&P 500 (1)(2)	-21.98%	0.22%	5.17%	3.06%	6.08%
<b>Hennessy Total Return Fund</b>					
Original Class Share HDOGX	-20.90%	1.94%	3.68%	2.51%	2.56%
Dow Jones Industrial Average (2)(5)	-19.85%	3.34%	5.60%	5.45%	4.08%
S&P 500 (1)(2)	-21.98%	0.22%	5.17%	3.06%	2.02%
<b>Hennessy Balanced Fund</b>					
Original Class Share HBFBX	-14.49%	1.96%	2.14%	2.14%	3.75%
Dow Jones Industrial Average (2)(5)	-19.85%	3.34%	5.60%	5.45%	7.76%
S&P 500 (1)(2)	-21.98%	0.22%	5.17%	3.06%	6.76%

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The performance shown for Institutional Class shares for the periods prior to March 3, 2008 represents the performance of the Original Class shares of each of the Funds. The inception dates of the Original Class shares are noted above, while the Institutional Class shares were first offered on March 3, 2008. Performance of the Institutional Class shares will differ from that of the Original Class shares to the extent that the classes have different expenses.

- (1) The S&P 500 is the Standard & Poor's Composite Index of 500 stocks, a widely recognized index of U.S. stocks.
  - (2) Reflects no deduction for fees or expenses.
  - (3) The Russell 2000 Index is a recognized small-cap index of the 2,000 smallest stocks of the Russell 3000 Index, which is comprised of the 3,000 largest U.S. stocks as determined by total market capitalization.
  - (4) The Russell 1000 Value Index is a recognized large-cap index of U.S. stocks.
  - (5) The Dow Jones Industrial Average is an index of common stocks comprised of major industrial companies and assumes reinvestment of dividends.
  - (6) The S&P Mid-cap 400 Index is a recognized mid-cap index of U.S. stocks.
- Development of New Investment Strategies

We begin developing new investment strategies by identifying client needs and reviewing asset allocation tables to determine where we can augment our family of mutual funds. Once we identify an attractive market segment, we develop a new investment strategy by screening the appropriate universe of stocks with a set of parameters that we believe identify stocks that will produce higher long-term returns with lower associated risk than their relative indices. We introduce new investment strategies into the marketplace by opening and directly marketing a new mutual fund, by acquiring the management agreement for an existing mutual fund and implementing our new strategy or by changing the investment strategy of one of our existing funds.

### Competition

We face substantial competition in the investment management industry. The investment management industry is characterized by a relatively low cost of entry and by the formation of new investment management entities that may compete directly with us. We compete directly with a large number of global and U.S. investment advisors, commercial banks, brokerage firms, broker-dealers, insurance companies and other financial institutions. These institutions range from small boutique firms to large financial service complexes. We compete on a wide variety of factors, including:

investment performance of our mutual funds;

expense ratio of our mutual funds;

product offerings;

quality of service;

brand recognition; and

business reputation.

We are considered a small investment management firm. Many competing firms are part of larger financial services companies and have greater marketing, financial, technical, research and other capabilities. Most larger firms offer a broader range of financial services than we do and compete with us for retail and institutional clients. Nonetheless, we have learned to compete successfully with these firms by creating unique investment strategies and by branding our investment style through public relations and outstanding customer service.



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Our mutual funds also face competition, primarily from nationally and regionally distributed funds that offer equivalent financial products with returns equal to or greater than those we offer. The competition for new investors is intense, but we feel that by increasing our mutual funds distribution channels and continuing to brand our investment style, we can capture portions of the available investment business.

### Regulation

Virtually all aspects of our business are subject to federal and state laws and regulations. These laws and regulations are intended to protect shareholders of registered investment companies and clients of registered investment advisors. We believe that we are in compliance in all material respects with all laws and regulations.

We are registered as an investment advisor with the Securities and Exchange Commission ( SEC ). As a registered investment advisor, we must comply with the requirements of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940 and related SEC regulations. Such requirements relate to, among other things, fiduciary duties to clients, engaging in transactions with clients, maintaining an effective compliance program, solicitation arrangements, conflicts of interest, advertising, limitations on agency cross and principal transactions between an advisor and advisory clients, recordkeeping and reporting requirements, disclosure requirements and general anti-fraud provisions. Our mutual funds are registered with the SEC under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Investment Company Act of 1940 imposes additional obligations on both the funds and the advisor, including detailed operational requirements. The SEC is authorized to institute proceedings and impose sanctions for violations of the Investment Advisors Act and Investment Company Act, ranging from fines and censures to termination of an investment advisor's registration. Our failure to comply with the SEC requirements could have a material adverse effect on us. We believe we are in compliance with SEC requirements.

In response to the 2001 to 2004 scandals in the financial services industry regarding late trading, market timing and the selective disclosure of portfolio information, the U.S. Congress and the various regulatory agencies that supervise our operations have adopted various legislative and regulatory proposals. The SEC, other regulators and Congress continue to investigate certain practices in our industry. In addition, we are subject to periodic examination by the SEC under SEC rules and regulations. The most recent SEC examination occurred in August, 2007 for the period of January 1, 2005 to June 30, 2007. The findings of the examination were minor in nature and had no effect on our financial statements.

At the end of 2003, the SEC adopted rules requiring investment advisors and investment companies to adopt written compliance programs designed to prevent violations of the federal securities laws. These compliance programs must be reviewed annually for adequacy and effectiveness. Investment advisors and investment companies must also designate a chief compliance officer to implement the compliance policies and procedures and to report directly to the fund's board of directors or trustees.

Over the past several years, Congress has occasionally advanced the ideas of eliminating asset-based distribution fees or Rule 12b-1 fees for open-end funds. The changes could prohibit revenue sharing, which allows a mutual fund company to pay for shelf space at brokerage firms or other intermediaries selling mutual shares. Although such reforms have been advanced, they have not been adopted. Should adoption occur, it may become more expensive for us to distribute and manage our mutual funds.

Because many regulations are subject to varying interpretations, our firm's compliance with these regulations subjects it to a number of risks. Regulators make periodic examinations and review annual, monthly and other reports on our operations, track record and financial condition. In the event that we violate or fail to comply with an applicable law or regulation, governmental regulators may institute administrative or judicial proceedings against us that could result in censures, fines, compensation orders, civil penalties, criminal penalties, the issuance of cease-and-desist orders, the deregistration or suspension of our firm, the suspension or

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disqualification of our officers or employees and other adverse consequences. We have not experienced any such penalties to date. Such violations or non-compliance could also subject us and/or our employees to civil actions by private persons.

### **EMPLOYEES**

As of September 30, 2008, Hennessy Advisors, Inc. employed fourteen full-time employees.

Neil J. Hennessy is the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Portfolio Manager, as well as President of Hennessy Advisors. Teresa M. Nilsen is an Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and a Director. Daniel B. Steadman is an Executive Vice President in charge of expansion and a Director. Frank Ingarra is responsible for stock trading and is the Co-Portfolio Manager of our mutual funds. Other employees include Kevin Rowell, President of Hennessy Funds; Tania Kelley, Marketing Director; Harry Thomas, Chief Compliance Officer; Brian Peery, Director of Research; Adam Pennacchio, Research Analyst; Kathryn Walwyn, Controller; Ana Miner, Operations Specialist; Joseph Fahy, Relationship Manager; Michelle Hennessy, Sales Associate; and Lauren Puliafico, Receptionist.

### **ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

#### **Risks relating to our business**

Our revenues decline when the value of the securities held by the mutual funds we manage declines.

We derive all of our operating revenues from management and shareholder servicing fees paid to us by the mutual funds we manage. These fees are calculated as a percentage of the average daily net assets of our mutual funds and vary from fund to fund. The securities markets are inherently volatile and may be affected by factors beyond our control, including global economic conditions, interest rate fluctuations, inflation rate increases and other factors, such as the sub-prime lending crisis, that are difficult to predict. Volatility in the securities markets, and the equity markets in particular, has reduced the net assets of our mutual funds and consequently reduced our revenues, and could continue to do so in the future. In addition to declines in the equity markets, failure of these markets to sustain prior levels of growth or continued short-term volatility in these markets has resulted in investors withdrawing their investments from our mutual funds and decreasing their rate of investment, both of which have adversely affected our revenues. This risk is further discussed and quantified in Item 7A in this Annual Report to form 10-K.

Investors in our mutual funds can redeem their investments in our funds at any time and for any reason, including poor investment performance. This adversely affects our revenues.

Fund investors may redeem their investments in any of our mutual funds at any time and for any reason without prior notice. Investors may also reduce the total amount of assets that they have invested with us for a number of reasons, including our investment performance, changes in prevailing interest rates and financial market performance. Success in the investment management and mutual fund business is dependent on investment performance, as well as distribution and client servicing. If our mutual funds perform poorly compared to the mutual funds of other investment management firms, we may experience a decrease in purchases of shares of our mutual funds and an increase in redemptions of shares of our mutual funds. A decrease in the net assets of our mutual funds adversely affects our revenues.

Adverse opinions of our mutual funds by third party rating agencies or industry analysts could decrease new investments in or accelerate redemptions from our mutual funds, which adversely affects our revenues.

Many investors rely heavily on the opinions of third party rating agencies and industry analysts when making decisions to purchase or redeem shares of mutual funds. Adverse opinions regarding our mutual funds could erode investor confidence, potentially

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leading to a decrease in new investments and an increase in redemptions, thereby reducing the net assets of our mutual funds. A decrease in the net assets of our mutual funds adversely affects our revenues.

Investor behavior is influenced by short-term investment performance of mutual funds. Poor short-term performance of our mutual funds could cause a decrease in new investments in or accelerate redemptions from our mutual funds, which adversely affects our revenues.

Investor behavior may be based on many factors, including short-term investment performance. Poor short-term performance of our mutual funds, irrespective of longer-term success, could potentially lead to a decrease in new investments and an increase in redemptions, thereby reducing the net assets of our mutual funds. A decrease in the net assets of our mutual funds adversely affects our revenues.

We utilize quantitative investment strategies that require us to invest in specific portfolios of securities and hold these positions for approximately one year. Entering into, maintaining or liquidating one or more of these positions in accordance with our investment strategies could have a material adverse effect on the performance of our mutual funds.

We adhere to the investment strategies for each of our mutual funds during the annual rebalancing period and throughout the course of the year. Adhering to our investment strategies during the annual rebalancing of our mutual funds may result in the elimination of better performing assets from our funds' portfolios and an increase in investments with relatively lower total return. Additionally, we will maintain a position in a relatively poorly performing security throughout the course of the portfolio holding period. Either of these actions could result in relatively lower performance of our mutual funds and adversely affect the net assets of our mutual funds. A decrease in the net assets of our mutual funds adversely affects our revenues.

We depend upon Neil J. Hennessy to manage our business. The loss of Mr. Hennessy may adversely affect our business and financial condition.

Our success is largely dependent on the skills, experience and performance of key personnel, particularly Neil J. Hennessy, our chairman of the board, chief executive officer and president. Mr. Hennessy is primarily responsible for the marketing and management of the portfolio of each of our mutual funds, developing new investment strategies and executing each existing fund's investment program. Mr. Hennessy is also our spokesperson and spearheads our marketing and public relations campaign. The loss of Mr. Hennessy could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our business is extensively regulated and our failure to comply with regulatory requirements may harm our financial condition.

Our business is subject to extensive regulation in the United States, particularly by the SEC. Our failure to comply with applicable laws or regulations could result in fines, suspensions of personnel or other sanctions, including revocation of our registration as an investment advisor. The mutual fund industry has undergone increased scrutiny by the SEC and state regulators for the past several years, resulting in numerous enforcement actions, sweep examinations, and new rules and rule proposals. These actions have increased our costs in managing our mutual funds, and we could continue to experience higher costs if new rules and other regulatory actions or legislation require us to spend more time, hire additional personnel or buy new technology to comply with these rules and laws. Additional changes in laws or regulations, the interpretation or enforcement of existing laws and rules or governmental policies could also have a material adverse effect on us by limiting the sources of our revenues and increasing our costs. Our business may be materially affected not only by securities regulations, but also by regulations of general application. For example, the amount of net assets in our mutual funds in a given time period could be affected by, among other things, existing and proposed tax legislation and other governmental regulations and policies, including the interest rate policies of the Federal Reserve Board.

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Our management activities are also subject to contractual commitments and our mutual fund business involves compliance with numerous investment, asset valuation, distribution and tax requirements. Failure to adhere to these requirements could result in losses that a client could recover from us. We have installed procedures and utilize the services of experienced administrators, accountants and lawyers to assist in satisfying these requirements. However, there can be no assurance that these precautions will protect us from potential liabilities.

The costs of full compliance with new securities regulations may increase expenses and reduce earnings.

In order to comply with securities regulations, we may have additional expenses beyond our control, which may have a substantial impact on earnings per share. In October 2004, we hired a chief compliance officer as required by Rule 206(4)-7 of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940. Under Rule 38a-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, which pertains to mutual fund companies, our mutual funds were also required to hire a chief compliance officer. The individual serving as our chief compliance officer was also hired by our mutual funds to serve as their chief compliance officer. The mutual fund directors or trustees set the compensation for their chief compliance officer, but we have agreed to bear all of the related compensation expense.

In addition to requiring the hiring of a chief compliance officer, Rule 206(4)-7 of the Investment Advisors Act of 1940 required that we adopt written compliance policies and procedures. Under Rule 38a-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, our mutual funds were also required to adopt written compliance policies and procedures, including policies and procedures that provide for oversight of the funds' key service providers, including us. We may experience increases in audit, legal, internal technology and other expenses associated with Sarbanes-Oxley regulations, especially as they relate to internal controls and compliance with financial reporting.

Management contracts acquired by the Company are indefinite life assets subject to impairment analysis. The impairment analysis is based on subjective criteria, and an impairment loss could be recorded.

The management contracts acquired by the Company, currently a \$19.4 million asset on the balance sheet, are considered intangible assets with an indefinite useful life. The Company periodically reviews the carrying value of management contracts acquired to determine if any impairment has occurred. The analysis is based on anticipated future cash flows, which are calculated based on assets under management. Although the contracts are not currently impaired, there is always a possibility of impairment in the future, which could require the Company to write-off all or a portion of the contracts. A write-off, depending on the amount, could have a significant impact on earnings per share.

Acquisitions involve inherent risks that could adversely affect our operating results and financial condition as well as dilute the holdings of current shareholders.

As part of our business strategy, we intend to pursue additional acquisitions of management agreements for other mutual funds. Future acquisitions of management agreements would be accompanied by risks including, among others:

inability to secure enough affirmative votes to gain approval from the target fund's shareholders of a proposed acquisition;

the loss of mutual fund assets through redemptions by shareholders of newly acquired mutual funds;

higher than anticipated acquisition costs and expenses;

the potential diversion of our management's time and attention; and

dilution to our shareholders if the acquisition is made with our common stock.

If one or more of these risks occur, we may be unable to successfully complete an acquisition of a management agreement, we may experience an impairment of management agreement valuations and we may not achieve the expected return on investment. Any of these results could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.



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Our management and shareholder servicing agreements can be terminated on short notice and are subject to annual renewals.

We generate all of our operating revenues from our management and shareholder servicing agreements covering our mutual funds. Management and shareholder servicing agreements covering our mutual funds are terminable without penalty on 60 days notice and must be approved at least annually by a majority of each fund's board of directors or trustees and a majority of the disinterested members of each fund's board of directors or trustees. If any of these management or shareholder servicing agreements are terminated or not renewed, our revenues would substantially decline.

We face intense competition in attracting investors and retaining net assets in our mutual funds.

The investment management business is intensely competitive. We are considered a small investment management company, but must compete with a large number of global and U.S. investment advisors, commercial banks, brokerage firms, broker-dealers, insurance companies and other financial institutions for investors in our mutual funds. Many organizations are attempting to market to and service the same investors as we do, not only with mutual fund products and services, but also with a wide range of other financial products and services. Many of our competitors have greater marketing, financial, technical, research, distribution and other capabilities than we do and offer more product lines and services. These competitors would tend to have a substantial advantage over us during periods when our investment performance is not strong enough to counter these competitors' greater resources or due to a wide variety of other factors, such as the expense ratios of our mutual funds or our small number of mutual funds. If we are not able to attract investors and retain net assets in our mutual funds, our revenues could decline and our business, financial condition and results of operations would suffer.

Assets invested through mutual fund supermarkets have a higher risk of redemption due to more accessibility to alternative investment options.

The mutual fund assets held through mutual fund supermarkets, as opposed to assets directly invested in our mutual funds, can be more easily moved to investments in funds outside of our fund family. Mutual fund supermarkets are attractive to investors because of the ease of accessibility to a variety of funds, but this causes the investments to be more sensitive to fluctuations in performance, especially in the short-term. Our most recent asset acquisition (the Henlopen fund in July 2005) was largely an acquisition of assets held at mutual fund supermarkets, which has increased our risk of redemptions. If we are not able to retain the investor assets held through mutual fund supermarkets, it will cause decreased net assets in our mutual funds; as a result, our revenues could decline and our business, financial condition and results of operations would suffer.

Market pressure to lower our management fees could reduce our profit margin.

To the extent we are forced to compete on the basis of the management fees we charge our mutual funds, we may not be able to maintain our current fee structure. Historically, we have competed primarily on the performance of our mutual funds and not on the level of our management fees relative to those of our competitors. In recent years, however, there has been a trend toward lower fees in some segments of the investment management industry. In order for us to maintain our fee structure in a competitive environment, we must be able to provide our mutual fund shareholders with investment returns and service that will encourage them to invest in the mutual funds that pay our fees. We cannot be assured that we will succeed in providing investment returns that will allow us to maintain our current fee structure. Fee reductions on existing or future business could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

We may be required to forego all or a portion of our fees under our management agreements covering our mutual funds.

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The board of directors or trustees of each of our mutual funds must make certain findings regarding the reasonableness of our fees. We monitor ratios of expenses to average daily net assets and waive management fees that we would otherwise receive from, or reimburse expenses incurred by, our mutual funds if we believe that our expense ratios might lead fund investors to redeem their shares in our mutual funds in order to seek lower expense ratios with other fund managers.

Changes in mutual fund supermarkets' fee structures could reduce our revenues, increase our expenses and slow our growth.

We derive a significant portion of our sales through individual investors and investment advisors who utilize mutual fund supermarkets. Mutual fund supermarkets provide services to their customers, but instead of charging their customers for these services, they charge us and our mutual funds. Fees paid to mutual fund supermarkets may increase in the future. Higher payments to mutual fund supermarkets by us or our mutual funds could increase our expenses or reduce our revenues by decreasing our assets under management, either of which could slow our growth.

We depend on third party investment professionals and the distribution channels they utilize to market our mutual funds.

Our ability to distribute our mutual funds is highly dependent on access to the retail distribution systems and client bases of third party investment professionals that also offer competing investment products. These investment professionals who recommend our mutual funds may reduce or eliminate their involvement in marketing our funds at any time, or may elect to emphasize the investment products of competing sponsors or the proprietary products of their own firms. In addition, an investment professional may only distribute our mutual funds for so long as we continue to participate in the platforms of national full-service firms that permit their investment professionals to utilize no-load funds for their clients. These firms can terminate their relationships with us on short notice, limiting our participation in these platforms. Either of these events could cause the net assets of our mutual funds to decline, which would decrease our revenues and have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

### ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

### ITEM 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

Our principal executive offices are located at 7250 Redwood Boulevard, Suite 200, Novato, California 94945, where we occupy approximately 13,728 square feet and have the right to use all common areas. The term expires on September 30, 2010, with one five-year extension available.

### ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

### ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

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## PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY  
SECURITIES  
MARKET INFORMATION

Our common stock is traded on the OTC Bulletin Board under the trading symbol HNNA.OB. Our stock began trading July 15, 2002.

The following table sets forth the high and low sales prices for our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board for the periods indicated. All per share amounts have been restated to reflect a 3-for-2 stock split that occurred on March 7, 2007:

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008	Price Range		Dividends Paid per Share
	High	Low	
First Quarter	\$ 13.00	\$ 8.56	
Second Quarter	12.00	5.25	\$ 0.09(1)
Third Quarter	8.50	5.00	
Fourth Quarter	6.20	3.60	

  

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2007	Price Range		Dividends Paid per Share
	High	Low	
First Quarter	\$ 16.95	\$ 14.95	
Second Quarter	17.33	15.29	\$ 0.08(2)
Third Quarter	15.50	13.00	
Fourth Quarter	13.00	10.00	

(1) We paid a cash dividend on March 7, 2008 of \$0.09 per share.

(2) We paid a cash dividend on March 7, 2007 of \$0.08 per share.

On October 29, 2008, the last reported sale price of our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board was \$3.25 per share.



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**STOCK PERFORMANCE GRAPH**

The following graph compares total stockholder returns of Hennessy Advisors, Inc. for the five-year period ended September 30, 2008, with the total returns of the Dow Jones Select MicroCap Index and an index of our identified peer group. The graph assumes that \$100 was invested September 30, 2003 in Hennessy Advisors, Inc. stock and equally across all stocks included in the indices, and covers the period through September 30, 2008. Total return includes reinvestment of all dividends.

The Dow Jones Select MircoCap ( DJSM ) Index is a composite of 250 publicly traded stocks whose market capitalizations fall within a range defined by the bottom two deciles of NYSE stocks. The stocks are screened by trading volume and financial indicators such as P/E ratio, trailing price/sales ratio, operations profit margins, per-share profit change for the previous quarter, and six-month total return to represent micro-cap stocks trading on the New York Stock Exchange. The DJSM Index was first published in June 2005, but includes results prior to this date based on back-tested information. The DJSM Index represents the closest available index to the Hennessy Advisors, Inc. stock based on the relatively low market capitalization and trading volume of the included stocks.

The peer group index includes other publicly traded asset management firms similar in nature to Hennessy Advisors, Inc. The following companies are included in the peer group: Eaton Vance, Janus Capital, T. Rowe Price, Blackrock, Franklin Resources, Gamco Investors, Federated Investors, Legg Mason, Calamos Asset Management, and Cohen & Steers. Calamos Asset Management began trading on October 27, 2004, and is therefore excluded from years ended September 30, 2004 and 2005. Cohen and Steers began trading on August 12, 2004, and is therefore excluded from year ended September 30, 2004. The returns of the peers are weighted based on their respective market capitalizations.

**HOLDERS**

As of October 6, 2008, there were 165 holders of record of Common Stock of the Company. The 165 holders of record include several brokerage firm accounts which represent about 500 additional individual shareholders for an approximate total of about 765 shareholders as of October 6, 2008.

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## DIVIDENDS

We paid a cash dividend of \$0.09 per share on March 7, 2008.

The declaration and payment of dividends to holders of our common stock by us, if any, are subject to the discretion of our board of directors. Our board of directors will take into account such matters as general economic and business conditions, our strategic plans, our financial results and condition, contractual, legal and regulatory restrictions on the payment of dividends by us, and such other factors as our board of directors may consider relevant.

## PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY THE ISSUER AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS

We purchased shares underlying vested RSU s throughout the year from employees to provide withholding and tax payments on behalf of our employees. The stock repurchases are presented in the following for the quarter ended September 30, 2008:

Period	Total number of shares purchased (a)	Average price paid per share (b)	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (3) (c)	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (3) (d)
On the vesting date of August 2, 2008 (1)	312	\$ 5.30	0	0
Total (2)	312	\$ 5.30	0	0

- (1) The shares repurchased on August 2, 2008 were repurchased, according to the employee s instructions, to pay for tax expense and withholding on the compensation recognized for vested RSU s, granted on August 2, 2006.
- (2) The total shares repurchased were purchased at a weighted average price of \$5.30 per share.
- (3) The share repurchase was not completed pursuant to a plan or program, and is therefore not subject to a maximum per a plan or program. The share repurchase was done at the employee s request to pay for tax expense and withholding on behalf of the employee.

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## ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following financial information is derived from the Company's audited consolidated financial statements, included in the Company's annual reports, and should be read in conjunction therewith.

<b>Hennessy Advisors. Inc.</b>					
<b>Financial Highlights</b>					
<b>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</b>					
<b>Years Ended September 30,</b>					
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>
<b>Income Statement Data:</b>					
Revenue	\$ 10,275	\$ 16,072	\$ 16,934	\$ 11,997	\$ 9,545
Net Income	\$ 1,611	\$ 4,133	\$ 4,403	\$ 3,139	\$ 2,765
<b>Balance Sheet Data:</b>					
Total Assets	\$ 34,335	\$ 35,704	\$ 33,107	\$ 29,107	\$ 19,914
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,788	\$ 13,760	\$ 10,360	\$ 6,291	\$ 4,568
Long-Term Debt	\$ 4,417	\$ 6,508	\$ 8,599	\$ 10,690	\$ 6,208
<b>Per Share Data:</b>					
<b>Earnings per share:</b>					
Basic	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.57	\$ 0.50
Diluted	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.48
Cash dividends declared	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.04	

## ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Forward Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the securities laws, for which we claim the protection of the safe harbors for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include statements about, among other things, assets under management, our anticipated financial performance, business prospects, new developments and similar matters, and statements preceded by, followed by or including the words expect, anticipate, intend, may, plan, will, should, believe, estimate, predict, project, continue, seek or similar expressions. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events, based on information currently available to us. Forward-looking statements should not be read as a guarantee of future performance or results, and will not necessarily be accurate indications of the times at, or means by, which such performance or results will be achieved. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including those described in the section entitled Risks Relating to Our Business and elsewhere in this report that could cause actual performance or results to differ substantially from those expressed in or suggested by the forward-looking statements.

Factors that may affect the Company's actual results include those described in Item 1A under Risks Relating to Our Business. There is no regulation requiring an update of any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this report and prior to our next Form 10-Q to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations.

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## Overview

We derive our operating revenues from management fees and shareholder servicing fees paid to us by the Hennessy Funds. These fees are calculated as a percentage of the average daily net assets in each of our mutual funds and vary from fund to fund. The fees we receive fluctuate with changes in the total net asset value of the assets in our mutual funds, which are affected by our investment performance, our completed acquisitions of management agreements, market conditions and the success of our marketing and distribution efforts. Total assets under management were \$876 million as of September 30, 2008.

The assets we manage have decreased as a result of net fund outflows and market depreciation. The following table illustrates the change by quarter in assets under management since the beginning of fiscal year 2006:

	Assets Under Management At Each Quarter End in Fiscal Year 2008			
	12/31/2007	3/31/2008	6/30/2008	9/30/2008
	(In Thousands)			
Beginning assets under management	\$ 1,720,763	\$ 1,425,531	\$ 1,098,695	\$ 1,094,791
Organic inflows	32,911	76,398	63,237	92,452
Redemptions	(242,867)	(199,018)	(105,092)	(85,497)
Market appreciation (depreciation)	(85,276)	(204,216)	37,951	(225,677)
Ending assets under management	\$ 1,425,531	\$ 1,098,695	\$ 1,094,791	\$ 876,069

	Assets Under Management At Each Quarter End in Fiscal Year 2007			
	12/31/2006	3/31/2007	6/30/2007	9/30/2007
	(In thousands)			
Beginning assets under management	\$ 2,056,253	\$ 2,032,736	\$ 1,899,944	\$ 1,913,870
Organic inflows	102,584	84,162	78,320	55,024
Redemptions	(296,568)	(259,026)	(200,095)	(161,591)
Market appreciation (depreciation)	170,467	42,072	135,701	(86,540)
Ending assets under management	\$ 2,032,736	\$ 1,899,944	\$ 1,913,870	\$ 1,720,763

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A significant portion of our expenses, including employee compensation, are fixed and have historically demonstrated minimal variation. To implement our business strategy, we have increased our staffing. As a result, our fixed expenses have increased in the current year. Additionally, we have had decreasing revenues, causing our fixed costs to become a larger percent of revenues and therefore further decreasing our profitability.

The principal asset on our balance sheet, management contracts net of accumulated amortization, represents the capitalized costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of management agreements. This asset had a net balance of \$19.4 million as of September 30, 2008.

The principal liability on our balance sheet is the long-term bank debt incurred in connection with the acquisition of management agreements for the Lindner and Henlopen Funds. As of September 30, 2008, this liability, including the current portion of long-term debt, had a balance of \$6.5 million.

**RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following table sets forth information about components of our revenue and expense for the periods shown:

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	Fiscal Years Ended September 30,			
	2008		2007	
	(In thousands, except percentages)			
	Amounts	Percent of Total Revenue	Amounts	Percent of Total Revenue
<b>Revenue:</b>				
Investment advisory fees	\$ 9,025	87.8%	\$ 14,204	88.4%
Shareholder service fees	1,211	11.8	1,847	11.5
Other	39	0.4	21	0.1
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>10,275</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>16,072</b>	<b>100.0</b>
<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
Compensation and benefits	3,032	29.5	3,320	20.7
General and administrative	2,181	21.2	1,885	11.7
Mutual fund distribution	1,799	17.5	3,078	19.2
Amortization and depreciation	527	5.2	656	4.0
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>7,539</b>	<b>73.4</b>	<b>8,939</b>	<b>55.6</b>
Operating income	2,736	26.6	7,133	44.4
Interest expense	388	3.8	738	4.6
Other income	(407)	(4.0)	(524)	(3.2)
<b>Income before income tax expense</b>	<b>2,755</b>	<b>26.8</b>	<b>6,919</b>	<b>43.0</b>
Income tax expense	1,144	11.1	2,786	17.3
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 1,611</b>	<b>15.7%</b>	<b>\$ 4,133</b>	<b>25.7%</b>

Revenues: Total revenue decreased by \$5.8 million, or 36.1%, in the year ended September 30, 2008, from \$16.1 million in the prior fiscal year, primarily due to decreased assets under management. Investment management fees decreased by \$5.2 million, or 36.5%, in the year ended September 30, 2008, from \$14.2 million in the prior fiscal year, and shareholder service fees decreased by \$0.6 million, or 34.4%, in the year ended September 30, 2008, from \$1.8 million in the prior fiscal year. These decreases resulted from decreases in the average daily net assets of our mutual funds, which can differ considerably from total net assets of our mutual funds at the end of an accounting period. Total net assets in our mutual funds decreased by \$844.7 million, or 49.1%, as of September 30, 2008, from \$1.721 billion as of the end of the prior fiscal year. This decrease in the net assets of our mutual funds resulted from redemptions of \$632.5 million and market depreciation of \$477.2 million, partly offset by inflows of \$265 million. In comparison, from September 30, 2006 to September 30, 2007, cash inflows to our mutual funds were \$320.1 million, market appreciation was \$261.7 million, and redemptions were \$917.3 million. The amount of redemptions decreased by \$284.8 million for the one year period ending September 30, 2008 as compared to the one year period ending September 30, 2007, but redemptions as a percentage of assets under management for the year ended September 30, 2008 increased to an average of 4.0% per month from 3.9% per month in the prior fiscal year.

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**Operating Expenses:** Total operating expenses decreased by \$1.4 million, or 15.7%, in the year ended September 30, 2008, from \$8.9 million in the prior fiscal year. The decrease resulted from decreased compensation and benefits expense, mutual fund distribution costs and amortization and depreciation expense. As a percentage of total revenue, total operating expenses increased by 17.8% to 73.4% in the year ended September 30, 2008, compared to 55.6% in the prior fiscal year.

**Compensation and Benefits Expense:** Compensation and benefits decreased by \$0.3 million, or 8.7%, in the year ended September 30, 2008, from \$3.3 million in the prior fiscal year. The decrease primarily resulted from decreased bonus accruals, which are calculated based on income before tax, which is lower in the current year. As a percentage of total revenue, compensation and benefits increased by 8.8% to 29.5% for the year ended September 30, 2008, compared to 20.7% in the prior fiscal year.

**General and Administrative Expenses:** General and administrative expense increased by \$0.3 million, or 15.7%, in the year ended September 30, 2008, from \$1.9 million in the prior fiscal year, primarily due to increased professional service expense. As a percentage of total revenue, general and administrative expense increased by 9.5% to 21.2% in the year ended September 30, 2008, from 11.7% in the prior fiscal year.

**Mutual Fund Distribution Expense:** Distribution expenses decreased by \$1.3 million, or 41.6%, in the year ended September 30, 2008 from \$3.1 million in the prior fiscal year. As a percentage of total revenue, distribution expenses decreased by 1.7% to 17.5% for the year ended September 30, 2008, compared to 19.2% in the prior fiscal year. The proportion of assets held through mutual fund supermarkets decreased in relation to assets held at other financial institutions primarily as a result of a higher rate of redemptions through mutual fund supermarkets than through mutual funds held directly or at other financial institutions.

**Amortization and Depreciation Expense:** Amortization and depreciation expense decreased \$0.1 million in the year ended September 30, 2008, from \$0.7 million in the prior fiscal year, resulting from the non-compete agreement being fully amortized as of the end of the third quarter in the current fiscal year.

**Interest Expense:** Interest expense decreased \$0.4 million or 47.4% during the year ended September 30, 2008 from \$0.7 million in the prior fiscal year. The decrease is a result of the loan amendment (effective February 1, 2007) decreasing the interest rate to prime less one percent as well as continued principal payments of \$0.2 million per month throughout the current year. As a percentage of total revenue, interest expense decreased by 0.8% to 3.8% in the year ended September 30, 2008, from 4.6% in the prior fiscal year.

**Other Income:** Other income decreased \$0.1 million or 22.3% during the year ended September 30, 2008 from \$0.5 million in the prior fiscal year. Other income of \$0.4 million in the current fiscal year is mainly due to interest income earned on our cash balance, which has decreased by \$1.0 million from prior year.

**Income Taxes:** The provision for income taxes decreased by \$1.6 million, or 58.9%, in the year ended September 30, 2008, from \$2.8 million in the prior fiscal year.

**Net Income:** Net income decreased by \$2.5 million, or 61.0%, in the year ended September 30, 2008, compared to \$4.1 million in the prior fiscal year, as a result of the factors discussed above.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have and have not had any off-balance sheet arrangements.

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## Liquidity and Capital Resources

We continually review our capital requirements to ensure that we have sufficient funding available to support our growth strategies. Management anticipates that cash and other liquid assets on hand as of September 30, 2008 will be sufficient to meet our short-term capital requirements. To the extent that liquid resources and cash provided by operations are not adequate to meet long-term capital requirements, management plans to raise additional capital through debt or equity markets. There can be no assurance that we will be able to borrow funds or raise additional equity.

Total assets as of September 30, 2008 were \$34.3 million, which was a decrease of \$1.4 million, or 3.8%, from September 30, 2007. Property and equipment and management agreements acquired totaled \$19.7 million as of September 30, 2008. Our remaining assets are very liquid, consisting primarily of cash and receivables derived from mutual fund asset management activities. As of September 30, 2008, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$12.8 million.

Dividend Payments. On March 7, 2008, we paid a cash dividend of \$0.09 per common share. The total payment from cash on hand was \$0.5 million.

Our Bank Loan. We have an outstanding bank loan with U.S. Bank National Association. We incurred \$7.9 million of indebtedness in connection with acquiring the management agreements for the Lindner Funds and an additional \$6.7 million of indebtedness in connection with acquiring the management agreement for The Henlopen Fund (now known as the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II). The indebtedness we incurred to acquire the management agreement of The Henlopen Fund was rolled into a single loan with the indebtedness we incurred to acquire the management agreements of the Lindner Funds. As of September 30, 2008, we had \$6.5 million of principal outstanding under our bank loan, which bears interest at U.S. Bank National Association's prime rate, as set by U.S. Bank National Association from time to time, less one percent (5.00% as of May 1, 2008). The loan agreement requires us to make 64 monthly payments in the approximate amount of \$0.2 million, plus interest, with the final installment of the then outstanding principal and interest due on September 30, 2010.

## Contractual Obligations

The following table sets forth our contractual obligations as of September 30, 2008, consisting of loan payments, including the related interest payments due, and operating leases:

	Total	Payments due by period (in thousands)			
		Less Than 1 Year	1 3 Years	3 5 Years	More Than 5 Years
Principal on long-term debt	4,417	1,916	2,501		
Interest on long-term debt (1)	360	207	153		
Operating lease (2)	158	47	111		
Operating lease (3)	855	370	485		
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 5,790</b>	<b>\$ 2,540</b>	<b>\$ 3,250</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$</b>

- (1) The interest payable on the long-term debt is calculated at the current effective rate of prime less one percent, or 4.00%, based on the prime rate of 5.00% set as of May 1, 2008.



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- (2) This lease is for office space located at One Landmark Square, Suite 424, Stamford, Connecticut 06901.  
(2) This lease is for our principal executive office located at 7250 Redwood Boulevard, Suite 200, Novato, California 94945.  
Critical Accounting Policies

Accounting policies, methods, and estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based upon management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience with regard to past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting policies, methods, and estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgment.

The management agreements acquired by the Company are considered intangible assets with an indefinite life. In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Statement No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. FASB No. 142 addresses financial accounting and reporting for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets and supersedes APB No. 17, Intangible Assets. Under FASB Statement No. 142, goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested at least annually for impairment. We fully implemented the provisions of FASB Statement No. 142 on October 1, 2002, at which time we ceased amortization of these intangible assets. Impairment analysis is conducted quarterly and coincides with our quarterly and annual financial reporting. Based on our detailed assessment of current fair market value, the value of the management agreements acquired has not been impaired. If future valuations in the marketplace decline, the valuation of management agreements acquired may become impaired and net earnings would be negatively impacted by the resulting impairment adjustment.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July, 2006, the FASB issued Financial Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes—an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48), which is a change in accounting for income taxes. FIN 48 provides guidance on the threshold for recognizing, presenting and disclosing tax positions taken or expected to be taken in financial statements. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material effect on our financial statements or results of operations.

In October, 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements (FAS 157). This standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities. FAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of FAS 157 did not have a material effect on our financial statements or results of operations.

In December, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141R, Business Combinations (FAS 141R). FAS 141R amends FAS 141 and provides revised guidance for recognizing and measuring identifiable assets and goodwill acquired, liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquired business. It also provides disclosure requirements to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. It is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not believe that adopting FAS 141R will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In December, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements—an amendment of ARB No. 51 (FAS 160). FAS 160 requires that ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, and the amount of consolidated net income, be clearly identified, labeled, and presented

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in the consolidated financial statements. It also requires once a subsidiary is deconsolidated, any retained noncontrolling equity investment in the former subsidiary be initially measured at fair value. Sufficient disclosures are required to clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. It is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not believe that adopting FAS 160 will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2008, the FASB Staff Position ratified the consensuses of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions are Participating Securities* (EITF 03-6-1). EITF 03-6-1 addresses whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities prior to vesting and therefore, need to be included in the earnings allocation in computing earnings per share (EPS). It is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2008, the FASB ratified the consensuses of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 08-3, *Accounting by Lessees for Nonrefundable Maintenance Deposits* (EITF 08-3). EITF 08-3 clarifies how a lessee shall account for a maintenance deposit under an arrangement accounted for as a lease. It is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

**ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

The Company is subjected to different types of risk, including market risk. Market risk is the risk that the Company will be adversely affected by changes in the securities market, specifically changes in equity prices.

As discussed in Item 1A under *Risks Relating to Our Business*, the Company's revenue is calculated on the market value of assets under management. Declines in the value of the securities held by the mutual funds we manage will negatively impact the Company's revenue and net income. The following is a summary of the effect that a ten percent increase or decrease in equity prices of the stocks within our mutual funds would have on the Company's assets under management, and therefore the Company's revenue. The changes are compared to total asset values as of September 30, 2008, and values are based on an assumption that asset values are consistent throughout the year:

	<b>Effects of Market Risk on Revenue</b>		
	<b>(In thousands)</b>		
	<b>Values Based on Average Net Assets at September 30, 2008</b>	<b>Values Based on a 10% Increase in Average Assets</b>	<b>Values Based on a 10% Decrease in Average Assets</b>
Average Assets			
Under Management	\$ 999,304	\$ 1,099,235	\$ 899,374
Investment Advisor Fees	\$ 7,282	\$ 8,011	\$ 6,554
Shareholder Service Fees	999	1,099	899
Total Revenue:	\$ 8,281	\$ 9,110	\$ 7,453

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ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA  
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<u>Balance Sheets</u>	32
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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Shareholders

Hennessy Advisors, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Hennessy Advisors, Inc. (the Company) as of September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the related statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the two years in the period ended September 30, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hennessy Advisors, Inc. as of September 30, 2008 and 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the two years in the period ended September 30, 2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Stonefield Josephson, Inc.

San Francisco, California

December 4, 2008

**Table of Contents****Hennessy Advisors, Inc.****Balance Sheets**

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	September 30, 2008	September 30, 2007
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,788	\$ 13,760
Investments in marketable securities, at fair value	5	6
Investment fee income receivable	670	1,165
Prepaid expenses	435	165
Deferred income tax asset	225	303
Other current assets	17	15
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>14,140</b>	<b>15,414</b>
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$274 and \$179	301	337
Management contracts, net of accumulated amortization of \$629	19,406	19,406
Non-compete agreement, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,616 and \$1,212		404
Investment in the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC, at fair value	417	
Other assets	71	143
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 34,335</b>	<b>\$ 35,704</b>
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders Equity</b>		
<b>Current liabilities:</b>		
Accrued liabilities and accounts payable	\$ 1,238	\$ 2,019
Income taxes payable		68
Current portion of deferred rent	11	1
Current portion of long-term debt	2,091	2,091
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>3,340</b>	<b>4,179</b>
Long-term debt	4,417	6,508
Long-term portion of deferred rent	26	35
Deferred income tax liability	2,029	1,627
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>9,812</b>	<b>12,349</b>
<b>Commitments and Contingencies (Note 8)</b>		
<b>Stockholders equity:</b>		
Adjustable rate preferred stock, \$25 stated value, 5,000,000 shares authorized: zero shares issued and outstanding		
Common stock, no par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized: 5,718,850 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2008 and 5,702,493 at September 30, 2007	9,105	8,938
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(95)	
Retained earnings	15,513	14,417
<b>Total stockholders equity</b>	<b>24,523</b>	<b>23,355</b>

<b>Total liabilities and stockholders equity</b>	\$	34,335	\$	35,704
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See accompanying notes to financial statements

**Table of Contents****Hennessy Advisors, Inc.****Statements of Income**

	<b>Years Ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
	<b>(In thousands, except share</b>	
	<b>and per share amounts)</b>	
<b>Revenue</b>		
Investment advisory fees	\$ 9,025	\$ 14,204
Shareholder service fees	1,211	1,847
Other	39	21
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>10,275</b>	<b>16,072</b>
<b>Operating expenses</b>		
Compensation and benefits	3,032	3,320
General and administrative	2,181	1,885
Mutual fund distribution	1,799	3,078
Amortization and depreciation	527	656
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<b>7,539</b>	<b>8,939</b>
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>2,736</b>	<b>7,133</b>
Interest expense	388	738
Other (income) expense, net	(407)	(524)
<b>Income before income tax expense</b>	<b>2,755</b>	<b>6,919</b>
Income tax expense	1,144	2,786
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 1,611</b>	<b>\$ 4,133</b>
<b>Earnings per share:</b>		
Basic	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.73
Diluted	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.70
<b>Weighted average shares outstanding:</b>		
Basic	5,648,584	5,636,447
Diluted	5,748,279	5,926,291

See accompanying notes to financial statements

**Table of Contents****Hennessy Advisors, Inc.****Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity****Years Ended September 30, 2008 and 2007****(In thousands, except share data)**

	<b>Common Shares</b>	<b>Common Stock</b>	<b>Retained Earnings</b>	<b>Other Comprehensive Loss</b>	<b>Total Stockholders Equity</b>
Balance at September 30, 2006	5,658,308	\$ 8,203	\$ 10,747	\$	\$ 18,950
Net income			4,133		4,133
Dividends paid			(456)		(456)
Employee and director stock options exercised	29,500	183			183
Employee and director restricted stock vested	15,750				
Repurchase of vested employee restricted stock for tax withholding	(965)	(11)	(5)		(16)
Deferred restricted stock unit compensation		343			343
Tax benefit of employee and director stock sales		220			220
Adjustment for fractional shares paid in cash	(100)		(2)		(2)
Balance at September 30, 2007	5,702,493	\$ 8,938	\$ 14,417	\$	\$ 23,355
Net income			1,611		1,611
Dividends paid			(515)		(515)
Unrealized loss on investment in Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC				(95)	(95)
Employee and director restricted stock vested	26,981				
Repurchase of vested employee restricted stock for tax withholding	(10,624)	(98)			(98)
Deferred restricted stock unit compensation		479			479
Employee restricted stock forfeited		(11)			(11)
Tax effect of RSU vesting		(203)			(203)
Balance at September 30, 2008	5,718,850	\$ 9,105	\$ 15,513	\$ (95)	\$ 24,523

See accompanying notes to financial statements



**Table of Contents****Hennessy Advisors, Inc.****Statements of Cash Flows**

	<b>Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2008      2007 (In thousands)</b>	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 1,611	\$ 4,133
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and amortization	527	656
Deferred income taxes	480	364
Tax benefit from options exercised and restricted stock unit vesting	(203)	220
Restricted stock units vested	(98)	(16)
Deferred restricted stock unit compensation	479	343
Restricted stock units forfeited	(11)	
Unrealized (gain)/loss on marketable securities	1	(1)
Deferred rent		36
Current portion of deferred rent	10	
Long-term portion of deferred rent	(9)	
<b>(Increase) decrease in operating assets:</b>		
Investment fee income receivable	495	243
Prepaid expenses	(270)	67
Other current assets	(2)	1
Other assets	55	(64)
<b>Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:</b>		
Accrued liabilities and accounts payable	(781)	(229)
Income taxes payable	(68)	68
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,216	5,821
<b>Cash flows used in investing activities:</b>		
Purchases of property and equipment	(70)	(55)
Purchases of the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC	(512)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(582)	(55)
<b>Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities:</b>		
Principal payments on long-term debt	(2,091)	(2,091)
Proceeds from exercise of employee and director stock options		183
Dividend payment	(515)	(456)
Cash paid for fractional shares		(2)
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,606)	(2,366)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(972)	3,400
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	13,760	10,360
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$ 12,788	\$ 13,760

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

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Unrealized loss on investment	\$ (95)	\$
Cash paid for:		
Income taxes	\$ 1,186	\$ 1,932
Interest	\$ 405	\$ 756

See accompanying notes to financial statements

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Notes to Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

(1) Summary of the Organization, Description of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Organization and Description of Business

Hennessy Advisors, Inc. (the Company) was founded on February 1, 1989, as a California corporation under the name Edward J. Hennessy, Incorporated. In 1990, the Company became a registered investment advisor and on April 15, 2001, the Company changed its name to Hennessy Advisors, Inc.

The operating activities of the Company consist primarily of providing investment management services to six open-end mutual funds (the Hennessy Funds) and one non-registered private pooled investment fund (the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund). The Company serves as the investment advisor to all classes of the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II, the Hennessy Focus 30 Fund, the Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund, the Hennessy Total Return Fund, and the Hennessy Balanced Fund; and the Managing Member to the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into cash.

(c) Investments in Marketable Securities

The Company holds investments in publicly traded mutual funds which are accounted for as trading securities under FASB Statement No. 115, Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities. Accordingly, any unrealized gains and losses on the investments are recognized currently in operations.

Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Purchases and sales of marketable securities are recorded on a trade date basis, and realized gains and

losses recognized on sale are determined on a specific identification/average cost basis.

(d) Management Contracts Acquired

The Company was appointed as investment advisor to the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund and Hennessy Cornerstone Value Fund concurrent with its licensing of patented automated investment strategies from Netfolio, Inc. in June 2000.

The initial management contracts acquired were capitalized at \$4,190,840. In February of 2002, the Company recorded \$918,675 as the incremental value of management contracts acquired in connection with its mergers with Hennessy Management Co. L.P. and Hennessy Management Co. 2 L.P. Until February 28, 2002, the Hennessy Balanced Fund and Hennessy Total Return Fund were managed by Hennessy Management Co., L.P. and Hennessy Management Co. 2, L.P., respectively, each of which was a California limited partnership. Hennessy Advisors was the general partner of each limited partnership and as general partner, performed all advisory functions on behalf of the partnerships for the funds. In order to consolidate all investment advisory activities directly into Hennessy Advisors, the limited partners of these limited partnerships agreed to merge the partnerships into Hennessy Advisors, subject to the closing of an initial minimum public offering of common stock, which occurred on February 28, 2002. Limited partners received an aggregate of 306,248 shares of common stock and cash of \$11,275, in exchange for their partnership interests in the merger, and the Company was appointed advisor to the Balanced and Total Return funds.



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In accordance with FASB Statement No. 142, effective June 30, 2001, intangible assets with an indefinite life are not subject to amortization. Accordingly, the Company ceased amortization of the contracts acquired in connection with the mergers of the partnerships as of the effective date.

On September 18, 2003, the Company was appointed investment advisor to the Hennessy Focus 30 Fund, concurrent with the acquisition of all the assets of the SYM Select Growth Fund, which were immediately merged into the Hennessy Focus 30 Fund.

On March 11, 2004, Hennessy Advisors, Inc. completed the acquisition of the management contract for the majority of the mutual fund assets managed by Lindner Asset Management, Inc. (Lindner), based in Deerfield, Illinois. In conjunction with the Asset Purchase Agreement, the assets of five of Lindner's mutual funds were merged into four of the five Hennessy Funds. The purchase price was equal to 2.625% of those assets valued by the Lindner Funds custodian at closing. The transaction was funded through a credit facility provided by US Bank, St. Louis, Missouri. The loan agreement required fifty-nine (59) monthly payments in the amount of \$94,060 plus interest at the bank's prime rate which may change from time to time. The final installment of the then outstanding principal and interest was due March 10, 2009.

On July 1, 2005, we completed the acquisition of the management contract for The Henlopen Fund from Landis Associates LLC and Michael L. Hershey. We paid \$6.7 million, which equaled 2.25% of the \$299 million in assets under management at the close of business on June 30, 2005. The purchase price was allocated \$5.1 million to the management contract and \$1.6 million to a three year non-compete agreement with Michael L. Hershey. The non-compete agreement is being amortized on a straight-line basis over three years. The transaction was financed by U.S. Bank National Association. Following completion of the acquisition, we changed the name of The Henlopen Fund to the Hennessy Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II (symbol HENLX), and began to implement our investment strategy for Series II. The indebtedness we incurred to acquire the management agreement of The Henlopen Fund was rolled into a single loan with the indebtedness we incurred to acquire the management agreements of the Lindner Funds. As of September 30, 2007, we had \$8.6 million of principal outstanding under our bank loan, which bears interest at U.S. Bank National Association's prime rate, as set by U.S. Bank National Association from time to time, less one percent, per a loan amendment dated February 1, 2007. The bank's prime rate, which may change from time to time, is currently 5.00% (last changed on May 1, 2008), making the current effective interest rate 4.00%. The loan

agreement requires us to make 64 monthly payments in the approximate amount of \$0.2 million, plus interest, with the final installment of the then outstanding principal and interest due on September 30, 2010.

The Company periodically reviews the carrying value of management contracts acquired to determine if any impairment has occurred. Based on a detailed assessment of current fair value and anticipated future cash flows, it is the opinion of the Company's management that there has been no impairment.

Under FASB Statement No. 142, goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives are not amortized but tested at least annually for impairment. The Company considers our mutual fund management contracts to be intangible assets with an indefinite useful life.

(e) **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally one to ten years.

(f) **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

FASB Statement No. 107 requires disclosures regarding the fair value of all financial instruments for financial statement purposes. The estimates presented in these statements are based on information available to management as of September 30, 2008. Accordingly, the fair value presented in financial statements for the

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year then ended may not be indicative of amounts that could be realized on disposition of the financial instruments. The fair value of receivables, accounts payable and notes payable has been estimated at carrying value due to the short maturity of these instruments. The fair value of management contracts acquired is estimated at the cost of acquisition. The fair value of marketable securities and money market accounts is based on closing net asset values as reported by securities exchanges registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

On October 30, 2007, Hennessy Advisors, Inc. invested \$0.5 million in the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC (the Fund). The investment represents approximately 18.7% of the total subscriptions in the Fund. The Fund is a limited liability company for which Hennessy Advisors, Inc. is the Managing Member.

The investment is classified at fair market value on the balance sheet as an available-for-sale security subject to FASB Statement No. 115. The fair market value of the investment at September 30, 2008 was \$0.4 million.

(g) Income Taxes

Effective October 1, 2007, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a company's income tax return, and also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. FIN 48 utilizes a two-step approach for evaluating uncertain tax positions accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 109. Step one, recognition, requires a company to determine if the weight of available evidence indicates that a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon audit, including resolution of related appeals or litigation processes, if any. Step two, measurement, is based on the largest amount of benefit, which is more likely than not to be realized on ultimate settlement. The cumulative effect of adopting FIN 48 on October 1, 2007 is recognized as a change in accounting principle, recorded as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings on the adoption date. As a result of the implementation of FIN 48, the Company did not recognize any increase or decrease in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits related to tax positions taken in prior periods, therefore, there was no corresponding adjustment in retained earnings.

Upon adoption of FIN 48, the Company's policy to include interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits within the Company's provision for (benefit from) income taxes, did not change. As of June 30, 2008, the Company did not have any accrual for payment of interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company did not have any amounts of unrecognized tax benefits as of October 1, 2007 (adoption date) and September 30, 2008. Also, the Company did not have any amounts of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect its effective tax rate.

The Company files U.S. federal and state tax returns and has determined that its major tax jurisdictions are the United States and California. The tax years ended in 2004 through 2007 remain open and subject to examination by the appropriate governmental agencies in the U.S., and the 2003 through 2007 tax years remain open in California.

The Company's effective tax rate of 41.5% and 40.3% for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, differ from the federal statutory rate of 34% primarily due to the effects of state income taxes.

(h) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is determined by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, while diluted earnings per share is determined by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding adjusted for the dilutive effect of common stock equivalents.

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(i) Authorized Common and Preferred Shares

Authorized common and preferred shares are 15.0 million and 5.0 million shares, respectively.

(j) Stock-Based Compensation

On May 2, 2001, the Company established an incentive plan (the Plan) providing for the issuance of options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, performance awards, and stock loans for the purpose of attracting and retaining executive officers and key employees. The maximum number of shares which may be issued under the Plan is 25% of the outstanding common stock of the Company, subject to adjustment by the compensation committee of the Board of Directors. The 25% limitation shall not invalidate any awards made prior to a decrease in the number of outstanding shares, even though such awards have resulted or may result in shares constituting more than 25% of the outstanding shares being available for issuance under the Plan. Shares available under the Plan which are not awarded in one particular year may be awarded in subsequent years. The compensation committee of the Board of Directors has the authority to determine the awards granted under the Plan, including among other things, the individuals who receive the awards, the times when they receive them, vesting schedules, performance goals, whether an option is an incentive or nonqualified option and the number of shares to be subject to each award. However, no participant may receive options or stock appreciation rights under the Plan for an aggregate of more than 75,000 shares in any calendar year. The exercise price and term of each option or stock appreciation right will be fixed by the compensation committee except that the exercise price for each stock option which is intended to qualify as an incentive stock option must be at least equal to the fair market value of the stock on the date of grant and the term of the option cannot exceed 10 years. In the case of an incentive stock option granted to a 10% shareholder, the exercise price must be at least 110% of the fair market value on the date of grant and cannot exceed five years. Incentive stock options may be granted only within ten years from the date of adoption of the Plan. The aggregate fair market value (determined at the time the option is granted) of shares with respect to which incentive stock options may be granted to any one individual, which stock options are exercisable for the first time during any calendar year, may not exceed \$100,000. An optionee may, with the consent of the compensation committee, elect to pay for the shares to be received upon exercise of their options in cash or shares of common stock or any combination thereof.

As the exercise price of all options granted under the Plan was equal to the market price of the underlying common stock on the grant date and all options were granted prior to the adoption of FAS 123R, no stock-based employee compensation cost related to options granted was recognized in net income. There were no options granted during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007.

Effective October 1, 2005, the Company adopted the fair value recognition provisions of FASB Statement No. 123R under the Modified Perspective method in accordance with the transition and disclosure provisions of FASB Statement No. 148, Accounting for Stock-based Compensation Transition and Disclosure. All compensation costs related to restricted stock units vested during the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 have been recognized in our financial statements.

The Company has reserved up to 1,429,713 options for shares of the Company's common stock, in accordance with terms of the Plan. An aggregate of 676,925 options have been granted to certain employees, executive officers, and directors of the Company as of September 30, 2007. These options were fully vested at the date of grant, and have a weighted average exercise price of \$4.53 per share. Through September 30, 2008, employees forfeited a total of 7,875 options, leaving 669,050 options fully vested and exercisable as of that date.

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A summary of the status of stock options granted is presented in the following table for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007:

	Number Of Options	Weighted Avg. Exercise Price	Weighted Avg. Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding at 9/30/2006	706,425	\$ 4.60	6.84 years	\$ 8,521,855
Granted				
Exercised	(29,500)	\$ 6.21		
Forfeited				
Expired				
Outstanding at 9/30/2007	676,925	\$ 4.53	5.84 years	\$ 4,419,573
Granted				
Exercised				
Forfeited	(7,875)	\$ 10.78		
Expired				
Outstanding at 9/30/2008	669,050	\$ 4.46	4.82 years	\$ 355,511
Vested and/or expected to vest at 9/30/2008	669,050	\$ 4.46	4.82 years	\$ 355,511
Exercisable at 9/30/2008	669,050	\$ 4.46	4.82 years	\$ 355,511

During the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company issued restricted stock units ( RSU ) under its 2001 Omnibus Plan. Under the Company s 2001 Omnibus Plan, participants may be granted RSU s, representing an unfunded, unsecured right to receive a Company common share on the date specified in the recipient s award. The Company issues new shares for shares delivered for RSU recipients. The RSU granted under this plan vests over four years at the rate of 25 percent per year. The Company recognizes compensation expense on a straight-line basis over the four-year vesting term of each award. RSU activity for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 was as follows:



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	Restricted Stock Unit Activity	
	Years Ended September 30, 2008 and 2007	
	Number of Restricted Share Units	Weighted Avg. Fair Value at Each Date
Non-vested Balance at September 30, 2006	52,386	\$ 12.49
Granted	44,925	\$ 16.94
Vested (1)	(24,803)	\$ 14.01
Forfeited		
Non-vested Balance at September 30, 2007	72,508	\$ 14.80
Granted	56,500	\$ 9.48
Vested (1)	(35,099)	\$ 13.06
Forfeited	(5,313)	\$ 12.74
Non-vested Balance at September 30, 2008	88,596	\$ 12.26

- (1) The restricted share units vested includes partially vested shares. Shares of common stock have not been issued for the partially vested shares, but the related compensation costs have been expensed. There were 15,750 and 26,981 shares of common stock issued for restricted stock units vested in the fiscal years ended September 30, 2007 and 2008, respectively.

## Restricted Stock Unit Compensation

Year Ended September 30, 2008

	(In Thousands)
Total expected compensation expense related to Restricted Stock Units	\$ 2,079
Compensation Expense recognized as of September 30, 2008	(993)
Unrecognized compensation expense related to RSU s at September 30, 2008	\$ 1,086

As of September 30, 2008, there was \$1.09 million of total RSU compensation expense related to non-vested awards not yet recognized which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average vesting period of 2.6 years.

**Table of Contents****(k) Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**(2) Investment Advisory Agreements**

Pursuant to investment management agreements (the "Agreements"), the Company provides investment advisory services to all classes of the six Hennessy Funds. The Agreements are renewable annually based upon approval by a majority of the Funds' disinterested directors. Additionally, each agreement may be terminated prior to its expiration upon 60 days notice by either the Company or the Fund.

As provided in the Agreements with the six Hennessy Funds, the Company receives investment advisory fees monthly based on a percentage of the respective Fund's average daily net assets.

The company was also appointed the Managing Member of the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC (the "Fund"). The annual advisory fee for the Hennessy Micro Cap Growth Fund, LLC is 2.0% of the aggregate capital accounts of the members, but no management fee is charged to the capital account of the Managing Member. An additional incentive allocation can potentially be earned on any member's balance, other than the Managing Member, as discussed in Item 1 under "Management Agreements and Fees."

**(3) Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment were comprised of the following at the periods ended:

	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
Leasehold improvements	\$ 128,207	\$ 128,207
Furniture and fixtures	145,394	137,953
Equipment	243,049	192,232
IT Infrastructure	46,538	46,538
Software	12,010	11,926
	575,198	516,856
Less: accumulated depreciation	273,977	179,375
	\$ 301,221	\$ 337,481

**(4) Long-term Debt**

On March 11, 2004, Hennessy Advisors, Inc. secured financing from US Bank National Association to acquire the management contracts for certain Lindner funds. The loan agreement required fifty-nine (59) monthly payments in the amount of \$94,060 plus interest at the bank's prime rate as it may change from time to time and was secured by the Company's assets. On July 1, 2005, the loan was amended to provide an additional \$6.7 million to fund acquisition of the management contract for the Henlopen Fund. The amended loan after payment of the last installment of \$94,060 on July 10, 2005, requires 64 monthly payments in the amount of \$174,210 plus interest at the bank's prime rate (currently 5.00%, in effect since May 1, 2008) less one percent (effective interest rate of 4.00%) and is secured by the Company's assets. The final installment of the then outstanding principal and its interest is due September 30, 2010. The note maturity schedule is as follows:

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**Year ended September 30:**  
**(In thousands)**

2009	\$ 2,191
2010	\$ 4,417
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 6,508</b>

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In connection with securing the financing discussed above, Hennessy Advisors, Inc. incurred loan costs in the amount of \$101,110. These costs are included in other assets and the unamortized balance of \$85,289 (as of the loan amendment date of July 1, 2005) is being amortized on a straight-line basis over 64 months. Amortization expense during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 was \$15,992. Future amortization expense over the next two years is as follows:

<b>Year ended September 30:</b>	
2009	\$ 15,992
2010	\$ 17,323
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 33,315</b>

**(5) Income Taxes**

The provision for income taxes is comprised of the following for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007:

	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
<b>Current:</b>		
Federal	\$ 533,700	\$ 1,875,700
State	185,800	544,900
	719,500	2,420,600
<b>Deferred:</b>		
Federal	380,100	316,100
State	44,300	48,900
	424,400	365,000
	<b>\$ 1,143,900</b>	<b>\$ 2,785,600</b>

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The principal reasons for the differences from the federal statutory rate of 34% are as follows:

	2008	2007
Federal tax at statutory rate	\$ 936,800	\$ 2,352,200
State tax at statutory rate	160,800	403,700
Permanent differences	42,300	29,700
FY 2007 true-up	4,000	
<b>Income tax provision</b>	<b>\$ 1,143,900</b>	<b>\$ 2,785,600</b>

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of September 30, 2008 and 2007 are presented below:

	2008	2007
<b>Current deferred tax assets:</b>		
Accrued compensation	\$ 151,500	\$ 117,100
Accrued rent	10,300	
State taxes	63,200	185,700
<b>Total deferred tax assets</b>	<b>225,000</b>	<b>302,800</b>
<b>Noncurrent deferred tax liabilities:</b>		
Property and equipment	(58,600)	(50,000)
Management contracts	(1,969,900)	(1,577,100)
Other		(200)
<b>Total deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>(2,028,500)</b>	<b>(1,627,300)</b>
<b>Net deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>\$ (1,803,500)</b>	<b>\$ (1,324,500)</b>

The components giving rise to the net deferred tax liabilities described above have been included in the accompanying balance sheets as of September 30, 2008 and 2007, as follows:

	2008	2007
Current assets	\$ 225,000	\$ 302,800
Noncurrent assets		
Current liabilities		
Noncurrent liabilities	(2,028,500)	(1,627,300)
<b>Net deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>\$ (1,803,500)</b>	<b>\$ (1,324,500)</b>

**Table of Contents****(6) Earnings Per Share**

The weighted average common shares outstanding used in the calculation of basic earnings per share and weighted average common shares outstanding, adjusted for common stock equivalents, used in the computation of diluted earnings per share were as follows for the years ended:

	<b>September 30,</b>	
	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>
Weighted Average common stock outstanding	5,648,584	5,636,447
Common stock equivalents - stock options and RSU s	99,695	289,844
	<b>5,748,279</b>	<b>5,926,291</b>

On January 26, 2007, our Board of Directors declared a three-for-two stock split, which was implemented on March 7, 2007 for shareholders of record as of February 14, 2007. All disclosures in this report relating to shares of common stock, stock options, RSU s and per share data have been adjusted to reflect this stock split.

There were no common stock equivalents excluded from the earnings per share calculations for the years ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 as none of them were anti-dilutive.

**(7) Reclassification of Prior Period s Statements**

Certain items previously reported have been reclassified to conform with the current period s presentation.

**(8) Commitments and Contingencies**

The Company s headquarters is located in leased office space under a single non-cancelable operating lease at 7250 Redwood Blvd., Suite 200, in Novato, California. The initial lease expires October 31, 2010 with one five-year extension available thereafter. The minimum future rental commitment under this lease as of September 30, 2008 is \$370,656 per year in the base year of 2006 with a three percent increase each year until October 31, 2015, the end of the available extension.

The Company s portfolio trading operation is located in leased office space under a non-cancelable operating lease at One Landmark Square, Suite 424, in Stamford Connecticut. The lease expires September 30, 2011. The minimum future rental commitment under this lease as of September 30, 2008 is \$102,200 for the remaining two years of the lease.

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The annual minimum future rental commitments under these leases as of September 30, 2008 and for future fiscal years ending September 30, 2013 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount	
	Novato Lease	Stamford Lease
2009	416,164	50,400
2010	428,649	51,800
2011	441,508	
2012	454,754	
2013	468,396	
Total	\$ 2,209,471	\$ 102,200

**(9) Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Company maintains its cash accounts with two commercial banks which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The amount on deposit at September 30, 2008 exceeded the insurance limits of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation by approximately \$93,000. In addition, total cash and cash equivalents include \$2,373,486 held in the First American Prime Obligations Fund and \$10,204,632 held in treasury stocks in a Merrill Lynch Working Capital Account, both of which are not federally insured. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

**(10) New Accounting Pronouncements**

In February, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, *The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities* ( FAS 159 ). This standard permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value to improve financial reporting by providing an opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings cause by differing measurements. FAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. We are currently evaluating the effect of FAS 159 on our financial statements or results of operations.

In December, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 141R, *Business Combinations* ( FAS 141R ). FAS 141R amends FAS 141 and provides revised guidance for recognizing and measuring identifiable assets and goodwill acquired, liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquired business. It also provides disclosure requirements to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. It is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not believe that adopting FAS 141R will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In December, 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements* an amendment of ARB No. 51 (FAS 160). FAS 160 requires that ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, and the amount of consolidated net income, be clearly identified, labeled, and presented in the consolidated financial statements. It also requires once a subsidiary is deconsolidated, any retained noncontrolling equity investment in the former subsidiary be initially measured at fair value. Sufficient disclosures are required to clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. It is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not believe that adopting FAS 160 will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2008, the FASB Staff Position ratified the consensuses of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions are Participating Securities* (EITF 03-6-1). EITF 03-6-1 addresses whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities prior to vesting and therefore, need to be included in the earnings allocation in computing earnings per share (EPS). It is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

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In June 2008, the FASB ratified the consensuses of Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 08-3, Accounting by Lessees for Nonrefundable Maintenance Deposits (EITF 08-3). EITF 08-3 clarifies how a lessee shall account for a maintenance deposit under an arrangement accounted for as a lease. It is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2008. We do not anticipate that the adoption of this pronouncement will have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.



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## (11) Quarterly Financial Data Schedule (Unaudited)

<b>Hennessy Advisors, Inc.</b>					
<b>Quarterly Financial Data</b>					
<b>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</b>					
<b>Year Ended September 30, 2008</b>					
	<b>12/31/07</b>	<b>3/31/08</b>	<b>6/30/08</b>	<b>9/30/08</b>	<b>Fiscal Year</b>
Revenue	\$ 3,341	\$ 2,455	\$ 2,318	\$ 2,161	\$ 10,275
Operating expense	2,171	1,747	1,722	1,899	7,539
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>1,170</b>	<b>708</b>	<b>596</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>2,736</b>
Interest Expense	140	102	77	69	388
Other (income) expense, net	(144)	(108)	(84)	(71)	(407)
Income before income tax expense	1,174	714	603	264	2,755
Income tax expense	478	294	263	109	1,144
Net Income	696	420	340	155	1,611
<b>Earnings per share:</b>					
Basic	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.29
Diluted	0.12	0.07	0.06	0.03	0.28
<b>Year Ended September 30, 2007</b>					
	<b>12/31/06</b>	<b>3/31/07</b>	<b>6/30/07</b>	<b>9/30/07</b>	<b>Fiscal Year</b>
Revenue	\$ 4,387	\$ 3,968	\$ 3,991	\$ 3,726	\$ 16,072
Operating expense	2,396	2,236	2,237	2,070	8,939
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>1,991</b>	<b>1,732</b>	<b>1,754</b>	<b>1,656</b>	<b>7,133</b>
Interest Expense	219	185	172	162	738
Other (income) expense, net	(117)	(118)	(138)	(151)	(524)
Income before income tax expense	1,889	1,665	1,720	1,645	6,919
Income tax expense	754	670	696	666	2,786
Net Income	1,135	995	1,024	979	4,133
<b>Earnings per share:</b>					
Basic	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.73
Diluted	0.19	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.70

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE  
None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of its disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Incorporated herein by reference to our definitive proxy statement for our 2009 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K.

CODE OF ETHICS

On July 1, 2005, Hennessy Advisors, Inc. adopted an expanded code of ethics that applies to the principal executive officer, principal financial officer, executive vice presidents and all other employees. The code has been designed in accordance with expanded provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to promote honest and ethical conduct. The code also applies to Hennessy Mutual Funds, Inc. and Hennessy Funds, and was amended in July, 2005 to include the Hennessy Funds Trust. The revised code is posted on our website at [www.hennessyadvisors.com](http://www.hennessyadvisors.com) and all future amendments to and waivers from the code will be posted there.

Any person may obtain a copy of the Hennessy Advisors, Inc. Code of Ethics, at no cost, by forwarding a written request to:

Hennessy Advisors, Inc.

7250 Redwood Blvd., Suite #200

Novato, CA 94945

Attention: Teresa Nilsen

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**ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION**

Incorporated herein by reference to our definitive proxy statement for our 2009 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K.

**ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.**

Incorporated herein by reference to our definitive proxy statement for our 2009 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K.

**SECURITIES AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUANCE UNDER EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS**

The Company has adopted an Option Plan (the "Plan") providing for the issuance of up to 1,429,713 options for shares of the Company's common stock. An aggregate of 885,377 options for the Company's common stock and 170,050 RSU's have been granted as of September 30, 2008, to certain employees, executive officers, and directors of the Company. The options were fully vested when granted, and have a weighted average exercise price of \$4.54 per share, and RSU's vest 25% per year over four-years, and have a weighted average exercise price of zero per share. As of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, employees had exercised 196,639 options, 19,688 options were forfeited, 5,313 RSU's were forfeited and 28,568 net shares of common stock were issued for the vesting of 59,902 RSU's (net of shares repurchased for tax withholding). There were 669,050 options fully vested and exercisable and 116,381 RSU's for stock not yet issued at year-end.

The following table sets forth information regarding our equity incentive plan. All information presented is as of September 30, 2008. We do not have any equity compensation plans that have not been approved by our shareholders:

Plan Category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (2) (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (2) (b)	Number of securities remaining for issuance under compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (1) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	785,431	\$ 3.80	399,286
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>785,431</b>	<b>\$ 3.80</b>	<b>399,286</b>

- (2) The maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued under our equity incentive plan is 25% of our outstanding common stock, or 1,429,713 shares, as of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008.
- (3) The number of securities to be issued includes 116,381 shares relating to RSU's to be issued according to the vesting schedule of 25% per year. The exercise price for RSU's is zero, which is included in the weighted average exercise price of outstanding securities.

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ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS, RELATED TRANSACTIONS AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Incorporated by reference to our definitive proxy statement for our 2009 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

Incorporated by reference to our definitive proxy statement for our 2009 annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K.

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PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

The financial statements and financial statement schedules for Hennessy Advisors, Inc. are included under Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Exhibits**

- 2.1 Form of Agreement of Merger of Hennessy Advisors, Inc., Hennessy Management Co., L.P. and Hennessy Management Co. 2, L.P. (1)
- 2.2 Asset Purchase Agreement, dated September 10, 2003, between registrant and Linder Asset Management, Inc., as amended by First Amendment, dated January 19, 2004 (4)
- 2.3 Asset Purchase Agreement, dated March 15, 2005, between registrant and Landis Associates LLC (5)
- 2.4 Asset Purchase Agreement, dated March 15, 2005, between registrant and Michael L. Hershey (5)
- 3.1 Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation (1)
- 3.2 Second Amended and Restated Bylaws (3)
- 10.1 Restated Management Agreement, dated June 30, 2000, between registrant and Hennessy Mutual Funds, Inc. (on behalf of the Cornerstone Growth Fund, the Cornerstone Value Fund and the Focus 30 Fund) (1)
- 10.2 License Agreement, dated April 10, 2000, between Edward J. Hennessy, Inc. And Netfolio, Inc. (1)
- 10.4 Hennessy Advisors, Inc. 2001 Omnibus Plan (1) (2)
- 10.4(a) Form of Option Award Agreement (1) (2)
- 10.5 Employment Agreement of Neil J. Hennessy (1) (2)
- 10.6 Amended and Restated Loan Agreement between the registrant and U.S. Bank National Association, dated July 1, 2005 (6)
- 10.7 Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, dated February 28, 2002, between the registrant and The Hennessy Funds, Inc. (on behalf of the Total Return Fund) (6)
- 10.8 Restated Investment Advisory Agreement, dated February 28, 2002, between the registrant and The Hennessy Funds, Inc. (on behalf of the Balanced Fund) (6)
- 10.9 Investment Advisory Agreement, dated July 1, 2005, between the registrant and Hennessy Funds Trust (on behalf of the Cornerstone Growth Fund, Series II) (6)
- 10.10 Servicing Agreement, dated October 1, 2002, between the registrant and The Hennessy Mutual Funds, Inc. (on behalf of the Cornerstone Growth Fund, the Cornerstone Value Fund and the Focus 30 Fund) (6)
- 10.10(a) Amendment to Servicing Agreement, dated June 30, 2005, between the registrant and The Hennessy Mutual Funds, Inc. with respect to the Focus 30 Fund (6)

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10.11	Servicing Agreement, dated July 1, 2005 between the registrant and Hennessy Funds Trust (on behalf of the Cornerstone Growth Fund, the Cornerstone Value Fund and the Focus 30 Fund) (6)
10.12	Non-Competition Agreement, dated March 15, 2005, between the registrant and Michael L. Hershey (5)
10.13	Amendment No. 1, dated August 28, 2006, to Employment Agreement between Hennessy Advisors, Inc. and Neil J. Hennessy (2) (8)
10.14	Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement for officers (2) (7)
10.15	Restricted Stock Unit Agreement for Directors (2) (7)
10.16	Bonus Agreement, dated August 28, 2006, between Hennessy Advisors, Inc. and Teresa M. Nilsen (2) (8)
10.17	Bonus Agreement, dated August 28, 2006, between Hennessy Advisors, Inc. and Daniel B. Steadman (2) (8)
23.1	Consent of Stonefield Josephson, Inc., Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
31.1	Rule 13a-14a Certification of the Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14a Certification of the Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350
32.2	Written Statement of the Chief Financial Officer, Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350

Notes:

- (1) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form SB-2 registration statement (SEC File No. 333-66970).
- (2) Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.
- (3) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 8-K (SEC File No. 000-49872) filed July 29, 2005.
- (4) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004.
- (5) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended March 31, 2005.
- (6) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form S-1 registration statement filed July 26, 2005 (SEC File No. 333-126896).
- (7) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 10-QSB for the quarter ended March 31, 2006.
- (8) Incorporated by reference from the Company's Form 8-K (SEC File No. 000-49872) filed August 28, 2006.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, as duly authorized:

Hennessy Advisors, Inc.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ Neil J.  
Hennessy                      Dated: December 5, 2008  
Neil J.  
Hennessy  
Chief Executive Officer and President

(As a duly authorized Officer on behalf of the  
Registrant and as Principal Executive Officer and  
Chairman of the Board of Directors)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

By: /s/ Teresa M. Nilsen    Dated: December 5, 2008  
Teresa M. Nilsen  
Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Director

By: /s/ Daniel B. Steadman    Dated: December 5, 2008  
Daniel B. Steadman  
Executive Vice President and Director

By: /s/ Kathryn R. Walwyn    Dated: December 5, 2008  
Kathryn R. Walwyn  
Controller

By: /s/ Charles W. Bennett    Dated: December 5, 2008  
Charles W. Bennett  
Director

By: /s/ Daniel G. Libarle    Dated: December 5, 2008  
Daniel G. Libarle  
Director

By: /s/ Thomas L. Seavey    Dated: December 5, 2008  
Thomas L. Seavey  
Director

By: /s/ Henry Hansel    Dated: December 5, 2008  
Henry Hansel  
Director

By: /s/ Brian A. Hennessy    Dated: December 5, 2008  
Brian A. Hennessy

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Director

By: /s/ Rodger Offenbach  
Rodger Offenbach  
Director

Dated: December 5, 2008