

GOLDCORP INC
Form 40-F
March 16, 2017

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 40-F

**REGISTRATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

OR

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13(a) OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE
ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016

Commission file number: 001-12970

Goldcorp Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Ontario, Canada (Province or other jurisdiction of	1041 (Primary Standard Industrial	Not Applicable (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Classification Code) Suite 3400 666 Burrard Street	Identification No.)
	Vancouver, British Columbia	
	V6C 2X8 Canada	
	(604) 696-3000	

(Address and Telephone Number of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

CT Corporation System
111 Eighth Avenue
New York, New York 10011
(800) 223-7567

(Name, address (including zip code) and telephone number (including area code)
of agent for service in the United States)

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class: Common Shares	Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered: New York Stock Exchange; Toronto Stock Exchange
---	---

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Securities for which there is a reporting obligation pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Act: None

For annual reports, indicate by check mark the information filed with this form:

Annual Information Form

Audited Annual Financial Statements

Indicate the number of outstanding shares of each of the issuer's classes of capital or common stock as of the close of the period covered by the annual report: 853,811,565 (as of December 31, 2016).

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Goldcorp Inc. (the Company or the Registrant) is a Canadian issuer eligible to file its annual report pursuant to Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), on Form 40-F pursuant to the multi-jurisdictional disclosure system of the Exchange Act. The Company is a foreign private issuer as defined in Rule 3b-4 under the Exchange Act. Equity securities of the Company are accordingly exempt from Sections 14(a), 14(b), 14(c), 14(f) and 16 of the Exchange Act pursuant to Rule 3a12-3.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This annual report on Form 40-F and the exhibits attached hereto contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), Section 21E of the Exchange Act, the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the PSLRA) or in releases made by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), all as may be amended from time to time, concerning the business, operations and financial performance and condition of the Company. The following cautionary statements are being made pursuant to the Securities Act, the Exchange Act and the PSLRA with the intention of obtaining the benefits of the safe harbor provisions of such laws. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the future price of gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc, the estimation of mineral reserves and mineral resources, the realization of mineral reserve estimates, the timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of production, targeted cost reductions, capital expenditures, free cash flow, costs and timing of the development of new deposits, success of exploration activities, permitting time lines, hedging practices, currency exchange rate fluctuations, requirements for additional capital, government regulation of mining operations, environmental risks, unanticipated reclamation expenses, timing and possible outcome of pending litigation, title disputes or claims and limitations on insurance coverage. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward looking terminology such as plans , expects , is expected , budget , scheduled , estimates , forecasts , intends , believes , or variations or comparable language of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results may , could , would , should might or will , occur or be achieved or the negative connotation there

Forward-looking statements are necessarily based upon a number of factors and assumptions that, if untrue, could cause the actual results, performances or achievements of the Company to be materially different from future results, performances or achievements expressed or implied by such statements. Such statements and information are based on numerous assumptions regarding present and future business strategies and the environment in which the Company will operate in the future, including the price of gold, anticipated costs and ability to achieve goals. Certain important factors that could cause actual results, performances or achievements to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include, among others, gold price volatility, discrepancies between actual and estimated production, mineral reserves and mineral resources and metallurgical recoveries, mining operational and development risks, litigation risks, regulatory restrictions (including environmental regulatory restrictions and liability), changes in national and local government legislation, taxation, controls or regulations and/or change in the administration of laws, policies and practices, expropriation or nationalization of property and political or economic developments in Canada, the United States and other jurisdictions in which the Company does or may carry on business in the future, delays, suspensions or technical challenges associated with capital projects, higher prices for fuel, steel, power, labor and other consumables, currency fluctuations, the speculative nature of gold exploration, the global economic climate, dilution, share price volatility, competition, loss of key employees, additional funding requirements and defective title to mineral claims or property. Although the Company believes its expectations are based upon reasonable assumptions and has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different

from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, including but not limited to: risks related to international operations, including economic and political instability in foreign jurisdictions in which the Company operates; risks related to current global financial conditions; risks related to joint venture operations; actual results of current exploration activities; actual results of current reclamation activities; environmental risks; conclusions of economic evaluations; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be

refined; future prices of gold, silver, copper, lead and zinc; possible variations in ore reserves, grade or recovery rates; failure of plant, equipment or processes to operate as anticipated; mine development and operating risks; accidents, labor disputes and other risks of the mining industry; risks associated with restructuring and cost efficiency initiatives; delays in obtaining governmental approvals or financing or in the completion of development or construction activities; risks related to the integration of acquisitions; risks related to indebtedness and the service of such indebtedness, as well as those factors discussed in the section entitled *Risk Factors* in the Company's annual information form for the year ended December 31, 2016 (the *AIF*) attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this annual report on Form 40-F are made as of the date of this annual report on Form 40-F and, accordingly, are subject to change after such date. Except as otherwise indicated by the Company, these statements do not reflect the potential impact of any non-recurring or other special items or of any disposition, monetization, merger, acquisition, other business combination or other transaction that may be announced or that may occur after the date hereof. Forward-looking statements are provided for the purpose of providing information about management's current expectations and plans and allowing investors and others to get a better understanding of the Company's operating environment. The Company does not intend or undertake to publicly update any forward-looking statements that are included in this document, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

NOTE TO UNITED STATES READERS - DIFFERENCES IN UNITED STATES

AND CANADIAN REPORTING PRACTICES

The Company is permitted, under a multi-jurisdictional disclosure system adopted by the United States, to prepare this annual report in accordance with Canadian disclosure requirements, which are different from those of the United States. The Company prepares its financial statements, which are filed with this annual report on Form 40-F, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (*IFRS*) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (*IASB*), including the report of the Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm with respect thereto, which are attached as Exhibit 99.3 to this annual report on Form 40-F (the *Audited Financial Statements*) and incorporated by reference herein.

CURRENCY

Unless otherwise indicated, all dollar amounts in this annual report on Form 40-F are in United States dollars and Canadian dollars are referred to as *Canadian dollars* or *C\$* . The exchange rate of United States dollars into Canadian dollars, on December 30, 2016 based upon the noon rate as published by the Bank of Canada, was U.S.\$1.00=C\$1.3427. The exchange rate of United States dollars into Canadian dollars, on March 15, 2017 based upon the noon rate as published by the Bank of Canada, was U.S.\$1.00=C\$1.3451.

RESOURCE AND RESERVE ESTIMATES

The Company's *AIF* attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the securities laws in effect in Canada, which differ from the requirements of United States securities laws and uses terms that are not recognized by the SEC.

Canadian reporting requirements for disclosure of mineral properties are governed by the Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 43-101 *Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects* (*NI 43-101*). The definitions

used in NI 43-101 are incorporated by reference from the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Definition Standards adopted by CIM Council on May 10, 2014 (the CIM Definition Standards). U.S. reporting requirements are governed by the SEC Industry Guide 7 (Industry Guide 7) under the Securities Act. These reporting standards have similar goals in terms of conveying an appropriate level of confidence in the disclosures being reported, but embody different approaches and definitions. For example, the terms mineral reserve , proven mineral reserve and probable mineral reserve are Canadian mining terms as

defined in NI 43-101, and these definitions differ from the definitions in Industry Guide 7. Under Industry Guide 7 standards, a final or bankable feasibility study is required to report reserves and the primary environmental analysis or report must be filed with the appropriate governmental authority. Further, under Industry Guide 7, mineralization may not be classified as a reserve unless the determination has been made that the mineralization could be economically and legally produced or extracted at the time the reserve determination is made.

While the terms mineral resource, measured mineral resource, indicated mineral resource and inferred mineral resource are defined in and required to be disclosed by NI 43-101, these terms are not defined terms under Industry Guide 7 and are normally not permitted to be used in reports and registration statements filed with the SEC. Readers are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into reserves. In addition, inferred mineral resources have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence and their economic and legal feasibility. A significant amount of exploration must be completed in order to determine whether an inferred mineral resource may be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian regulations, estimates of inferred mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. Readers are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an inferred mineral resource exists or is economically or legally mineable. Disclosure of contained ounces in a resource is permitted disclosure under Canadian regulations if such disclosure includes the grade or quality and the quantity for each category of mineral resource and mineral reserve; however, the SEC normally only permits issuers to report mineralization that does not constitute reserves by SEC standards as in place tonnage and grade without reference to unit measures.

Accordingly, information contained in this annual report on Form 40-F and the documents incorporated by reference herein containing descriptions of the Company's mineral deposits may not be comparable to similar information made public by United States companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements under the United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

An evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and the Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Development (CFO), of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of December 31, 2016. Based on that evaluation, the CEO and the CFO have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this annual report on Form 40-F, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that: (i) information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits to the SEC under the Exchange Act was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable rules and forms and (ii) material information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed under the Exchange Act was accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the CEO and the CFO, as appropriate, to allow for accurate and timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

MANAGEMENT'S ANNUAL REPORT ON INTERNAL

CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management's Responsibility, Evaluation and Report

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company's management, including its CEO and CFO, does not expect that its disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls and procedures will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs.

Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

With the participation of the CEO and CFO, management conducted an evaluation of the design and operation of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2016, following the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)*. This evaluation included review of the documentation of controls, evaluation of the design effectiveness of controls, testing of the operating effectiveness of controls and a conclusion on this evaluation. Based on this evaluation, management concluded in its report that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2016.

Management's annual report on internal control over financial reporting (the Report) is included with the Audited Financial Statements which are attached as Exhibit 99.3 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein.

ATTESTATION REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT

REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Company's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm has issued an attestation report on the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2016 included with the Audited Financial Statements which are attached as Exhibit 99.3 to this annual report on Form 40-F.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

During the period covered by this annual report on Form 40-F, no changes occurred in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and is required to describe its practices and policies with regard to corporate governance, with specific reference to National Instrument 58-101 *Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices*, on an annual basis by way of certain disclosures contained in the Company's management information circular. The Company is also listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) and additionally complies with the applicable rules and guidelines of the NYSE as well as the SEC, including those applicable rules and regulations resulting from the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. As a result, the Company believes that there are no significant differences between its corporate governance practices and those required to be followed by United States domestic issuers under the applicable rules and guidelines of the NYSE.

The Company's Board of Directors (Board) has the following four separately designated and standing committees:

the Audit Committee;

the Human Resources and Compensation Committee;

-4-

the Governance and Nominating Committee; and

the Sustainability Committee.

Each of these committees are independent of management and report directly to the Board. The Board, with the assistance of its Governance and Nominating Committee, has determined that all the members of these committees are independent, as that term is defined by the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards applicable to the Company. The members of each committee of the Board are identified under the heading "Directors and Officers" beginning on page 94 of the AIF attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein.

The Company reviews its governance practices and monitors developments in Canada and the United States on an ongoing basis to ensure it is in compliance with applicable rules and standards. The Board is committed to sound corporate governance practices which are both in the interest of its shareholders and contribute to effective and efficient decision making.

The charters for each of the Company's standing committees are available for review on the Company's website at www.goldcorp.com and in print without charge to any shareholder that provides the Company with a written request addressed to the Company's Corporate Secretary.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board has a separately designated standing Audit Committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act. The members of the Company's Audit Committee are identified under the heading "Audit Committee" on page 105 of the AIF which is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein. In the opinion of the Board, all members of the Audit Committee are financially literate and independent, as such terms are defined by the NYSE's corporate governance listing standards applicable to the Company and as determined under Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act.

Audit Committee Financial Experts

The Board has determined that Beverley A. Briscoe (Chair), Blanca Treviño and Kenneth F. Williamson are all audit committee financial experts under the applicable criteria prescribed by the NYSE and the SEC in the general instructions of Form 40-F.

Audit Committee Charter

The Company's Audit Committee Charter is available on the Company's website at www.goldcorp.com, in print without charge to any shareholder that provides the Company with a written request addressed to the Company's Corporate Secretary, and is attached as Schedule "A" to the AIF, which is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Deloitte LLP acted as the Company's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm for the financial year ended December 31, 2016. For a description of the total amount billed to the Company by Deloitte LLP for services performed in the last two financial years by category of service (audit fees, audit-related fees, tax fees and all other fees), see "Audit Committee External Auditor Service Fees" on page 106 of the AIF, which is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein.

**PRE-APPROVAL OF NON-AUDIT SERVICES PROVIDED BY
INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

For a description of the Company's pre-approval policies and procedures related to the provision of non-audit services, see *Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures* on page 106 of the AIF, which is attached as Exhibit 99.1 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet financing arrangements or relationships with unconsolidated special purpose entities.

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Board has adopted a Code of Conduct that applies to all directors, officers and employees of the Company. The Code of Conduct also sets out the Company's whistleblower policy and, therefore, includes a whistleblower reporting mechanism into the Code of Conduct. The Company's Audit Committee has responsibility for monitoring compliance with the Code of Conduct by ensuring all directors, officers and employees receive and become thoroughly familiar with the Code of Conduct and acknowledge their support and understanding of the Code of Conduct.

In addition, the Board, through its meetings with management and other informal discussions with management, encourages a culture of ethical business conduct. The Board believes the Company's management team promotes a culture of ethical business conduct throughout the Company's operations, and expects the Company's management team to monitor the activities of the Company's employees, consultants and agents in that regard. The Board encourages any concerns regarding ethical conduct in respect of the Company's operations to be raised with the Company's Chairperson of the Audit Committee; Regional Vice Presidents; local management teams; Director, Ethics and Compliance; Internal Audit Head; Vice President, Regulatory Compliance; or General Counsel, as appropriate. Concerns regarding ethics-related matters can also be raised through Goldcorp's confidential ethics reporting channels. In addition, the Company has implemented an Ethics and Compliance program and monitors adherence with the Code of Conduct through periodic and ad hoc reviews.

All amendments to the Code of Conduct, and all waivers of the Code of Conduct with respect to the Company's principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or other persons performing similar functions, will be posted on the Company's website, submitted on Form 6-K and provided in print to any shareholder that provides the Company with a written request addressed to the Company's Corporate Secretary.

The Company's Code of Conduct is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, on the SEC website at www.sec.gov, on its website at www.goldcorp.com and in print without charge to any shareholder that provides the Company with a written request addressed to the Company's Corporate Secretary.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

For a description of the contractual obligations of the Company, see *Commitments* starting on page 21 of the Company's management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations for the year ended December 31, 2016 (the MD&A) which is attached as Exhibit 99.2 to this annual report on Form 40-F and incorporated by reference herein.

NOTICES PURSUANT TO REGULATION BTR

There were no notices required by Rule 104 of Regulation BTR that the Company sent during the year ended December 31, 2016 concerning any equity security subject to a blackout period under Rule 101 of Regulation BTR.

MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE

Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Financial Reform Act) requires that each operator of a coal or other mine disclose in this report certain information about its U.S. mining operations, including the number of certain types of violations and orders issued under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (the Mine Act) by the U.S. Labor Department s Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA). The Company does not have any U.S. mining operations and, as a result, this information is not required.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Audited Financial Statements, the MD&A and the AIF can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, on the SEC website at www.sec.gov or on the Company s website at www.goldcorp.com. Shareholders may also contact the Company s Corporate Secretary by phone at (604) 696-3000 or by e-mail at info@goldcorp.com to request copies of these documents and this annual report on Form 40-F for no charge.

CONTACTING THE BOARD

Company shareholders, employees and other interested parties may communicate directly with the Board by:

writing to: Vice Chairman and Lead Director
Goldcorp Inc.
3400 Park Place
666 Burrard Street
Vancouver, BC V6C 2X8
calling: 1-866-696-3055 or 1-604-696-3055
emailing: directors@goldcorp.com

UNDERTAKING

The Company undertakes to make available, in person or by telephone, representatives to respond to inquiries made by the SEC staff, and to furnish promptly, when requested to do so by the SEC staff, information relating to: the securities registered pursuant to Form 40-F, the securities in relation to which the obligation to file an annual report on Form 40-F arises, or transactions in said securities.

CONSENT TO SERVICE OF PROCESS

The Company has previously filed with the SEC a written consent to service of process and power of attorney on Form F-X. Any change to the name or address of the Company s agent for service shall be communicated promptly to the SEC by amendment to the Form F-X referencing the file number of the Company.

EXHIBITS

- 99.1 Annual Information Form of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016
- 99.2 Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2016
- 99.3 Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2016
- 99.4 Certifications of President and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Development pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 99.5 Certifications of President and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Development pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 99.6 Consent of Deloitte LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
- 99.7 Consent of Gil Lawson
- 99.8 Consent of Stephane Blais
- 99.9 Consent of Christopher Osiowy
- 99.10 Consent of Nuri Hmidi
- 99.11 Consent of Christine Beausoleil
- 99.12 Consent of Denis Fleury
- 99.13 Consent of Andy Fortin
- 99.14 Consent of Luc Joncas
- 99.15 Consent of Dan Redmond
- 99.16 Consent of Dr. Sally Goodman
- 99.17 Consent of Dr. Guillermo Pareja
- 99.18 Consent of Andrew de Ruijter
- 99.19 Consent of Andrew Tripp
- 99.20 Consent of Kevin Murray
- 99.21 Consent of Luke Evans
- 99.22 Consent of Hugo Miranda
- 99.23 Consent of Kathleen Ann Altman
- 99.24 Consent of Brad Armstrong
- 99.25 Consent of Ian Russell

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Company certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form 40-F and has duly caused this annual report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

GOLDCORP INC.

By: /s/ David Garofalo

Name: David Garofalo

Title: President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 16, 2017