CYTOKINETICS INC Form 8-K April 30, 2009

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported):

April 30, 2009

Cytokinetics, Incorporated

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

000-50633

(Commission

File Number)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

280 East Grand Avenue, South San Francisco, California

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code:

Not Applicable

Former name or former address, if changed since last report

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

[] Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

[] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

94-3291317

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

94080

(Zip Code)

(650) 624 - 3000

<u>Top of the Form</u> Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On April 30, 2009, Cytokinetics, Incorporated issued a press release announcing its results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2009. A copy of the press release is being filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report and is hereby incorporated by reference into this item 2.02.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

The following Exhibit is filed as part of this Current Report on Form 8-K:

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 Press Release, dated April 30, 2009.

Top of the Form

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Cytokinetics, Incorporated

April 30, 2009

By: /s/ Sharon Barbari

Name: Sharon Barbari Title: Senior Vice President, Finance and Chief Financial Officer

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Exhibit Index

	Exhibit No.	Description	
	99.1	Press release, dated April 30, 2009	
LAY: block; MARGI	N-LEFT: 0pt; MA	ARGIN-RIGHT: 0pt" align="left">Buckles	
			4%
Conchos			4%
Concilos			4%
			4%
Craft supplies			4%
Deve Caristan stress			4%
Dyes, finishes, glues			8%
II l. t l.			8%
Hand tools			16%
11 1			15%
Hardware			6%
17.			6%
Kits			10%
T			11%
Lace			4%
Teedeen			4%
Leather			31%
			31%
Stamping tools			5%
			6%
			100%

As indicated above, the products sold in our retail stores are also sold in our wholesale stores. Therefore, the discussion above regarding products, their sources and the working capital requirements for the Wholesale Leathercraft division also apply to the Retail Leathercraft division. Sales at the retail stores are generally made through cash transactions or through national credit cards. We also sell on open account to selected wholesale customers including schools and other institutions and small retailers. Our terms are generally net 30 days. Like the wholesale stores, the retail stores have an unconditional return policy.

Operations Hours of operation are 9:00 am to 6:00 pm Monday through Friday, and from 9:00 am to 4:00 pm on Saturdays. In addition, most of the stores stay open late one night a week for leathercrafting classes taught in the stores. Selling prices are uniform throughout the retail store system.

Competition Our competitors are generally small local craft stores that carry a limited line of leathercraft products. Several national retail chains that are customers in our Wholesale Leathercraft division also carry leathercraft products on a very small scale relative to their overall product line. To our knowledge, our retail store chain is the only one in existence solely specializing in leathercraft.

Distribution The retail stores receive their inventory from our central warehouse located in Fort Worth, Texas. The stores generally restock their inventory once a week with a shipment from the warehouse. Retail Leathercraft's inventory turns are higher than Wholesale Leathercraft's because the Wholesale Leathercraft calculation includes the central warehouse inventory whereas the Retail Leathercraft calculation includes only the inventory in the Tandy Leather retail stores.

Expansion We intend to expand the Tandy Leather retail store chain to between 100 and 120 stores throughout North America as it makes financial sense to do so. 14 stores were opened in 2002; 12 stores were opened in 2003; 16 were opened in 2004 (including four in Canada); eight were opened in 2005, 12 were opened in 2006, ten were opened in 2007; one was opened in 2008, and two were opened in 2009. Of the 75 stores opened as of December 2009, 11 were independent leathercraft stores that we acquired. Separately, these acquisitions are not material. The other 64 stores have been new stores opened by us. In 2010, we plan to open one to two retail stores.

International Leathercraft

Our International Leathercraft division consists of company-owned stores located outside of North America. Currently, we have one wholesale and retail combination store located in Northampton, United Kingdom, which we opened in February 2008. It operates under the Tandy Leather Factory trade name. This segment had net sales of \$1.3 million and \$836,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Business Strategy The business concept for our International Leathercraft division is a blending of our Leather Factory and Tandy Leather business strategies – the wholesale distribution of leather and related accessories to retailers, manufacturers and other businesses, as well as the promotion and continuance of leathercraft through education and development of the retail customers. The store is located in a 6,600 square foot building in a light industrial area. We maintain sufficient inventory so that our customers can purchase the leather, related accessories and supplies necessary to complete their projects from one supplier. The layout of the store is such that large quantities of product can be displayed in an easily accessible and visually appealing manner. The store services walk-in, mail and phone order customers as well as orders generated from our website, www.tandyleatherfactory.com. Sales are driven by the efforts of the store staff, trade shows, and our direct mail and e-mail marketing programs.

Customers The growing customer base consists of individuals, wholesale distributors, equine-related shops, cobblers, dealers, and retailers dispersed geographically throughout the UK and Europe. Retail sales generally occur via cash transactions or through national credits cards. We also sell on open account to selected wholesale customers including dealers, manufacturers, and retailers. Like our USA stores, our UK store has an unconditional return policy.

Merchandise The products sold in our UK store are also sold in our USA stores. Therefore, the discussion above regarding products, their sources and the working capital requirements for the Wholesale and Retail Leathercraft divisions also apply here.

Operations Hours of operation are 8:00 am to 5:00 pm Monday through Friday, and from 8:00 am to 2:00 pm on Saturdays. Selling prices are consistent with the USA store pricing, adjusted for currency fluctuation.

Distribution The UK store receives the majority of its inventory from our central warehouse located in Fort Worth, Texas, although occasionally, merchandise is shipped directly from the vendor. Inventory is shipped from our warehouse to the store several times per month to meet customer demand without sacrificing inventory turns. Customer orders are filled as received, and we do not have backlogs.

Expansion We intend to expand further internationally, although we have no specific time frame at this time. We will continue to grow our customer base throughout Europe as well as other parts of the world so that we can support additional stores.

For more information about our business and our reportable segments, see Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on page 9.

Additional Information

Compliance With Environmental Laws Our compliance with federal, state and local environmental protection laws has not had, and is not expected to have, a material effect on our capital expenditures, earnings or competitive position.

Employees As of December 31, 2009, we employed 447 people, 351 of whom were employed on a full-time basis. We are not a party to any collective bargaining agreements. Overall, we believe that relations with employees are good.

Intellectual Property We own approximately 20 registered trademarks, including federal trade name registrations for "The Leather Factory" and "Tandy Leather Company." We also own approximately 20 registered foreign trademarks worldwide. We own approximately 500 registered copyrights in the United States covering more than 600 individual works relating to various products. We also own several United States patents for specific belt buckles and leather-working equipment. These rights are valuable assets, and we defend them as necessary.

International Operations Information regarding our revenues from the United States and abroad and our long-lived assets are found in Note 15 to our Consolidated Financial Statements, Segment Information.

Our Website and Availability of SEC Reports We file reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). These reports include our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and any amendments to these filings. The public may read any of these filings at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549. In addition, the public may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. Further, the SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information concerning us. You can connect to this site at http://www.sec.gov.

Our corporate website is located at http://www.tandyleatherfactory.com. We make copies of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements and any amendments filed with or furnished to the SEC available to investors on or through our website free of charge as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file them with or furnish them to the SEC. Our SEC filings can be found on the Investor Relations page of our website through the "SEC Filings" link. In addition, certain other corporate governance documents are available on our website through the "Corporate Governance" link.

Executive Officers of the Registrant

The following table sets forth information concerning our executive officers as of March 20, 2010:

Name and Age	Position and Business Experience During Past Five Years	Served as Officer Since
Jon W. Thompson, 48	Chief Executive Office since July 2009; President since June 2008; Senior Vice President from June 1993 to June 2008	2008
Shannon L. Greene 44	, Chief Financial Officer since May 2000	2000
Mark J. Angus, 49	Senior Vice President since June 2008; Vice President of Merchandising since June 1993	2008
William M. Warren, 66	Secretary and Corporate Counsel	1993

Jon W. Thompson has served as our Chief Executive Officer since July 2009. He has also served as President and Chief Operating Officer since June 2008. He served as Senior Vice President from June 1993 to June 2008. Mr. Thompson is the son of Wray Thompson, Chairman of the Board.

Shannon L. Greene has served as our Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer since May 2000 and director since January 2001. Ms. Greene is also our Chief Accounting Officer. Ms. Greene, a certified public accountant, also serves on our 401(k) Plan committee. Her professional affiliations include the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants and its Fort Worth chapter, and the Financial Executives International. She also sits on the Board of Directors of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce.

Mark J. Angus has served as Senior Vice President since June 2008. He served as Vice President of Merchandising since January 1993.

William M. Warren has served as Secretary and General Counsel since 1993. Since 1979, Mr. Warren has been President and Director of Loe, Warren, Rosenfield, Kaitcer, Hibbs, Windsor & Lawrence, P.C., a law firm located in Fort Worth, Texas.

All officers are elected annually by the Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the following risk factors together with all of the other information included in this annual report, including the financial statements and related notes, when deciding to invest in us. You should be aware that the occurrence of any of the events described in this Risk Factors section and elsewhere in this annual report could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows. Some, but not all, of the important risks which could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by forward-looking statements made by us include the following:

• We might fail to realize the anticipated benefits of the opening of Tandy Leather retail stores or we might be unable to obtain sufficient new locations on acceptable terms to meet our growth plans. Further, we might fail to hire and train competent managers to oversee the stores opened.

- Continued weakness in the economy in the United States, as well as abroad, may cause our sales to decrease or not to increase or adversely affect the prices charged for our products. Also, hostilities, terrorism or other events could worsen this condition.
- Negative trends in general consumer-spending levels, including the impact of the availability and level of consumer debt and levels of consumer confidence could adversely affect our sales.
- Political considerations here and abroad could disrupt our sources of supplies from abroad or affect the prices we pay for goods.
- Continued involvement by the United States in war and other military operations in the Middle East and other areas abroad could disrupt international trade and affect our inventory sources.
- As a result of the on-going threat of terrorist attacks on the United States, consumer buying habits could change and decrease our sales.
- Livestock diseases such as mad cow could reduce the availability of hides and leathers or increase their cost. Also, the prices of hides and leathers fluctuate in normal times, and these fluctuations can affect us.
- If, for whatever reason, the costs of our raw materials and inventory increase, we may not be able to pass those costs on to our customers.
- Other factors could cause either fluctuations in buying patterns or possible negative trends in the craft and western retail markets. In addition, our customers may change their preferences to products other than ours, or they may not accept new products as we introduce them.
- Any change in the commercial banking environment may affect us and our ability to borrow capital as needed.

Other uncertainties, which are difficult to predict and many of which are beyond our control, may occur as well.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

We lease all of our store locations premises, with the majority of our stores having initial lease terms of approximately five years. The leases are generally renewable, with increases in lease rental rates in some cases. We believe that all of our properties are adequately covered by insurance. The properties leased by us are described in Item 1 in the description of each of our three operating segments. We also lease a 284 square-foot showroom in the Denver Merchandise Mart for \$5,908 per year. This lease will expire in October 2011.

We own our corporate headquarters, which includes our central warehouse and manufacturing facility, sales, advertising, administrative, and executive offices. The facility consists of 191,000 square feet located on approximately 30 acres.

Wholesale Leathercraft Retail Leathercraft International State Alabama 1 Alaska 1 2 3 Arizona Arkansas 1 _ 3 7 California Colorado 1 3 1 Connecticut 1 3 Florida 1 Georgia Idaho 1 Illinois 1 1 2 Indiana Iowa 1 Kansas 1 1 Kentucky Louisiana 1 1 Maryland Massachusetts 1 Michigan 1 1 Minnesota 2 Missouri 1 2 Montana 1 1 Nebraska Nevada 2 New Mexico 1 2 New York 1 2 North Carolina North Dakota 1 2 Ohio 1 2 Oklahoma 1 Oregon 1 _ 2 Pennsylvania 1 South Carolina _ 1 South Dakota 1 Tennessee 1 3 Texas 5 9

The following table summarizes the locations of our leased premises as of December 31, 2009:

Utah	1	2	
	I	2	-
Virginia	-	1	-
Washington	1	2	-
Wisconsin	-	1	-
Wyoming	-	1	
Canadian locations:			
Alberta	1	1	-
British Columbia	-	1	-
Manitoba	1	-	-
Nova Scotia	-	1	-
Ontario	1	2	-
Quebec	-	1	-
International			
locations:			
United Kingdom	-	-	1

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are involved in litigation in the ordinary course of business but are not currently a party to any material pending legal proceedings.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

There were no matters submitted to a vote of our security holders during the fourth quarter of our fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PRUCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is traded on the NYSE Amex using the symbol "TLF". The high and low trading prices for each calendar quarter during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

2009	High	Low	2008	High	Low
4th quarter	\$4.08	\$3.00	4th quarter	\$2.75	\$1.72
3rd quarter	\$3.30	\$2.35	3rd quarter	\$3.07	\$2.49
2nd quarter	\$2.85	\$1.90	2nd quarter	\$3.37	\$2.63
1st quarter	\$2.42	\$1.55	1st quarter	\$3.32	\$2.30

There were approximately 476 stockholders of record on March 1, 2010.

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on the shares of our common stock. Our Board of Directors has historically followed a policy of reinvesting our earnings in the expansion of our business. This policy is subject to change based on future industry and market conditions, as well as other factors.

We did not sell any shares of our equity securities during our fiscal year ended December 31, 2009 that were not registered under the Securities Act.

The following table provides information about purchases we have made of our common stock during the quarter ended December 31, 2009:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES					
	(a) Total Number of	(b) Average Price	of Shares	 (d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or 	
Period	Shares Purchased	U U	or Programs	Programs	
October 1 through October 31	-	-	-	974,773	
November 1 through November 30	-	-	-	974,773	
December 1 through December 31	35,700(1)	\$3.69	35,700	964,300	
Total	35,700	\$3.69	35,700	964,300	

(1) Represents shares purchased through a stock repurchase program permitting us to repurchase up to one million shares of our common stock at prevailing market prices not to exceed \$3.70 per share. We announced the program on December 9, 2009, such program replacing our previous stock repurchase program which permitted us, on the date of its termination, to repurchase up to 974,773 shares of our common stock at prevailing prices not to exceed \$2.85 per share. Purchases under the program commenced on December 9, 2009 and will terminate on December 10, 2010.

Stockholder Return Performance Graph

The line graph below compares the yearly percentage change in our cumulative five-year total stockholder return on our common stock with the Standard & Poor's SmallCap 600 Index and the S&P Specialty Stores Index. The graph assumes that \$100 was invested on December 31, 2004 in our common stock, the Standard & Poor's SmallCap 600 Index, and the S&P Specialty Stores Index, and that all dividends were reinvested. The returns shown on the graph are not necessarily indicative of future performance.

COMPARISON OF FIVE-YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURNS Tandy Leather Factory, Inc.

Company Name / Index	Dec 04	Dec 05	Dec 06	Dec 07	Dec 08	Dec 09
TANDY LEATHER	100					
FACTORY		192.96	227.32	92.11	60.56	110.14
S&P SMALLCAP 600	100					
INDEX		107.68	123.96	123.59	85.19	106.97
S&P SPECIALTY STORES	100	118.10	143.57	105.38	66.82	101.21

Data Source: Research Data Group, Inc., San Francisco, CA

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The selected financial data presented below are derived from and should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes. This information should also be read in conjunction with "Item 7 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." Data in prior years has not been restated to reflect acquisitions, if any, that occurred in subsequent years.

Income Statement Data,							
Years ended December 31,	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005		
Net sales	\$54,482,739	\$52,491,538	\$54,219,728	\$53,458,649	\$49,069,483		
Cost of sales	21,873,365	21,441,179	23,039,396	22,435,222	20,774,584		
Gross profit	32,609,374	31,050,359	31,180,332	31,023,427	28,294,899		
Operating expenses	27,514,273	27,025,017	26,859,301	24,129,115	22,806,049		
Operating income	5,095,101	4,025,342	4,321,031	6,894,312	5,488,850		
Other (income) expense	133,699	67,072	(316,831)	(97,161)	(134,502)		
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	4,961,402	3,958,270	4,635,942	6,991,473	5,623,352		
Income tax provision (benefit)	1,700,259	1,446,423	1,740,420	2,362,725	1,867,820		
Net income from continuing operations	3,261,143	\$2,511,847	\$2,895,522	\$4,628,748	\$3,755,532		
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	56,914	92,336	192,609	148,318	(41,818)		
Net income	\$3,318,057	\$2,604,183	\$3,088,131	\$4,777,066	\$3,713,714		
Net income per share from continuing operations							
Basic	\$0.31	\$0.23	\$0.26	\$0.43	\$0.35		
Diluted	\$0.31	\$0.23	\$0.26	\$0.42	\$0.34		

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Basic		\$0.32	\$0.24	\$0.28	\$0.44	
Diluted		\$0.31	\$0.24	\$0.28	\$0.43	
Weighted average common share	es outstanding	for:				
Basic EPS		10,471,103	10,931,306	10,951,481	10,807,316	10,
Diluted EPS		10,535,736	11,015,657	11,157,775	11,113,855	10,
Balance Sheet Data, as of December 31,	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	
Cash and certificates of deposit	\$12,908,962	\$10,821,298	\$6,810,396	\$6,739,981	\$3,215,72	7
Total assets	43,327,231	40,975,913	37,651,506	31,916,635	25,680,473	3
Capital lease obligation, including current portion	-	593,949	-	111,723	245,78)
Long-term debt, including current portion	3,712,500	3,915,000	4,050,000	-		
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$33,359,655	\$31,264,762	\$29,815,504	\$26,323,243	\$21,257,85	7

Net income per share including discontinued operations

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We intend for the following discussion to provide you with information that will assist you in understanding our financial statements, the changes in key items in those financial statements from year to year and the primary factors that accounted for those changes, as well as how particular accounting principles affect our financial statements. This discussion also provides information about the financial results of the various segments of our business so you may better understand how those segments and their results affect our financial condition and results of operations as a whole. Finally, we have identified and discussed trends known to management that we believe are likely to have a material effect.

This discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements as of December 31, 2009 and 2008 and the two years then ended and the notes accompanying those financial statements. You are also urged to consider the information under the caption "Summary of Critical Accounting Policies."

Summary

We are the world's largest specialty retailer and wholesale distributor of leather and leathercraft-related items. Our operations are centered on operating retail and wholesale stores. We have built our business by offering our customers quality products in one location at competitive prices. The key to our success is our ability to grow our base business. We grow that business by opening new locations and by increasing sales in our existing locations. We intend to continue to expand both domestically, in the short-term, and internationally, in the long-term.

We operate in three segments. First, Wholesale Leathercraft, consisting of our Leather Factory stores and our national account group, is our oldest segment with sales of \$25.1 million in 2009. Historically, in normal economic conditions, this division generally offers steady but very modest increases in sales. Sales in 2009 declined 5.0% compared to 2008. The wholesale stores' sales declined 5.3% compared to 2008 and national account sales were down 3.4%. Much of the sales decline at the stores and in national accounts is attributed to an overall weakness in consumer spending as a result of the weak U.S. economy.

Since acquiring its assets in 2000, Tandy Leather has been re-established as the operator of retail leathercraft stores. These retail stores comprise our second segment, Retail Leathercraft. This segment has experienced the greatest increases in sales (\$28.1 million in 2009, up from \$25.2 million in 2008) and in 2009, surpassed our Wholesale Leathercraft segment to become our largest source of revenues. Our business plan calls for opening an average of 10-12 stores annually as we work toward a goal of 100+ stores from 75 stores at the end of 2009. We have slowed down our new store openings in recent years due to the general economic conditions in the U.S. and because of the lack of personnel qualified for store manager positions. We plan to open one to two new stores in 2010, one of which was opened in the first quarter.

Our third segment is International Leathercraft, which consists of stores located outside of North America. Currently, we have one retail/wholesale combination store located in the United Kingdom, which was opened in February 2008. It is our intention to add more stores to this segment once we have a large enough customer base to support additional stores.

On a consolidated basis, a key indicator of costs, gross margin as a percent of total net sales, increased in 2008 and in 2009. Operating expenses increased 2% between 2008 and 2009 and between 2007 and 2008.

We reported consolidated net income for 2009 of \$3.3 million. Consolidated net income for 2008 and 2007 was \$2.6 million and \$3.1 million, respectively. We use our cash flow to fund our operations, to fund the opening of new Tandy Leather stores, to purchase necessary property and equipment and to make acquisitions of small competitors in the retail and wholesale market. In 2007, we incurred \$4.0 million in bank debt to purchase a 191,000 square foot

building to house our corporate headquarters and central support units. We moved into that facility in the first quarter of 2008. At the end of 2009, our stockholders' equity had increased to \$33.3 million from \$31.3 million the previous year.

Comparing the December 31, 2009 balance sheet with the prior year's balance sheet, we increased our investment in inventory from \$16.0 million to \$16.9 million, while total cash (including certificates of deposit and other short-term investments) increased from \$10.8 million from \$12.9 million.

Net Sales

Net sales for the three years ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Year	Wholesale	Retail	International	Total	Incr (Decr) from
	Leathercraft	Leathercraft	Leathercraft	Company	Prior Year
2009	\$25,095,392	2 \$28,079,862	\$1,307,485	\$54,482,739	3.8%
2008	\$\$26,423,858	\$\$25,231,145	\$836,535	\$52,491,537	(3.2)%
200	\$29,555,978	8 \$24,663,750	N/A	\$54,219,728	1.4%

Our net sales increased by 3.8% in 2009 when compared with 2008 and fell by 3.2% in 2008 when compared with 2007. In 2009 and 2008, our Retail and International Leathercraft segments reported sales increases while our Wholesale Leathercraft segment reported sales declines. The reduction in sales in our wholesale stores is the result of the overall economic slowdown in the U.S. That economic slowdown has impacted our retail stores as well, although not as significantly.

Costs and Expenses

In general, our gross profit as a percentage of sales (our gross margin) fluctuates based on the mix of customers we serve, the mix of products we sell and our ability to source products globally. Our negotiations with suppliers for lower pricing are an on-going process, and we have varying degrees of success in those endeavors. Sales to retail customers tend to produce higher gross margins than sales to wholesale customers due to the difference in pricing levels. Therefore, as retail sales increase in the overall sales mix, higher gross margins tend to follow. Finally, there is significant fluctuation in gross margins between the various merchandise categories we offer. As a result, our gross margins can vary depending on the mix of products sold during any given time period.

For 2009, our cost of sales decreased as a percentage of total net sales when compared to 2009, resulting in an increase in consolidated gross profit margin from 59.2% to 59.9%. Our 2008 cost of sales as a percentage of our total net sales decreased as a percentage of total net sales when compared to 2007, resulting in an increase in consolidated gross profit margin from 57.5% to 59.2%. Increases in gross margin are primarily due to increased retail sales from year to year.

Our gross margins for the three years ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Year	Wholesale Leathercraft	Retail Leathercraft	International Leathercraft	Total Company
2009	58.5%	60.9%	63.6%	59.9%
2008	56.5%	61.6%	68.4%	59.2%
2007	55.7%	59.7%	-	57.5%

Our operating expenses decreased 1.0% as a percentage of total net sales to 50.5% in 2009 when compared with 51.5% in 2008. This decrease indicates that our operating expenses grew more slowly than our sales during this period. 2009 operating expenses were \$490,000 higher than those of 2008. Significant expense fluctuations in 2009 compared to 2008 are as follows:

Expense	2009 amount	Incr (Decr) over 2008
Employee compensation & benefits	\$14.5 million	\$500,000
Rent & utilities	3.3 million	(90,000)
Depreciation and amortization	1.1 million	100,000
Loss on impairment and disposal of	365,000	365,000
equipment		
Professional fees and licenses	700,000	(62,000)
Freight out – shipping product to	1.3 million	(160,000)
customers		
Property taxes	340,000	80,000
Outside services	102,000	(157,000)

Our operating expenses increased 2.0% as a percentage of total net sales to 51.5% in 2008 when compared with 49.5% in 2007. This increase indicates that our operating expenses grew faster than our sales during this period. Significant expense fluctuations in 2008 compared to 2007 are as follows:

Expense	2008 amount	Incr (Decr) over 2007
Employee compensation & benefits	\$14.0 million	\$(160,000)
Rent & utilities	4.1 million	323,000
Depreciation and amortization	985,000	350,000
Advertising	3.0 million	(400,000)
Freight out – shipping product to	1.5 million	(140,000)
customers		
Property taxes	260,000	135,000
Outside services	260,000	(240,000)

Other Income/Expense (net)

Other Income/Expense consists primarily of currency exchange fluctuations, interest income and interest expense. In 2009, we had other expense (net) of \$134,000 compared to other income (net) of \$67,000 in 2008. We received \$32,000 in gas royalties. We earned \$128,000 in interest income on our cash and paid \$297,000 in interest expense on our bank debt. We had a currency exchange loss of \$98,000 in 2009 compared to \$114,000 in 2008.

In 2008, we had other expense (net) of \$67,000 compared to other income (net) of \$315,000 in 2007. We received \$230,000 for surface damage and additional access related to the oil and gas lease associated with a portion of the land surrounding our corporate facility. We earned \$141,000 in interest income on our cash and paid \$332,000 in interest expense on our bank debt. We had a currency exchange loss of \$114,000 in 2008 compared to income of \$9,000 in 2007.

Net Income

During 2009, we earned net income of \$3.3 million, a 27% increase over our net income of \$2.6 million earned during 2008. The increase in net income was the result of the increase in sales and gross profit, partially offset by the reduction in other income.

During 2008, we earned net income of \$2.6 million, a 16% decline over our net income of \$3.1 million earned during 2007. The decline in net income was the result of the decrease in gross profit and the decrease in other income, partially offset by the reduction in income tax expense.

Wholesale Leathercraft

The increases (or decreases) in net sales, operating income, operating income increases (or decreases) and operating income as a percentage of sales from our Wholesale Leathercraft stores for the three years ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

	Net Sales Incr	Operating	Operating	Operating Income
Year	(Decr)	Income	Income Incr	as a Percentage
	from Prior Yr		(Decr)	of Sales
			from Prior Year	
2009	(5.3)%	\$2,382,998	29.3%	9.5%
2008	(10.6)%	\$1,842,526	(34.8)%	6.9%
2007	(3.7)%	\$2,826,710	(41.3)%	9.6%

Wholesale Leathercraft, consisting of our 30 wholesale stores and our national account group, accounted for 45.6% of our consolidated net sales in 2009, which compares to 49.6% in 2008 and 53.4% in 2007. The decrease in this division's contribution to our total net sales is the result of the growth in Retail Leathercraft, and we expect this trend to continue.

Sales in the wholesale stores decreased 5.3% in 2009 compared to sales in 2008 while the sales decline in our national account group was 3.4% from 2008 to 2009. By customer group, we increased sales to our retail customers, but had sales declines in all other groups. The most significant decreases were in our wholesale and manufacturer groups. The customers comprising these groups are small businesses and have been significantly affected by the weakness in our economy. Our sales mix by customer group in the Wholesale Leathercraft division was as follows:

Customer Group	2009	2008	2007
Retail	29%	26%	23%
Institution	7%	8%	8%
Wholesale	42%	41%	42%
National Accounts	15%	17%	15%
Manufacturers	7%	8%	12%
	100%	100%	100%

The 2009 increase in operating income as a percentage of divisional sales resulted from a decrease in operating expenses of \$500,000. Significant operating expense decreases occurred in legal and professional fees (\$57,000), moving expenses (\$114,000), advertising and marketing (\$200,000), outside services (\$158,000), rent and utilities (\$95,000) and freight out (\$143,000). These decreases were offset somewhat by a loss incurred on the impairment of certain computer equipment totaling \$365,000.

The 2008 decrease in operating income as a percentage of divisional sales resulted from a decrease of 9.2% in gross margin (as a percentage of sales) compared with 2007, offset partially by a decrease of 3.4% in operating expenses as a percent of sales. Significant operating expense decreases occurred in employee compensation and benefits (\$670,000), outside services (\$235,000) and freight out (\$200,000). These decreases were partially offset by increases in depreciation expense (\$400,000) and property taxes (\$230,000), both due to the purchase of our corporate facility.

Retail Leathercraft

The increases in net sales, operating income, operating income increases (or decreases) and operating income as a percentage of sales from our Retail Leathercraft stores for the three years ended December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Y	ear	Net Sales Increase from Prior Yr	Operating Income	Operating Income Incr (Decr) from Prior Year	Operating Income as a Percentage of Sales
	2009	11.3%	\$2,900,701	32.6%	10.3%
	2008	2.3%	\$2,188,282	41.7%	8.7%
	2007	9.5%	\$1,544,320	(33.2)%	6.3%

Reflecting the growth previously discussed, Retail Leathercraft accounted for 51.1% of our total net sales in 2009, up from 47.4% in 2008 and 44.6% in 2007.

Growth in net sales for our Retail Leathercraft division in 2009 resulted primarily from an increase in same store sales.

Our sales mix by customer group in the Retail Leathercraft division was as follows:

Customer Group	2009	2008	2007
Retail	65%	65%	63%
Institution	7%	9%	8%
Wholesale	27%	25%	27%
National Accounts	0%	0%	0%
Manufacturers	1%	1%	2%
	100%	100%	100%

Operating income as a percentage of sales increased to 10.3% for 2009 compared to 8.7% for 2008. Gross margin decreased to 60.9% in 2009 from 61.6% in 2008. Operating expenses as a percent of sales in 2008 decreased by 2.3%, from 52.9% for 2008 to 50.6% for 2009 as operating expenses grew at a slower pace than that of sales.

Operating income as a percentage of sales increased to 8.7% for 2008 compared to 6.3% for 2007. Gross margin improved to 61.6% in 2008 from 59.7% in 2007. Operating expenses as a percent of sales in 2008 decreased by 0.6%, from 53.5% for 2007 to 52.9% for 2008 as operating expenses grew at a slower pace than that of sales and gross margin.

We intend to continue the expansion of Tandy Leather's retail store chain in 2010 by opening one to two stores, one of which was opened in the first quarter. We remain committed to a conservative expansion plan for this division that minimizes risks to our profits and maintains financial stability. In the current economic environment in the U.S., it is possible that we will change our plans for store openings in 2010 if we determine that the U.S. retail sector can not support additional store openings at that time or if the feasibility of additional successful openings is deemed likely.

International Leathercraft

International Leathercraft consists of all stores located outside of North America. Currently, that represents one retail/wholesale combination store located in the United Kingdom. International Leathercraft accounted for 2.4% and 1.6% of our total sales in 2009 and 2008, respectively. Operating income was \$176,000 and \$54,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively. We expect this segment to become a larger part of our total operations as our international customer base continues to grow.

Financial Condition

At December 31, 2009, we held \$12.9 million of cash and certificates of deposit, \$16.9 million of inventory, accounts receivable of \$1.2 million, and \$9.8 million of property and equipment. Goodwill and other intangibles (net of amortization and depreciation) were \$984,000 and \$308,000, respectively. Net total assets were \$43.3 million. Current liabilities were \$5.8 million (including \$203,000 of current maturities of long-term debt), while long-term debt was \$3.5 million. Total stockholders' equity at the end of 2009 was \$33.4 million.

At December 31, 2008, we held \$10.8 million of cash and certificates of deposit, \$16.0 million of inventory, accounts receivable of \$1.2 million, and \$10.3 million of property and equipment. Goodwill and other intangibles (net of amortization and depreciation) were \$966,000 and \$355,000, respectively. Net total assets were \$40.9 million. Current liabilities were \$5.1 million (including \$468,000 of current maturities of long-term debt), while long-term debt was \$4.0 million. Total stockholders' equity at the end of 2008 was \$31.2 million.

		2009	2008	2007
Solvency Ratios:				
Quick Ratio	(Cash+Accts Rec)/Total Current Liabilities	2.44	2.37	2.48
Current Ratio	Total Current Assets/Total Current Liabilities	5.55	5.72	7.47
Current Liabilities to Net Worth	Total Current Liabilities/Net Worth	0.17	0.16	0.13
Current Liabilities to Inventory	Total Current Liabilities/Inventory	0.34	0.32	0.22
Total Liabilities to Net Worth	Total Liabilities/Net Worth	0.30	0.31	0.26
Fixed Assets to Net Worth	Fixed Assets/Net Worth	0.29	0.33	0.23
Efficiency Ratios:				
Collection Period (Days Outstanding)	Accounts Receivable/Credit Sales x 365	37.22	54.89	63.42
Inventory Turnover	Sales/Average Inventory	3.35	3.18	3.19
Assets to Sales	Total Assets/Sales	0.79	0.77	0.68
Sales to Net Working Capital	Sales/Current Assets - Current Liabilities	2.09	2.22	2.27
Accounts Payable to Sales	Accounts Payable/Sales	0.02	0.02	0.03
Profitability Ratios:				
Return on Sales (Profit Margin)	Net Profit After Taxes/Sales	0.06	0.05	0.06
Return on Assets	Net Profit After Taxes/Total Assets	0.08	0.06	0.08
Return on Net Worth (Return on Equity)	Net Profit After Taxes/Net Worth	0.10	0.08	0.10

Specific ratios on a consolidated basis at the end of each year ended December 31 were as follows:

Capital Resources and Liquidity

On July 31, 2007, we entered into a Credit Agreement and Line of Credit Note with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., pursuant to which the bank agreed to provide us with a credit facility of up to \$5,500,000 to facilitate our purchase and remodel of real estate consisting of a 191,000 square foot building situated on 30 acres of land located at 1900 SE Loop 820 in Fort Worth, Texas. Proceeds in the amount of \$4,050,000 were used to fund the initial purchase of the property. On April 30, 2008, that amount was rolled into a ten-year term note, and we began making monthly debt service payments in May 2008.

We are currently in compliance with all covenants and conditions contained in the JPMorgan Chase Credit Agreement and have no reason to believe that we will not continue to operate in compliance with the provisions of these financing arrangements. The principal terms and conditions of the Credit Agreement are described in further detail in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, Notes Payable and Long-Term Debt.

Reflecting the borrowing and reduction of bank indebtedness during the periods, our financing activities for 2009, 2008 and 2007 required net cash of \$2.4 million, \$1.1 million, and \$4,000, respectively.

Our primary source of liquidity and capital resources during 2009 was cash flow provided by operating activities. Cash flow from operations for 2009 and 2008 was \$5.3 million and \$7.8 million, respectively. In 2009, cash flow from operations was generated from income, partially offset by the increase in inventory. In 2008, cash flow from operations was generated from net income and the decreases in accounts receivable and inventory. Cash flow from operations in 2007 was \$2.5 million.

Consolidated accounts receivable remained virtually unchanged at \$1.2 million as of December 31, 2009 and 2008. Average days to collect accounts improved from 54.9 days in 2008 to 40.0 days in 2009 on a consolidated basis. We have tightened our credit policy and are aggressively monitoring our customer accounts to ensure collectability. We believe the trend in our collections is the result of the overall slowdown in the U.S. economy. Many of our customers with open accounts are very small businesses, and they tend to feel the effects of an economic slowdown more severely than larger businesses.

Inventory increased from \$16.0 million at the end of 2008 to \$16.9 million at December 31, 2009. We expect our inventory to slowly trend upward as we continue our expansion of the Tandy Leather store chain. In 2010, we expect to maintain a fairly steady inventory due to the limited number of retail stores we plan to open. We attempt to manage our inventory levels to avoid tying up excessive capital while maintaining sufficient inventory in order to service our current customer demand as well as plan for our expected store growth and expansion. We believe our investment in inventory at the end of 2009 was at a very reasonable level given our expansion plans as it was within 2% of our internal targets of optimum inventory levels.

Consolidated inventory turned 3.34 times during 2009, improving over the 2008 turns at 3.18 times. We compute our inventory turnover rates as sales divided by average inventory.

By operating division, inventory turns are as follows:

Segment	2009	2008	2007
Wholesale Leathercraft	2.18	2.14	2.37
Retail Leathercraft	6.13	6.05	5.87
International Leathercraft	3.95	4.61	n/a
Wholesale Leathercraft stores only	6.82	7.14	6.87

Retail Leathercraft inventory turns are significantly higher than that of Wholesale Leathercraft because its inventory consists only of the inventory at the stores. The retail stores have no warehouse (backstock) inventory to include in the turnover computation as the stores get their product from the central warehouse. Wholesale Leathercraft's turns are expected to be slower because the central warehouse inventory is part of this division, and its inventory is held as the backstock for all of the stores.

Accounts payable, totaling \$1.1 million, remained virtually unchanged at the end of 2009 compared to the end of 2008.

As discussed above, the largest use of operating cash in 2009 was in the increase of inventory. Cash paid for capital expenditures totaled \$792,000 and \$2.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Total capital expenditures (both cash and non-cash) totaled \$792,000 and \$3.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. In 2008, the primary capital expenditure was the remodel and retrofit of the building for \$3.2 million. Other capital expenditures were factory machines and dies (\$55,000) and computer equipment (\$415,000). In 2009, the primary capital expenditures were for computer equipment, software and licenses totaling \$472,000. Other capital expenditures were building improvements (\$209,000), including parking lot repaving and fence installation, and factory machines and dies (\$56,000). Although we intend to continue opening or acquiring new Tandy Leather retail stores and therefore expenditures related to this expansion should continue into 2010, we do expect our 2010 capital expenditures to be less than that of 2009 as the expenditures related to our building have been completed.

Cash applied toward stock repurchases totaled \$1,624,264 and \$802,898, in 2009 and 2008, respectively.

We believe that cash flow from operations will be adequate to fund our operations in 2010, while also funding our limited expansion plans. At this time, we know of no trends or demands, commitments events or uncertainties that will or are likely to materially affect our liquidity, capital resources or results of operations. In addition, we anticipate that this cash flow will enable us to meet the contractual obligations and commercial commitments. We could defer expansion plans if required by unanticipated drops in cash flow. In particular, because of the relatively small investment required by each new retail store, we have flexibility in when we make most expansion expenditures.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements during 2009, 2008 and 2007, and we do not currently have any such arrangements.

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes by years our contractual obligations and commercial commitments as of December 31, 2009 (not including related interest expense):

	Payments Due by Periods				
Contractual Obligations	Total	Less than 1	2 - 3 Years	4 -5 Years	More than
		Year			5 Years
Long-Term Debt(1)	\$3,712,500	\$202,500	\$405,000	\$405,000	\$2,700,000
Operating Leases(2)	7,405,586	2,485,289	3,598,560	1,223,489	98,248
Total Contractual Obligations	\$11,118,086	\$2,687,789	\$4,003,560	\$1,628,489	\$2,798,248

(1) Our loan from JPMorgan Chase matures in May 2018.

(2) These are our leased facilities.

Summary of Critical Accounting Policies

We strive to report our financial results in a clear and understandable manner, although in some cases accounting and disclosure rules are complex and require us to use technical terminology. We follow generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. in preparing our consolidated financial statements. These principles require us to make estimates and apply judgments that affect our financial position and results of operations. We continually review our accounting policies, how they are applied and how they are reported and disclosed in our financial statements. Following is a summary of our more significant accounting policies and how they are applied in preparation of the financial statements.

Basis of Consolidation. We report our financial information on a consolidated basis. Therefore, unless there is an indication to the contrary, financial information is provided for the parent company, Tandy Leather Factory, Inc., and its subsidiaries as a whole. Transactions between the parent company and any subsidiaries are eliminated for this purpose. We own all of the capital stock of our subsidiaries, and we do not have any subsidiaries that are not consolidated. None of our subsidiaries are "off balance sheet."

Revenue Recognition. We recognize revenue for retail (over the counter) sales as transactions occur and other sales upon shipment of our products, provided that there are no significant post-delivery obligations to the customer and collection is reasonably assured, which generally occurs upon shipment. Net sales represent gross sales less negotiated price allowances, product returns, and allowances for defective merchandise.

Allowance for Accounts Receivable. We reduce accounts receivable by an allowance for amounts that may become uncollectible in the future. This allowance is an estimate based primarily on our evaluation of the customer's financial condition, past collection history, and the aging of the account. If the financial condition of any of our customers deteriorates, resulting in an impairment or inability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

Inventory. Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market and is accounted for on the "first in, first out" method. This means that sales of inventory treat the oldest item of identical inventory as being the first sold. In addition, we regularly reduce the value of our inventory for slow-moving or obsolete inventory. This reduction is based on our review of items on hand compared to their estimated future demand. If actual future demand is less favorable than what we project, additional write-downs may be necessary. Goods shipped to us are recorded as inventory owned by

us when the risk of loss shifts to us from the supplier.

Goodwill. We periodically analyze the remaining goodwill on our balance sheet to determine the appropriateness of its carrying value. As of December 31, 2009, we determined that the present value of the discounted estimated future cash flows of the operating divisions associated with the goodwill is sufficient to support their respective goodwill balances. If actual financial performance of these divisions differs significantly from our projections, such difference could affect the present value calculation in the future resulting in an impairment of all or part of the goodwill currently carried on our balance sheet.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained in this annual report and other materials we file with the SEC, or in other written or oral statements made or to be made by us, other than statements of historical fact, are "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements give our current expectations or forecasts of future events. Words such as "may," "assume," "forecast," "position," "predict," "strategy," "expect "intend," "plan," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "project," "budget," "potential," or "continue," and similar expressions ar identify forward-looking statements. They can be affected by assumptions used or by known or unknown risks or uncertainties. Consequently, no forward-looking statements can be guaranteed. Actual results may vary materially. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. You should also understand that it is not possible to predict or identify all such factors and should not consider the following list to be a complete statement of all potential risks and uncertainties. Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the results contemplated by such forward-looking statements include the risk factors described in Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Management cautions that forward-looking statements are not guarantees, and our actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. We do not intend to update forward-looking statements.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We face exposure to financial market risks, including adverse movement in foreign current exchange rates and changes in interest rates. These exposures may change over time and could have a material impact on our financial results. We do not use or invest in market risk sensitive instruments to hedge any of these risks or for any other purpose.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rate Risk

Our primary foreign currency exposure is related to our subsidiaries in Canada and the United Kingdom as those subsidiaries have local currency revenue and local currency operating expenses. Changes in the currency exchange rates impact the U.S. dollar amount of revenue and expenses. See Note 15 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, Segment Information, for financial information concerning our foreign activities.

Interest Rate Risk

In the past, we have been subject to market risk associated with interest rate movements on certain outstanding debt. However, our current credit agreement with JPMorgan Chase includes a fixed interest rate. Therefore, changes in the prime rate do not impact us in this area.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2009 and 2008

CURRENT ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS: Cash \$7,891,962 \$7,810,298 Short-term investments, including certificates of deposit 5,017,000 3,011,000 Accounts receivable-trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$136,000 and \$43,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively 1,202,811 1,180,349 Inventory 16,885,826 16,011,147 Deferred income taxes 271,481 229,501 Other current assets 791,884 777,550 Total current assets 32,040,964 29,019,845 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost 15,111,497 15,340,732 Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (5,431,776) (5,019,885) 9,679,721 10,320,847 GOODWILL GOODWILL GOODWILL GOODWILL GOODWILL GOODWILL GOODWILL CURRENT LIABILITIES, net of accumulated amortization of \$418,000 and \$367,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively 307,802 355,492 OTHER assets 314,921 313,074 \$43,327,231 \$40,975,913 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable-trade \$1,185,032 \$1,148,577 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 3,988,144 3,182,194 Income taxes payable Current maturities of capital lease obligation - 265,111 Current maturities of long-term debt 202,0500 202,500 DEFERRED INCOME TAXES 682,364 600,309 CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities - 328,838 LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities - 328,838 LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities - 328,838 LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities - 5775,212 5,069,504		December 31, 2009	December 31, 2008
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Other current assets791,884777,550Total current assets32,040,96429,019,845PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost15,111,49715,340,732Less accumulated depreciation and amortization(5,431,776)(5,019,885)9,679,72110,320,847GOODWILL983,823966,655OTHER INTANGIBLES, net of accumulated amortization of \$418,000 and \$367,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively307,802355,492OTHER assets314,921313,074LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY\$43,327,231\$40,975,913CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable-trade\$1,185,032\$1,148,577Accrued expenses and other liabilities3,988,1443,182,194Income taxes payable399,536271,122Current maturities of capital lease obligation-265,111Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500			
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PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, at cost Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (5,431,776) (5,019,885) 9,679,721 10,320,847 GOODWILL GOODWILL GOODWILL 983,823 966,655 OTHER INTANGIBLES, net of accumulated amortization of \$418,000 and \$367,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively OTHER assets 314,921 313,074 \$43,327,231 \$40,975,913 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable-trade \$1,185,032 \$1,148,577 Accrued expenses and other liabilities 3,988,144 3,182,194 Income taxes payable 399,536 271,122 Current maturities of capital lease obligation - 265,111 Current maturities of long-term debt 202,500 202,500 Total current liabilities 5,775,212 5,069,504 DEFERRED INCOME TAXES 682,364 600,309 CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities - 328,838 LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities 3,510,000 3,712,500			
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Less accumulated depreciation and amortization(5,41,776)(5,019,885)9,679,72110,320,847GOODWILL983,823966,655OTHER INTANGIBLES, net of accumulated amortization of \$418,000 and \$367,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively307,802355,492OTHER assets314,921313,074\$43,327,231\$40,975,913LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY\$1,185,032\$1,148,577Accounts payable-trade\$1,185,032\$1,148,577Accrued expenses and other liabilities3,988,1443,182,194Income taxes payable399,536271,122Current maturities of capital lease obligation Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500	PROPERTY AND FOURPMENT at cost	15 111 407	15 340 732
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OTHER INTANGIBLES, net of accumulated amortization of \$418,000 and \$367,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively OTHER assets \$43,327,231 \$40,975,913 LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable-trade \$1,185,032 \$1,148,577 Accrued expenses and other liabilities \$3,988,144 Income taxes payable 1000 to taxes payable \$1,185,032 \$1,148,577 Accrued expenses and other liabilities \$3,988,144 \$3,182,194 Income taxes payable \$202,500 \$271,122 Current maturities of capital lease obligation Current maturities of long-term debt \$202,500 \$202,500 DEFERRED INCOME TAXES \$682,364 \$600,309 CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities \$3,510,000 \$3,712,500	GOODWILL	983.823	966.655
\$418,000 and \$367,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively307,802355,492OTHER assets314,921313,074\$43,327,231\$40,975,913LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITYCURRENT LIABILITIES:Accounts payable-trade\$1,185,032\$1,148,577Accrued expenses and other liabilities3,988,1443,182,194Income taxes payable399,536271,122Current maturities of capital lease obligation-265,111Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500Total current liabilities5,775,2125,069,504DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500		,00,020	,,
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\$43,327,231\$40,975,913LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITYCURRENT LIABILITIES:Accounts payable-trade\$1,185,032\$1,148,577Accrued expenses and other liabilities3,988,1443,182,194Income taxes payable399,536271,122Current maturities of capital lease obligation-265,111Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500Total current liabilities5,775,2125,069,504DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500			
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CURRENT LIABILITIES:Accounts payable-trade\$1,185,032\$1,148,577Accrued expenses and other liabilities3,988,1443,182,194Income taxes payable399,536271,122Current maturities of capital lease obligation-265,111Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500Total current liabilities5,775,2125,069,504DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500			
Accounts payable-trade\$1,185,032\$1,148,577Accrued expenses and other liabilities3,988,1443,182,194Income taxes payable399,536271,122Current maturities of capital lease obligation-265,111Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500Total current liabilities5,775,2125,069,504DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities3,988,1443,182,194Income taxes payable399,536271,122Current maturities of capital lease obligation-265,111Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500Total current liabilitiesDEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500	CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Income taxes payable399,536271,122Current maturities of capital lease obligation-265,111Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500Total current liabilities5,775,2125,069,504DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500		\$1,185,032	
Current maturities of capital lease obligation-265,111Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500Total current liabilities5,775,2125,069,504DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500	Accrued expenses and other liabilities	3,988,144	3,182,194
Current maturities of long-term debt202,500202,500Total current liabilities5,775,2125,069,504DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500		399,536	271,122
Total current liabilities5,775,2125,069,504DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500		-	
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES682,364600,309CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500			
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities-328,838LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500	Total current liabilities	5,775,212	5,069,504
LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500	DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	682,364	600,309
LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities3,510,0003,712,500	CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION, net of current maturities	-	328,838
		3,510,000	
		-	-

STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

Preferred stock, \$0.10 par value; 20,000,000 shares

authorized, none issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.0024 par value; 25,000,000 shares		
authorized, 11,021,951 and 10,994,951 shares issued at 2009 and		
2008,		
10,130,628 and 10,664,555 outstanding at 2009 and 2008,		
respectively	26,453	26,388
Paid-in capital	5,491,736	5,464,443
Retained earnings	29,959,910	26,641,853
Treasury stock at cost (891,323 shares at 2009; 330,396 shares at 2008)	(2,452,649)	(828,385)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	334,205	(39,537)
Total stockholders' equity	33,359,655	31,264,762
	\$43,327,231	\$40,975,913

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Income For the Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007

	2009	2008	2007
NET SALES	\$51 102 720	\$52,491,538	\$54,219,728
COST OF SALES			
	21,873,365	21,441,179	23,039,396
Gross Profit	32,609,374	31,050,359	31,180,332
OPERATING EXPENSES	27,514,273	27,025,017	26,859,301
INCOME FROM OPERATIONS	5,095,101	4,025,342	4,321,031
OTHER (INCOME) EXPENSE:			
Interest expense	297,864	332,107	122,209
Other, net	(164,165)	(265,035)	(437,120)
	133,699	(203,033)	
Total other expense	155,099	07,072	(314,911)
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME			
TAXES	4,961,402	3,958,270	4,635,942
	1 500 050	1 446 400	1 7 40 400
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	1,700,259	1,446,423	1,740,420
NET INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	3,261,143	2,511,847	\$2,895,522
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, NET OF TAX	56,914	92,334	192,609
NET INCOME	\$3,318,057	\$2,604,181	\$3,088,131
NET INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS PER COMMON			
SHARE:	<u> </u>	¢0.02	¢0.26
BASIC	\$0.31	\$0.23	\$0.26
DILUTED	\$0.31	\$0.23	\$0.26
INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, NET OF TAX PER COMMON SHARE:			
BASIC	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.02
DILUTED	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.02
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE:			
BASIC	\$0.32	\$0.24	\$0.28
DILUTED	\$0.31	\$0.24	\$0.28
Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding:			
Basic	10,471,103	10,931,306	10,951,481
Diluted	10,535,736	11,015,657	11,157,775
	.,,	,,,	, , 2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007

		2000	2009	2007
CASHELOWS EDOM OPED ATING ACTIVIT	TEG.	2009	2008	2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVIT Net income	IES:	\$2 219 057	\$2 604 191	\$3,088,131
Income from discontinued operations		\$3,318,057 56,914	\$2,604,181 92,334	192,609
income from discontinued operations		3,261,143	2,511,847	2,895,522
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net c	Nach	3,201,145	2,311,047	2,895,522
provided by operating activities -	24511			
Depreciation and amortization	0 n	1,125,009	975,903	628,622
Loss on disposal or abandon		21,540	13,385	52,034
Impairment of equipment	infent of assets	343,543	15,565	52,054
Non-cash stock-based comp	ansation	2,540	30,495	19,340
Deferred income taxes	elisation	40,776	477,490	(56,980)
Other		339,305	(373,139)	(30,980) 241,182
Net changes in assets and lia	bilities not of effect of	559,505	(373,139)	241,102
business acquisitions				
^	eceivable-trade, net	(99,994)	1,327,899	29,633
	cervable-trade, net	(99,994)	1,469,762	147,731
Inventory Income taxe	20	(900,400)	204,858	
Other curre		(14,334)	325,286	12,492 (27,946)
		36,455	(348,987)	(327,726)
	ayable-trade penses and other liabilities	810,564	1,115,586	(327,720) (1,349,961)
	penses and other hadmittes		5,218,538	(1,549,901) (631,579)
Total adjustments	Not each provided by	1,852,248	5,210,550	(031, 379)
	Net cash provided by continuing operating			
	activities	5,113,391	7,730,385	2,263,943
	Cash provided from	5,115,591	7,750,585	2,205,945
	discontinued operating			
	activities	161,070	119,681	281,284
	Net cash provided by	101,070	119,001	201,204
	operating activities	5,274,461	7,850,066	2,545,227
	operating activities	5,274,401	7,850,000	2,343,227
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITI	IES.			
Purchase of property and equipment	125.	(791,565)	(2,845,548)	(1,692,491)
Payments in connection with businesses acq	uired	(7)1,505)		(1,0)2,491) (771,417)
Purchases of certificates of deposit		(8 671 000)	(3,109,000)	(//1,11/)
Proceeds from maturities of certificates of de	enosit	6,665,000	98,000	_
Purchases of marketable securities	eposit			(500,000)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities		_	500,000	(500,000)
Proceeds from sale of assets		2,510	42,114	6,942
Purchase of intangible assets			(24,708)	
Decrease (increase) in other assets		(1,847)	122,140	(26,276)
	Net cash provided by	(1,017)		(_0,_70)
	continuing investing			
	activities	(2,796,902)	(5,217,002)	(2.983.242)
		(_,,,,0,,,02)	(3,217,002)	(2,703,212)

	Cash provided from discontinued investing activities			12,463
		-	-	12,403
	Net cash used in investing activities	(2,796,902)	(5,217,002)	(2,970,779)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVIT	IES:			
Payments on notes payable and long-term de	ebt	(202,500)	(135,000)	-
Payments on capital lease obligations		(593,949)	(209,764)	(111,723)
Repurchase of common stock (treasury stocl	k)	(1,624,264)	(802,898)	-
Proceeds from issuance of common stock an		24,818	14,500	107,780
	Net cash used in continuing			
	financing activities	(2,395,895)	(1,133,162)	(3,943)
	Cash provided from discontinued financing			
	activities	-	-	-
	Net cash used in financing activities	(2,395,895)	(1,133,162)	(3,943)
NET INCREASE IN CASH		81,664	1,499,902	(429,495)
CASH, beginning of period		7,810,298	6,310,396	6,739,891
CASH, end of period		\$7,891,962	\$7,810,298	\$6,310,396
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH	FLOW INFORMATION:			
Interest paid during the period		\$297,864	\$332,107	\$122,209
Income tax paid during the period, net of (refund	ls)	1,622,273	878,110	1,830,688
NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Equipment acquired under capital lease	U U	-	\$803,713	-
Land and building acquired with long-to	erm debt	-	-	\$4,050,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007

	Number of Shares	Par Value	Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total	Comprehensive Income (Loss)
BALANCE,								
December 31,	10.070.000	¢0(104	Φ 5 202 5 01	Φ (05 407)	¢ 0 0 0 40 5 4 1	400 475	фо <u>с</u> 202 042	
2006 Shares issued	10,879,209	\$26,124	\$5,292,591	\$(25,487)	\$20,949,541	\$80,475	\$26,323,243	
- stock options	5							
and warrants	07 002	225	107 545				107 790	
exercised Stock-based	97,883	235	107,545	-	-	-	107,780	
compensation	_	_	19,341	_	_	_	19,341	
Net income	_	_	-	_	3,088,131	_	3,088,131	\$3,088,131
Translation					5,000,151		5,000,151	φ3,000,131
adjustment	_	_	-	-	-	277,009	277,009	277,009
BALANCE,						,		
December 31,								
2007	10,977,092	\$26,359	\$5,419,477	\$(25,487)	\$24,037,672	\$357,484	\$29,815,504	
Comprehensiv	e income fo	r the year	ended Decer	mber 31, 2007	7			\$3,365,140
Shares issued								
- stock options		•	1 4 4 7 1				14.500	
exercised	12,000	29	14,471	-	-	-	14,500	
Stock-based			20 405				20 405	
compensation Purchase of	-	-	30,495	-	-	-	30,495	
treasury stock	(324,537)			(802,898)			(802,898)	
Net income	-	_	_	(002,070)	2,604,181	_	2,604,181	\$2,604,181
Translation					2,001,101		2,004,101	φ2,004,101
adjustment	_	_	-	-	-	(397,021)	(397,021)	(397,021)
BALANCE,						(=, ,, ==)	(=,,,==)	(=,,,,==)
December 31,								
2008	10,664,555	\$26,388	\$5,464,443	\$(828,385)	\$26,641,853	\$(39,537)	\$31,264,762	
Comprehensiv	e income fo	r the year	ended Decer	mber 31, 2008	3			\$2,207,160
Shares issued								
- stock options								
exercised	27,000	65	24,753	-	-	-	24,818	
Stock-based			0 5 40				2 5 40	
compensation	-	-	2,540	-	-	-	2,540	
	(560,927)	-	-	(1,624,264)	-	-	(1,624,264)	

Purchase of								
treasury stock								
Net income	-	-	-	-	3,318,057	-	3,318,057	\$3,318,057
Translation								
adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	373,742	373,742	373,742
BALANCE,								
December 31,								
2009	10,130,628	\$26,453	\$5,491,736	\$(2,452,649)	\$29,959,910	\$334,205	\$33,359,655	

Comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2009

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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\$3,691,799

TANDY LEATHER FACTORY, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Our primary line of business is the sale of leather, leather crafts and related supplies. We sell our products via company-owned stores throughout the United States, Canada, and the United Kingdom. Numerous customers including retailers, wholesalers, assemblers, distributors and other manufacturers are geographically disbursed throughout the world. We also have light manufacturing facilities in Texas.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

• Management estimates and reporting

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Assets and liabilities with reported amounts based on significant estimates include trade accounts receivables, inventory (slow-moving), and deferred income taxes.

• Principles of consolidation

Our consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, The Leather Factory, L.P. (a Texas limited partnership) and its corporate partners, Tandy Leather Company, L.P. (a Texas limited partnership) and its corporate partners, Mid-Continent Leather Sales, Inc. (an Oklahoma corporation), Roberts, Cushman & Company, Inc. (a Texas corporation), The Leather Factory of Canada, Ltd. (a Canadian corporation), and Tandy Leather Factory UK Limited (a UK corporation). All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

• Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency translation adjustments arise from activities of our Canadian and United Kingdom operations. Results of operations are translated into U.S. dollars using the average exchange rates during the period, while assets and liabilities are translated using period-end exchange rates. Foreign currency translation adjustments of assets and liabilities are recorded in stockholders' equity. Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency translations are reported in the statements of income under the caption "Other (Income) Expense", net, for all periods presented. We recognized foreign currency translation losses of \$98,000 and \$114,000 in 2009 and 2008, respectively, and a transaction gain of \$9,000 in 2007.

• Revenue recognition

Our sales generally occur via two methods: (1) at the store counter, and (2) shipment by common carrier. Sales at the counter are recorded and title passes as transactions occur. Otherwise, sales are recorded and title passes when the

merchandise is shipped to the customer. Shipping terms are normally FOB shipping point. Sales tax is excluded from revenue.

We offer an unconditional satisfaction guarantee to all customers and accept all product returns. Net sales represent gross sales less negotiated price allowances, product returns, and allowances for defective merchandise.

• Discounts

We maintain four price levels on a consistent basis: retail, wholesale, business, and distributor. Gross sales are reported after deduction of discounts. We do not pay slotting fees or make other payments to resellers. Several customers require us to participate in their cooperative advertising programs. These programs are a negotiated percentage of their purchases and are accounted for as a reduction of sales.

• Expense categories

Cost of goods sold includes inbound freight and duty charges from vendors to our central warehouse, freight and handling charges to move merchandise from our central warehouse to our stores, and manufacturing overhead, as appropriate.

Operating expenses include all selling, general and administrative costs including wages and related employee expenses (payroll taxes, health benefits, savings plans, etc.), advertising, outbound freight charges (to ship merchandise to customers), rent, and utilities.

• Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are five to ten years for machinery and equipment, five to seven years for furniture and fixtures, five years for vehicles, and forty years for buildings and related improvements. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the life of the lease or the useful life of the asset. Repairs and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

• Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of first-in, first-out cost or market. In addition, the value of inventory is periodically reduced for slow-moving or obsolete inventory based on management's review of items on hand compared to their estimated future demand.

• Impairment of long-lived assets

Potential impairments of long-lived assets are reviewed annually or when events and circumstances warrant an earlier review. Impairment is determined when estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with an asset are less than the asset's carrying value.

• Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share includes, to the extent inclusion of such shares would be dilutive to earnings per share, the effect of outstanding options and warrants, computed using the treasury stock method.

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BASIC	2009	2008	2007
Net income (loss)	\$3,318,057	\$2,604,181	\$3,088,131
Weighted average common shares outstanding	10,471,103	10,931,306	10,951,481
Earnings per share – basic	\$0.32	\$0.24	\$0.28
DILUTED			
Net income (loss)	\$3,318,057	\$2,604,181	\$3,088,131
Weighted average common shares outstanding	10,471,103	10,931,306	10,951,481
Effect of assumed exercise of stock options	64,633	84,351	206,294
and warrants			
Weighted average common shares outstanding,	10,535,736	11,015,657	11,157,775
assuming dilution			
Earnings per share - diluted	\$0.31	\$0.24	\$ 0.28
Outstanding options and warrants excluded as	61,000	80,500	11,500
anti-dilutive			

For additional disclosures regarding the employee stock options and the warrants, see Note 12. The net effect of converting stock options and warrants to purchase 197,700, 232,200 and 275,200 shares of common stock at option prices less than the average market prices has been included in the computations of diluted EPS for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

• Goodwill and other intangibles

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is required to be tested for impairment on an annual basis, absent indicators of impairment during the interim. Application of the goodwill impairment test requires exercise of judgment, including the estimation of future cash flows, determination of appropriate discount rates and other important assumptions. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could materially affect the determination of fair value and/or goodwill impairment for each reporting unit. A two-step process is used to test for goodwill impairment. The first phase screens for impairment, while the second phase (if necessary) measures the impairment. We periodically analyze goodwill remaining on the balance sheet to determine the appropriateness of its carrying value and have elected to perform the annual analysis during the fourth calendar quarter of each year. As of December 31, 2009, we determined that the present value of the discounted estimated future cash flows of the operating divisions associated with the goodwill is sufficient to support their respective goodwill balances. Goodwill impairment is deemed to exist if the carrying value of the goodwill exceeds its implied fair value. Our reporting units are generally the same as the operating segments identified in Note 15 – Segment Information.

A summary of changes in our goodwill for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008 is as follows:

	Leather Factory	Tandy Leather	Total
Balance, December 31, 2007	\$607,130	\$383,406	\$990,536
Acquisitions and adjustments	-	-	-
Foreign exchange gain/loss	(23,881)	-	(23,881)
Impairments	-	-	-

Balance, December 31, 2008	\$583,249	\$383,406	\$966,655
Acquisitions and adjustments	-	-	-
Foreign exchange gain/loss	17,168	-	17,168
Impairments	-	-	-
Balance, December 31, 2009	600,417	\$383,406	983,823

As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, our intangible assets and related accumulated amortization consisted of the following:

		As of December 31, 2009	
	Gross	Accumulated	Net
		Amortization	
Trademarks, Copyrights	\$544,369	\$356,067	\$188,302
Non-Compete Agreements	181,636	62,136	119,500
	\$726,005	418,203	\$307,802
		As of December 31, 2008	
	Gross	Accumulated	Net
		Amortization	
Trademarks, Copyrights	\$544,369	\$319,776	\$224,593
Non-Compete Agreements	177,708	46,809	130,899
	\$722,077	366,585	\$355,492

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Excluding goodwill, we have no intangible assets not subject to amortization under U.S. GAAP. Amortization of intangible assets of \$51,291 in 2009, \$53,350 in 2008, and \$51,542 in 2007 was recorded in operating expenses. The weighted average amortization period is 15 years for trademarks and copyrights and 4.22 years for non-compete agreements. Based on the current amount of intangible assets subject to amortization, the estimated amortization expense for each of the succeeding 5 years are as follows:

	Leather	Tandy	Total
	Factory	Leather	
2010	\$29,190	\$30,337	\$59,527
2011	28,263	30,337	58,600
2012	7,427	30,337	37,764
2013	-	30,337	30,337
2014	-	30,337	30,337

During 2007, we acquired non-compete agreements in the amounts of \$24,708 and \$75,000.

• Fair value of financial Instruments

We measure fair value as an exit price, which is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As a basis for considering such assumptions, accounting standards establish a three-tier value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in the valuation methodologies in measuring fair value:

Level 1 – observable inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 – include other inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace.

Level 3 – unobservable inputs which are supported by little or no market activity.

Classification of the financial asset or liability within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Our principal financial instruments held consist of accounts receivable, accounts payable, notes payable and long-term debt. The carrying value of accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their fair value due to the relatively short-term nature of the accounts. The terms of the long-term debt are considered reasonable for this type of financing; therefore, the carrying amount approximates fair value.

• Deferred taxes

Deferred income taxes result from temporary differences in the basis of our assets and liabilities reported for book and tax purposes.

• Stock-based compensation

We have one stock option plan which provides for stock option grants to non-employee directors. No options have been awarded as of December 31, 2009. We had two stock option plans which provided for stock option grants to officers, key employees and directors. Both plans expired in the 4th quarter of 2005. The expirations of the plans had no effect on the options previously granted. Options outstanding and exercisable were granted at a stock option price which was not less than the fair market value of our common stock on the date the option was granted and no option has a term in excess of ten years. Additionally, options vest and become exercisable either six months from the option grant date or in equal installments over a five year period. We recognized share based compensation expense of

approximately \$3,000, \$30,000, and \$19,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively, as a component of operating expenses.

During the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, the stock option activity under our stock option plans was as follows:

	Weighted # of		Weighted	Aggregate
	Average Exercise	shares	Average Remaining	Intrinsic Value
	Price	(Contractual Ter	
			(in years)	
Outstanding, January 1, 2008	\$2.11	236,700	· • /	
Granted	-	-		
Cancelled	-	-		
Exercised	1.21	(12,000)		
Outstanding, December 31, 2008	\$2.16	224,700	3.09	\$262,001
Exercisable, December 31, 2008	\$2.15	220,770	3.07	\$259,461
	Weighted #	of	Weighted	Aggregate
	Weighted # Average	of shares	Weighted Average	Aggregate Intrinsic
	e		e	
	Average	shares	Average	Intrinsic Value
	Average Exercise	shares	Average Remaining	Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2009	Average Exercise	shares	Average Remaining Contractual Ter	Intrinsic Value
Outstanding, January 1, 2009 Granted	Average Exercise Price	shares	Average Remaining Contractual Ter	Intrinsic Value
ę .	Average Exercise Price	shares	Average Remaining Contractual Ter	Intrinsic Value
Granted	Average Exercise Price	shares	Average Remaining Contractual Ter	Intrinsic Value
Granted Cancelled	Average Exercise Price \$2.16	shares C 224,700 -	Average Remaining Contractual Ter	Intrinsic Value

Other information pertaining to option activity during the twelve month periods ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 are as follows:

	2009	2008	2007	
Weighted average grant-date fair value of stock	N/A	N/A	N/A	
options granted				
Total fair value of stock options vested	\$2,540	\$30,500	\$30,500	
Total intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$15,913	\$8,779	\$62,280	

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As of December 31, 2009, all stock options were fully vested so there is no unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options to be recognized in future periods.

Cash received from the exercise of stock options and warrants for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007 was \$24,818, \$14,500, and \$107,780, respectively.

The fair value of each stock option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the BSM option valuation model. The assumptions used to calculate the fair value of options granted are evaluated and revised, as necessary, to reflect market conditions and our experience. Compensation expense is recognized only for those options expected to vest, with forfeitures estimated at the date of grant based on our historical experience and future expectations.

• Comprehensive income

Comprehensive income represents all changes in stockholders' equity, exclusive of transactions with stockholders. The accumulated balance of foreign currency translation adjustments is presented in the consolidated financial statements as "accumulated other comprehensive income or loss".

• Shipping and handling costs

All shipping and handling costs incurred by us are included in operating expenses on the statements of income. These costs totaled approximately \$1,342,000, \$1,500,000 and \$1,641,000 for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

• Advertising

With the exception of catalog costs, advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Catalog costs are capitalized and expensed over the estimated useful life of the particular catalog in question, which is typically twelve to eighteen months. Such capitalized costs are included in other current assets and totaled \$144,000 and \$137,000 at December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Total advertising expense was \$2,953,000 in 2009; \$3,036,346 in 2008; and \$3,440,762 in 2007.

We agree to list the names and addresses of our Authorized Sales Centers (ASCs) in certain mailing pieces produced. The inclusion of these names and addresses are at our sole discretion. The production and distribution of direct mailings is the primary method of advertising we use and normally consists of 95 to 100 unique mailing pieces annually. Generally, the ASCs are listed in six to eight of those pieces. We believe that the inclusion of these ASC locations in the flyers has no impact on our financial statements.

• Cash flows presentation

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, we consider all highly liquid investments with initial maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

• Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2008 financial statements to conform to the 2009 presentation.

3. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

All current fixed maturity securities are classified as "available for sale" and are reported at carrying value, which approximates fair value. We have determined that our investment securities are available to support current operations and, accordingly, have classified such securities as current assets without regard to contractual

maturities. Investments at December 31, 2009 and 2008 consisted of certificates of deposit, which are considered to be Level 2 assets. The contractual maturities of the certificates of deposit as of December 31, 2009 are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from the contractual maturities because debtors may have the right to call obligations with or without call penalties.

Due within one year	\$2,132,000
Due between one and five years	2,687,000
Due between five and ten years	-
Due between ten and fifteen years	99,000
Due between fifteen and twenty years	99,000
	\$5,017,000

4. VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS

• Allowance for uncollectible accounts

We maintain allowances for bad debts based on factors such as the composition of accounts receivable, the age of the accounts, historical bad debt experience, and our evaluation of the financial condition and past collection history of each customer. Accounts are written off as they are deemed uncollectible based on a periodic review of accounts. Our allowance for doubtful accounts was \$136,023 and \$43,014, respectively, at December 31, 2009 and 2008. The following is a roll forward of the allowance for doubtful accounts:

Year ended:	Balance at beginning of year	Reserve "purchased" during year	charged to costs	exchange		Balance at end of year
December 31,	\$43,014	_	and expenses 112,272	632	2 (19,895)	\$136.023
2009	ψ 1 5,011		112,272	052	2 (19,099)	¢150,025
December 31,	\$104,634	-	65,921	(2,768)) (124,773)	\$43,014
2008						
December 31, 2007	\$149,172	(11,918)	98,508	3,192	2 (134,320)	\$104,634

• Sales returns and defective merchandise

Product returns are generally recorded directly against sales as those returns occur. Historically, the amount of returns is immaterial and as a result, no reserve is recorded in the financial statements.

• Slow-moving and obsolete inventory

The majority of inventory items maintained by us have no restrictive shelf life. We review all inventory items annually to determine what items should be eliminated from the product line. Items are selected for several reasons: (1) the item is slow-moving; (2) the supplier is unable to provide an acceptable quality or quantity; or (3) to maintain a freshness in the product line. Once an item has been selected to discontinue, we devalue the cost of the item by 25% of its original value each quarter until its value has been reduced to zero. Reductions in inventory for slow-moving and obsolete inventory are recorded directly against inventory.

5. BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

	December 31, 2009	December 31, 2008
INVENTORY	2009	2000
On hand:		
Finished goods held for sale	\$14,861,855	\$14,867,830
Raw materials and work in process	609,002	415,644
Inventory in transit	1,394,969	727,673
TOTAI		\$16,011,147
10111	¢10,000,020	<i><i><i>q</i>¹0,011,11,17</i></i>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Building	\$5,324,404	\$5,160,522
Land	1,451,132	1,451,132
Leasehold improvements	677,431	669,329
Equipment and machinery	5,234,868	5,725,442
Furniture and fixtures	2,377,683	2,288,328
Vehicles	45,979	45,979
	15,111,497	15,340,732
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,431,776)	(5,019,885)
ΤΟΤΑΙ		\$10,320,847
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Accounts receivable – employees	\$36,644	\$42,217
Accounts receivable – other	9,600	126,074
Prepaid expenses	612,779	575,295
Payments for merchandise not received	132,861	33,964
TOTAI	\$791,884	\$777,550
OTHER ASSETS		
Security deposits - utilities, locations, etc.	\$62,921	\$61,074
Leather art collection	252,000	252,000
TOTAI	\$314,921	\$313,074
ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER	ξ	
LIABILITIES		
Accrued bonuses	\$1,119,399	\$1,068,426
Accrued payroll	360,738	327,816
Deferred revenue	542,812	488,305
Sales and payroll taxes payable	267,465	169,985
Inventory in transit	1,394,969	727,673
Other	302,761	399,989
TOTAI	\$3,988,144	\$3,182,194

Depreciation expense was \$1,073,713, \$932,199, and \$577,405 for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

In 2009, we recorded an impairment loss due to the discontinued use and abandonment of specific computer software. The software was purchased in 2004 for the purpose of upgrading and replacing our current point-of-sale and accounting systems. We have been using the software in a limited capacity for several years and amortizing the cost of the system accordingly. However, we made the decision in the fourth quarter of 2009 that we would not

continue its use due to inconsistencies and incompatibility with our current systems and discontinued use accordingly. Due to licensing restrictions, we are unable to sell the software to a third party. The resulting fair value of \$0 for the asset is considered a Level 3 valuation. The impairment loss totaled \$343,543 and is included in operating expenses. The amortization to date and the impairment loss is reported in our Wholesale Leathercraft segment.

Also, in 2009, we recorded a loss on disposal of equipment due to the abandonment and/or disposal of obsolete equipment. The disposal consisted of numerous pieces of various computer equipment purchased between 2002 and 2006. The loss totaled \$21,540 and is included in Operating expenses, \$5,393 of which is reported in our Retail Leathercraft and \$16,147 which is reported in our Wholesale Leathercraft segment.

6. NOTES PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT

On July 31, 2007, we entered into a Credit Agreement and Line of Credit Note with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., pursuant to which the bank agreed to provide us with a credit facility of up to \$5,500,000 to facilitate our purchase of real estate consisting of a 191,000 square foot building situated on 30 acres of land located in Fort Worth, Texas. Under the terms of the Line of Credit Note, we could borrow from time to time until April 30, 2008, up to the lesser of \$5,500,000 or 90% of the cost of the property and make monthly interest payments. On April 30, 2008, the principal balance was rolled into a 10-year term note with an interest rate of 7.10% per annum.

Proceeds in the amount of \$4,050,000 were used to fund the purchase of the property from Standard Motor Products, Inc. under an Agreement of Purchase and Sale, dated June 25, 2007, which closed on July 31, 2007. No further borrowings were drawn.

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At December 31, 2009 and 2008, the amount outstanding under the above agreement consisted of the following:

	2009	2008
Credit Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank -		
collateralized by real estate; payable as follows:		
Line of Credit Note dated July 31, 2007, converted to a S	\$ 3,712,500	\$ 3,915,000
10-year term note on April 30, 2008; \$16,875 monthly		
principal payments plus interest at 7.1% per annum;		
matures April 30, 2018		
	3,712,500	3,915,000
Less - Current maturities	(202,500)	(202,500)
	\$3,510,000	\$3,712,500

The terms of the credit facility contain various covenants which among other things require the Company to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of not less than 1.2 to 1.0. We were in compliance with these covenants as of December 31, 2009. Scheduled maturities of the Company's notes payable and long-term debt are as follows:

2010	\$202,500
2011	202,500
2012	202,500
2013	202,500
2014	202,500
2015 and	2,700,000
thereafter	
	\$3,712,500

7. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

We lease certain HVAC equipment under a capital lease agreement. The asset subject to the agreement totaling \$803,713 is included in Property and Equipment as of December 31, 2009. Accumulated depreciation on the asset at that date was \$140,650. Amortization of the capitalized cost is charged to depreciation expense.

At December 31, 2009 and 2008, the amounts outstanding under capital lease obligation consisted of the following:

	2009	2008
Capital Lease secured by certain HVAC equipment – total monthly principal payments of \$24,328, 5.7% interest, maturing February 2011	-	\$632,538
Less amount representing interest	-	38,589
Total obligation under capital lease	-	593,949
Less - Current maturities	-	265,111
	-	\$328,838

This capital lease obligation was paid in full during 2009.

8. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT AND SAVINGS PLANS

We had an Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "Plan") for employees with at least one year of service (as defined by the Plan) and who have reached their 21st birthday. In December 2006, the Board of Directors decided to terminate the Plan effective December 31, 2006. As a result, all participants became 100% vested in their accounts. No further

contributions were made to the Plan and the accounts were fully distributed to participants in 2008.

The following table summarizes the number of shares held by the Plan and the market value as of December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007:

	Number of Shares			Ν	Market Value		
	2009	2008	2007	2009	2008	2007	
Allocated	-	-	844,381	-	-	\$2,761,126	
Unearned	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	-	-	844,381	-	-	\$2,761,126	

We have a 401(k) plan to provide retirement benefits for our employees. As allowed under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code, the plan provides tax-deferred salary contributions for eligible employees and allows employees to contribute a percentage of their annual compensation to the Plan on a pretax basis. Employee contributions are limited to a maximum annual amount as set periodically by the Internal Revenue Code. In 2009 and 2008, we matched pretax employee contributions up to 50% on the first 4% of eligible earnings that are contributed by employees. In 2007, we matched pretax employee contributions up to 100% on the first 3% of eligible earnings and 50% on the next 2% of eligible earnings.

Year Ended December 31,	Maximum Matching Contribution per Participant*	Total Matching Contribution
2009	\$4,900	\$124,488
2008	\$4,600	\$120,025
2007	\$9,000	\$240,774

* Due to the annual limit on eligible earnings imposed by the Internal Revenue Code

The plan allows employees who meet the age requirements and reach the plan contribution limits to make a catch-up contribution. The catch-up contributions are not eligible for matching contributions. In addition, the plan provides for discretionary matching contributions as determined by the Board of Directors. There were no discretionary matching contributions made in 2009, 2008 or 2007.

We currently offer no postretirement or postemployment benefits to our employees.

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9. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

		2009	2008	2007
Current provision:				
	Federal	\$1,461,655	\$766,333	\$1,482,774
	State	197,828	202,600	314,626
		1,659,483	968,933	1,797,400
Deferred provision				
(benefit):				
	Federal	37,632	428,660	(52,044)
	State	3,144	48,830	(4,936)
		40,776	477,490	(56,980)
		\$1,700,259	\$1,446,423	\$1,740,420

Income before income taxes is earned in the following tax jurisdictions:

	2009	2008	2007
United States	\$4,437,072	\$3,716,554	\$4,407,361
United Kingdom	324,924	(176,257)	-
Canada	284,350	571,775	420,471
	\$5,046,346	\$4,112,072	\$4,827,832

The income tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	2009	2008
Deferred income tax assets:		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$50,650	\$13,351
Capitalized inventory costs	131,447	128,591
Warrants and stock-based compensation	45,116	55,739
Accrued expenses, reserves, and other	89,384	87,559
Total deferred income tax assets	316,597	285,240
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
Property and equipment depreciation	604,287	549,465
Goodwill and other intangible assets	123,193	106,583
amortization		
Total deferred income tax liabilities	727,480	656,048
Net deferred tax asset (liability)	\$(410,883)	\$(370,808)

The net deferred tax liability is classified on the balance sheets as follows:

	2009	2008
Current deferred tax assets	\$271,481	\$229,501
Long-term deferred tax liabilities	(682,364)	(600,309)

Net deferred tax asset (liability) \$(410,883) \$(370,808)

The effective tax rate differs from the statutory rate as follows:

	2009	2008	2007
Statutory rate	34%	34%	34%
State and local taxes	4%	9%	6%
Domestic production activities deduction	(2%)	(2%)	(1%)
Other, net	(2%)	(4%)	(3%)
Effective rate	34%	37%	36%

We file a consolidated U.S. income tax return as well as state tax returns on a consolidated, combined or stand-alone basis, depending on the jurisdiction. We are no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations by tax authorities for years prior to the tax year ended December 2007. Depending on the jurisdiction, we are no longer subject to state examinations by tax authorities for years prior to the December 2007 to the December 2007 tax years.

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Leases

We lease our store locations under five-year lease agreements that expire on dates ranging from April 2010 to May 2016. Rent expense on all operating leases for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007, was \$2,513,297, \$2,575,642 and \$2,682,574, respectively.

Future minimum lease payments under noncancelable operating leases at December 31, 2009 were as follows:

Year ending December 31:							
2010	\$2,485,289						
2011	2,071,300						
2012	1,527,261						
2013	802,327						
2014	421,161						
2015 and thereafter	98,248						
Total minimum lease payments	\$7,405,586						

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Litigation

We are involved in various litigation that arises in the ordinary course of business and operations. There are no such matters pending that we expect to have a material impact on our financial position and operating results.

11. SIGNIFICANT BUSINESS CONCENTRATIONS AND RISK

Major Customers

Our revenues are derived from a diverse group of customers primarily involved in the sale of leathercrafts. While no single customer accounts for more than 5% of our consolidated revenues in 2009, 2008 and 2007, sales to our five largest customers represented 6.3%, 6.2% and 8.3%, respectively, of consolidated revenues in those years. While we do not believe the loss of one of these customers would have a significant negative impact on our operations, we do believe the loss of several of these customers simultaneously or a substantial reduction in sales generated by them could temporarily affect our operating results.

Major Vendors

We purchase a significant portion of our inventory through one supplier. Due to the number of alternative sources of supply, loss of this supplier would not have an adverse impact on our operations.

Credit Risk

Due to the large number of customers comprising our customer base, concentrations of credit risk with respect to customer receivables are limited. At December 31, 2009 and 2008, 27% and 21%, respectively, of our consolidated accounts receivable were due from two nationally recognized retail chains. We do not generally require collateral for accounts receivable, but we do perform periodic credit evaluations of our customers and believe the allowance for doubtful accounts is adequate. It is our opinion that if any one or a group of customer receivable balances should be deemed uncollectable, it would not have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

We maintain our cash in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. We have not experienced any losses in such accounts. We believe we are not exposed to any significant credit risk on our cash and cash equivalents.

12. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

a) Stock Option Plans

• 2007 Director Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan

The 2007 Director Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan was adopted by the Board of Directors effective March 22, 2007 subject to stockholder approval at the Company's 2007 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. Pursuant to the plan, options to acquire an aggregate of 100,000 common shares may be granted to each individual who is serving as an outside Director of the Company on the date of grant, at the rate of 3,000 shares of Common Stock on March 22 of each calendar year. No options have been awarded as of December 31, 2009 as the Form S-8, Registration Statement under the Securities Act of 1933, has not been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission yet.

• 1995 Stock Option Plan

In connection with the 1995 Stock Option Plan for officers and key management employees, we have outstanding options to purchase our common stock. The plan provides for the granting of either qualified incentive stock options or non-qualified options at the discretion of the Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors. Options are granted at the fair market value of the underlying common stock at the date of grant and vest over a five-year period. We reserved 1,000,000 shares of common stock for issuance under this plan. The plan expired in the 4th quarter of 2005.

•1995 Director Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan

In connection with the 1995 Director Non-qualified Stock Option Plan for non-employee directors, we have outstanding options to purchase our common stock. The plan provides for the granting of non-qualified options at the discretion of the Directors Stock Option Committee of the Board of Directors. Options are granted at the fair market value of the underlying common stock at the date of grant and vest after six months. We reserved 100,000 shares of common stock for issuance under this plan. The plan expired in the 4th quarter of 2005.

• Stock Option Summary

All options expire ten years from the date of grant and are exercisable at any time after vesting. Of the combined 1,200,000 shares available for issuance under the three plans. There are 100,000 un-optioned shares available for future grants.

	2009		2008		2007	
		Weighted		Weighted		Weighted
		Average		Average		Average
	Option	Exercise	Option	Exercise	Option	Exercise
	Shares	Price	Shares	Price	Shares	Price
Outstanding at January 1	224,700	\$2.16	236,700	\$2.11	296,200	\$2.05
Granted	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forfeited or expired	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchanged	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exercised	(27,000)	0.92	(12,000)	1.21	(59,500)	1.81
Outstanding at December 31	197,700	\$2.33	224,700	\$2.16	236,700	\$2.11
Exercisable at end of year	197,700	\$2.33	222,700	\$2.15	220,700	\$1.97
Weighted-average fair value of						
options granted during	-		-		-	
year						
25						

A summary of stock option transactions for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007, is as follows:

The following table summarizes outstanding options into groups based upon exercise price ranges at December 31, 2009:

		Options Outstan	ding		Options Exercise	able
		Weighted	Weighted		Weighted	Weighted
		Average	Average		Average	Average
	Option	Exercise	Maturity	Option	Exercise	Maturity
Exercise Price Range	Shares	Price	(Years)	Shares	Price	(Years)
\$0.75 or Less	-	-	-	-	-	-
\$0.76 to \$1.125	17,000	0.952	0.71	17,000	0.952	0.71
\$1.126 to \$1.69	105,700	1.350	1.39	105,700	1.350	1.39
\$1.70 to \$2.55	2,000	1.900	1.74	2,000	1.900	1.74
\$2.56 to \$3.84	12,000	3.270	4.31	12,000	3.270	4.31
\$3.85-\$4.96	61,000	4.241	3.91	61,000	4.241	3.91
	197,700	\$2.330	2.29	197,700	\$2.330	2.29

b) Warrants

Warrants to acquire up to 100,000 shares of common stock at \$3.10 per share were issued in conjunction with a consulting agreement to an unrelated entity in February 2003. The warrants expired on February 12, 2008.

Warrants to acquire up to 50,000 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share were issued in conjunction with a consulting agreement to an unrelated entity in February 2004. The warrants expired on February 24, 2009.

A summary of warrant transactions for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008, and 2007, is as follows:

	20	09		2008	,	2007
		Weighted		Weighted		Weighted
		Average		Average		Average
	Warrant	Exercise	Warrant	Exercise	Warrant	Exercise
	Shares	Price	Shares	Price	Shares	Price
Outstanding at January 1	7,500	\$5.000	27,500	\$3.620	98,300	\$3.650
Granted	-	-	-	-	-	-
Forfeited or expired	(7,500)	5.000	(20,000)	3.100	-	-
Exchanged	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exercised	-	-	-	-	(70,800)	3.658
Outstanding at December 31	-	-	7,500	\$5.000	27,500	\$3.620
Exercisable at end of year	-	-	7,500	\$5.000	27,500	\$3.620
Weighted-average fair						
value of						
warrants granted during	-		-		-	
year						

c) Stock Repurchase Program

On September 9, 2008, our Board of Directors approved a limited stock repurchase plan whereby all non-officer participants in Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. Stock Ownership Plan (the "ESOP") would have the option of selling the shares of our common stock distributed to them upon termination of the ESOP back to us. The option remained open to the non-officer participants for a period of sixty days beginning on September 26, 2008 and ending on November 25, 2008. The purchase price of the shares was calculated at a price-per-share equal to the closing price of a share of

our common stock on the NYSE Amex on the business day each non-officer participant notified the ESOP administrator of his or her intent to sell his or her shares to us. We repurchased a total of 324,537 shares at a total purchase price of \$802,898 in the fourth quarter of 2008.

On February 27, 2009, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program of up to 1 million shares of our common stock at prevailing market prices not to exceed \$2.85. The share repurchase program commenced on April 1, 2009. On December 4, 2009, our Board amended the repurchase program to increase the maximum purchase price to \$3.70. The plan terminates on December 10, 2010. We repurchased a total of 60,927 shares in 2009 for a total purchase price of \$199,264.

13. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

On January 31, 2007, we acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of Mid-Continent Leather Sales, Inc., an Oklahoma corporation. The total purchase price was \$575,000 which was funded with cash generated from operations. For financial reporting purposes, the transaction was accounted for under the purchase method, effective February 1, 2007. We also entered into a non-compete agreement with the former owner totaling \$75,000 for a period of five years. This company is included in our Wholesale Leathercraft segment.

14. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Our subsidiary, Roberts, Cushman and Company, Inc., is classified as discontinued operations. The distributor of custom hat trims ceased doing business in the fourth quarter of 2009 as a result of decreased sales. All prior periods presented have been adjusted to reflect this presentation. Sales, earnings before income tax, and provision for income taxes of the discontinued operation for each year were as follows:

						2000	2000 2009
						2009	
Sales						\$498,234	\$498,234 \$745,556
Earnings before	e income taxes					\$84,942	\$84,942 \$153,804
Current provi	sion						
(benefit):							
	Federal	\$29,205	\$59,825	\$11,407			
	State	(475)	35	(5,212))		
		28,730	59,860	6,195			
Deferred prov	ision						
(benefit):							
	Federal	(645)	1,194	(5,109)			
	State	(56)	414	(1,804))		
		(701)	1,608	(6,913)			
		\$28,029	\$61,468	\$(718))		
26							

The classes of assets and liabilities of discontinued operations in our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31 were as follows:

	2009	2008
Trade receivables, less allowance	\$5,908	\$83,441
Inventory	671	45,787
Property and equipment, net	-	5,046
Deferred income tax asset	-	956
Total assets	6,579	135,230
Accrued expenses and other	-	4,614
liabilities		
Income taxes payable	31,795	50,691
Deferred income tax liability	-	986
Total liabilities	31,795	56,291
Net assets (liabilities)	\$(25,216)	\$78,939

15. SEGMENT INFORMATION

We identify our segments based on the activities of three distinct operations:

- a. Wholesale Leathercraft, which consists of a chain of wholesale stores operating under the name, The Leather Factory, located in North America;
- b. Retail Leathercraft, which consists of a chain of retail stores operating under the name, Tandy Leather Company, located in North America;
- c. International Leathercraft, which sells to both wholesale and retail customers. It carries the same products as North American stores. We started this operation in February 2008 and have one store located in Northampton, United Kingdom.

Our reportable operating segments have been determined as separately identifiable business units and we measure segment earnings as operating earnings, defined as income before interest and income taxes.

Wholesale Leathercraft			DiscontinuedTotal Operations
			•
\$25,095,392	\$28,079,863	\$1,307,484	\$54,482,739
14,678,410	17,099,499	831,465	32,609,374
2,017,915	2,900,701	176,485	5,095,101
297,864	-	-	297,864
45,342	(4,614)	123,437	(164,165)
1,765,393	2,896,087	299,922	4,961,402
994,759	116,439	13,811	1,125,009
653,792	137,386	387	791,565
\$37,216,532	\$5,607,481	\$496,639	\$6,579\$43,327,231
	Leathercraft \$25,095,392 14,678,410 2,017,915 297,864 45,342 1,765,393 994,759 653,792	Leathercraft Leathercraft \$25,095,392 \$28,079,863 14,678,410 17,099,499 2,017,915 2,900,701 297,864 - 45,342 (4,614) 1,765,393 2,896,087 994,759 116,439 653,792 137,386	Leathercraft Leathercraft Leathercraft \$25,095,392 \$28,079,863 \$1,307,484 14,678,410 17,099,499 831,465 2,017,915 2,900,701 176,485 297,864 45,342 (4,614) 123,437 1,765,393 2,896,087 299,922 994,759 116,439 13,811 653,792 137,386 387

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Net Sales	\$26,423,858		\$836,535	\$52,491,538
Gross Profit	14,935,331	15,543,293	571,735	31,050,359
Operating earnings	1,782,526	2,188,283	54,533	4,025,342
Interest expense	332,107	-	-	332,107
Other, net	(501,697)	5,872	230,790	(265,035)
Income before income taxes	1,952,116	2,182,411	(176,257)	3,958,270
Depreciation and	836,134	126,326	13,443	975,903
amortization				
Fixed asset additions	3,481,852	74,550	92,859	3,649,261
Total assets	\$33,657,764	\$6,404,198	\$778,721	\$135,230\$40,975,913
For the year ended December				
31, 2007				
Net Sales	\$29,555,978	\$24,663,750-		\$54,219,728
Gross Profit	16,446,853	14,733,479-		31,180,332
Operating earnings	2,776,711	1,544,320-		4,321,031
Interest expense	122,209			122,209
Other, net	(425,145)	(11,975)-		(437,120)
Income before income taxes	3,079,647	1,556,295-		4,635,942
Depreciation and	485,499	143,123-		628,622
amortization				
Fixed asset additions	5,535,036	207,455-		5,742,491
Total assets	\$32,217,748	\$5,272,466-		\$161,292 37,651,506

Net sales by geographic areas were as follows:

	2009	2008	2007
United States	\$47,433,609	\$45,794,226	\$47,906,206
Canada	4,686,330	4,740,722	4,698,510
All other countries	2,362,800	1,956,590	1,615,012
	\$54,482,739	\$52,491,538	\$54,219,728

Geographic sales information is based on the location of the customer. Except for Canada, we had no sales to any single foreign country that was material to our consolidated net sales for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007. We do not have any significant long-lived assets outside of the United States.

16. RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2009, the FASB issued The Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, which establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the "Codification") as the single source of authoritative U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. Rules and interpretive releases issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. The Codification supersedes all existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards. All other nongrandfathered non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification became nonauthoritative. The Codification was effective for us July 1, 2009 and its adoption did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In May 2009, the FASB issued accounting guidance on subsequent events which requires companies to address the accounting and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. Specifically, companies must name the two types of subsequent events either as recognized or non-recognized subsequent events. We adopted this standard, as required, for the period ended June 30, 2009. The adoption of this accounting guidance did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In April 2009, the FASB issued accounting guidance requiring disclosure about the method and significant assumptions used to establish the fair value of financial instruments for interim reporting periods as well as annual statements. The adoption of this accounting guidance did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial condition or results of operations.

In December 2007, the FASB issued accounting guidance which requires all companies to recognize noncontrolling interests (previously referred to as "minority interests") as a separate component in the equity section of the consolidated statement of financial position. It also requires changes in ownership interest to be accounted for similarly, as equity transactions; and when a subsidiary is deconsolidated, any retained noncontrolling equity investment in the former subsidiary and the gain or loss on the deconsolidation of the subsidiary be measured at fair value. This guidance was effective for us in January 2009 and did not have a material impact on our financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

	First	Second	Third	Fourth
2009	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter
Net sales	\$13,183,095\$	513,046,498 \$	512,663,604	\$15,589,542
Gross profit	7,740,446	7,676,041	7,559,149	9,633,738
Net income from continuing	673,058	736,097	551,142	1,300,846
operations				

17. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

Net income	697,916	761,251	552,965	1,305,925
Net income from continuing				
operations per common share:				
Basic	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.12
Diluted	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.12
Net income per common share:				
Basic	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.12
Diluted	0.07	0.07	0.05	0.12
Weighted average number of				
common shares outstanding:				
Basic	10,670,111	10,673,245	10,387,462	10,160,119
Diluted	10,792,954	10,731,998	10,457,318	10,238,142

	First	Second	Third	Fourth	
2008	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	
Net sales	\$13,050,723	513,647,446	\$12,047,7945	\$13,745,575	
Gross profit	7,657,247	7,911,954	7,055,440	8,425,718	
Net income from continuing	570,117	622,118	393,393	926,219	
operations					
Net income	584,498	655,250	421,014	943,419	
Net income from continuing					
operations per common share:					
Basic	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.09	
Diluted	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.09	
Net income per common share:					
Basic	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.09	
Diluted	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.09	
Weighted average number of					
common shares outstanding:					
Basic	10,977,092	10,981,378	10,988,092	10,779,703	
Diluted	11,067,863	11,076,340	11,073,942	10,845,517	

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. and Subsidiaries

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2009. The Company's management is responsible for these financial statements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2009, and 2008 and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Fort Worth, Texas March 25, 2010

ITEM 9. CHANGE IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the design and operation of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon their evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the date of such evaluation in ensuring that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (1) recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner, and (2) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Our internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance to management and the board of directors regarding the effectiveness of our internal control processes over the preparation and fair presentation of our published financial statements.

All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

We have assessed the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009. In making this assessment, we used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commissions (COSO) in Internal Control – Integrated Framework. Based on our assessment, we believe that, as of December 31, 2009, our internal control over financial reporting is effective based on that criteria.

This annual report does not include an auditor's attestation report regarding the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting and our independent registered public accounting firm has not attested to management's report on our internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by the company's registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management's report in this annual report.

Changes in internal control. There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended December 31, 2009 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None

PART III

Certain information required by Part III is omitted from this annual report as we will file a proxy statement for our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, not later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year covered by this report, and certain information included in that proxy statement is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by this item is contained under the heading "Executive Officers of the Registrant" in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and the remainder is contained in our proxy statement for our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the heading "Election of Directors," and is incorporated herein by reference. Information relating to filings on Forms 3, 4 and 5 will be contained in our 2010 proxy statement under the heading "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance," and is incorporated herein by reference. Information required by this item pursuant to Items 401(h), 401(i) and 401(j) of Regulation S-K relating to an audit committee financial expert, the identification of the audit committee of our board of directors and procedures of security holders to recommend nominees to our board of directors will be contained in our 2010 proxy statement under the heading "Corporate Governance" and is incorporated herein by reference.

We have adopted a written code of ethics that applies to our employees, including our principal executive officer principal financial officer, principal accounting officer, controller, or persons performing similar functions. It is available on our website (http://www.tandyleatherfactory.com).

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by this item is contained in our proxy statement for our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the heading "Report of the Compensation Committee," which is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by this item is contained in our proxy statement for our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the headings "Stock Ownership by Directors and Executive Officers" and "Principal Holders of Stock," which is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

The information required by this item is contained in our proxy statement for our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the heading "Other Relationships Involving Directors, Executive Officers, or their Associates" and is incorporated herein by reference.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by this item is contained in our proxy statement for our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the headings "Audit Committee" and "Report of the Audit Committee" and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) The following are filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K:

1. Financial Statements

The following consolidated financial statements are included in Item 8:

- Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2009 and 2008
- Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007
- Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007
- Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the years ended December 31, 2009, 2008 and 2007
- 2. Financial Statement Schedules

All financial statement schedules are omitted because the required information is not present or not present in sufficient amounts to require submission of the schedule or because the information is reflected in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

3. Exhibits

The exhibits listed in the Exhibit Index immediately preceding such exhibits are filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Annual Report on Form 10-K to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

		TANDY LEATHER FACTORY, INC.
March 26, 2010	By:	/s/ Jon Thompson
		Jon Thompson
		Chief Executive Officer and President

March 26, 2010 By: /s/ Shannon L. Greene Shannon L. Greene Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer and Treasurer

Signature /s/ Wray Thompson Wray Thompson	Title Chairman of the Board	Date March 26, 2010
/s/ Jon W. Thompson Jon Thompson	Chief Executive Officer, President and Director	March 26, 2010
/s/ Shannon L. Greene	Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer Treasurer and Director	, March 26, 2010

Shannon L. Greene		
/s/ Mark J. Angus Mark J. Angus	Senior Vice President and Assistant Secretary	March 26, 2010
/s/ T. Field Lange T. Field Lange	Director	March 26, 2010
/s/ Joseph R. Mannes Joseph R. Mannes	Director	March 26, 2010
/s/ L. Edward Martin III L. Edward Martin III	Director	March 26, 2010
/s/ Michael A. Nery Michael A. Nery	Director	March 26, 2010
/s/ William M. Warren William M. Warren	Secretary	March 26, 2010

TANDY LEATHER FACTORY, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES EXHIBIT INDEX Description

Exhibit

Number

- 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation of The Leather Factory, Inc., and Certificate of Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of The Leather Factory, Inc. filed as Exhibit 3.1 to Form 10-Q filed by Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 12, 2005 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 3.2 Bylaws of The Leather Factory, Inc., filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Registration Statement on Form SB-2 of The Leather Factory, Inc. (Commission File No. 33-81132) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 5, 1994 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.1 2007 Director Non-qualified Stock Option Plan of Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. dated March 22, 2007, filed as an Exhibit to Tandy Leather Factory, Inc.'s Definitive Proxy Statement, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 18, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.2 Agreement of Purchase and Sale, dated June 25, 2007, by and between Standard Motor Products, Inc. and Tandy Leather Factory, L.P., filed as Exhibit 10.4 to Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 6, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.3 Credit Agreement, dated July 31, 2007, by and between The Leather Factory, L.P. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., filed as Exhibit 10.2 to Tandy Leather Factory's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 6, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.4 Line of Credit Note, dated July 31, 2007, by and between The Leather Factory, L.P. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Tandy Leather Factory's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 6, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.5 Deed Of Trust, Assignment of Leases and Rents, Security Agreement and Financing Statement, dated as of July 31, 2007, by and among The Leather Factory, L.P., Randall B. Durant and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., filed as Exhibit 10.3 to Tandy Leather Factory's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 6, 2007 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.6 Consultation Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2008, by and between Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. and J. Wray Thompson, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Tandy Leather Factory's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 7, 2008 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.7 Consultation Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2009, by and between Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. and J. Wray Thompson, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Tandy Leather Factory's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 17, 2009 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 10.8 Consultation Agreement, dated as of January 1, 2010, by and between Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. and J. Wray Thompson, filed as Exhibit 10.1 to Tandy Leather Factory's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 5, 2010 and incorporated by reference herein.
- 14.1 Code of Business Conduct and Ethics of The Leather Factory, Inc., adopted by the Board of Directors on February 26, 2004, filed as Exhibit 14.1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Leather Factory, Inc. (Commission File No. 1-12368) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29,

2004 and incorporated by reference herein.

- 21.1 Subsidiaries of Tandy Leather Factory, Inc. filed as Exhibit 21.1 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Leather Factory, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2002 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 28, 2003, and incorporated by reference herein.
- *23.1 Consent of Weaver & Tidwell LLP dated March, 25, 2010
- *31.1 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer and President pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- *31.2 Certification by the Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- *32.1 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

*Filed herewith.