## BBCN BANCORP INC

Form 10-Q
August 09, 2012
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
x Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012
or
o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the transition period from
to
Commission File Number: 000-50245
BBCN BANCORP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

95-4849715
(IRS Employer
Identification Number)

90010
(ZIP Code)

3731 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1000, Los Angeles, California
(Address of Principal executive offices)
(213) 639-1700
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T
( $\$ 232.405$ of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No o
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o

Non-accelerated filer o
Smaller Reporting Companyo
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange
Act). Yes o No x
As of June 30, 2012, there were $78,014,107$ outstanding shares of the issuer's Common Stock, $\$ 0.001$ par value.

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Forward-Looking Information
Certain matters discussed in this report may constitute forward-looking statements under Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. There can be no assurance that the results described or implied in such forward-looking statements will, in fact, be achieved and actual results, performance, and achievements could differ materially because our business involves inherent risks and uncertainties. The risks and uncertainties include: possible deterioration in economic conditions in our areas of operation; interest rate risk associated with volatile interest rates and related asset-liability matching risk; liquidity risks; risk of significant non-earning assets, and net credit losses that could occur, particularly in times of weak economic conditions or times of rising interest rates; and regulatory risks associated with current and future regulations. For additional information concerning these and other risk factors, and "Part I, Item 1A. Risk Factors" contained in our Annual Report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the year ended December 31, 2011.

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## PART I

FINANCIAL INFORMATION
Item 1. Financial Statements

BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

|  | (Unaudited) <br> June 30, <br> 2012 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { December 31, } \\ & 2011 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASSETS | (In thousands, except share data) |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents: |  |  |
| Cash and due from banks | \$74,675 | \$81,785 |
| Interest-earning deposit at Federal Reserve Bank | 104,946 | 217,800 |
| Federal funds sold | 0 | 525 |
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 179,621 | 300,110 |
| Term federal funds sold, original maturities more than 90 days | 0 | 40,000 |
| Securities available for sale, at fair value | 666,852 | 740,920 |
| Loans held for sale, at the lower of cost or fair value | 32,590 | 42,407 |
| Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses (June 30, 2012 - \$65,505; December 31, 2011-\$61,952) | 3,809,033 | 3,676,874 |
| Other real estate owned, net | 6,712 | 7,624 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") stock, at cost | 24,778 | 27,373 |
| Premises and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization (June 30, 2012 - \$20,275; December 31, 2011 - \$19,018) | 21,805 | 20,913 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 12,062 | 13,439 |
| Deferred tax assets, net | 64,780 | 72,604 |
| Customers' liabilities on acceptances | 11,206 | 10,515 |
| Bank owned life insurance | 43,119 | 42,514 |
| Investments in affordable housing partnerships | 14,161 | 15,367 |
| Goodwill | 89,882 | 90,473 |
| Other intangible assets, net | 3,636 | 4,276 |
| Prepaid FDIC insurance | 8,782 | 9,720 |
| FDIC loss share receivable | 9,287 | 10,819 |
| Other assets | 51,099 | 40,656 |
| Total assets | \$5,049,405 | \$5,166,604 |
| (Continued) |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |

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BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION


See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

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BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011
(Unaudited)

## INTEREST INCOME:

Interest and fees on loans
Interest on securities
Interest on federal funds sold and other investments
Total interest income
INTEREST EXPENSE:

| Interest on deposits | 5,245 | 5,090 | 10,648 | 10,221 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Interest on FHLB advances | 1,603 | 2,412 | 3,229 | 4,984 |
| Interest on other borrowings | 593 | 461 | 1,260 | 1,069 |
| Total interest expense | 7,441 | 7,963 | 15,137 | 16,274 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR | 59,502 | 29,331 | 120,361 | 58,214 |
| LOAN LOSSES | 7,182 | 10,047 | 9,782 | 15,309 |
| PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES | 52,320 | 19,284 | 110,579 | 42,905 |
| NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR |  |  |  |  |
| LOAN LOSSES | 3,269 | 1,413 | 6,429 | 2,910 |
| NON-INTEREST INCOME: | 1,403 | 669 | 2,627 | 1,239 |
| Service fees on deposit accounts | 810 | 418 | 2,147 | 881 |
| International service fees | 775 | 348 | 1,516 | 670 |
| Loan servicing fees, net | 1,354 | 557 | 2,694 | 1,064 |
| Wire transfer fees | 2,463 | 4,354 | 5,426 | 5,514 |
| Other income and fees | 146 | 0 | 146 | 0 |
| Net gains on sales of SBA loans | 0 | 6 | 816 | 6 |
| Net gains on sales of other loans | 10 | $(106)$ | 13 | $(117$ |
| Net gains on sales and calls of securities available for sale | 53 | 27 |  |  |
| Net valuation gains (losses) on interest rate swaps and caps | 10 | 25 | 53 |  |
| Net gains (losses) on sales of OREO | 10,222 | 7,684 | 21,867 | 12,194 |
| Total non-interest income |  |  |  |  |
| NON-INTEREST EXPENSE: | 14,658 | 7,625 | 28,737 | 14,779 |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 4,232 | 2,445 | 7,878 | 4,882 |
| Occupancy | 1,468 | 934 | 2,686 | 1,869 |
| Furniture and equipment | 1,525 | 594 | 2,983 | 1,173 |
| Advertising and marketing | 1,573 | 923 | 3,184 | 1,906 |
| Data processing and communications | 1,069 | 769 | 1,682 | 1,478 |
| Professional fees | 51 | 877 | 1,088 | 2,166 |
| FDIC assessments | 2,290 | 1,004 | 4,470 | 1,748 |
| Credit related expenses | 1,348 | 381 | 3,121 | 892 |
| Merger and integration expense | 2,863 | 1,334 | 5,683 | 2,688 |
| Other | 31,077 | 16,886 | 61,512 | 33,581 |
| Total non-interest expense |  |  |  |  |

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| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION | 31,465 | 10,082 | 70,934 | 21,518 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| INCOME TAX PROVISION | 12,101 | 3,764 | 27,636 | 8,454 |  |
| NET INCOME | $\$ 19,364$ | $\$ 6,318$ | $\$ 43,298$ | $\$ 13,064$ |  |
| DIVIDENDS AND DISCOUNT ACCRETION ON | $\$(3,771$ | $) \$(1,075$ | $)$ | $\$(5,640$ | $) \$(2,150$ |
| PREFERRED STOCK |  |  |  |  |  |
| NET INCOME AVAILABLE TO COMMON | $\$ 15,593$ | $\$ 5,243$ | $\$ 37,658$ | $\$ 10,914$ |  |
| STOCKHOLDERS |  |  |  |  |  |
| EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE | $\$ 0.20$ | $\$ 0.14$ | $\$ 0.48$ | $\$ 0.29$ |  |
| Basic | $\$ 0.20$ | $\$ 0.14$ | $\$ 0.48$ | $\$ 0.29$ |  |
| Diluted <br> See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited) |  |  |  |  |  |

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## BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
For the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011
(Unaudited)

Net income

| Three Months Ended June 30, <br> 2012 | Six Months Ended June 30, |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (In thousands) | 2012 | 2011 |
| $\$ 19,364$ | $\$ 6,318$ | (In thousands) |

Other comprehensive income (loss):
$\left.\begin{array}{lllll}\begin{array}{lll}\text { Unrealized gain on securities available for sale and } \\ \text { interest only strips }\end{array} & 809 & 3,384 & 493 & 3,127 \\ \begin{array}{llll}\text { Reclassification adjustments for gains realized in } \\ \text { income }\end{array} & 0 & (6 & ) & (816\end{array}\right)$

| Reclassification adjustment for the deferred gain on early settlement of interest-rate caps | (11 | ) (11 | ) | (22 | ) | (22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tax benefit | (5) | ) $(4$ | ) | (9 | ) | (9 |
| Change in unrealized gain on interest-rate caps | (6 | ) $(7$ | ) | (13 | ) | (13 |
| Total other comprehensive gain (loss) | 534 | 2,053 |  | (127 | ) | 1,884 |
| Total comprehensive income | \$ 19,898 | \$8,371 |  | \$43,171 |  | \$ 14,948 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

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BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
(Unaudited)
Common Stock


| BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2012 | $\$ 0$ | $78,014,107$ | $\$ 78$ | $\$ 525,985$ | $\$ 180,567$ | $\$ 8,831$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

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BBCN BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 AND 2011
(Unaudited)

## CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash from operating activities:
Depreciation, amortization, net of discount accretion
Stock-based compensation expense
Provision for loan losses
Valuation adjustment of loans held for sale
Valuation adjustment of OREO
Proceeds from sales of loans
Originations of loans held for sale
Net gains on sales of SBA and other loans
Net change in bank owned life insurance
Net gains on sales and calls of securities available for sale
Net gains on sales of OREO
Net valuation (gains) losses on interest rate swaps and caps
Change in accrued interest receivable
Change in deferred income taxes
Change in prepaid FDIC insurance
Change in investments in affordable housing partnership
Change in FDIC loss share receivable
Change in other assets
Change in accrued interest payable
Change in other liabilities
Net cash provided by operating activities
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
Net change in loans receivable
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale
Proceeds from sales of OREO
Proceeds from matured term federal funds
Proceeds from sales of equipment
Purchase of premises and equipment
Purchase of securities available for sale
Purchase of Federal Reserve Bank stock
Redemption of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock
Purchase of term federal funds
Proceeds from matured, called, or paid-down securities available for sale
Net cash used in investing activities


3,160 2,238
100,000 0





(60,000 ) 0

$(15,094)(35,668)$
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Net change in deposits
(56,693 ) 56,066
Net change in secured borrowings
Redemption of subordinated debenture
Redemption of preferred stock
0

(10,400 ) 0
(122,000 ) 0

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| Payment of cash dividends on Preferred Stock | $(3,647$ | $)(1,674$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Proceeds from FHLB borrowings | 125,000 | 0 |
| Repayment of FHLB borrowings | $(96,124$ | $)(50,000$ |
| Issuance of additional stock pursuant to various stock plans | 200 | 524 |
| $\quad$ Net cash used in financing activities | $(163,664$ | $)$ |
| NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | $(120,489$ | $)(1,202$ |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD | 300,110 | 172,331 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD | $\$ 179,621$ | $\$ 171,129$ |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION |  |  |
| $\quad$ Interest paid | $\$ 15,732$ | $\$ 17,722$ |
| $\quad$ Income taxes paid | $\$ 19,022$ | $\$ 15,169$ |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NON-CASH ACTIVITIES | $\$ 3,262$ | $\$ 5,139$ |
| $\quad$ Transfer from loans receivable to other real estate owned | $\$ 656$ | $\$ 17,309$ |
| Transfer from loan receivables to loans held for sale | $\$ 591$ | 0 |
| Non-cash goodwill adjustment, net |  |  |

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BBCN Bancorp, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

## 1. BBCN Bancorp, Inc.

BBCN Bancorp, Inc. ("BBCN Bancorp", on a parent-only basis, and "Company," "we" or "our" on a consolidated basis), formerly named Nara Bancorp, Inc., is a bank holding company headquartered in Los Angeles, California. BBCN Bank ("BBCN Bank" or "the Bank"), formerly named Nara Bank, opened for business in June 1989 under the name "United Citizens National Bank" as a national banking association, was renamed "Nara Bank, National Association" in January 1994 and, in January 2005, became "Nara Bank" upon converting to a California state-chartered bank in connection with its holding company reorganization transaction. On November 30, 2011, we merged with Center Financial Corporation ("Center Financial" or "Center") in a merger of equals transaction. Concurrent with the merger, Nara Bancorp, Inc. ("Nara") changed its name to "BBCN Bancorp, Inc." At the bank level, Nara Bank merged into Center Bank, and concurrent with the merger, Center Bank changed its name to "BBCN Bank." The Bank has branches in California, the New York metropolitan area, New Jersey, Washington and Chicago as well as loan production offices in Dallas, Seattle and Denver.

## 2. Basis of Presentation

Our condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared without an audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such SEC rules and regulations. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of BBCN Bancorp and its wholly owned subsidiaries, principally BBCN Bank. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.
We believe that we have made all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals, necessary to fairly present our financial position at June 30, 2012 and the results of our operations for the three and six months then ended. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period amounts to conform to the current year presentation. The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be anticipated for the full year.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Material estimates that are susceptible to change in the near term relate to the determination of the allowance and provision for loan losses, the evaluation of other than temporary impairment of investment securities, accounting for derivatives and hedging activities, determining the carrying value for cash surrender value of life insurance, carrying value of goodwill and other intangible assets, accounting for deferred tax assets and related valuation allowances, the determination of the fair values of investment securities and other financial instruments, accounting for lease arrangements, accounting for incentive compensation, profit sharing and bonus payments and the valuation of servicing assets.
These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read along with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## 3.Center Merger

On November 30, 2011, the merger of Center and Nara (the "Merger") was completed. Pursuant to the merger agreement, holders of Center common stock received 0.7805 of a share of common stock of BBCN for each share of Center common stock held immediately prior to the effective time of the merger, rounded to the nearest whole share,
plus cash in lieu of the issuance of fractional shares, resulting in our issuance of approximately 31.2 million shares of Company common stock, with a Merger date fair value of $\$ 292$ million. Outstanding Center stock options and restricted stock awards were converted into stock options with respect to shares of BBCN common stock or shares of BBCN common stock, respectively, with appropriate adjustments to reflect the exchange ratio.
The Merger was accounted for by BBCN using the acquisition method of accounting under ASC 805, Business Combinations. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of Center were recorded at their respective fair values and represent management's estimates based on available information. Through the Merger, we acquired Center Bank's 21 full-service branch offices as well as two Loan Production Offices, $\$ 326$ million in cash, loans with a fair value of $\$ 1.4$ billion, deposits with a fair value of $\$ 1.8$ billion, and borrowings with a fair value of $\$ 149$ million. Goodwill of approximately $\$ 88$ million was initially recorded in conjunction with the transaction. The goodwill arising from the merger is intangible future benefit to the

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Company of acquiring Center Financial, thereby creating a platform for future operations, strengthening our presence in the primary existing markets in Southern California, expanding our national presence through the addition of Center's offices in Chicago, Seattle and Northern California, and realizing annual cost synergies. The results of Center's operations are included in our Consolidated Statements of Income from the date of merger.
The change in goodwill during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is as follows:

|  | Three Months Ended June 30, |  | Six Months Ended June 30, |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
|  | (In Thousands) |  |  |  |
| Beginning of period | $\$ 89,882$ | $\$ 2,509$ | $\$ 90,473$ | $\$ 2,509$ |
| Adjustment | 0 | 0 | $(591$ | 0 |
| Impairment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| End of period | $\$ 89,882$ | $\$ 2,509$ | $\$ 89,882$ | $\$ 2,509$ |

The goodwill arising from the Merger was reduced by a net $\$ 591$ thousand to $\$ 87.4$ million due to adjustments of certain acquisition date fair value asset and liability estimates during first quarter 2012. There are a number of estimates made in the acquisition accounting as of the acquisition date that may be subject to revisions during the subsequent one-year measurement period. Due to the immateriality of the revision amount, the Company elected not to retrospectively adjust the acquisition date accounting and instead recorded the adjustments in first quarter 2012. Goodwill is not amortized for book purposes and is not deductible for tax purposes.

Direct costs related to the Merger were expensed as incurred. During the three months ended June 30, 2012, we incurred $\$ 1.3$ million in merger and integration expenses, including $\$ 0.5$ million in salaries and benefits and $\$ 0.9$ million in professional fees. During the three months ended June 30, 2011, we incurred $\$ 381$ thousand in merger and integration expenses. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, we incurred $\$ 3.1$ million in merger and integration expenses, including $\$ 1.1$ million in salaries and benefits and $\$ 2.0$ million in professional fees. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, we incurred $\$ 892$ thousand in merger and integration expenses.

## 4.Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has a stock-based incentive plan, the 2007 BBCN Bancorp Equity Incentive Plan ("2007 Plan"). The 2007 Plan, approved by our stockholders on May 31, 2007, was amended and restated on July 25, 2007 and again on December 1, 2011. The 2007 Plan provides for grants of stock options, stock appreciation rights ("SARs"), restricted stock, performance shares and performance units (sometimes referred to individually or collectively as "awards") to non-employee directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. Stock options may be either "incentive stock options" ("ISOs"), as defined in Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), or nonqualified stock options ("NQSOs").
The 2007 Plan gives the Company flexibility to (i) attract and retain qualified non-employee directors, executives and other key employees and consultants with appropriate equity-based awards, (ii) motivate high levels of performance, (iii) recognize employee contributions to the Company's success, and (iv) align the interests of Plan participants with those of the Company's stockholders. The exercise price for shares under an ISO may not be less than $100 \%$ of fair market value ("FMV") on the date the award is granted under Code Section 422. Similarly, under the terms of the 2007 Plan the exercise price for SARs and NQSOs may not be less than $100 \%$ of FMV on the date of grant. Performance units are awarded to a participant at the market price of the Company's common stock on the date of award (after the lapse of the restriction period and the attainment of the performance criteria). No minimum exercise price is prescribed for performance shares and restricted stock awarded under the 2007 Plan.
ISOs, SARs and NQSOs have vesting periods of three to five years and have 10-year contractual terms. Restricted stock, performance shares, and performance units will be granted with a restriction period of not less than one year from the grant date for performance-based awards and not more than three years from the grant date for time-based
vesting of grants. Compensation expense for awards is recorded over the vesting period.
Concurrent with the merger, Center's stock-based incentive plan the Center Financial Corporation 2006 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted April 12, 2006, as amended and restated June 13, 2007 ("2006 Plan") converted the outstanding share awards of 585,860 shares and $2,443,513$ shares available for future grants at November 30, 2011 at an exchange ratio of 0.7805 .

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The 2006 Plan provides for the granting of incentive stock options to officers and employees, and non-qualified stock options and restricted stock awards to employees (including officers) and non-employee directors. The options prices of all options granted under the 2006 Plan must be not less than $100 \%$ of the fair market value at the date of grant. All options granted generally vest at the rate of $20 \%$ per year except that the options granted to the non-employee directors vest at the rate of $33 \%$ per year. All options not exercised generally expire ten years after the date of grant. From both 2007 and 2006 plans, 2,630,451 shares were available for future grants as of June 30, 2012.
The total shares reserved for issuance will serve as the underlying value for all equity awards under the 2007 Plan and the 2006 Plan. With the exception of the shares underlying stock options and restricted stock awards, the board of directors may choose to settle the awards by paying the equivalent cash value or by delivering the appropriate number of shares.
The following is a summary of stock option activity under the 2007 and 2006 Plans for the six months ended June 30, 2012:

|  | Number of Shares | Weighted- <br> Average <br> Exercise <br> Price Per <br> Share | Weighted- <br> Average <br> Remaining <br> Contractual <br> Life (Years) | Aggregate <br> Intrinsic <br> Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outstanding - January 1, 2012 | 830,011 | \$ 16.35 |  |  |
| Granted | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Exercised | (28,639 | ) 7.11 |  |  |
| Forfeited | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Outstanding - June 30, 2012 | 801,372 | \$ 16.68 | 5.94 | \$584,000 |
| Options exercisable - June 30, 2012 | 791,146 | \$ 16.66 | 5.89 | \$584,000 |
| Unvested options expected to vest after June 30, 2012 | 10,226 | \$18.63 | 9.42 | \$0 |

The following is a summary of restricted and performance unit activity under the 2007 and 2006 Plans for the six months ended June 30, 2012:

|  | Number of Shares | Weighted- <br> Average <br> Grant <br> Date Fair <br> Value | Weighted- <br> Average <br> Remaining <br> Contractual <br> Life (Years) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outstanding - January 1, 2012 | 52,480 | \$7.42 |  |
| Granted | 497,710 | 10.42 |  |
| Vested | (2,000 | ) 8.52 |  |
| Forfeited | 0 | 0 |  |
| Outstanding - June 30, 2012 | 548,190 | \$ 10.21 | 9.52 |

The total fair value of performance units vested for the six months ending June 30, 2012 and 2011 was $\$ 22$ thousand and $\$ 79$ thousand, respectively.
The amount charged against income, before income tax benefit of $\$ 308$ thousand and $\$ 5$ thousand, in relation to the stock-based payment arrangements, was $\$ 743$ thousand and $\$ 12$ thousand for the three months ending June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The amount charged against income, before income tax benefit of $\$ 477$ thousand and $\$ 16$ thousand, in relation to the stock-based payment arrangements, was $\$ 1.1$ million and $\$ 39$ thousand for the six months ending June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. At June 30, 2012, unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock option grants and restricted and performance units aggregated $\$ 4.3$ million, and is expected to be
recognized over a remaining weighted average vesting period of 1.69 years.
The estimated annual stock-based compensation expense as of June 30, 2012 for each of the succeeding years is indicated in the table below:

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Remainder of 2012
For the year ended December 31:
2013
2014
2015
2016
2017
Total

Stock Based
Compensation Expense
(In thousands)
\$ 1,480
1,413
666
645
102
7
\$ 4,313

## 5.Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

Basic EPS does not reflect the possibility of dilution that could result from the issuance of additional shares of common stock upon exercise or conversion of outstanding securities, and is computed by dividing net income available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted to common stock that would then share in our earnings. For the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, stock options and restricted shares awards for approximately 564 thousand shares and 190 thousand shares of common stock were excluded in computing diluted earnings per common share because they were antidilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, stock options and restricted shares awards for approximately 564 thousand and 150 thousand of common stock were excluded in computing diluted earnings per common share because they were antidilutive. Additionally, warrants to purchase 337,000 shares of common stock (related to the TARP Capital Purchase Plan) were also antidilutive and excluded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012. Warrants to purchase 337,000 shares of common stock (related to the TARP Capital Purchase Plan) were excluded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011.
The following table shows the computation of basic and diluted EPS for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Net income as reported
Less: preferred stock dividends and accretion of preferred stock discount
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Basic EPS - common stock } & \$ 15,593 & 78,007,270 & \$ 0.20 & \$ 5,243 & 38,047,371 & \$ 0.14\end{array}$
Effect of Dilutive Securities:
Stock Options and Performance
Units
Common stock warrants
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Diluted EPS - common stock } & \$ 15,593 & 78,141,527 & \$ 0.20 & \$ 5,243 & 38,082,023 & \$ 0.14\end{array}$

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|  | For the six mo June 30, 2012 | hs ended June | $30,$ | June 30, 2011 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net income available to common stockholders (Numerator) | Shares <br> (Denominator) | Per <br> Share <br> (Amount) | Net income available to common stockholders (Numerator) share data) | Shares <br> (Denominator) | Per <br> Share <br> (Amount) |
| Net income as reported | \$43,298 |  |  | \$13,064 |  |  |
| Less: preferred stock dividends and accretion of preferred stock discount | (5,640 |  |  | (2,150 |  |  |
| Basic EPS - common stock Effect of Dilutive Securities: | \$37,658 | 77,997,305 | \$0.48 | \$10,914 | 38,017,473 | \$0.29 |
| Stock Options and Performance Units |  | 75,621 |  |  | 62,177 |  |
| Common stock warrants |  | 48,333 |  |  | 0 |  |
| Diluted EPS - common stock | \$37,658 | 78,121,259 | \$0.48 | \$10,914 | 38,079,650 | \$0.29 |

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6. Securities Available for Sale

The following is a summary of securities available for sale as of the dates indicated:

Debt securities:
U.S. Treasury
GSE collateralized mortgage obligations*
GSE mortgage-backed securities*
Trust preferred security
Municipal bonds
Total debt securities
Mutual funds - GSE mortgage related securities

Debt securities:

| U.S. Treasury | $\$ 300$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 300$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GSE collateralized mortgage obligations* | 222,400 | 5,480 | $(44$ | $) 227,836$ |
| GSE mortgage-backed securities* | 477,555 | 10,322 | $(123$ | $) 487,754$ |
| Trust preferred securities | 5,532 | 0 | $(1,184$ | $) 4,348$ |
| Municipal bonds | 5,257 | 507 | 0 | 5,764 |
| Total debt securities | 711,044 | 16,309 | $(1,351$ | 726,002 |
| Mutual funds - GSE mortgage related securities | 14,710 | 227 | $(19$ | $)$ |
|  | $\$ 725,754$ | $\$ 16,536$ | $\$(1,370$ | $)$ |
|  | $\$ 740,920$ |  |  |  |

* Government Sponsored Enterprises (GSE) investments are backed by GNMA, FNMA and FHLMC, and are all residential based investments.
As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, in an amount greater than $10 \%$ of stockholders' equity.

The proceeds from sales of securities and the associated gains are listed below:

|  | For the three months ended <br> June 30, <br> 2012 |  | 2011 | For the six months ended June <br> 30, <br> (In thousands) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |  | 2011 |
| Proceeds | 0 | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 1,883$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Gross gains | 0 | 0 | 816 | 0 |
| Gross losses | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities at June 30, 2012, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Securities not due at a single maturity date are shown separately.

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Available for sale:

| Due within one year | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Due after one year through five years | 340 | 359 |
| Due after five years through ten years | 2,480 | 2,791 |
| Due after ten years | 6,181 | 5,290 |
| GSE collaterized mortgage obligations | 189,221 | 193,531 |
| GSE mortgage-backed securities | 439,123 | 449,845 |
| Mutual funds - GSE mortgage related securities | 14,710 | 15,036 |
|  | $\$ 652,055$ | $\$ 666,852$ |

Securities with carrying values of approximately $\$ 380.9$ million and $\$ 425.5$ million at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits, various borrowings and for other purposes as required or permitted by law.
The following table shows our investments' gross unrealized losses and estimated fair value, aggregated by investment category and the length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position as of the dates indicated.

At June 30, 2012


| GSE collaterized mortgage obligations | 3 | \$6,879 | \$ 25 |  | 0 | \$0 | \$0 |  | 3 | \$6,879 | \$ 25 | ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GSE mortgage-backed 5 securities |  | 35,691 | (217 | ) | 1 | 3,956 | (28 |  | 6 | 39,647 | (245 | ) |
| Trust preferred security | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 3,382 | (1,112 | ) | 1 | 3,382 | (1,112 | ) |
| Mutual funds GSE mortgage related security | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  | 8 | \$42,570 | \$(242 |  | 2 | \$7,338 | \$ 1,140 |  | 10 | \$49,908 | \$(1,382 |  |

At December 31, 2011

GSE collaterized
$\left.\begin{array}{llllllllllll}\begin{array}{l}\text { mortgage } \\ \text { obligations }\end{array} & 2 & \$ 3,305 & \$(28 & ) & 1 & \$ 14,007 & \$(16 & ) & 3 & \$ 17,312 & \$(44\end{array}\right)$

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GSE
mortgage-backed securities

| Trust Preferred <br> security | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3,303 | $(1,184$ | $)$ | 1 | 3,303 | $(1,184$ | $)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mutual funds - <br> GSE mortgage <br> related security | 1 | 5,229 | $(19$ | $)$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5,229 | $(19$ | $)$ |
|  | 8 | $\$ 46,616$ | $\$(170$ | $)$ | 2 | $\$ 17,310$ | $\$(1,200$ | $)$ | 10 | $\$ 63,926$ | $\$(1,370)$ |

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We evaluate securities for other-than-temporary-impairment ("OTTI") on at least a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, the length of time and the extent to which the fair value of the securities has been less than our cost for the securities, and our intention to sell, or whether it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell, a security in an unrealized loss position before recovery of its amortized cost basis. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, we consider whether the securities are issued by the federal government or its agencies, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and the results of reviews of the issuer's financial condition.
The trust preferred security at June 30, 2012 has an amortized cost of $\$ 4.5$ million and an unrealized loss of $\$ 1.1$ million at June 30, 2012. The trust preferred security is scheduled to mature in May 2047, with a first call date option in May 2012. Management determined this unrealized loss did not represent OTTI at June 30, 2012 as the investment is rated investment grade and there are no credit quality concerns with the obligor. The market value decline is deemed to be due to the current market volatility and is not reflective of management's expectations of our ability to fully recover this investment, which may be at maturity. Interest on the trust preferred security been paid as agreed and management believes this will continue in the future and the trust preferred security will be repaid in full as scheduled. For these reasons, no OTTI was recognized on the trust preferred security at June 30, 2012.
We consider the losses on our investments in an unrealized loss position at June 30, 2012 to be temporary based on: 1) the likelihood of recovery; 2) the information relative to the extent and duration of the decline in market value; and 3) the Company's intention not to sell, and our determination that it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell a security in an unrealized loss position before recovery of its amortized cost basis.

## 7.Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses

The following is a summary of loans receivable by major category:

Loan portfolio composition
Real estate loans:
Residential
Commercial \& industrial
Construction
Total real estate loans
Commercial business
Trade finance
Consumer and other
Total loans outstanding
Less: deferred loan fees
Gross loans receivable
Less: allowance for loan losses
Loans receivable, net

| June 30, 2012 | December 31, <br> 2011 |
| :--- | :--- |
| (In thousands) |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| \$1,931 | $\$ 2,043$ |
| $2,717,924$ | $2,631,880$ |
| 43,365 | 44,756 |
| $2,763,220$ | $2,678,679$ |
| 877,405 | 849,576 |
| 175,638 | 146,684 |
| 60,732 | 66,631 |
| $3,876,995$ | $3,741,570$ |
| $(2,457$ | $(2,744$ |
| $3,874,538$ | $3,738,826$ |
| $(65,505$ | $)$ |
| $\$ 3,809,033$ | $\$ 3,952$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Our loan portfolio is made up of four segments: real estate loans, commercial business, trade finance and consumer and other. These segments are further segregated between our loans accounted for under the amortized cost method (referred to as "legacy" loans) and loans acquired (referred to as "acquired" loans), as acquired loans were originally recorded at fair value with no carryover of the related allowance for loan losses. The acquired loans are further segregated between Credit Impaired Loans (ASC 310-30, Loans Acquired with the Credit Deterioration) and Performing Loans (pass graded loans acquired from Center at the time of merger). The following table presents the
outstanding principal balance and the related carrying amount of the acquired loans included in our Consolidated Statements of Condition at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:
$\left.\begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{l}\text { June 30, 2012 }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { December 31, } \\ \text { 2011 }\end{array} \\ \text { (In thousands) }\end{array}\right)$

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The following table presents changes in the accretable discount on the acquired Credit Impaired Loans in the merger for three and six months ended June 30, 2012:

|  | Three Months Ended June 30, |  |  | Six Months Ended June 30, |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 |  | 2011 | 2012 |  |  |
|  | (In thousands) |  |  | (In thousands) |  |  |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$29,788 |  | \$0 | \$31,999 |  | \$0 |
| Accretion | (3,890 | ) | 0 | (7,451 | ) | 0 |
| Changes in expected cash flows | (2,932 | ) | 0 | (1,582 |  | 0 |
| Balance at end of period | \$22,966 |  | \$0 | \$22,966 |  | \$0 |

The activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

| Legacy | Acquired |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Real | Commercial Trade | Consumer | Real | CommercialTrade | Consumer | Total |
| Estate | Business | Finance | and Other | Estate | Business | Finance | | Other |
| :--- |

Three Months Ended June 30, 2012
Balance, beginning
of period

| Provision (credit) for loan losses | 2,650 | 588 |  | 1,341 | 569 |  | 895 |  | 440 |  | 624 |  | 75 |  | 7,182 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans charged off | (2,330 | ) $(1,534$ | ) | 0 | (482 | ) | (155 | ) | (590 | ) | (300 | ) | (218 | ) | (5,609 |
| Recoveries of | 1,108 | 235 |  | 0 | 18 |  | 0 |  | 30 |  | 0 |  | 232 |  | 1,623 |

charged offs
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\begin{array}{l}\text { Balance, end of } \\ \text { period }\end{array} & \$ 37,237 & \$ 20,880 & \$ 3,164 & \$ 1,115 & \$ 2,283 & \$ 397 & \$ 340 & \$ 89 & \$ 65,505\end{array}$
period
June 30, 2012

| Balance, beginning <br> of period | $\$ 39,040$ | $\$ 20,681$ | $\$ 1,786$ | $\$ 445$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 61,952$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { Provision (credit) for } \\ 1,333 & 2,215 & 1,318 & 1,118 & 2,149 & 917 & 640 & 92 & 9,782\end{array}$
$\left.\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { loan losses } & 1,333 & 2,215 & 1,318 & 1,118 & 2,149 & 917 & 640 & 92 & 9,782 \\ \text { Loans charged off } & (4,264 & )(2,896 & ) & 0 & (483 & )(169 & (637 & ) & (300)(243\end{array}\right)(8,992)$
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\begin{array}{l}\text { Recoveries of } \\ \text { charged offs }\end{array} & 1,128 & 880 & 60 & 35 & 303 & 117 & 0 & 240 & 2,763\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\begin{array}{l}\text { Balance, end of } \\ \text { period }\end{array} & \$ 37,237 & \$ 20,880 & \$ 3,164 & \$ 1,115 & \$ 2,283 & \$ 397 & \$ 340 & \$ 89 & \$ 65,505\end{array}$
The activity in the allowance for loan losses by portfolio segment for the three and six months ended June 30, 2011 is as follows:

| Legacy |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Real | Commercial Trade | Consumer Total |  |  |
| Estate | Business | Finance | and Other |  |
| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |

Three Months Ended June 30, 2011

Balance, beginning of period
Provision (credit) for loan losses
Loans charged off
Recoveries of charged offs
Balance, end of period
Six Months Ended June 30, 2011
Balance, beginning of period
Provision (credit) for loan losses
Loans charged off
Recoveries of charged offs
Balance, end of period

| \$40,910 | \$ 21,771 | \$170 | \$489 | \$63,340 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10,394 | (239 | ) 18 | (126 | ) 10,047 |
| (12,752 | (2,431 | ) 0 | (8 | ) (15,191) |
| 511 | 957 | 0 | 32 | 1,500 |
| \$39,063 | \$ 20,058 | \$188 | \$387 | \$59,696 |
| \$36,563 | \$ 24,930 | \$192 | \$635 | \$62,320 |
| 17,589 | (1,944 | ) $(4$ | ) (332 | ) 15,309 |
| (15,834 | (4,544 | ) 0 | (123 | ) $(20,501)$ |
| 745 | 1,616 | 0 | 207 | 2,568 |
| \$39,063 | \$ 20,058 | \$188 | \$387 | \$59,696 |

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The following table disaggregates the allowance for loan losses and the loans receivables by impairment methodology at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

June 30, 2012
Legacy
Acquired


Allowance for loan losses:
Individually
$\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { evaluated for } & \$ 5,735 & \$ 6,919 & \$ 57 & \$ 0 & \$ 368 & \$ 121 & \$ 0 & \$ 0 & \$ 13,200\end{array}$
impairment
Collectively
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}\text { evaluated for } & 31,502 & 13,961 & 3,107 & 1,115 & (4 & ) & 276 & 340 & 89 & 50,386\end{array}$
impairment
Loans acquired

| with credit | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,919 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,919 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

deterioration
Total
\$37,237 \$20,880 \$3,164
\$1,115 \$2,283
\$397 \$340 \$89
\$65,505

Loans
outstanding:
Individually
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { evaluated for } & \$ 48,694 & \$ 23,581 & \$ 4,970 & \$ 136 & \$ 12,039 & \$ 1,949 & \$ 0 & \$ 0\end{array} \$ 91,369$
impairment
Collectively
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { evaluated for } & 1,896,017 & 606,281 & 159,289 & 27,358 & 700,593 & 191,281 & 9,783 & 30,065\end{array} \mathbf{3 , 6 2 0 , 6 6 7}$
impairment Loans acquired $\begin{array}{llllllllll}\text { with credit } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 105,877 & 54,313 & 1,596 & 3,173 & 164,959\end{array}$ deterioration Total
\$1,944,711 \$629,862 \$164,259 \$27,494 \$818,509 \$247,543 \$11,379 \$33,238 \$3,876,995
December 31, 2011
Legacy
Real Estate
CommercialTrade Business Finance (In thousands)
Allowance for loan losses:
Individually

| evaluated for | $\$ 10,525$ | $\$ 7,168$ | $\$ 342$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\$ 18,035$

impairment
Collectively

| evaluated for | 28,515 | 13,513 | 1,444 | 445 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43,917 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

impairment
$\begin{array}{clllllllll}\text { Loans acquired } & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0\end{array}$ with credit

Acquired

| Consum | Real | CommercialTrade | Consumer ${ }_{\text {Tota }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| and <br> Other | Estate | Business Finance | and <br> Other |

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| Total | \$39,040 | \$ 20,681 | \$1,786 | \$445 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$61,952 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans outstanding: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individually evaluated for impairment | \$51,752 | \$25,150 | \$4,997 | \$150 | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$82,049 |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 1,694,483 | 507,841 | 97,013 | 12,660 | 824,786 | 250,050 | 43,327 | 50,003 | 3,480,163 |
| Loans acquired with credit deterioration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 107,658 | 66,535 | 1,347 | 3,818 | 179,358 |
| Total | \$1,746,235 | \$ 532,991 | \$ 102,010 | \$ 12,810 | \$932,444 | \$316,585 | \$44,674 | \$53,821 | \$3,741,570 |
| As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we had a liability for unfunded commitments of $\$ 802$ thousand and $\$ 686$ thousand, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, we recognized provision for credit losses related to our unfunded commitments of $\$ 116$ thousand and $\$ 0$. For the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, we recognized provision for credit losses related to our unfunded commitments of $\$ 116$ thousand and $\$ 0$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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Individually impaired loans were as follows:

|  | June 30, 2012 <br> (In Thousands) | December 31, <br> 2011 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| With Allocated Allowance $\$ 70,704$ $\$ 67,202$ <br> Without charge-off 2,057 341 |  |  |
| $\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { With charge-off } \\ \text { With No Allocated Allowance } & & \\ \text { Without charge-off } & 15,073 & 8,123 \\ \text { With charge-off } & 3,919 & 6,383 \\ \text { Allowance on Impaired Loans } & (13,200 & ) \\ \text { Impaired Loans, net of allowance } & \$ 78,553 & \$ 64,014\end{array}\right)$. |  |  |

Note that the impaired loans balances represent recorded investment balances.
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The following table details the amount of our impaired loans by class with no related allowance for loan losses, as well as the amount of impaired loans for which there is a related allowance for loan losses as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011. Loans with no related allowance for loan losses have adequate collateral securing their carrying value, and in some circumstances, have been written down to their current carrying value, which is based on the fair value of the collateral.


As of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 With Related
Allowance:

| Real | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estate-Residential Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 3,340 | 3,291 | 3,381 | (604 | 2,571 | 53 | 2,952 | 21 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 23,210 | 23,117 | 24,404 | (3,210 | 21,137 | 433 | 22,986 | 211 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 3,312 | 3,304 | 5,065 | (908 | 3,676 | 46 | 4,381 | 23 |
| Mixed Use | 5,253 | 5,242 | 5,283 | (163 | 4,401 | 103 | 5,187 | 46 |
| Industrial \& | 1,446 | 1,442 | 1,456 | (394 | 3,658 | 27 | 3,355 | 13 |
| Other | 11,964 | 11,942 | 12,120 | (824 | 13,132 | 179 | 12,264 | 87 |
| Real | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 0 |  | 0 |
| Estate-Construction | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commercial Business | 23,696 | 23,606 | 26,236 | (7,040 ) | 23,126 | 426 | 24,982 | 209 |
| Trade Finance | 540 | 518 | 968 | (57 | 1,837 | 14 | 491 | 7 |
| Consumer and Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 160 | 0 | 240 | 0 |
|  | \$72,761 | \$72,462 | \$78,913 | \$ $(13,200)$ | \$73,740 | \$ 1,281 | \$76,838 | \$ 617 |
| With No Related Allowance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 953 | 930 | 3,627 | 0 | 1,321 | 0 | 1,288 | 0 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 282 | 282 | 491 | 0 | 94 | 0 | 141 | 0 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 1,675 | 1,667 | 4,127 | 0 | 964 | 0 | 1,302 | 0 |
| Mixed Use | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Industrial \& | 5,893 | 5,874 | 11,450 | 0 | 4,743 | 18 | 5,789 | 9 |
| Warehouse |  |  | 11,450 | 0 |  |  | 5,89 |  |
| Other | 1,937 | 1,931 | 3,346 | 0 | 2,339 | 17 | 2,457 | 8 |


| Real | 1,714 | 1,710 | 1,710 | 0 | 1,719 | 56 | 1,719 | 28 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Estate-Construction | 1,920 | 1,924 | 3,188 | 0 | 3,240 | 10 | 1,992 | 5 |
| Commercial Business | 1,92 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade Finance | 4,482 | 4,452 | 4,452 | 0 | 3,079 | 57 | 4,384 | 42 |
| Consumer and Other | 136 | 136 | 171 | 0 | 144 | 0 | 141 | 0 |
|  | $\$ 18,992$ | $\$ 18,906$ | $\$ 32,562$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 17,643$ | $\$ 158$ | $\$ 19,213$ | $\$ 92$ |
| Total | $\$ 91,753$ | $\$ 91,368$ | $\$ 111,475$ | $\$(13,200)$ | $\$ 91,383$ | $\$ 1,439$ | $\$ 96,051$ | $\$ 709$ |

The table above includes total impaired loans (Legacy and Acquired impaired loans).

* Gross carrying value represents unpaid principal balances that were net of charge-offs.


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With Related
Allowance:

| Real | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estate-Residential Real |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 953 | 948 | 948 | (23 | ) 392 | 27 | 588 | 8 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 6,112 | 6,112 | 7,375 | (345 | ) 4,151 | 120 | 6,227 | (12 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 0 | 142 | 0 |
| Mixed Use | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 18 | 0 |
| Real <br> Estate-Construction | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commercial Business | 547 | 544 | 1,454 | (121 | ) 357 | 39 | 535 | 16 |
| Trade Finance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Consumer and Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | \$7,612 | \$7,604 | \$9,777 | \$(489 | ) $\$ 5,007$ | \$ 186 | \$7,510 | \$12 |

With No Related
Allowance

| Real | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Real
Estate-Commercial
\(\left.\begin{array}{lllllllll}Retail \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
Hotel \& Motel \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
Gas Station \& Car \& 276 \& 276 \& 1,878 \& 0 \& 125 \& 11 \& 167 \& 1 <br>
Wash \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>

$$
\begin{array}{lll}\text { Mixed Use }\end{array}
$$ \& 3,810 \& 3,807 \& 3,935 \& 0 \& 2,279 \& (1 \& ) \& 3,039\end{array}\right) 9\)|  |
| :--- |

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| Trade Finance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Consumer and | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | $\$ 6,389$ | $\$ 6,384$ | $\$ 9,032$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 3,569$ | $\$ 57$ | $\$ 4,759$ | $\$ 35$ |
|  | $\$ 14,001$ | $\$ 13,988$ | $\$ 18,809$ | $\$(489$ | $)$ | $\$ 8,576$ | $\$ 243$ | $\$ 12,269$ |$\$ 47$

The table above includes only Acquired Loans that became impaired.

* Gross carrying value represents unpaid principal balances that were net of charge-offs.


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For the six months ended June 30, 2011

Interest

|  | Interest |
| :--- | :--- |
| Average | Income |
| Recorded | Recognized |
| Investment | during |
|  | Impairment |

For the three months ended June 30, 2011

Interest
Average Income
Recorded Recognized Investment during Impairment

As of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 With Related Allowance:

| Real Estate—Residential | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Real Estate—Commercial |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 4,509 | 41 | 3,091 | 22 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 12,631 | 487 | 16,272 | 229 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 3,256 | 47 | 3,313 | 24 |
| Mixed Use | 1,438 | 0 | 2,568 | 0 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 5,194 | 166 | 4,021 | 83 |
| Other | 1,744 | 28 | 1,267 | 14 |
| Real Estate-Construction | 4,131 | 240 | 3,303 | 120 |
| Commercial Business | 25,448 | 0 | 20,192 | 0 |
| Trade Finance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Consumer and Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | $\$ 58,351$ | $\$ 1,009$ | $\$ 54,027$ | $\$ 492$ |
| With No Related Allowance |  |  |  |  |
| Real Estate—Residential | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Real Estate—Commercial | 6,190 | 0 | 5,212 | 0 |
| Retail | 6,090 | 8 | 5,247 | 4 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 4,101 | 0 | 3,736 | 0 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 3,113 | 35 | 2,931 | 17 |
| Mixed Use | 2,186 | 0 | 2,792 | 0 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 13,479 | 160 | 12,129 | 80 |
| Other | 3,799 | 56 | 3,576 | 28 |
| Real Estate-Construction | 5,411 | 41 | 5,538 | 29 |
| Commercial Business | 461 | 0 | 458 | 0 |
| Trade Finance | 140 | 0 | 157 | 0 |
| Consumer and Other | $\$ 44,970$ | $\$ 300$ | $\$ 41,776$ | $\$ 158$ |
| Total | $\$ 103,321$ | $\$ 1,309$ | $\$ 95,803$ | $\$ 650$ |

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As of December 31, 2011

|  |  | Unpaid |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Recorded | Gross | Contractual | Related |
| Investment | Carrying | Principal | Allowance |
|  | Value* | Balance |  |

For the year ended
December 31, 2011 Interest
Average Income
Recorded Recognized Investment during Impairment
(In Thousands)
As of and for the year ended December 31, 2011
With Related Allowance:

| Real Estate-Residential | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |  | \$0 | \$0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real Estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 1,810 | 1,810 | 2,686 | (668 | ) | 3,475 | 34 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 17,439 | 17,441 | 17,459 | (4,093 | ) | 14,581 | 1,013 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 2,266 | 2,265 | 2,669 | (550 | ) | 2,825 | 95 |
| Mixed Use | 2,828 | 2,822 | 2,840 | (128 | ) | 1,953 | 158 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 4,262 | 4,242 | 4,246 | (407 | ) | 4,826 | 310 |
| Other | 14,870 | 14,982 | 14,994 | (4,630 | ) | 6,192 | 298 |
| Real Estate-Construction | 127 | 128 | 128 | (49 | ) | 2,504 | 0 |
| Commercial Business | 19,413 | 19,416 | 20,248 | (7,168 | ) | 22,929 | 538 |
| Trade Finance | 4,528 | 4,497 | 4,497 | (342 | ) | 906 | 71 |
| Consumer and Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
|  | \$67,543 | \$67,603 | \$69,767 | \$(18,035 | ) | \$60,191 | \$2,517 |
| With No Related Allowance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real Estate-Residential | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |  | \$0 | \$0 |
| Real Estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 1,388 | 1,391 | 4,113 | 0 |  | 4,485 | 0 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 3,770 | 0 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 288 | 287 | 2,851 | 0 |  | 2,621 | 0 |
| Mixed Use | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 1,868 | 0 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 2,651 | 2,662 | 8,346 | 0 |  | 2,380 | 0 |
| Other | 2,102 | 2,092 | 3,739 | 0 |  | 8,934 | 0 |
| Real Estate-Construction | 1,721 | 1,710 | 1,710 | 0 |  | 3,283 | 113 |
| Commercial Business | 5,737 | 5,740 | 6,964 | 0 |  | 5,191 | 203 |
| Trade Finance | 469 | 467 | 467 | 0 |  | 759 | 30 |
| Consumer and Other | 150 | 150 | 180 | 0 |  | 145 | 0 |
|  | \$ 14,506 | \$ 14,499 | \$28,370 | \$0 |  | \$33,436 | \$346 |
| Total | \$82,049 | \$82,102 | \$98,137 | \$ 18,035 | ) | \$93,627 | \$2,863 |

The table has been revised to present unpaid contractual principal balances, whereas the Company had previously disclosed unpaid contractual principal balances that were net of charge-offs.

* Gross carrying value represents unpaid principal balances that were net of charge-offs.


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The following table presents the aging of past due loans as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 by class of loans: As of June 30, 2012

|  | 30-59 <br> Days Pa <br> Due <br> (In Thou | 60-89 Day Past Due <br> ands) | Greater <br> than 90 <br> Days Past <br> Due | Total Past Due | Non-accrua loans | Total Delinquent loans | Greater than 90 days and accruing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Legacy Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate-Residential | \$31 | \$ 0 | \$0 | \$31 | \$ 0 | \$ 31 | \$0 |
| Real estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 459 | 0 | 0 | 459 | 2,360 | 2,819 | 0 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 2,160 | 0 | 0 | 2,160 | 991 | 3,151 | 0 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 2,182 | 0 | 0 | 2,182 | 3,539 | 5,721 | 0 |
| Mixed Use | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,886 | 1,886 | 0 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 356 | 0 | 0 | 356 | 2,473 | 2,829 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 118 | 0 | 118 | 6,615 | 6,733 | 0 |
| Real estate-Construction | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commercial business | 313 | 725 | 0 | 1,038 | 10,166 | 11,204 | 0 |
| Trade finance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 50 | 50 | 0 |
| Consumer and other | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 136 | 152 | 0 |
| Subtotal | \$5,517 | \$ 843 | \$0 | \$6,360 | \$ 28,216 | \$ 34,576 | \$0 |
| Acquired Loans ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate-Residential | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$0 |
| Real estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 333 | 19 | 2,149 | 2,501 | 0 | 2,501 | 2,149 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 0 | 1,530 | 948 | 2,478 | 6,112 | 8,590 | 948 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 254 | 1,249 | 3,062 | 4,565 | 276 | 4,841 | 3,062 |
| Mixed Use | 0 | 0 | 2,815 | 2,815 | 0 | 2,815 | 2,815 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 48 | 813 | 0 | 861 | 2,996 | 3,857 | 0 |
| Other | 1,325 | 1,077 | 4,500 | 6,902 | 681 | 7,583 | 4,500 |
| Real estate-Construction | 0 | 0 | 6,245 | 6,245 | 0 | 6,245 | 6,245 |
| Commercial business | 1,326 | 1,020 | 459 | 2,805 | 1,303 | 4,108 | 459 |
| Trade finance | 77 | 3 | 74 | 154 | 0 | 154 | 74 |
| Consumer and other | 253 | 376 | 449 | 1,078 | 146 | 1,224 | 449 |
| Subtotal | 3,616 | 6,087 | 20,701 | 30,404 | 11,514 | 41,918 | 20,701 |
| TOTAL | 9,133 | 6,930 | 20,701 | 36,764 | 39,730 | 76,494 | 20,701 |

(1) The acquired loans include credit impaired loans (ASC 310-30 loans) and performing loans (pass graded loans acquired from Center at the time of merger).

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Legacy Loans

| Real estate—Residential | \$36 | \$ 0 | \$0 | \$ 36 | \$ 0 | \$ 36 | \$0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Real estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 431 | 0 | 0 | 431 | 2,612 | 3,043 | 0 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 482 | 482 | 0 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 634 | 0 | 0 | 634 | 1,368 | 2,002 | 0 |
| Mixed Use | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 822 | 822 | 0 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 360 | 0 | 0 | 360 | 3,055 | 3,415 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 119 | 0 | 119 | 10,865 | 10,984 | 0 |
| Real estate-Construction | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 127 | 127 | 0 |
| Commercial business | 1,396 | 392 | 0 | 1,788 | 11,462 | 13,250 | 0 |
| Trade finance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 117 | 0 |
| Consumer and other | 5 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 150 | 155 | 0 |
| Subtotal | 2,862 | 511 | 0 | 3,373 | 31,060 | 34,433 | 0 |
| Acquired Loans ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate—Residential | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$0 |
| Real estate-Commercial |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail | 147 | 64 | 1,675 | 1,886 | 0 | 1,886 | 1,675 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 0 | 45 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 45 | 0 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 2,547 | 177 | 817 | 3,541 | 0 | 3,541 | 817 |
| Mixed Use | 1,178 | 1,702 | 389 | 3,269 | 0 | 3,269 | 389 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 3,393 | 0 | 110 | 3,503 | 0 | 3,503 | 110 |
| Other | 1,472 | 228 | 4,237 | 5,937 | 0 | 5,937 | 4,237 |
| Real estate-Construction | 0 | 4,499 | 0 | 4,499 | 0 | 4,499 | 0 |
| Commercial business | 1,747 | 1,402 | 9,125 | 12,274 | 0 | 12,274 | 9,125 |
| Trade finance | 0 | 0 | 202 | 202 | 0 | 202 | 202 |
| Consumer and other | 705 | 370 | 700 | 1,775 | 0 | 1,775 | 700 |
| Subtotal | \$ 11,189 | \$ 8,487 | \$ 17,255 | \$ 36,931 | \$ 0 | \$ 36,931 | \$ 17,255 |
| TOTAL | \$ 14,051 | \$ 8,998 | \$ 17,255 | \$ 40,304 | \$ 31,060 | \$ 71,364 | \$ 17,255 |

(1) The acquired loans include credit impaired loans (ASC 310-30 loans) and performing loans (pass graded loans acquired from Center at the time of merger).
We categorize loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. We analyze loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis includes all non-homogeneous loans. This analysis is performed at least on a quarterly basis. We use the following definitions for risk ratings:
Special Mention: Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.
Substandard: Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the repayment of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful/Loss: Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as - substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or repayment in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

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Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the above described process are considered to be Pass-rated loans. As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, and based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

As of June 30, 2012

| Special | Substandard | Doubtful/Loss | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mention <br> (In thousands) |  |  |  |

Legacy Loans:
Real estate—Residential
Real estate—Commercial
Retail
Hotel \& Motel
Gas Station \& Car Wash
Mixed Use
Industrial \& Warehouse
Other
Real estate-Construction
Commercial business
Trade finance
Consumer and other
Subtotal
Acquired Loans:
Real estate-Residential
Real estate-Commercial
Retail
Hotel \& Motel
Gas Station \& Car Wash
Mixed Use
Industrial \& Warehouse
Other
Real estate-Construction
Commercial business
Trade finance
Consumer and other
Subtotal
Total
\$31
\$0
\$31
\$0
3,411
3,724
3,824
1,786
3,953
8,010
0
16,301
7,802
0
\$48,811
\$0

| 13,219 | 12,774 | 0 | 25,993 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 16,017 | 22,593 | 0 | 38,610 |
| 6,383 | 5,803 | 0 | 12,186 |
| 2,354 | 4,026 | 0 | 6,380 |
| 1,379 | 9,184 | 0 | 10,563 |
| 4,823 | 12,728 | 0 | 17,551 |
| 0 | 7,338 | 0 | 7,338 |
| 16,099 | 31,184 | 174 | 47,457 |
| 248 | 491 | 0 | 739 |
| 338 | 4,432 | 99 | 4,869 |
| $\$ 60,860$ | $\$ 110,553$ | $\$ 273$ | $\$ 171,686$ |
| $\$ 109,671$ | $\$ 199,522$ | $\$ 5,803$ | $\$ 314,996$ |

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| Legacy Loans: |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Real estate—Residential <br> Real estate—Commercial | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 36$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 36$ |
| Retail | 3,430 | 13,477 | 0 | 16,907 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 5,008 | 17,875 | 0 | 22,883 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 3,489 | 2,554 | 0 | 6,043 |
| Mixed Use | 2,279 | 3,026 | 0 | 5,305 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 3,998 | 7,238 | 404 | 11,640 |
| Other | 5,914 | 15,393 | 0 | 21,307 |
| Real estate-Construction | 0 | 1,848 | 0 | 1,848 |
| Commercial business | 11,357 | 30,114 | 5,994 | 47,465 |
| Trade finance | 274 | 4,997 | 0 | 5,271 |
| Consumer and other | 0 | 1,081 | 0 | 1,081 |
| Subtotal | $\$ 35,749$ | $\$ 97,639$ | $\$ 6,398$ | $\$ 139,786$ |
| Acquired Loans: | $\$ 0$ |  |  |  |
| Real estate-Residential |  | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Real estate-Commercial | 11,591 | 11,334 | 0 |  |
| Retail | 13,138 | 16,746 | 0 | 22,925 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 5,665 | 5,760 | 0 | 29,884 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 3,532 | 2,829 | 0 | 11,425 |
| Mixed Use | 2,673 | 3,770 | 0 | 6,361 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 6,702 | 12,598 | 0 | 6,443 |
| Other | 0 | 5,489 | 0 | 19,300 |
| Real estate-Construction | 16,096 | 39,630 | 353 | 5,489 |
| Commercial business | 128 | 829 | 56,079 |  |
| Trade finance | 1,662 | 2,526 | 0 | 957 |
| Consumer and other | $\$ 61,187$ | $\$ 101,511$ | $\$ 353$ | 4,188 |
| Subtotal | $\$ 96,936$ | $\$ 199,150$ | $\$ 6,751$ | $\$ 163,051$ |
| Total |  |  | $\$ 302,837$ |  |

The following table presents loans sold from loans held for investment or transfered from held for investment to held for sale during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 by portfolio segment:
Sales or reclassification to held for sale
Real estate - Commercial
Real estate - Construction
Commercial Business
$\quad$ Total

| Three Months Ended June 30, |  | Six Months Ended June 30, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| (In thousands) |  |  |  |
| \$656 | \$ 10,739 | \$ 1,882 | \$15,985 |
| 0 | 4,600 | 0 | 4,600 |
| 20,892 | 49 | 20,892 | 49 |
| \$21,548 | \$15,388 | \$22,774 | \$20,634 |

The adequacy of the allowance for loan losses is determined by management based upon an evaluation and review of the credit quality of the loan portfolio, consideration of historical loan loss experience, relevant internal and external factors that affect the collection of a loan, and other pertinent factors.

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The Migration Analysis is a formula methodology based on the Bank's actual historical net charge-off experience for each loan pool and loan risk grade (Pass, Special Mention, Substandard and Doubtful). The migration analysis is centered on the Bank's internal credit risk rating system. Our internal loan review and external contracted credit review examinations are used to determine and validate loan risk grades. This credit review system takes into consideration factors such as: borrower's background and experience; historical and current financial condition; credit history and payment performance; economic conditions and their impact on various industries; type, fair value and volatility of the fair value of collateral; lien position; and the financial strength of any guarantors.
A general loan loss allowance is provided on loans not specifically identified as impaired ("non-impaired loans"). The allowance is determined first based on a quantitative analysis using a historical loss migration methodology. The loans are classified by type and loan grade, and the historical loss migration is tracked for the various stratifications. Loss experience is quantified for the most recent 12 quarters and then weighted to give more weight to the most recent losses. That loss experience is then applied to the stratified portfolio at each quarter end. For the Performing Loans acquired from Center, a general loan loss allowance is provided to the extent that there has been credit deterioration since the acquisition. The estimation of that credit deterioration becomes more evident as time passes since the acquisition. As of June 30, 2012, the recent loss experience on the acquired portfolio was utilized to provide for a nominal allowance.
The quantitative general loan loss allowance was $\$ 21.6$ million ( $\$ 20.9$ million for legacy loans and $\$ 0.7$ million for acquired loans) at June 30, 2012, compared to \$20.4 million at December 31, 2011.
Additionally, in order to systematically quantify the credit risk impact of other trends and changes within the loan portfolio, the Bank utilizes qualitative adjustments to the Migration Analysis within established parameters. The parameters for making adjustments are established under a Credit Risk Matrix that provides seven possible scenarios for each of the factors below. The matrix allows for up to three positive (Major, Moderate, and Minor), three negative (Major, Moderate, and Minor), and one neutral credit risk scenarios within each factor for each loan type pool. Generally, the factors are considered to have no significant impact (neutral) to our historical migration ratios. However, if information exists to warrant adjustment to the Migration Analysis, changes are made in accordance with the established parameters supported by narrative and/or statistical analysis. The Credit Risk Matrix and the nine possible scenarios enable the Bank to qualitatively adjust the Loss Migration Ratio or individual specific reserve allocations by as much as 50 basis points in either direction (positive or negative) for each loan type pool. This matrix considers the following nine factors, which are patterned after the guidelines provided under the FFIEC Interagency Policy Statement on the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses:
Changes in lending policies and procedures, including underwriting standards and collection, charge-off, and recovery practices.
Changes in national and local economic and business conditions and developments, including the condition of various market segments.
Changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio.
Changes in the experience, ability, and depth of lending management and staff.
Changes in the trends of the volume and severity of past due and classified loans; and changes in trends in the volume of non-accrual loans and troubled debt restructurings, and other loan modifications.
Changes in the quality of our loan review system and the degree of oversight by the Directors.
Changes in the value of underlying collateral for collateral-dependent loans.
The existence and effect of any concentrations of credit, and changes in the level of such concentrations.
The effect of external factors such as competition and legal and regulatory requirements on the level of estimated losses in our loan portfolio.
The qualitative loan loss allowance on the loan portfolio was $\$ 28.8$ million at June 30, 2012, compared to $\$ 23.5$ million at December 31, 2011.
We also establish specific loss allowances for loans where we have identified potential credit risk conditions or circumstances related to a specific individual credit. The specific allowance amounts are determined by a method prescribed by FASB ASC 310-10-35-22, Measurement of Impairment. The loans identified as impaired will be accounted for in accordance with one of the three acceptable valuation methods: 1) the present value of future cash

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flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate; 2) the loan's observable market price; or 3) the fair value of the collateral, if the loan is collateral dependent. For the collateral dependent impaired loans, we obtain a new appraisal to determine the amount of impairment as of the date that the loan became impaired. The appraisals are based on an "as is" valuation. To ensure that appraised values remain current, we generally obtain an updated appraisal every twelve months from a qualified independent appraiser. Furthermore, if the most current appraisal is dated more than six months prior to the effective date of the impairment test, we validate the most current value with third party market data appropriate to the location and property type of the collateral. If the third party market data

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indicates that the value of our collateral property has declined since the most recent valuation date, we adjust the value of the property downward to reflect current market conditions. If the fair value of the collateral, less cost to sell, is less than the recorded amount of the loan, we then recognize impairment by creating or adjusting an existing valuation allowance with a corresponding charge to the provision for loan losses. If an impaired loan is expected to be collected through liquidation of the collateral, the loan is deemed to be collateral dependent and the amount of impairment is charged off against the allowance for loan losses.
The Bank considers a loan to be impaired when it is probable that not all amounts due (principal and interest) will be collectible in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. The significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls is determined on a case-by-case basis by taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed.
For commercial business loans, real estate loans and certain consumer loans, we base the measurement of loan impairment on the present value of the expected future cash flows, discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or on the fair value of the loan's collateral if the loan is collateral dependent. We evaluate most consumer loans for impairment on a collective basis, because these loans have generally smaller balances and are homogeneous in the underwriting terms and conditions, and in the type of collateral.
Impaired loans (recorded investment balance) at June 30, 2012, were $\$ 91.8$ million, a net increase of $\$ 9.7$ million from $\$ 82.0$ million at December 31, 2011. This net increase in impaired loans is due primarily to inflow of acquired loans.
For our Credit Impaired Loans, our allowance for loan losses is estimated based upon our expected cash flows for these loans. To the extent that we experience a deterioration in borrower credit quality resulting in a decrease in our expected cash flows subsequent to the acquisition of the loans, an allowance for loan losses would be established based on our estimate of future credit losses over the remaining life of the loans.
The following table presents loans by portfolio segment and impairment method at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011:

As of June 30, 2012
Real estate - Real estate -
Residential

(In Thousands) \begin{tabular}{llll}
Real estate - \& Commercial <br>
Construction \& business

$\quad$

Trade <br>
finance

$\quad$

Consumer <br>
and other
\end{tabular}$\quad$ Total

Impaired

| loans (Gross <br> carrying <br> value) | \$0 |  | \$59,023 |  | \$1,710 |  | \$25,529 |  | \$4,970 |  | \$136 |  | \$91,368 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specific allowance | \$0 |  | \$6,103 |  | \$0 |  | \$7,040 |  | \$57 |  | \$0 |  | \$13,200 |
| Loss coverage ratio | 0.0 | \% | 10.3 |  | 0.0 |  | 27.6 |  | 1.1 |  | 0.0 | \% | 14.4 |
| Non-impaired loans | $\mathrm{d}_{\$ 1,931}$ |  | \$2,658,901 |  | \$41,655 |  | \$851,876 |  | \$170,668 |  | \$60,596 |  | \$3,785,627 |
| General allowance | \$9 |  | \$32,891 |  | \$521 |  | \$14,233 |  | \$3,447 |  | \$1,204 |  | \$52,305 |
| Loss coverage | 0.5 | \% | 1.2 | \% | 1.3 |  | 1.7 |  | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | \% | 1.4 |

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Total loans \$1,931
Total

| allowance for $\$ 9$ | $\$ 38,994$ | $\$ 521$ | $\$ 21,273$ | $\$ 3,504$ | $\$ 1,204$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\$ 65,505$

loan losses
Loss
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}\text { coverage } & 0.5 & \% & 1.4 & \% & 1.2 & \% & 2.4 & \% & 2.0 & \% & 2.0 & \% & 1.7\end{array}$ ratio

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ratio
Under certain circumstances, we provide borrowers relief through loan modifications. These modifications are either temporary in nature ("temporary modifications"), or are more substantive. At June 30, 2012, total modified loans were $\$ 48.1$ million, compared to $\$ 32.7$ million at December 31, 2011. The temporary modifications generally consist of interest only payments for a three- to six- month period, whereby principal payments are deferred. At the end of the modification period, the remaining principal balance is re-amortized based on the original maturity date. Loans subject to temporary modifications are generally downgraded to Substandard or Special Mention. At the end of the modification period, the loan either 1) returns to the original contractual terms; 2) is further modified and accounted for as a troubled debt restructuring in accordance with ASC 310-10-35; or 3) is disposed of through foreclosure or liquidation.

Troubled Debt Restructured ("TDR") loans are defined by ASC 310-40, "Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors" and ASC 470-60, "Troubled Debt Restructurings by Debtors," and evaluated for impairment in accordance with ASC 310-10-35. The concessions may be granted in various forms, including reduction in the stated interest rate, reduction in the amount of principal amortization, forgiveness of a portion of a loan balance or accrued interest, or extension of the maturity date. In order to determine whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty, an evaluation is performed of the probability that the borrower will be in payment default on any of its debt in the foreseeable future without the modification. This evaluation is performed under our internal underwriting policy.
A summary of TDRs on accrual and non-accrual by type of concession as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 is presented below:

As of June 30, 2012

TDR on accrual
Real estate - Commercial

TDR on non-accrual
Total

Commercial

TOTAL Total

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| Commercial Business | Trade | Real estate Business | Consumer |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Finance | - |  |


|  | (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Payment <br> concession | $\$ 2,514$ | $\$ 1,639$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 4,153$ | $\$ 8,665$ | $\$ 3,614$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 12,279$ | $\$ 16,432$ |
| Maturity / |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amortization <br> concession | 0 | 2,789 | 490 | 3,279 | 678 | 1,841 | 186 | 2,705 | 5,984 |
| Rate <br> concession <br> Principal | 14,344 | 1,306 | 0 | 15,650 | 9,842 | 48 | 0 | 9,890 | 25,540 |
| forgiveness | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 109 | 0 | 109 | 109 |
|  | $\$ 16,858$ | $\$ 5,734$ | $\$ 490$ | $\$ 23,082$ | $\$ 19,185$ | $\$ 5,612$ | $\$ 186$ | $\$ 24,983$ | $\$ 48,065$ |

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As of December 31, 2011
TDR on accrual TDR on non-accrual

| Real estate - Commercial Trade |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Commercial Business | Finance Total |

(In thousands)

| Payment <br> concession <br> Maturity / | $\$ 949$ | $\$ 1,365$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 2,314$ | $\$ 3,769$ | $\$ 3,441$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 7,210$ | $\$ 9,524$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Amortization <br> concession | 0 | 888 | 469 | 1,357 | 1,178 | 1,578 | 150 | 2,906 | 4,263 |
| Rate <br> concession | 12,384 | 2,740 | 0 | 15,124 | 3,335 | 396 | 0 | 3,731 | 18,855 |
| Principal <br> forgiveness | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 78 | 0 | 78 | 78 |
|  | $\$ 13,333$ | $\$ 4,993$ | $\$ 469$ | $\$ 18,795$ | $\$ 8,282$ | $\$ 5,493$ | $\$ 150$ | $\$ 13,925$ | $\$ 32,720$ |

TDRs on accrual status are comprised of loans that were accruing at the time of restructuring and for which the Bank anticipates full repayment of both principal and interest under the restructured terms. TDRs that are on non-accrual can be returned to accrual status after a period of sustained performance, generally determined to be six months of timely payments as modified. Sustained performance includes the periods prior to the modification if the prior performance met or exceeded the modified terms. TDRs on accrual status at June 30, 2012 were comprised of 9 commercial real estate loans totaling $\$ 16.9$ million and 25 commercial business loans totaling $\$ 5.7$ million. TDRs on accrual status at December 31, 2011 were comprised of 6 commercial real estate loans totaling $\$ 13.3$ million and 19 commercial business loans totaling $\$ 5.0$ million. We expect that the TDRs on accrual status as of June 30, 2012, which were all performing in accordance with their restructured terms, to continue to comply with the restructured terms because of the reduced principal or interest payments on these loans. TDRs that were restructured at market interest rates and had sustained performance as agreed under the modified loan terms may be reclassified as non-TDRs after each year end.

The following table presents loans by class modified as troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012:

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Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 Number of Pre- Post- Number of Pre- PostLoans ModificationModification Loans ModificationModification (\$ in thousand)
Legacy Loans:
Real estate - Commercial

| Retail | 1 | $\$ 288$ | $\$ 283$ | 4 | $\$ 969$ | $\$ 943$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Hotel \& Motel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 218 | 101 |
| Mixed Use | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2,319 | 2,316 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1,064 | 1,056 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7,335 | 5,646 |
| Real estate - Construction | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commercial business | 2 | 89 | 88 | 8 | 2,397 | 2,339 |
| Trade Finance | 1 | 157 | 50 | 1 | 157 | 50 |
| Subtotal | 4 | $\$ 534$ | $\$ 421$ | 18 | $\$ 14,459$ | $\$ 12,451$ |
| Acquired Loans: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate - Commercial |  |  |  |  |  | $\$ 957$ |
| Retail | 1 | $\$ 957$ | $\$ 953$ | 1 | $\$ 953$ |  |
| Hotel \& Motel | 0 | 0 | 0,341 | 6,112 | 1 | 6,341 |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0,112 |
| Mixed Use | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Real estate - Construction | 2 | 244 | 1,062 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commercial business | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 474 | 1,278 |
| Trade Finance | 4 | $\$ 7,542$ | $\$ 8,127$ | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Subtotal | $\$ 7,772$ | $\$ 8,343$ |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 8 | $\$ 8,076$ | $\$ 8,548$ | 24 | $\$ 22,231$ | $\$ 20,794$ |

The specific reserves for the troubled debt restructurings described above as of June 30, 2012 was $\$ 1.3$ million and the charge offs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 were $\$ 0$ and $\$ 0$, respectively.
The following table presents loans by class for TDR loans that have been modified within the previous twelve months and have subsequently had a payment default during the three and six months ended June 30, 2012:

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| Three Months Ended June 30, | Six Months Ended June 30, |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2012 |  | 2012 |  |
| Number of | Balance | Number of | Balance |
| Loans | Loans |  |  |

(\$ In thousands)
Legacy Loans:
Real estate - Commercial

| Retail | 1 | $\$ 283$ | 2 | $\$ 536$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Gas Station \& Car Wash | 1 | 219 | 1 | 219 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 2 | 1,093 | 2 | 1,093 |
| Other | 2 | 1,021 | 2 | 1,021 |
| Commercial Business | 4 | 992 | 7 | 1,188 |
| Subtotal | 10 | $\$ 3,608$ | 14 | $\$ 4,057$ |
| Acquired Loans: |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate - Commercial | 0 | $\$ 0$ | 0 | $\$ 0$ |
| Retail | 1 | 6,112 | 1 | 6,112 |
| Hotel \& Motel | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Industrial \& Warehouse | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other | 1 | 153 | 2 | 244 |
| Commercial Business | 2 | $\$ 6,265$ | 3 | $\$ 6,356$ |
| Subtotal | 12 | $\$ 9,873$ | 17 | $\$ 10,413$ |

A loan is considered to be in payment default once it is 30 days contractually past due under the modified terms. The specific reserves for the troubled debt restructurings described above as of June 30, 2012 were $\$ 133$ thousand and the charge offs for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 was $\$ 118$ thousand and $\$ 118$ thousand, respectively. We have allocated $\$ 6.4$ million and $\$ 6.4$ million of specific reserves to TDRs as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, we did not have any outstanding commitments to extend additional funds to these borrowers.

## Covered Loans

On April 16, 2010, the Department of Financial Institutions closed Innovative Bank, California, and appointed the FDIC as its receiver. On the same date, Center Bank assumed the banking operations of Innovative Bank from the FDIC under a purchase and assumption agreement and two related loss sharing agreements with the FDIC. Upon the merger between Nara Bancorp and Center Financial, the Company assumed the loss sharing agreements with the FDIC.
Covered nonperforming assets totaled $\$ 4.2$ million and $\$ 3.6$ million at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. These covered nonperforming assets are subject to the loss sharing agreements with the FDIC. The covered nonperforming assets at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were as follows:

June 30, 2012
December 31, 2011
(In thousand)
Covered loans on non-accrual status
Covered other real estate owned
Total covered nonperforming assets
\$242
3,961
\$4,203
\$76,339
\$89,959
\$0
3,575
\$3,575

Acquired covered loans
Loans accounted for under ASC 310-30 are generally considered accruing and performing loans and the accretable discount is accreted to interest income over the estimate life of the loan when cash flows are reasonably estimable. Accordingly, acquired impaired loans that are contractually past due are still considered to be accruing and performing
loans. The loans may be classified as nonaccrual if the timing and amount of future cash flows is not reasonably estimable.

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## 8.Borrowings

We maintain a secured credit facility with the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco ("FHLB") against which the Bank may take advances. The borrowing capacity is limited to the lower of $25 \%$ of the Bank's total assets or the Bank's collateral capacity, which was $\$ 1.2$ billion and $\$ 1.3$ billion at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The terms of this credit facility require the Company to pledge eligible collateral with the FHLB equal to at least $100 \%$ of outstanding advances.
At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, real estate secured loans with a carrying amount of approximately $\$ 1.9$ billion and $\$ 2.0$ billion, respectively, were pledged as collateral for borrowings from the FHLB. At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, other than FHLB stock, securities totaling $\$ 1.5$ million and $\$ 3.0$ million, respectively, were pledged as collateral for borrowings from the FHLB.
At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, FHLB borrowings were $\$ 371.1$ million and $\$ 344.4$ million, had a weighted average interest rate of $1.77 \%$ and $1.93 \%$, respectively, and had various maturities through September 2017. At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, $\$ 155.0$ million and $\$ 205.0$ million, respectively, of the advances were putable advances with various putable dates and strike prices. The cost of FHLB borrowings as of June 30, 2012 ranged between $0.28 \%$ and $4.52 \%$. At June 30,2012 , the Company had a remaining borrowing capacity of $\$ 837.7$ million. At June 30, 2012, the contractual maturities for FHLB borrowings were as follows:

Due within one year
Due after one year through five years
Due after five years through ten years

| Contractual <br> Maturities <br> (In thousands) | Maturity/ <br> Put Date |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 174,021$ | $\$ 264,021$ |
| 175,000 | 105,000 |
| 20,000 | 0 |
| $\$ 369,021$ | $\$ 369,021$ |

In addition, as a member of the Federal Reserve Bank system, we may also borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco. The maximum amount that we may borrow from the Federal Reserve Bank's discount window is up to $95 \%$ of the outstanding principal balance of the qualifying loans and the fair value of the securities that we pledge. At June 30,2012 , the principal balance of the qualifying loans was $\$ 472.2$ million and the collateral value of investment securities were $\$ 43.0$ million, and no borrowings were outstanding against this line.

## 9. Subordinated Debentures

At June 30, 2012, 4 wholly-owned subsidiary grantor trusts established by former Nara Bancorp had issued $\$ 28$ million of pooled Trust Preferred Securities ("trust preferred securities") and 1 wholly-owned subsidiary grantor trust established by former Center Financial Corporation had issued $\$ 18$ million of trust preferred securities. Trust preferred securities accrue and pay distributions periodically at specified annual rates as provided in the indentures. The trusts used the net proceeds from the offering to purchase a like amount of subordinated debentures (the "Debentures") of BBCN Bancorp. The Debentures are the sole assets of the trusts. BBCN Bancorp's obligations under the subordinated debentures and related documents, taken together, constitute a full and unconditional guarantee by BBCN Bancorp of the obligations of the trusts. The trust preferred securities are mandatorily redeemable upon the maturity of the Debentures, or upon earlier redemption as provided in the indentures. BBCN Bancorp has the right to redeem the Debentures in whole (but not in part) on or after specific dates, at a redemption price specified in the indentures plus any accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date. BBCN Bancorp also has a right to defer consecutive payments of interest on the debentures for up to five years.
The following table is a summary of trust preferred securities and debentures at June 30, 2012:

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| Issuance Trust |  | (Dollars in Thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Issuance Date | Trust <br> Preferred <br> Security <br> Amount | Subordinated <br> Debentures <br> Amount | Rate Type | Initial <br> Rate |  | Rate at June 30, 2012 |  | Maturity Date |
| Nara Capital Trust III | 6/5/2003 | \$5,000 | \$5,155 | Variable | 4.44 | \% | 3.62 | \% | 6/15/2033 |
| Nara Statutory Trust IV | 12/22/2003 | 5,000 | 5,155 | Variable | 4.02 | \% | 3.32 | \% | 1/7/2034 |
| Nara Statutory Trust V | 12/17/2003 | 10,000 | 10,310 | Variable | 4.12 | \% | 3.42 | \% | 12/17/2033 |
| Nara Statutory Trust VI | 3/22/2007 | 8,000 | 8,248 | Variable | 7.00 | \% | 2.12 | \% | 6/15/2037 |
| Center Capital Trust I | 12/29/2003 | 18,000 | 12,904 | Variable | 4.01 | \% | 3.32 | \% | 1/7/2034 |
| TOTAL ISSUANCE |  | \$46,000 | \$41,772 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The Company's investment in the common trust securities of the issuer trusts of $\$ 1.6$ million and $\$ 2.0$ million at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, is included in other assets. Although the subordinated debt issued by the trusts are not included as a component of stockholders' equity in the consolidated balance sheets, the debt is treated as capital for regulatory purposes. The trust preferred security debt issuances are includable in Tier I capital up to a maximum of $25 \%$ of capital on an aggregate basis. Any amount that exceeds $25 \%$ qualifies as Tier 2 capital. At June 30, 2012, all of the $\$ 46$ million of the trusts' securities qualified as Tier 1 capital. In July 2010 Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the "Dodd-Frank Act") was signed into law which, among other things, limits to bank holding companies having total assets of more than $\$ 15$ billion the ability to treat trust preferred security debt issuances as Tier 1 capital. Since the Company had less than $\$ 15$ billion in assets at June 30, 2012, under the Dodd-Frank Act, we will be able to continue to include its existing trust preferred securities in Tier 1 capital.

## 10.Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

As part of our asset and liability management strategy, the Company may enter into derivative financial instruments, such as interest rate swaps, caps and floors, with the overall goal of minimizing the impact of interest rate fluctuations on our net interest margin. Interest rate swaps and caps involve the exchange of fixed-rate and variable-rate interest payment obligations without the exchange of the underlying notional amounts.
During the first quarter of 2010, the Company entered into a three-year interest rate cap agreement with an aggregate notional amount of $\$ 50.0$ million. Under this cap agreement, the Company receives quarterly payments from the counterparty when the quarterly resetting 3 Month London-Interbank Offered Rate exceeds the strike level of $2.00 \%$. The upfront fee paid to the counterparty in entering into this interest rate cap agreement was $\$ 890$ thousand. These interest rate cap agreements are considered "free-standing" due to non-designation of a hedge relationship to any of its financial assets or liabilities. Under FASB ASC 815, valuation gains or losses on interest rate caps not designated as hedging instruments are recognized in earnings. At June 30, 2012, the aggregate fair value of the outstanding interest rate caps was $\$ 0$, and we recognized mark-to-market losses on valuation of $\$ 1$ thousand and $\$ 9$ thousand for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012.
At June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, summary information about these interest-rate caps is as follows:

|  | June 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Notional amounts | $\$ 50$ | million $\$ 50$ | million |
| Weighted average pay rates | N/A | N/A |  |
| Weighted average receive rates | N/A | N/A |  |
| Weighted average maturity | 0.65 years | 1.16 years |  |
| Fair value of combined interest rate caps | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 9$ | thousand |

The effect of derivative instruments on the Consolidated Statement of Income for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 are as follows:

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|  | Three Months Ended June | Six Months Ended June |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 30, | 30, |
| 2012 | 2011 | 2012 |
| (In thousands) |  |  |
| Location of Gain or (Loss) | (In thousands) | Amount of Gain or (Loss) |
| Recognized in Income on | Amount of Gain or (Loss) |  |
| Derivatives | Recognized in Income on | Recognized in Income on |
|  | Derivatives | Derivatives |

Derivatives not designated as
hedging instruments under FASB
ASC 815:
Interest rate contracts (1) Other income $\quad \$(1) \$(118) \$(9)$
(1) Includes amounts representing the net interest payments as stated in the contractual agreements and the valuation ${ }^{1}$ gains or (losses) on interest rate contracts not designated as hedging instruments.

## 11. Income Taxes

Our Company and its subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal income tax as well as state income taxes. We had total unrecognized tax benefits of $\$ 665$ thousand at June 30, 2012 and $\$ 569$ thousand at December 31, 2011 that relate primarily to uncertainties related to California enterprise zone loan interest deductions.
We anticipate an increase of approximately $\$ 193$ thousand in the unrecognized tax benefit related to the California enterprise zone loan interest deduction within the next twelve months. We are subject to U.S. federal income taxes, California franchise taxes and various other state income and franchise taxes.
The statute of limitations related to the consolidated Federal income tax return is closed for all tax years up to and including 2007. The expiration of the statute of limitations related to the various state income and franchise tax returns varies by state. We are currently under examination by New York City for the 2007, 2008, and 2009 tax years. While the outcome of the examination is unknown, we do not expect any material adjustments.
We recognize interest and penalties related to income tax matters in income tax expense. We had approximately $\$ 53$ thousand and $\$ 77$ thousand for interest and penalties accrued at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Income tax expense is the total of the current year income tax due or refundable and the change in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.
Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion, or all, of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. In assessing the realization of deferred tax assets, management evaluates both positive and negative evidence, including the existence of any cumulative losses in the current year and the prior two years, the amount of taxes paid in available carry-back years, the forecasts of future income, applicable tax planning strategies, and assessments of current and future economic and business conditions. This analysis is updated quarterly and adjusted as necessary. Based on the analysis, the Company has determined that except for the valuation allowance against the capital loss carryforwards of $\$ 53$ thousand, a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets was not required as of June 30, 2012.

## 12. Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

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Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.
Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs that reflect estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

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Securities Available for Sale
The fair values of securities available for sale are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges (Level 1 inputs) or matrix pricing, which is a technique widely used in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities (Level 2 inputs).
Impaired Loans
The fair values of impaired loans are generally measured for impairment permitted by FASB ASC 310-10-35 including impaired loans measured at an observable market price (if available), or at the fair value of the loan's collateral (if the loan is collateral dependent). Fair value of the loan's collateral, when the loan is dependent on collateral, is determined by appraisals or independent valuation, which is then adjusted for the cost related to liquidation of the collateral. These are considered Level 3 inputs.
Derivatives
The fair value of our derivative financial instruments, including interest rate swaps and caps, is based on derivative valuation models using market data inputs as of the valuation date that can generally be verified and do not typically involve significant management judgments. (Level 2 inputs).
Other Real Estate Owned
Other real estate owned is fair valued at the time the loan is foreclosed upon and the asset is transferred to other real estate owned. The value is based primarily on third party appraisals, less costs to sell and result in a Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value. Other real estate owned is reviewed and evaluated on at least an annual basis for additional impairment and adjusted to lower of cost or market accordingly, based on the same factors identified above.
Loans held for sale
Loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or fair value, as determined by outstanding commitments from investors, or based on recent comparable sales, if available, and if not available, are based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life and credit risk (Level 2 inputs) or may be assessed based upon the fair value of the collateral which is obtained from recent real estate appraisals. These appraisals may utilize a single valuation approach or a combination of approaches including comparable sales and the income approach. Adjustments are routinely made in the appraisal process by the appraisers to adjust for differences between the comparable sales and income data available. Such adjustments are typically significant and result in Level 3 classification of the inputs for determining fair value.
For the quarter ended March 31, 2012, there were no changes in valuation techniques and related inputs resulting from the adoption of ASU 2011-04. The table below summarizes information about valuation method and unobservable inputs for nonrecurring Level 3 fair value measurements. The weight assigned to each input is based on the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of measurement.

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$\left.\begin{array}{lll} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Valuation } \\ \text { Method }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Unobservable Inputs }\end{array} \\ \text { Impaired loans at fair value } & \text { Market } & \begin{array}{l}\text { Adjustments to external or internal appraised } \\ \text { values for selling cost of } 8.5 \% \\ \text { Probability weighting of broker price opinions }\end{array} \\ \text { Management assumptions regarding market trends } \\ \text { or } \\ \text { other relevant factors }\end{array}\right]$

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:


There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the period ended June 30, 2012.

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Assets:
Securities available for sale:

| U.S. Treasury | $\$ 300$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 300$ | $\$ 0$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GSE collateralized mortgage obligations | 227,836 | 0 | 227,836 | 0 |
| GSE mortgage-backed securities | 487,754 | 0 | 487,754 | 0 |
| Trust preferred security | 4,348 | 0 | 4,348 | 0 |
| Municipal bonds | 5,764 | 0 | 5,764 | 0 |
| Mutual funds | 14,918 | 14,918 | 0 | 0 |
| Derivatives - Interest rate caps | 9 | 0 | 9 | 0 |

Fair value adjustments for interest rate caps resulted in a net expense of $\$ 9$ thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and $\$ 157$ thousand for the year ended December 31, 2011.
Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized below:



Assets:
Impaired loans at fair value:
Real estate loans
Commercial busins
$\left.\begin{array}{lllll}\$ 12,378 & \$ 0 & \$ 0 & \$ 12,378 & \$(1,050 \\ 1,887 & 0 & 0 & 1,887 & (28\end{array}\right)$

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Loans held for sale, net
Other real estate owned

656
2,634
0
656
0
0
0

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Fair Value Measurements at the End of the Reporting Period Using

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { December 31, } \\ & 2011 \end{aligned}$ | Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) |  |  | Total Gains (Losses) for the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2011 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Significant | Significant <br> Unobservable <br> Inputs <br> (Level 3) |  |
|  |  | Other |  |  |
|  |  | Observable |  |  |
|  |  | Inputs |  |  |
|  |  | (Level 2) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| (In thousands) |  |  |  |  |

Assets:
Impaired loans at fair value:
$\left.\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Real estate loans } & \$ 15,485 & \$ 0 & \$ 0 & \$ 15,485 & \$(6,018) \\ \text { Commercial business } & 6,360 & 0 & 0 & 6,360 & (2,553 \\ \text { Loans held for sale, net } & 6,901 & 0 & 6,901 & 0 & (3,393 \\ \text { Other real estate owned } & 3,471 & 0 & 0 & 3,471 & (1,031\end{array}\right)$

Fair Value of Financial Instruments
Carrying amounts and estimated fair values of financial instruments, not previously presented, at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were as follows:

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Financial Assets:
Cash and cash equivalents
Term federal funds sold
Loans held for sale
Loans receivable-net
Federal Home Loan Bank stock
Accrued interest receivable
FDIC loss share receivable
Customers' liabilities on acceptances
Financial Liabilities:
Noninterest-bearing deposits
Saving and other interest bearing demand deposits
Time deposits
Borrowings from Federal Home Loan Bank
Subordinated debentures
Accrued interest payable
Bank's liabilities on acceptances outstanding

Financial Assets:
Cash and cash equivalents
Term federal funds sold
Loans held for sale
Loans receivable-net
Federal Home Loan Bank stock
Accrued interest receivable
FDIC loss share receivable
Customers' liabilities on acceptances
Financial Liabilities:
Noninterest-bearing deposits
Saving and other interest bearing demand deposits
Time deposits
Borrowings from Federal Home Loan Bank
Subordinated debentures
Accrued interest payable
Bank's liabilities on acceptances outstanding
June 30, 2012

| Carrying | Estimated | Fair Value |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Amount | Fair Value | Measurement <br> Using |
| (In thousands) |  |  |


| $\$ 179,621$ | $\$ 179,621$ | Level 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | Level 1 |
| 32,590 | 35,674 | Level 2 |
| $3,809,033$ | $4,147,077$ | Level 3 |
| 24,778 | N/A | N/A |
| 12,062 | 12,062 | Level 2 |
| 9,287 | 9,287 | Level 3 |
| 11,206 | 11,206 | Level 2 |
|  |  |  |
| $\$ 1,064,013$ | $\$ 1,064,013$ | Level 2 |
| $1,326,416$ | $1,326,416$ | Level 2 |
| $1,492,251$ | $1,496,548$ | Level 2 |
| 371,143 | 376,222 | Level 2 |
| 41,772 | 40,174 | Level 2 |
| 5,924 | 5,924 | Level 2 |
| 11,206 | 11,206 | Level 2 |

December 31, 2011
Carrying Estimated
Amount Fair Value
(In thousands)

| $\$ 300,110$ | $\$ 300,110$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 40,000 | 40,000 |
| 42,407 | 43,782 |
| $3,676,874$ | $3,933,710$ |
| 27,373 | N/A |
| 13,439 | 13,439 |
| 10,819 | 10,819 |
| 10,515 | 10,515 |

The methods and assumptions used to estimate fair value are described as follows.
The carrying amount is the estimated fair value for cash and cash equivalents, savings and other interest bearing demand deposits, accrued interest receivable and payable, customer's and Bank's liabilities on acceptances, non-interest-bearing deposits, short-term debt, secured borrowings, and variable rate loans or deposits that reprice frequently and fully. For fixed rate loans or deposits and for variable rate loans or deposits with infrequent repricing or
repricing limits, fair value is based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life and credit risk. The allowance for loan losses is

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considered to be a reasonable estimate of discount for credit quality concerns. Fair value of SBA loans held for sale is based on market quotes. For fair value of non-SBA loans held for sale, see the measurement method discussed previously. Fair value of time deposits and debt is based on current rates for similar financing. It was not practicable to determine the fair value of Federal Reserve Bank stock or Federal Home Loan Bank stock due to restrictions placed on their transferability. The fair value of commitments to fund loans represents fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements with similar remaining maturities and is not presented herein. The fair value of these financial instruments is not material to the consolidated financial statements.

## 13. Stockholders' Equity and Regulatory Matters

The Company and the Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal and state banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's and the Bank's financial statements, such as restrictions on the growth, expansion or the payment of dividends or other capital distributions or management fees. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company and the Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of their assets, liabilities and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors. Prompt corrective action provisions are not applicable to bank holding companies. Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company and the Bank to maintain minimum ratios (set forth in the table below) of total and Tier I capital (as defined in the regulations) to risk-weighted assets (as defined) and of Tier I capital (as defined) to average assets (as defined). Management believes that, as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the Company and the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject.
As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the most recent regulatory notification categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized, the Bank must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based and Tier I leverage ratios as set forth in the table below. There are no conditions or events since the notification that management believes have changed the Bank's category.
On November 21, 2008, the Company received $\$ 67$ million from the U.S. Treasury through its TARP capital purchase plan and issued 67,000 shares of cumulative preferred stock, Series A. The preferred stock pays cumulative dividends at the rate of $5 \%$ per year for the first five years and $9 \%$ per year thereafter. The shares are callable by the Company at par after three years if the repurchase is made with proceeds of a new offering or placement of common equity or of certain preferred stock treated as Tier 1 capital under applicable Federal banking regulations.
In conjunction with the purchase of the Company's preferred stock, the U.S. Treasury received a warrant to purchase $1,042,531$ shares of the Company's common stock at $\$ 9.64$ per share. The term of the warrant is ten years. On December 3, 2009, US Treasury approved the Company's request for an adjustment to the Company's warrant share position due to a qualified equity offering in November 2009. The adjusted number of warrant shares is 521,266, which is $50 \%$ of original number of warrant shares $1,042,531$.
Upon the merger with Center Financial, the Company issued 55,000 shares of a new series of our preferred stock having substantially the same rights, preferences, privileges and voting powers as our Series A Preferred Stock in exchange for the shares of similar preferred stock issued by Center Financial under the Treasury Department's TARP Capital Purchase Program. The new series of preferred stock is designated as our Fixed Rate Cumulative Perpetual Preferred Stock, Series B. The ten-year warrant to purchase Center Financial common stock that was issued in connection with Center Financial's sale of its Series A Preferred Stock to the Treasury Department was converted into a warrant to purchase BBCN Bancorp common stock upon our merger with Center. Reflecting the merger exchange ratio of 0.7805 , and a reduction of $50 \%$ of the original number of warrant shares is issued due to additional capital raise, the warrant now entitles the holder of the warrant to purchase, in one or more exercises of the warrant, up to 337,480 shares of BBCN Bancorp common stock at a price of $\$ 12.22$ per share.

On June 27, 2012, the Company redeemed $\$ 67$ million and $\$ 55$ million of the aforementioned Series A and Series B Preferred Stock, respectively. The preferred stock issued qualifies as Tier 1 capital.

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The Company's and the Bank's actual capital amounts and ratios are presented in the table below:

|  | Required | Required <br> To Be Well <br> Capitalized under |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Actual | For Capital <br> Adequacy Purposes | Prompt Corrective <br> Action Provisions |
| Amount Ratio <br> (Dollars in thousands) | Amount Ratio | Amount Ratio |

As of June 30, 2012
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets):

| Company | $\$ 701,835$ | 16.8 | $\%$ | $\$ 334,218$ | 8.0 | $\%$ | N/A | N/A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Tier I capital (to risk-weighted assets):

| Company | \$649,293 | 15.5 | \% | \$167,109 | 4.0 |  | N/A | N/A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank | \$625,409 | 15.0 | \% | \$166,986 | 4.0 | \% | \$250,479 | 6.0 |
| Tier I capital (to average assets): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Company | \$649,293 | 13.0 | \% | \$200,203 | 4.0 | \% | N/A | N/A |
| Bank | \$625,409 | 12.5 | \% | \$200,284 | 4.0 | \% | \$250,355 | 5.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Required |  |
|  | Actual |  |  | Required |  |  | To Be Well |  |
|  |  |  |  | For Capital |  |  | Capitalized under Prompt Corrective |  |
|  |  |  |  | Adequacy Purposes |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Action Provisions |  |
|  | Amount | Ratio |  | Amount | Ratio |  | Amount | Ratio |
|  | (Dollars in | ousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |

As of December 31, 2011
Total capital (to risk-weighted assets):

| Company | $\$ 784,054$ | 19.4 | $\%$ | $\$ 323,144$ | 8.0 | $\%$ | N/A | N/A |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Under federal banking law, dividends declared by the Bank in any calendar year may not, without the approval of the regulatory agency, exceed its net income for that year combined with its retained income from the preceding two years. However, the regulatory agency has previously issued a bulletin to all banks outlining guidelines limiting the circumstances under which banks may pay dividends even if the banks are otherwise statutorily authorized to pay dividends. The limitations impose a requirement or in some cases suggest that prior approval of the regulatory agency should be obtained before a dividend is paid if a bank is the subject of administrative action or if the payment could be viewed by the regulatory agency as unsafe or unusual.

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## 14. Subsequent Event

On August 8, 2012, we purchased from the Treasury Department, the outstanding warrant dated November 21, 2008 relating to 521,266 shares of the Company's common stock, at a purchase price of $\$ 2.2$ million. We have not reached agreement with the Treasury Department regarding repurchase of the warrant for the purchase of 337,480 shares of of the Company's common stock that we issued in connection with our merger with Center Financial. See Note 13 Stock holders' Equity and Regulatory Matters for further information regarding the warrants.

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Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 and the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes set forth elsewhere in this report.

GENERAL
Selected Financial Data
The following table sets forth certain selected financial data concerning the periods indicated:

Income Statement Data:

Interest income
Interest expense
Net interest income
Provision for loan losses
Net interest income after provision for loan losses 52,320
Non-interest income
Non-interest expense
Income before income tax expense
Income tax expense
Net income
Dividends and discount accretion on preferred
stock
Net income available to common stockholders
Per Share Data:
Earnings per common share - basic
Earnings per common share - diluted
Book value per common share (period end, excluding preferred stock and warrants)
Tangible book value per common share (period
end, excluding preferred stock and warrants) ${ }^{(1)}$
(12)

Number of common shares outstanding (period end)
Weighted average shares - basic
Weighted average shares - diluted
Tangible common equity ratio ${ }^{(9)}$
Statement of Financial Condition Data - at Period End:

| End: | $\$ 5,049,405$ | $\$ 2,967,288$ | $\$ 5,049,405$ | $\$ 2,967,288$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Assets | 666,852 | 472,420 | 666,852 | 472,420 |
| Securities available for sale | $3,874,538$ | $2,202,446$ | $3,874,538$ | $2,202,446$ |
| Gross loans, net of deferred loan fees and costs | $3,882,680$ | $2,232,180$ | $3,882,680$ | $2,232,180$ |
| (excludes loans held for sale) | 371,143 | 300,000 | 371,143 | 300,000 |

Assets
Gross loans, net of deferred loan fees and costs
(excludes loans held for sale)
Federal Home Loan Bank borrowings

| $\$ 66,943$ | $\$ 37,294$ | $\$ 135,498$ | $\$ 74,488$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7,441 | 7,963 | 15,137 | 16,274 |
| 59,502 | 29,331 | 120,361 | 58,214 |
| 7,182 | 10,047 | 9,782 | 15,309 |
| 52,320 | 19,284 | 110,579 | 42,905 |
| 10,222 | 7,684 | 21,867 | 12,194 |
| 31,077 | 16,886 | 61,512 | 33,581 |
| 31,465 | 10,082 | 70,934 | 21,518 |
| 12,101 | 3,764 | 27,636 | 8,454 |
| $\$ 19,364$ | $\$ 6,318$ | $\$ 43,298$ | $\$ 13,064$ |
| $\$(3,771$ | $\$(1,075$ | $\$(5,640$ | $\$(2,150$ |
| $\$ 15,593$ | $\$ 5,243$ | $\$ 37,658$ | $\$ 10,914$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\$ 0.20$ | $\$ 0.14$ | $\$ 0.48$ | $\$ 0.29$ |
| $\$ 0.20$ | $\$ 0.14$ | $\$ 0.48$ | $\$ 0.29$ |
| $\$ 9.14$ | $\$ 8.02$ | $\$ 9.14$ | $\$ 8.02$ |


| $\$ 7.94$ | $\$ 7.94$ | $\$ 7.94$ | $\$ 7.94$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $78,014,107$ | $38,097,327$ | $78,014,107$ | $38,097,327$ |  |  |
| $78,007,270$ | $38,047,371$ | $77,997,305$ | $38,017,473$ |  |  |
| $78,141,527$ | $38,082,023$ |  | $78,121,259$ | $38,079,650$ |  |
| 12.49 | \% | 10.21 | $\%$ | 12.49 | $\%$ |
| 10.21 | $\%$ |  |  |  |  |

At or for the Three Months Ended At or for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 (Dollars in thousands, except share and per share data)

| Subordinated debentures | 41,772 | 39,268 | 41,772 | 39,268 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Stockholders' equity | 715,461 | 372,539 | 715,461 | 372,539 |

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Average Balance Sheet Data:
Assets
Gross loans, including loans held for sale
Deposits
Stockholders' equity
Selected Performance Ratios:
Return on average assets (1) (8)
Return on average stockholders' equity (1) (8)
Return on average tangible equity (8) (11)
Pre Tax- Pre Provision income to average
assets ${ }^{(1)}$
Efficiency ratio ${ }^{(2)}$
Net interest margin (3)
Regulatory Capital Ratios ${ }^{(4)}$
Leverage capital ratio ${ }^{(5)}$
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio
Total risk-based capital ratio
Tier 1 common -risk based capital ratio ${ }^{(13)}$
Asset Quality Ratios:
Allowance for loan losses to gross loans, excluding loans held for sale

| Allowance for loan losses to gross loans, | 1.69 | $\%$ | 2.71 | $\%$ | 1.69 | $\%$ | 2.71 | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| excluding loans held for sale |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) Annualized.

June 30, 20122011 (Dollars in thousands)

| $\$ 5,102,769$ | $\$ 2,933,003$ | $\$ 5,121,082$ | $\$ 2,934,546$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 692,399 | 501,298 | 709,063 | 513,751 |
| $3,847,921$ | $2,190,436$ | $3,812,708$ | $2,179,150$ |
| $3,854,756$ | $2,193,202$ | $3,879,207$ | $2,175,751$ |
| 823,839 | 369,485 | 815,111 | 366,343 |


| 1.52 | $\%$ | 0.86 | $\%$ | 1.69 | $\%$ | 0.89 | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9.40 | $\%$ | 6.84 | $\%$ | 10.62 | $\%$ | 7.13 | $\%$ |
| 10.61 | $\%$ | 6.89 | $\%$ | 12.01 | $\%$ | 7.19 | $\%$ |
| 3.03 | $\%$ | 2.75 | $\%$ | 3.15 | $\%$ | 2.51 | $\%$ |
| 44.57 | $\%$ | 45.62 | $\%$ | 43.25 | $\%$ | 47.69 | $\%$ |
| 5.02 | $\%$ | 4.16 | $\%$ | 5.07 | $\%$ | 4.15 | $\%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12.97 | $\%$ | 13.32 | $\%$ | 12.97 | $\%$ | 13.32 | $\%$ |
| 15.54 | $\%$ | 16.42 | $\%$ | 15.54 | $\%$ | 16.42 | $\%$ |
| 16.80 | $\%$ | 17.69 | $\%$ | 16.80 | $\%$ | 17.69 | $\%$ |
| 14.58 | $\%$ | 12.08 | $\%$ | 14.58 | $\%$ | 12.08 | $\%$ |

At or for the Three Months Ended At or for the Six Months Ended
(2) Efficiency ratio is defined as non-interest expense divided by the sum of net interest income and non-interest ${ }^{2}$ income.
(3) Net interest margin is calculated by dividing annualized net interest income by average total interest-earning assets.
(4) The ratios required to meet the definition of a "well-capitalized" institution under certain banking regulations are $5 \%$
${ }^{(4)}$ leverage capital, $6 \%$ tier I risk-based capital and $10 \%$ total risk-based capital.
(5) Calculations are based on average quarterly asset balances.
(6)Non-performing loans include non-accrual loans, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, and accruing restructured loans. Loans 90 days or more past due and still accruing consist of acquired loans that were originally recorded at fair value upon acquisitions. These loans are considered to be accruing as we can reasonably
estimate future cash flows on acquired loans and we expect to fully collect the carrying value of these loans.
(7) Non-performing assets include non-accrual loans, loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest, other real estate owned, and accruing restructured loans.
(8) Based on net income before effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock.
(9) Excludes TARP preferred stock, net of discount, of $\$ 0$ and $\$ 64.7$ million and stock warrants of $\$ 2.8$ million and
9) $\$ 2.4$ million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Legacy loans are those loans accounted for under the amortized cost method, and do not include loans acquired (10) from Center Financial Corporation on November 30, 2011. This is a non-GAAP measure that we believe provides investors with information that is useful in understanding our financial performance and position. Allowance for loan losses to legacy loans is calculated by

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dividing gross legacy loan balance by allowance for loan losses.
Average tangible equity is calculated by subtracting average goodwill and average other intangibles from average (11) stockholders' equity. This is a non-GAAP measure that we believe provides investors with information that is useful in understanding our financial performance and position.
Three Months Ended June 30, Six Months Ended June 30,
$\left.\begin{array}{llllllll}\text { Net income } & \$ 19,364 & \$ 6,318 & & \$ 43,298 & \$ 13,064 & \\ & \$ 823,839 & \$ 369,485 & \$ 815,111 & & \$ 366,343 & \\ \text { Average stockholders' equity } & (93,713 & ) & (2,939 & ) & (93,955 & ) & (2,977 \\ \hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Less: Average goodwill and other intangible } \\ \text { assets, net }\end{array} & \$ 730,126 & \$ 366,546 & \$ 721,156 & \$ 363,366\end{array}\right)$

Tangible book value per share is calculated by subtracting goodwill and other intangible assets from total stockholders' equity and diving the difference by the number of shares of common stock outstanding. This is a non-GAAP measure that we believe provides investors with information that is useful in understanding our financial performance and position.

Total stockholders' equity
Less: Preferred stock, net of discount
Common stock warrant
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net
Tangible common equity
ree Months Ended June 30

| 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$10.61 \quad \% \quad 6.89 \quad \% \quad 12.01 \quad$ \% $\quad 7.19 \quad \%$

| Common shares outstanding | $78,014,107$ | $38,097,327$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tangible common equity per share | $\$ 7.94$ | $\$ 7.94$ |

Tier 1 common is calculated as Tier 1 capital less non-common elements, including perpetual preferred stock and
(13)related surplus, minority interest in subsidiaries, trust preferred securities and mandatory convertible preferred securities.
$\left.\begin{array}{llll} & \begin{array}{l}\text { June 30, 2012 } \\ \text { (In Thousands) }\end{array} & \text { June 30, 2011 } \\ \text { Tier 1 capital } & \$ 649,293 & \$ 388,176 & \\ \text { Less: Preferred stock, net of discount } & 0 & (64,679 & \text { ) } \\ \text { Trust Preferred } & (40,347 & ) & (38,000\end{array}\right)$

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## Results of Operations

Overview
Our total assets decreased from $\$ 5.17$ billion at December 31, 2011 to $\$ 5.05$ billion at June 30, 2012. The decrease in total assets was due to the decrease in cash and cash equivalent from $\$ 300.1$ million at December 31, 2011 to $\$ 179.6$ million at June 30, 2012 to redeem $\$ 122$ million of Series A and Series B Preferred Stock issued under the U.S. Treasury's TARP Capital Purchase Program on June 27, 2012. The redemption covered the total combined preferred stock investment by the U.S. Treasury of $\$ 67$ million in the former Nara Bancorp, Inc. and $\$ 55$ million in the former Center Financial Corporation ("Center"). Gross loans receivable increased by $\$ 136$ million at $\$ 3.87$ billion during the six months ended June 30, 2012. Our deposits decreased $\$ 58$ million, or $1 \%$, to $\$ 3.88$ billion at June 30, 2012 from $\$ 3.94$ billion at December 31, 2011. Securities available for sale declined $10 \%$ during the first six months of 2012 as a result of paydowns and maturities.
Our net income available to common stockholders for the second quarter of 2012 was $\$ 15.6$ million, or $\$ 0.20$ per diluted common share, compared to the net income available to common stockholders of $\$ 5.2$ million, or $\$ 0.14$ per diluted common share, for the same period of 2011, representing an increase in net income of $\$ 10.4$ million, or $197 \%$. Our net income available to common stockholders for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $\$ 37.7$ million, or $\$ 0.48$ per diluted common share, compared to the net income available to common stockholders of $\$ 10.9$ million, or $\$ 0.29$ per diluted common share, for the same period of 2011, representing an increase in net income of $\$ 26.7$ million, or $245 \%$. The merger with Center completed on November 30, 2011 impacts the comparability of operating results for the second quarter of 2012 compared to the same period of 2011 and for the six months ended June 30, 2012 compared to the same reporting period of 2011. As the balances of interest earning assets and liabilities significantly increased as a result of the merger of equals, the amounts of interest income and expenses were significantly larger when comparing to the same reporting period of 2011. In addition, the application of acquisition accounting results in the acquisition premiums and discounts, reflecting the acquisition date fair value adjustment being recorded and impacting yields as they are amortized or accreted by the interest method based on the related assets or liabilities. Our operating results for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 and the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, include the following pre-tax acquisition accounting adjustments and expenses related to the merger. The increase (decrease) to pre-tax income of these adjustments is summarized below. The impact which these adjustments have on certain yields and costs are described in subsequent sections.
(In thousands)
Accretion of discount on acquired Center loans ${ }^{(1)}$
Amortization of premiums on Center FHLB borrowings ${ }^{(2)}$
Accretion of discount on Center subordinated debt ${ }^{(3)}$
Amortization of premium on Center time deposits (4)
Amortization of core deposit intangibles from Center ${ }^{(5)}$
Accretion of discounts on other Center assets (6)
Amortization of unfavorable lease liability ${ }^{(7)}$
Merger and integration expense ${ }^{(8)}$
$\left.\begin{array}{llll}\begin{array}{lll}\text { Three Months Ended } \\ \text { June } 30,\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Six Months Ended June } \\ 30,\end{array} \\ 2012 & 2011 & 2012 & 2011 \\ \$ 7,696 & \$ 0 & \$ 17,340 & \$ 0 \\ 904 & 0 & 2,135 & 0 \\ (36 & ) & (71 & 0 \\ 787 & 0 & 2,062 & 0 \\ (253 & ) & 0 & (543 \\ 57 & 0 & 114 & 0 \\ 57 & 0 & 115 & 0 \\ (1,348 & ) & (381 & ) \\ \$ 7,864 & \$(381 & ) & \$ 18,031\end{array}\right) \$(892)$

Increase (decrease) to pre-tax income $\quad \$ 7,864 \quad \$(381 \quad) \quad \$ 18,031 \quad \$(892)$
${ }^{(1)}$ We have estimated the fair value of the loans acquired as the result of our merger. The valuation resulted in a discount of approximately $\$ 118.0$ million as of November 30, 2011. The accretion of this purchase discount over the remaining lives of the acquired loans is included in our reported interest income on loans.
(2) The fair value of the outstanding FHLB borrowings assumed from Center was estimated to be above the face amount of such debt. Our reported interest expense on FHLB advances includes amortization to the face amount of these advances over the remaining term of the debt.
${ }^{(3)}$ The fair value of the outstanding subordinated debt assumed from Center was estimated to be below the face amount of such debt. Our reported interest expense on other borrowings includes accretion to the face amount of this debt over the remaining term of the debt.
${ }^{(4)}$ The fair value of certificate of deposit liabilities assumed from Center was estimated to be above the face amount of such deposits. Our reported interest expense on deposits includes amortization to the face amount of such liabilities over the remaining term of the deposits.
(5) A core deposit intangible arises from a financial institution or a financial institution branch having a deposit base comprised of funds associated with stable customer relationships. These customer relationships provide a cost benefit to the acquiring

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institution since the associated customer deposits typically are at lower interest rates and can be expected to be retained on a long-term basis. Deposit customer relationships have value due to their favorable interest rates in comparison to market rates for alternative funding sources with expected lives comparable to expected lives of the core deposits. The discounted cash flow method, which we have used to estimate this value, is based upon the principle of future benefits; economic value tends to be based on anticipated future benefits as measured by cash flows expected to occur in the future. The core deposit intangible asset recognized as part of the Center merger is being amortized over its estimated useful life of approximately seven years utilizing an accelerated method.
${ }^{(6)}$ Accretion of discounts on other assets primarily consist of servicing assets, investments in affordable housing partnerships and the fair value of the favorable operating leases.
(7) Amortization of unfavorable lease liability represents the Center facilities lease contracts having rental rates that exceeded current market rates at the merger date.
${ }^{(8)}$ Direct costs related to the Center merger were expensed as incurred. During the three months ended June 30, 2012, we incurred $\$ 1.3$ million in merger and integration expenses, including $\$ 0.5$ million in salaries and benefits and $\$ 0.9$ million in professional fees. During the three months ended June 30, 2011, we incurred $\$ 381$ thousand in merger and integration expenses. During the six months ended June 30, 2012, we incurred $\$ 3.1$ million in merger and integration expenses, including $\$ 1.1$ million in salaries and benefits and $\$ 2.0$ million in professional fees. During the six months ended June 30, 2011, we incurred $\$ 892$ thousand in merger and integration expenses.
The annualized return on average assets, before the effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock on average assets, was $1.52 \%$ for the second quarter of 2012, compared to $0.86 \%$ for the same period of 2011 . The annualized return on average equity, before effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock, was $9.40 \%$ for the second quarter of 2012, compared to $6.84 \%$ for the same period of 2011 . The efficiency ratio was $44.57 \%$ for the second quarter of 2012, compared to $45.62 \%$ for the same period of 2011.
The annualized return on average assets, before the effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock on average assets, was $1.69 \%$ for the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to $0.89 \%$ for the same period of 2011. The annualized return on average equity, before the effect of dividends and discount accretion on preferred stock, was $10.62 \%$ for the six months ended June 30,2012 , compared to $7.13 \%$ for the same period of 2011 . The efficiency ratio was $43.25 \%$ for the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to $47.69 \%$ for the same period of 2011.
Net Interest Income and Net Interest Margin
Net Interest Income and Expense
The principal component of our earnings is net interest income, which is the difference between the interest and fees earned on loans and investments and the interest paid on deposits and borrowed funds. Net interest income expressed as a percentage of average interest-earning assets is referred to as net interest margin. The net interest spread is the yield on average interest-earning assets less the cost of average interest-bearing liabilities (interest-bearing deposits and borrowed funds). Net interest income is affected by changes in the respective volumes of interest-earning assets and funding liabilities as well as by changes in the yields earned on interest-earning assets and the rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities.
Comparison of Three Months Ended June 30, 2012 with the Same Period of 2011
Net interest income before provision for loan losses was $\$ 59.5$ million for the second quarter of 2012, an increase of $\$ 30.2$ million, or $103 \%$, compared to $\$ 29.3$ million for the same period of 2011 . The increase was principally attributable to the higher level of interest earning assets, as well as the improvement in net interest margin, following the merger. The net interest margin improved to $5.02 \%$ for the second quarter of 2012 , compared to $4.16 \%$ for the same period of 2011. The improvement in the net interest margin was largely attributable to the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments.
Interest income for the second quarter of 2012 was $\$ 66.9$ million compared to $\$ 37.3$ million for the same period of 2011. The increase of $\$ 29.6$ million was primarily the result of a $\$ 1.6$ million increase in interest income due to an increase in the average yield on average interest-earnings assets and a $\$ 28.1$ million increase in interest income due to an increase in the volume of average interest-earning assets.
Interest expense for the second quarter of 2012 was $\$ 7.4$ million, a decrease of $\$ 0.6$ million, or $7 \%$, compared to interest expense of $\$ 8.0$ million for the same quarter of 2011 . The decrease was the result of a $\$ 3.1$ million decrease in

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interest expense due to a decrease in the average rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities, which was offset by an increase in the volume of average interest-bearing liabilities of $\$ 2.6$ million.
Comparison of Six Months Ended June 30, 2012 with the Same Period of 2011
Net interest income before provision for loan losses was $\$ 120.4$ million for the six months ended June 30, 2012, an increase of $\$ 62.1$ million, or $107 \%$, compared to $\$ 58.2$ million for the same period of 2011 . The increase was principally attributable to the higher level of interest earning assets, as well as the improvement in net interest margin, following the merger.

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Interest income for the six months ended June 30,2012 was $\$ 135.5$ million compared to $\$ 74.5$ million for the same period of 2011. The increase of $\$ 61.0$ million was primarily the result of a $\$ 4.6$ million increase in interest income due to an increase in the average yield earnings on average interest-earnings assets and a $\$ 56.4$ million increase in interest income due to an increase in the volume of average interest-earning assets.
Interest expense for the six months ended June 30,2012 was $\$ 15.1$ million, a decrease of $\$ 1.1$ million, or $7 \%$, compared to interest expense of $\$ 16.3$ million for the same quarter of 2011. The decrease was the result of a $\$ 6.3$ million decrease in interest expense due to a decrease in the average rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities, which was offset by an increase in the volume of average interest-bearing liabilities of $\$ 5.2$ million.

## Net Interest Margin

Net interest margin (net interest income divided by average interest-earning assets) for the second quarter of 2012 was $5.02 \%$, an increase of 86 basis points from $4.16 \%$ for the same period of 2011. Net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $5.07 \%$, an increase of 92 basis points from $4.15 \%$ for the same period of 2011. The improvement in net interest margin was largely attributable to the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, as summarized in the following table.

Net interest margin, excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments
Acquisition accounting adjustments ${ }^{(1)}$
Reported net interest margin

| Three Months Ended June | Six Months Ended June |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 30, |  |  | 30, |  |  |  |
| 2012 | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.15 | $\%$ | 4.16 | $\%$ | 4.10 | $\%$ | 4.15 |$) \%$

${ }^{(1)}$ Acquisition accounting adjustments is calculated by subtracting net interest margin, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, from reported net interest margin.

Excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, the core net interest margin for the second quarter of 2012 decreased 1 basis point to $4.15 \%$ over the second quarter of 2011. The core interest margin for the six months ended June 30,2012 , decreased 5 basis points to $4.10 \%$, compared with the core net interest margin for the same period of 2011. The decrease was largely attributable to the decrease in the weighted average yield on loans.

The weighted average yield on loans increased to $6.53 \%$ for the second quarter of 2012 from $6.07 \%$ for the second quarter of 2011. The weighted average yield on loans increased to $6.64 \%$ for the six months ended June 30, 2012 from $6.13 \%$ for the same period of 2011. The increase in the yield is largely attributable to the accretion of discounts on loans acquired, as summarized in the following table.

|  | Three Months Ended <br> June 30, |  | Six Months Ended June |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 2012 | 2011 |  | 30, |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |
| The weighted average yield on loans, excluding the effect of | 5.59 | $\%$ | 6.07 | $\%$ | 5.60 | $\%$ | 6.13 | $\%$ |
| acquisition accounting adjustments | 0.94 |  | 0.00 |  | 1.04 |  | 0.00 |  |
| Acquisition accounting adjustments (1) | 6.53 | $\%$ | 6.07 | $\%$ | 6.64 | $\%$ | 6.13 | $\%$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Acquisition accounting adjustments is calculated by subtracting the weighted average yield on loans, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, from reported weighted average yield on loans.

Excluding the accretion of discounts on acquired loans, the weighted average yield on loans for the second quarter of 2012 was $5.59 \%$, down 48 basis points from the second quarter of 2011. Excluding the accretion of discounts on acquired loans, the weighted average yield on loans for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $5.60 \%$ compared to

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6.13\% for the same period of 2011. The reduction in yield, excluding the effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, is primarily due the lower yielding acquired loan portfolio, and to a lesser extent, continued pricing pressures in the market place. At June 30, 2012, fixed rate loans accounted for $38 \%$ of the loan portfolio, compared with $45 \%$ at June 30, 2011, reflecting the Company's focus on variable rate business loans. The weighted average yield on the variable rate and fixed rate loan portfolios (excluding loan discount

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accretion) at June 30, 2012 was $4.60 \%$ and $6.25 \%$, respectively, compared with $4.91 \%$ and $7.06 \%$ at June 30, 2011.
The weighted average yield on securities available for sale for the second quarter of 2012 was $2.45 \%$, compared with $3.16 \%$ for the second quarter of 2011 . The weighted average yield on securities available for sale for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $2.58 \%$, compared with $3.07 \%$ for the same period of 2011 . The reductions were primarily attributable to the replacement of maturing securities with lower yielding investments as market interest rates declined, as well as the impact of acquisition accounting.

The weighted average cost of deposits for the second quarter of 2012 was $0.55 \%$, an improvement of 38 basis points from $0.93 \%$ for the second quarter of 2011. The weighted average cost of deposits for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $0.55 \%$, compared with $0.95 \%$ for the same period of 2011 . The amortization of premium on time deposits assumed from merger positively affected the weighted average cost of deposits, as summarized in the following table.

\left.| Three Months Ended June | Six Months Ended June |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30, |  |  | 30 |  |  |  |
| 2012 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2011 |$\right)$

The weighted average cost of deposits, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments
Acquisition accounting adjustments ${ }^{(1)}$
Reported weighted average cost of deposits
$0.55 \quad \% \quad 0.93 \quad \% \quad 0.55 \quad \% \quad 0.95 \quad \%$
${ }^{(1)}$ Acquisition accounting adjustments is calculated by subtracting the weighted average cost of deposits, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, from reported weighted average cost of deposits.

Excluding amortization of premium on time deposits assumed from merger, the weighted average cost of deposits was $0.63 \%$ for the second quarter of 2012, compared with $0.93 \%$ for the same period of 2011 and $0.66 \%$ for the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared with $0.95 \%$ for the same period of 2011 . The improvement was driven by reductions in the cost of interest-bearing demand deposits, as well as a favorable shift in the mix of deposits to higher concentrations of non-interest bearing demand deposits. Non-interest bearing demand deposits accounted for $27 \%$ of total deposits at June 30, 2012, compared with 19\% at June 30, 2011.

The weighted average cost of FHLB advances for the second quarter of 2012 was $1.95 \%$, a decrease of 128 basis points from $3.23 \%$ in the second quarter of 2011. The weighted average cost of FHLB advances for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $1.94 \%$, compared with $3.22 \%$ for the same period of 2011. The significant improvement was attributable to the amortization of premiums on assumed FHLB borrowings, as summarized in the following table.

| Three Months Ended June | Six Months Ended June |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30, |  |  | 30, |  |  |  |  |
| 2012 |  | 2011 |  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  |
| 3.08 | $\%$ | 3.23 | $\%$ | 3.25 | $\%$ | 3.22 | $\%$ |
| $(1.13$ | $)$ | 0.00 |  | $(1.31$ | $)$ | 0.00 |  |
| 1.95 | $\%$ | 3.23 | $\%$ | 1.94 | $\%$ | 3.22 | $\%$ |

The weighted average cost on FHLB advances, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments
Acquisition accounting adjustments
Reported weighted average cost on FHLB advances
1.95 \% 3.23
\%
${ }^{(1)}$ Acquisition accounting adjustments is calculated by subtracting the weighted average cost on FHLB advances, excluding effect of acquisition accounting adjustments, from reported weighted average cost on FHLB advances.

Excluding amortization of premiums on assumed FHLB borrowings, the weighted average cost of FHLB advances decreased to $3.08 \%$ for the second quarter of 2012 from $3.23 \%$ for the same period of 2011, reflecting the addition of $\$ 105.0$ million in new FHLB borrowings at a rate of $0.76 \%$, which was substantially lower than the weighted average rate of the rest of the borrowings. The weighted average original maturity of the new borrowings was 3.67 years. In addition, a total of $\$ 65.1$ million of FHLB borrowings with weighted average rates of $0.57 \%$ matured during the quarter and were paid off.

Excluding amortization of premiums on assumed FHLB borrowings, the weighted average cost of FHLB advances slightly increased to $3.25 \%$ for the six months ended June 30 , 2012, compared with $3.22 \%$ for the same period of 2011. The increase was attributed to higher rates on the assumed FHLB borrowings in relation to the Company's legacy rates.

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Prepayment penalty income for the second quarter of 2012 and 2011 was $\$ 198$ thousand and $\$ 34$ thousand, respectively. Non-accrual interest income reversed was $\$ 400$ thousand and $\$ 237$ thousand for the second quarter of 2012 and 2011, respectively. Excluding the effects of both non-accrual loan interest income and prepayment penalty income, the net interest margin for second quarter 2012 and 2011 would have been as $5.04 \%$ and $4.19 \%$, respectively.

Prepayment penalty income for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was $\$ 314$ thousand and $\$ 263$ thousand, respectively. Non-accrual interest income reversed was $\$ 749$ thousand and $\$ 337$ thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Excluding the effects of both non-accrual loan interest income and prepayment penalty income, the net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 would have been as $5.09 \%$ and $4.16 \%$, respectively.

The following table presents our condensed consolidated average balance sheet information, together with interest rates earned and paid on the various sources and uses of funds for the periods indicated:

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## INTEREST EARNINGS

ASSETS:
Loans ${ }^{(1)}{ }^{(2)}$
Securities available for sale ${ }^{(3)}$
FRB and FHLB stock and other investments
Federal funds sold
Total interest earning assets
INTEREST BEARING
LIABILITIES:
Deposits:
Demand, interest-bearing
Savings
Time deposits:
$\$ 100,000$ or more
Other
Total time deposit
Total interest bearing deposits
FHLB advances
Other borrowings
Total interest bearing liabilities
Non-interest bearing demand
deposits
Total funding liabilities / cost of funds
Net interest income/net interest spread
Net interest margin
Net interest margin, excluding the effect of non-accrual loan income (expense) ${ }^{(4)}$
Net interest margin, excluding the effect of non-accrual loan income (expense) and prepayment fee income ${ }^{(4)}$ (5)
Cost of deposits:
Non-interest bearing demand deposits
Interest bearing deposits
Total deposits

Three months ended
June 30, 2012

| Average | Interest | Average |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balance | Income/ | Yield/ |
|  | Expense | Rate * |

Three months ended
June 30, 2011

| Average | Interest | Average |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balance | Income/ | Yield/ |
|  | Expense | Rate * |


| 6.53 | $\%$ | $\$ 2,190,436$ | $\$ 33,150$ | 6.07 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2.45 | $\% ~ 501,298$ | 3,965 | 3.16 | $\%$ |
| 0.31 | $\% ~ 132,957$ | 179 | 0.54 | $\%$ |
| 0.59 | $\%$ | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| 5.65 | $\%$ | $\$ 2,824,691$ | $\$ 37,294$ | 5.29 |


| $\$ 1,184,339$ | $\$ 1,849$ | 0.63 | $\%$ | $\$ 710,948$ | $\$ 1,545$ | 0.87 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 187,872 | 830 | 1.78 | $\%$ | 126,238 | 729 | 2.32 |
| $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 807,803 | 1,498 | 0.75 | $\%$ | 315,278 | 381 | 0.49 | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 652,937 | 1,068 | 0.66 | $\%$ | 623,361 | 2,435 | 1.57 | $\%$ |
| $1,460,740$ | 2,566 | 0.71 | $\%$ | 938,639 | 2,816 | 1.20 | $\%$ |
| $2,832,951$ | 5,245 | 0.74 | $\%$ | $1,775,825$ | 5,090 | 1.15 | $\%$ |
| 329,066 | 1,603 | 1.95 | $\%$ | 300,000 | 2,412 | 3.23 | $\%$ |
| 47,488 | 593 | 4.95 | $\%$ | 42,624 | 461 | 4.27 | $\%$ |

0.93 \% 2,118,449 $1,021,805 \quad 417,377$

| $\$ 4,231,310$ | 0.71 | $\%$ | $\$ 2,535,826$ | 1.26 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\$ 59,502$ | 4.72 | $\%$ | $\$ 29,331$ | 3.78 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$5.02 \% \quad 4.16$ \%
5.06 \% 4.20 \%
5.04 \% $4.19 \quad \%$

| $\$ 1,021,805$ | $\$ 0$ |  |  | $\$ 17,377$ | $\$ 0$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2,832,951$ | 5,245 | 0.74 | $\%$ | $1,775,825$ | 5,090 | 1.15 | $\%$ |
| $\$ 3,854,756$ | $\$ 5,245$ | 0.55 | $\%$ | $\$ 2,193,202$ | $\$ 5,090$ | 0.93 | $\%$ |

* Annualized
(1) Interest income on loans includes loan fees.
(2)


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Average balances of loans are net of deferred loan fees and costs and include nonaccrual loans and loans held for sale.
(3)Interest income and yields are not presented on a tax-equivalent basis.
(4) Non-accrual interest income reversed was $\$ 400$ thousand and $\$ 237$ thousand for the three months ended June 30, ${ }^{(4)} 2012$ and 2011, respectively.
(5) Loan prepayment fee income excluded was $\$ 198$ thousand and $\$ 34$ thousand for the three months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

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## INTEREST EARNINGS

ASSETS:
Loans ${ }^{(1)(2)}$
Securities available for sale ${ }^{(3)}$
FRB and FHLB stock and other investments
Federal funds sold
Total interest earning assets
INTEREST BEARING
LIABILITIES:
Deposits:
Demand, interest-bearing
Savings
Time deposits:
$\$ 100,000$ or more
Other
Total time deposits
Total interest bearing deposits
FHLB advances
Other borrowings
Total interest bearing liabilities
Non-interest bearing demand
deposits
Total funding liabilities / cost of funds
Net interest income/net interest spread
Net interest margin
Net interest margin, excluding the effect of non-accrual loan income (expense) ${ }^{(4)}$
Net interest margin, excluding the effect of non-accrual loan income (expense) and prepayment fee income ${ }^{(4)}{ }^{(5)}$
Cost of deposits:
Non-interest bearing demand deposits
Interest bearing deposits
Total deposits

* Annualized
(1) Interest income on loans includes loan fees.
(2)

| $\$ 1,003,307$ | $\$ 0$ |  | $\$ 403,234$ | $\$ 0$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2,875,900$ | 10,649 | 0.74 | $\%$ | $1,772,517$ | 10,221 | 1.16 | $\%$ |
| $\$ 3,879,207$ | $\$ 10,649$ | 0.55 | $\%$ | $\$ 2,175,751$ | $\$ 10,221$ | 0.95 | $\%$ |

Six months ended
June 30, 2012

| Average | Interest | Average |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balance | Income/ | Yield/ |
|  | Expense | Rate * |

(Dollars in thousands)

Six months ended
June 30, 2011

| Average | Interest | Average |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balance | Income/ | Yield/ |
|  | Expense | Rate * |


| $\$ 3,812,708$ | $\$ 125,923$ | 6.64 | $\%$ | $\$ 2,179,150$ | $\$ 66,235$ | 6.13 | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 709,063 | 9,158 | 2.58 | $\%$ | 513,751 | 7,895 | 3.07 | $\%$ |
| 230,789 | 339 | 0.29 | $\%$ | 135,016 | 358 | 0.53 | $\%$ |
| 22,787 | 78 | 0.68 | $\%$ | 0 | 0 | N/A |  |
| $\$ 4,775,347$ | $\$ 135,498$ | 5.70 | $\%$ | $\$ 2,827,917$ | $\$ 74,488$ | 5.31 | $\%$ |


| $\$ 1,208,551$ | $\$ 3,973$ | 0.66 | $\%$ | $\$ 695,686$ | $\$ 3,009$ | 0.87 | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 191,902 | 1,752 | 1.84 | $\%$ | 126,449 | 1,439 | 2.29 | $\%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 787,468 | 2,895 | 0.74 | $\%$ | 318,475 | 837 | 0.53 | $\%$ |
| 687,979 | 2,029 | 0.59 | $\%$ | 631,907 | 4,936 | 1.58 | $\%$ |
| $1,475,447$ | 4,924 | 0.67 | $\%$ | 950,382 | 5,773 | 1.23 | $\%$ |
| $2,875,900$ | 10,649 | 0.74 | $\%$ | $1,772,517$ | 10,221 | 1.16 | $\%$ |
| 334,515 | 3,229 | 1.94 | $\%$ | 312,238 | 4,984 | 3.22 | $\%$ |
| 48,798 | 1,260 | 5.11 | $\%$ | 48,822 | 1,069 | 4.35 | $\%$ |
| $3,259,213$ | $\$ 15,138$ | 0.93 | $\%$ | $2,133,577$ | $\$ 16,274$ | 1.54 | $\%$ |
| $1,003,307$ |  |  |  | 403,234 |  |  |  |


| $\$ 4,262,520$ |  | 0.71 | $\%$ | 2,536,811 |  | 1.29 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\$ 120,360$ | 4.77 | $\%$ | $\$ 58,214$ | 3.77 | $\%$ |
|  |  | 5.07 | $\%$ |  | 4.15 | $\%$ |
|  |  | 5.10 | $\%$ |  | 4.17 | $\%$ |

5.09 \% 4.16 \%
$\begin{array}{ll}1.16 & \% \\ 0.95 & \%\end{array}$

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Average balances of loans are net of deferred loan fees and costs and include nonaccrual loans and loans held for sale.
(3)Interest income and yields are not presented on a tax-equivalent basis.
(4) Non-accrual interest income reversed was $\$ 749$ thousand and $\$ 337$ thousand for the six months ended June 30, (4) 2012 and 2011, respectively.
(5) Loan prepayment fee income excluded was $\$ 314$ thousand and $\$ 263$ thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

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The following table illustrates the changes in our interest income, interest expense, and amounts attributable to variations in interest rates and volumes for the periods indicated. The variances attributable to simultaneous volume and rate changes have been allocated to the changes due to volume and the changes due to rate categories in proportion to the relationship of the absolute dollar amounts attributable solely to the change in volume and to the change in rate.

INTEREST INCOME:
Interest and fees on loans
Interest on securities
Interest on FRB and FHLB stock and other investments
Interest on federal funds sold
Total interest income
INTEREST EXPENSE:
Interest on demand, interest bearing
Interest on savings
Interest on time deposits
Interest on FHLB advances
Interest on other borrowings
Total interest expense
Net Interest Income

INTEREST INCOME:
Interest and fees on loans
Interest on securities
Interest on FRB and FHLB stock and other investments
Interest on federal funds sold
Total interest income
INTEREST EXPENSE:
Interest on demand, interest bearing
Interest on savings
Interest on time deposits
Interest on FHLB advances
Interest on other borrowings
Total interest expense
Net Interest Income
Three months ended
June 30, 2012 over June 30, 2011
Net
Increase Change due to

| (Decrease) Rate | Volume |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (Dollars in thousands) |  |


| \$29,354 |  | \$2,685 |  | \$26,669 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 284 |  | (1,013 |  | 1,297 |
| (19 | ) | (94 |  | 75 |
| 30 |  | 0 |  | 30 |
| \$29,649 |  | \$1,578 |  | \$28,071 |
| \$304 |  | \$(508 | ) | \$812 |
| 101 |  | (197 | ) | 298 |
| (250 | ) | (1,417 |  | 1,167 |
| (809 | ) | (1,032 | ) | 223 |
| 132 |  | 77 |  | 55 |
| \$(522 | ) | \$(3,077 | ) | \$2,555 |
| \$30,171 |  | \$4,655 |  | \$25,516 |

Six months ended
June 30, 2012 over June 30, 2011
Net
Increase Change due to

| (Decrease) Rate | Volume |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (Dollars in thousands) |  |


| $\$ 59,688$ | $\$ 6,182$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Provision for Loan Losses

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The provision for loan losses reflects our judgment of the current period cost associated with credit risk inherent in our loan portfolio. The loan loss provision for each period is dependent upon many factors, including loan growth, net charge-offs, changes in the composition of the loan portfolio, delinquencies, assessments by management, third parties' and regulators' examination of the loan portfolio, the value of the underlying collateral for problem loans and the general economic conditions in our market areas. Specifically, the provision for loan losses represents the amount charged against current period earnings to

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achieve an allowance for loan losses that, in our judgment, is adequate to absorb probable incurred losses inherent in our loan portfolio. Periodic fluctuations in the provision for loan losses result from management's assessment of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses; however, actual loan losses may vary in material respects from current estimates. If the allowance for loan losses is inadequate, it may have a material adverse effect on our financial condition.
The provision for loan losses for the second quarter of 2012 was $\$ 7.2$ million, a decrease of $\$ 2.9$ million, or $29 \%$, from $\$ 10.0$ million for the same period last year. The decrease is primarily due to lower charge-offs for the most recent quarters resulting in lower historical loss rates that are used to calculate general reserve requirements. Net charge-offs decreased to $\$ 4.0$ million for the three months ended June 30, 2012, compared to $\$ 13.7$ million for the same period last year.
The provision for loan losses for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $\$ 9.8$ million, a decrease of $\$ 5.5$ million, or $36 \%$, from $\$ 15.3$ million for the same period last year. The decrease is also due to the same reasons previously discussed for the second quarter. Net charge-offs decreased to $\$ 6.2$ million for the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to $\$ 17.9$ million for the same period last year.
See Note 7 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited) and Financial Condition-Loans Receivable and Allowance for Loan Losses for further discussion.
Non-interest Income
Non-interest income is primarily comprised of service fees on deposits accounts, fees received from our trade finance letters of credit operations and net gains on sales of loans and securities available for sale.
Non-interest income for the second quarter of 2012 was $\$ 10.2$ million, compared to $\$ 7.7$ million for the same quarter of 2011 , an increase of $\$ 2.5$ million, or $33 \%$. The increase reflected operations as a combined Company, partially offset by a $\$ 1.9$ million reduction in net gains on sale of SBA loans from $\$ 4.4$ million for the second quarter of 2011 to $\$ 2.5$ million for the second quarter of 2012.
Non-interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2012 was $\$ 21.9$ million, compared to $\$ 12.2$ million for the same period of 2011, an increase of $\$ 9.7$ million, or $79 \%$. The increase was primarily attributable to the merger with Center, as discussed previously. We posted a net gain on sale of securities consisted of a Trust Preferred security, which had been marked to market in a prior period, of $\$ 816$ thousand during the six months ended June 30, 2012. This compares with none in the same reporting period of 2011.
The breakdown of changes in our non-interest income by category is shown below:

|  | Three Months Ended June 30, |  |  | Increase (Decrease) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 | 2011 |  | Amount |  | Percen |  |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service fees on deposit accounts | \$3,269 | \$ 1,413 |  | \$1,856 |  | 131.4 | \% |
| International service fees | 1,403 | 669 |  | 734 |  | 109.7 | \% |
| Loan servicing fees, net | 810 | 418 |  | 392 |  | 93.8 | \% |
| Wire transfer fees | 775 | 348 |  | 427 |  | 122.7 | \% |
| Other income and fees | 1,354 | 557 |  | 797 |  | 143.1 | \% |
| Net gains on sales of SBA loans | 2,463 | 4,354 |  | (1,891 |  | (43.4 | )\% |
| Net gains on sales of other loans | 146 | 0 |  | 146 |  | 100.0 | \% |
| Net gains on sales and calls of securities available for sale | 0 | 6 |  | (6 |  | -100.0 | \% |
| Net valuation gains (losses) on interest rate contracts | 10 | (106 | ) | 116 |  | -109.4 | \% |
| Net gains (losses) on sales of OREO | (8) | ) 25 |  | (33 | ) | -132.0 | \% |
| Total non-interest income | \$10,222 | \$7,684 |  | \$2,538 |  | 33.0 | \% |

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|  | Six Months Ended June 30, |  | Increase (Decrease) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 | 2011 |  | Amount |  | Percent |  |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service fees on deposit accounts | \$6,429 | \$2,910 |  | \$3,519 |  | 120.9 | \% |
| International service fees | 2,627 | 1,239 |  | 1,388 |  | 112.0 | \% |
| Loan servicing fees, net | 2,147 | 881 |  | 1,266 |  | 143.7 | \% |
| Wire transfer fees | 1,516 | 670 |  | 846 |  | 126.3 | \% |
| Other income and fees | 2,694 | 1,064 |  | 1,630 |  | 153.2 | \% |
| Net gains on sales of SBA loans | 5,426 | 5,514 |  | (88 | ) | (1.6 | \%) |
| Net gains on sales of other loans | 146 | 0 |  | 146 |  | 100.0 | \% |
| Net gains on sales and calls of securities available for sale | 816 | 6 |  | 810 |  | (100.0 | \%) |
| Net valuation gains (losses) on interest rate contracts | 13 | (117 | ) | 130 |  | (111.1 | \%) |
| Net gains (losses) on sales of OREO | 53 | 27 |  | 26 |  | 96.3 | \% |
| Total non-interest income | \$21,867 | \$ 12,194 |  | \$9,673 |  | 79.3 | \% |

## Non-interest Expense

Non-interest expense for the second quarter of 2012 was $\$ 31.1$ million, an increase of $\$ 14.2$ million, or $84 \%$, from $\$ 16.9$ million for the same period of last year. The significant increase reflected the combined operations of BBCN in 2012 compared with the pre-merger totals for 2011. Salaries and benefits expense increased $\$ 7.0$ million, or $92 \%$, to $\$ 14.7$ million for the second quarter of 2012, compared to $\$ 7.6$ million for the same period of 2011. The increase was due to an increase in the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) employees, which increased to 653 at June 30, 2012 from 369 at June 30, 2011. The FTEs as of June 30, 2011 on a pro forma basis was 682 . The adjusted number of FTEs as of the merger closing date of November 30, 2011 was 690 . Notwithstanding a slight decrease in FTEs from March 31, 2012 of 661, salaries and benefits expense increased modestly, reflecting annual salary increases, as well as higher vacation and bonus accruals. Occupancy expense for the second quarter of 2012 rose $73 \%$ to $\$ 4.2$ million from $\$ 2.4$ million for the same period of 2011, primarily reflecting the combined number of branches post-merger. The FDIC assessment for the second quarter of 2012 amounted to $\$ 51$ thousand, compared with $\$ 877$ thousand for the second quarter of 2011. The significant decline is attributed to the recognition of a $\$ 686$ thousand assessment rate reduction for fourth quarter of 2011 as a result of an upgrade of the Company's risk category. We noted that the FDIC assessment is primarily based on assets and expects it will be approximately $\$ 1.0$ million for the third quarter of 2012. Other non-interest expense for the second quarter of 2012 included a $\$ 461$ thousand loss incurred on the early retirement of a $\$ 10.0$ million Trust Preferred security, bearing a $10.18 \%$ interest rate.
Non-interest expense for the six months ended June 30,2012 was $\$ 61.5$ million, an increase of $\$ 27.9$ million, or $83 \%$, from $\$ 33.6$ million for the same period of last year. The increase largely reflected the combined operations of new BBCN. Salaries and benefits expense increased $\$ 14.0$ million, or $94 \%$, to $\$ 28.7$ million for the the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to $\$ 14.8$ million for the same period of 2011. The increase was due to an increase in the FTE employees, as previously discussed for the second quarter.

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The breakdown of changes in non-interest expense by category is shown below:

|  | Three Months Ended June 30, Increase (Decrease) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 | 2011 | Amount |  | Percen |  |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$14,658 | \$7,625 | \$7,033 |  | 92.2 | \% |
| Occupancy | 4,232 | 2,445 | 1,787 |  | 73.1 | \% |
| Furniture and equipment | 1,468 | 934 | 534 |  | 57.2 | \% |
| Advertising and marketing | 1,525 | 594 | 931 |  | 156.7 | \% |
| Data processing and communications | 1,573 | 923 | 650 |  | 70.4 | \% |
| Professional fees | 1,069 | 769 | 300 |  | 39.0 | \% |
| FDIC assessment | 51 | 877 | (826 | ) | -94.2 | \% |
| Credit related expenses | 2,290 | 1,004 | 1,286 |  | 128.1 | \% |
| Merge and integration expenses | 1,348 | 381 | 967 |  | 253.8 | \% |
| Other | 2,863 | 1,334 | 1,529 |  | 114.6 | \% |
| Total non-interest expense | \$31,077 | \$16,886 | \$14,191 |  | 84.0 | \% |
|  | Six Months Ended June 30 |  | Increase (Decrease) |  |  |  |
|  | 2012 | 2011 | Amount |  | Percen |  |
|  | (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries and employee benefits | \$28,737 | \$14,779 | \$13,958 |  | 94.4 | \% |
| Occupancy | 7,878 | 4,882 | 2,996 |  | 61.4 | \% |
| Furniture and equipment | 2,686 | 1,869 | 817 |  | 43.7 | \% |
| Advertising and marketing | 2,983 | 1,173 | 1,810 |  | 154.3 | \% |
| Data processing and communications | 3,184 | 1,906 | 1,278 |  | 67.1 | \% |
| Professional fees | 1,682 | 1,478 | 204 |  | 13.8 | \% |
| FDIC assessment | 1,088 | 2,166 | (1,078 | ) | -49.8 | \% |
| Credit related expenses | 4,470 | 1,748 | 2,722 |  | 155.7 | \% |
| Merge and integration expenses | 3,121 | 892 | 2,229 |  | 249.9 | \% |
| Other | 5,683 | 2,688 | 2,995 |  | 111.4 | \% |
| Total non-interest expense | \$61,512 | \$33,581 | \$27,931 |  | 83.2 | \% |

Provision for Income Taxes
Income tax expense was $\$ 12.1$ million and $\$ 3.8$ million for the second quarter ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The effective income tax rate for the quarters ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was $38.5 \%$ and $37.3 \%$, respectively. Income tax expense was $\$ 27.6$ million and $\$ 8.5$ million for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The effective income tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was $39.0 \%$ and 39.3\%.

Financial Condition
At June 30, 2012, our total assets were $\$ 5.05$ billion, a decrease of $\$ 117$ million from $\$ 5.17$ billion at December 31, 2011. As discussed previously, the decrease in total assets was due to the decrease in Cash and cash equivalent from $\$ 300.1$ million at December 31, 2011 to $\$ 179.6$ million at June 30, 2012 to redeem $\$ 122$ million of Series A and Series B Preferred Stock issued under the U.S. Treasury's TARP Capital Purchase Program on June 27, 2012. Investment Securities Portfolio
As of June 30, 2012, we had $\$ 666.9$ million in available-for-sale securities, compared to $\$ 740.9$ million of such securities at December 31, 2011. The net unrealized gain on the available-for-sale securities at June 30, 2012 was $\$ 14.8$ million, compared to a net unrealized gain on such securities of $\$ 15.2$ million at December 31, 2011. During the
six months ended June 30, 2012, $\$ 15.5$ million in securities were purchased, $\$ 83.5$ million in mortgage related securities were paid down, and $\$ 1.1$ million in securities were either called or matured. We sold a $\$ 1.0$ million corporate Trust Preferred security acquired in the merger, and recognized a gain of $\$ 0.8$ million. No securities were sold during the same period of last year. The weighted

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average duration (the weighted average of the times of the present values of all the cash flows) of the available-for-sale securities was 3.38 years and 3.54 years at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. The weighted average life (the weighted average of the times of the principal repayments) of the available-for-sale securities was 3.70 years and 3.91 years at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. Loan Portfolio
As of June 30, 2012, gross loans outstanding, net of deferred loan fees and costs and excluding loans held for sale, was $\$ 3.87$ billion, an increase of $\$ 135.7$ million from $\$ 3.74$ billion at December 31, 2011. Total loan originations during the six months ended June 30, 2012 were $\$ 409.1$ million, including SBA loan originations of $\$ 101.7$ million, compared to $\$ 204.2$ million during the same period of 2011.

The following table summarizes our loan portfolio by amount and percentage of gross loans in each major loan category at the dates indicated:

Loan portfolio composition
Real estate loans:
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Residential } & \$ 1,931 & 0 & \% & \$ 2,043 & 0 & \%\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lllllll}\text { Commercial \& industrial } & 2,717,924 & 70 & \% & 2,631,880 & 70 & \%\end{array}$
Construction
Total real estate loans
Commercial business
Trade finance
Consumer and other
Total loans outstanding
Less: deferred loan fees
Gross loans receivable
Less: allowance for loan losses
Loans receivable, net

| June 30, 2012 |  | December 31, 2011 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Amount | Percent | Amount |
|  | (In thousands) |  |


| $\$ 1,931$ | 0 | $\%$ | $\$ 2,043$ | 0 | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2,717,924$ | 70 | $\%$ | $2,631,880$ | 70 | $\%$ |
| 43,365 | 1 | $\%$ | 44,756 | 1 | $\%$ |
| $2,763,220$ | 71 | $\%$ | $2,678,679$ | 73 | $\%$ |
| 877,405 | 23 | $\%$ | 849,576 | 23 | $\%$ |
| 175,638 | 5 | $\%$ | 146,684 | 4 | $\%$ |
| 60,732 | 2 | $\%$ | 66,631 | 2 | $\%$ |
| $3,876,995$ | 100 | $\%$ | $3,741,570$ | 100 | $\%$ |
| $(2,457$ |  | $(2,744$ | $)$ |  |  |
| $3,874,538$  | $3,738,826$  <br> $(65,505$  | $(61,952$ | $)$ |  |  |
| $\$ 3,809,033$ |  | $\$ 3,676,874$ |  |  |  |

SBA loans, consisting principally of the unguaranteed portion, are included in commercial business loans and commercial and industrial real estate loans. SBA loans included in commercial business loans were $\$ 74.0$ million at June 30, 2012 and $\$ 81.6$ million at December 31, 2011. SBA loans included in commercial and industrial real estate loans were $\$ 145.8$ million at June 30, 2012 and $\$ 152.5$ million at December 31, 2011.
We normally do not extend lines of credit or make loan commitments to business customers for periods in excess of one year. We use the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as we do for providing loan facilities to our customers. We perform annual reviews of such commitments prior to renewal.
The following table shows our loan commitments and letters of credit outstanding at the dates indicated:

|  | Dune 30, 2012 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | \(\left.\begin{array}{l}December 31, <br>

2011\end{array}\right]\)

Nonperforming Assets

Nonperforming assets, which include non-accrual loans, loans past due 90 days or more and accruing, restructured loans,

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and other real estate owned, were $\$ 90.2$ million at June 30, 2012, compared to $\$ 73.8$ million at December 31, 2011. The increase in the dollar amount of non-performing loans primarily reflects three commercial real estate (CRE) loans, aggregating $\$ 9.9$ million, which were placed on non-accrual status and three loans, two CRE and one C\&I, totaling $\$ 5.4$ million, which were restructured. The ratio of nonperforming assets to gross loans plus OREO was $2.32 \%$ and $1.97 \%$ at June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.
The following table summarizes the composition of our nonperforming assets as of the dates indicated.
$\left.\begin{array}{lll} & & \text { December 31, } \\ & \text { June 30, 2012 } & 2011\end{array}\right)$

## Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses was $\$ 65.5$ million at June 30, 2012, compared to $\$ 62.0$ million at December 31, 2011. We recorded a provision for loan losses of $\$ 9.8$ million during the six months ended June 30, 2012, compared to $\$ 15.3$ million for the same period of 2011. The allowance for loan losses was $1.69 \%$ of gross loans at June 30, 2012 and $1.66 \%$ of gross loans at December 31, 2011. Impaired loans as defined by FASB ASC 310-10-35, "Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan," totaled $\$ 91.4$ million and $\$ 82.0$ million as of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively, with specific allowances of $\$ 13.2$ million and $\$ 18.0$ million, respectively. The $\$ 9.3$ million increase in impaired loans from December 31, 2011 to June 30, 2012 was due primarily to inflow of acquired loans being placed on non-accrual status.
The following table reflects our allocation of the allowance for loan and lease losses ("ALLL") by loan type and the ratio of each loan category to total loans as of the dates indicated:

Allocation of Allowance for Loan Losses
June 30, 2012 December 31, 2011
Amount of allowance for loan losses

Amount of (Dollars in thousands)

Loan Type
Real estate - Residential
Real estate - Commercial
Real estate - Construction
Commercial business
Trade finance
Consumer and other
Total

| $\$ 9$ | 0 | $\%$ | $\$ 9$ | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 38,994 | 70 | $\%$ | 38,307 | 70 |
| 521 | 1 | $\% 724$ | 1 | $\%$ |
| 21,273 | 23 | $\%$ | 20,681 | 23 |
| 3,504 | 4 | $\%$ | $\%$ |  |
| 1,204 | 2 | $\%$ | 786 | 4 |
| $\$ 65,505$ | 100 | $\%$ | $\$ 61,952$ | 2 |
| $\%$ | $\%$ |  |  |  |

For a better understanding of the changes in the ALLL, the loan portfolio has been segmented for disclosures purposes between loans, which are accounted for under the amortized cost method (referred to as "legacy" loans) and loans acquired from Center (referred to as "acquired" loans). The acquired loans were further segregated between Credit Impaired Loans

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(ASC 310-30, Loans Acquired with the Credit Deterioration) and performing loans (pass graded loans acquired from Center in the merger). The activity in the ALLL for the three and six months ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

${ }^{(1)}$ Legacy Loans includes acquired loans that have been renewed or refinanced after the merger.
${ }^{(2)}$ Acquired loans were marked to fair value at the acquisition date, and provisions for loan losses reflect credit deterioration since the acquisition date.

The following table shows the provisions made for loan losses, the amount of loans charged off and the recoveries on loans previously charged off, together with the balance in the allowance for loan losses at the beginning and end of each period, the amount of average and gross loans outstanding, and certain other ratios as of the dates and for the periods indicated:

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## LOANS

Average gross loans receivable, including loans held for sale (net of deferred fees)
Total gross loans receivables, excluding loans held for sale at end of year (net of deferred fees)
ALLOWANCE:
Balance-beginning of period
Less: Loan charge-offs:
Residential real estate
Commercial \& industrial real estate
Construction
Commercial business loans
Trade finance
Consumer and other loans
Total loans charged off
Plus: Loan recoveries
Commercial \& industrial real estate
Commercial business loans
Trade Finance
Consumer and other loans
Total loans recoveries
Net loan charge-offs
Provision for loan losses
Balance-end of period
Net loan charge-offs to average gross loans, including loans held for sale (net of deferred fees) *
Allowance for loan losses to gross loans at end of period $\quad 1.69 \quad \% \quad 2.71 \quad \%$
Net loan charge-offs to beginning allowance *
Net loan charge-offs to provision for loan losses
20.11
63.68

Six Months Ended June 30, 20122011
(Dollars in thousands)

June 30, 2012 and were collateralized with securities with a carrying value of $\$ 326.6$ million. The weighted average interest rate for brokered deposits was $0.35 \%$ at June 30, 2012.
The following is a schedule of CD maturities as of June 30, 2012:
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Maturity Schedule of Time Deposits
(\$ in thousands)
Quarter Ending

September 30, 2012
December 31, 2012
March 31, 2013
June 30, 2013
Total one year or less
Over one year
Total time deposits

|  | Weighted Average |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Balance | Interest Rate |  |
| $\$ 579,259$ | 0.53 | $\%$ |
| 306,344 | 1.12 | $\%$ |
| 250,683 | 1.22 | $\%$ |
| 228,969 | 0.97 | $\%$ |
| $1,365,255$ | 0.86 | $\%$ |
| 126,996 | 1.27 | $\%$ |
| $\$ 1,492,251$ | 0.90 | $\%$ |

Other Borrowings. Advances may be obtained from the FHLB as an alternative source of funds. Advances from the FHLB are typically secured by a pledge of commercial real estate loans and/or securities with a market value at least equal to the outstanding advances plus our investment in FHLB stock.
At June 30, 2012, we had $\$ 371.1$ million of FHLB advances with average remaining maturities of 1.8 years, compared to $\$ 344.4$ million with average remaining maturities of 1.3 years at December 31,2011 . The weighted average rate, including the acquisition accounting adjustments was $1.77 \%$ and $1.93 \%$ at June 30, 2012 and at December 31, 2011, respectively.
During the second quarter of 2012, we retired a $\$ 10.0$ million Trust Preferred Security (Nara Bancorp Capital Trust I), beating a $10.18 \%$ interest rate. At June 30, 2012 , five wholly-owned subsidiary grantor trusts ("Trusts") established by us had issued $\$ 46$ million of pooled trust preferred securities ("Trust Preferred Securities"). The Trust Preferred Securities accrue and pay distributions periodically at specified annual rates as provided in the related indentures for the securities. The Trusts used the net proceeds from their respective offerings to purchase a like amount of subordinated debentures (the "Debentures") issued by us. The Debentures are the sole assets of the trusts. Our obligations under the Debentures and related documents, taken together, constitute a full and unconditional guarantee by us of the obligations of the trusts. The Trust Preferred Securities are mandatorily redeemable upon the maturity of the Debentures, or upon earlier redemption as provided in the indentures. We have the right to redeem the Debentures in whole (but not in part) on or after specific dates, at redemption prices specified in the indentures plus any accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date.
Off-Balance-Sheet Activities and Contractual Obligations
We routinely engage in activities that involve, to varying degrees, elements of risk that are not reflected, in whole or in part, in the consolidated financial statements. These activities are part of our normal course of business and include traditional off-balance-sheet credit-related financial instruments, interest rate swap contracts, operating leases and long-term debt.
Traditional off-balance-sheet credit-related financial instruments are primarily commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These activities could require us to make cash payments to third parties if certain specified future events occur. The contractual amounts represent the extent of our exposure in these off-balance-sheet activities. However, since certain off-balance-sheet commitments, particularly standby letters of credit, are expected to expire or be only partially used, the total amount of commitments does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. These activities are necessary to meet the financing needs of our customers.
We enter into interest rate swap contracts under which we are required to either receive cash from or pay cash to counterparties depending on changes in interest rates. We also purchase interest rate caps to protect against increases in market interest rates. We utilize interest rate swap contracts and interest rate caps to help manage the risk of changing interest rates.
We do not anticipate that our current off-balance-sheet activities will have a material impact on our future results of operations or our financial condition. Further information regarding our financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk can be found in Item 3 "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk".

Our leased banking facilities and equipment are leased under non-cancelable operating leases under which we must make monthly payments over periods up to 20 years.
Stockholders' Equity and Regulatory Capital
Historically, our primary source of capital has been the retention of earnings, net of dividend payments to shareholders. We seek to maintain capital at a level sufficient to assure our stockholders, our customers, and our regulators that our company and our bank subsidiary are financially sound. For this purpose, we perform ongoing assessments of our components of capital as

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well as projected sources and uses of capital in conjunction with projected increases in assets and levels of risks. Total stockholders' equity was $\$ 715.5$ million at June 30,2012 compared to $\$ 795.9$ million at December 31 , 2011. The decrease was primarily due to the redemption of $\$ 122$ million of Series A and Series B Preferred Stock issued under the U.S. Treasury's TARP Capital Purchase Program ("TARP") on June 27, 2012, as discussed previously. The overall decrease was offset by the net income to common stockholders of $\$ 37.7$ million for the six months ended June 30, 2012. Our ratio of tangible common equity to tangible assets was $12.49 \%$ at June 30,2012 , compared to $11.42 \%$ at December 31, 2011. The increase was attributable to the increase in common stockholders' equity.
The federal banking agencies require a minimum ratio of qualifying total capital to risk-weighted assets of $8 \%$ and a minimum ratio of Tier I capital to risk-weighted assets of $4 \%$. In addition to the risk-based guidelines, federal banking regulators require banking organizations to maintain a minimum amount of Tier I capital to average total assets, referred to as the leverage ratio. Capital requirements apply to the Company and the Bank separately. In addition to these uniform risk-based capital guidelines and leverage ratios that apply across the industry, the regulators have the discretion to set individual minimum capital requirements for specific institutions at rates significantly above the minimum guidelines and ratios.
At June 30, 2012, our Tier I capital, defined as stockholders' equity less intangible assets, plus proceeds from the trust preferred securities (subject to limitations), was $\$ 649.3$ million, compared to $\$ 733.3$ million at December 31, 2011, representing an increase of $\$ 84$ million, or $11 \%$. The decrease was primarily due to the redemption of $\$ 122$ million of TARP on June 27, 2012. At June 30, 2012, the total capital to risk-weighted assets ratio was $16.80 \%$ and the Tier I capital to risk-weighted assets ratio was $15.54 \%$. The Tier I leverage capital ratio was $12.97 \%$.
As of June 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the most recent regulatory notification categorized the Bank as well capitalized under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as well capitalized, the Bank must maintain minimum total risk-based, Tier I risk-based and Tier I leverage capital ratios as set forth in the table below.

BBCN Bancorp, Inc
Tier 1 capital to total assets
Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio
Total risk-based capital ratio
BBCN Bank
Tier I capital to total assets
Total risk-based capital ratio

As of June 30, 2012 (Dollars in thousands)

|  | Actual |  |  | To Be Well-Capitalized |  |  | Excess |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | Ratio |  | Amount | Ratio |  | Amount | Ratio |  |
| BBCN Bancorp, Inc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tier 1 capital to total assets | \$649,292 | 13.0 | \% | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |  |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio | \$649,292 | 15.5 | \% | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |  |
| Total risk-based capital ratio | \$701,835 | 16.8 | \% | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |  |
| BBCN Bank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tier I capital to total assets | \$625,409 | 12.5 | \% | \$250,355 | 5.0 | \% | \$375,054 | 7.5 | \% |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio | \$625,409 | 15.0 | \% | \$250,479 | 6.0 | \% | \$374,930 | 9.0 | \% |
| Total risk-based capital ratio | \$677,914 | 16.2 | \% | \$417,465 | 10.0 | \% | \$260,449 | 6.2 | \% |
|  | As of December 31, 2011 (Dollars in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Actual |  |  | To Be Well | Capitalized |  | Excess |  |  |
|  | Amount | Ratio |  | Amount | Ratio |  | Amount | Ratio |  |
| BBCN Bancorp, Inc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tier 1 capital to total assets | \$733,319 | 19.8 | \% | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |  |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio | \$733,319 | 18.2 | \% | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |  |
| Total risk-based capital ratio | \$784,054 | 19.4 | \% | N/A | N/A |  |  |  |  |
| BBCN Bank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tier I capital to total assets | \$670,855 | 18.1 | \% | \$ 185,048 | 5.0 | \% | \$485,807 | 13.1 | \% |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio | \$670,855 | 16.6 | \% | \$242,168 | 6.0 | \% | \$428,687 | 10.6 | \% |
| Total risk-based capital ratio | \$721,551 | 17.9 | \% | \$403,613 | 10.0 | \% | \$317,938 | 7.9 | \% |

Liquidity Management

Liquidity risk is the risk of reduction in our earnings or capital that would result if we were not able to meet our obligations when they come due without incurring unacceptable losses. Liquidity risk includes the risk of unplanned decreases or changes in funding sources and changes in market conditions that affect our ability to liquidate assets quickly and with minimum loss of value. Factors considered in liquidity risk management are the stability of the deposit base; the marketability, maturity, and pledging of our investments; the availability of alternative sources of funds; and our demand for credit. The objective of our liquidity management is to have funds available to meet cash flow requirements arising from fluctuations in deposit levels and the demands of daily operations, which include funding of securities purchases, providing for customers' credit needs, and

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ongoing repayment of borrowings.
Our primary sources of liquidity are derived from financing activities, which include customer and broker deposits, federal funds facilities, and borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco and the Federal Reserve Bank Discount Window. These funding sources are augmented by payments of principal and interest on loans and securities, proceeds from sale of loans and the liquidation or sale of securities from our available for sale portfolio. Primary uses of funds include withdrawal of and interest payments on deposits, originations of loans, purchases of investment securities, and payment of operating expenses.
At June 30, 2012, our total borrowing capacity from the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco was $\$ 1.2$ billion, of which $\$ 838$ million was unused and available to borrow. At June 30, 2012, our total borrowing capacity from the Federal Reserve Bank was $\$ 339$ million, of which $\$ 339$ million was unused and available to borrow. In addition to these lines, our liquid assets, consisting of cash and cash equivalent, interest-bearing cash deposits with other banks, overnight federal funds sold to other banks, liquid investment securities available for sale, and loan repayments within 30 days, were $\$ 519.1$ million at June 30, 2012 compared to $\$ 689.8$ million at December 31, 2011. Cash and cash equivalents, including federal funds sold were $\$ 179.6$ million at June 30 , 2012 compared to $\$ 300.1$ million at December 31, 2011. We believe our liquidity sources to be stable and adequate to meet our day-to-day cash flow requirements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk
The objective of our asset and liability management activities is to improve our earnings by adjusting the type and mix of assets and liabilities to effectively address changing conditions and risks. Through overall management of our balance sheet and by controlling various risks, we seek to optimize our financial returns within safe and sound parameters. Our operating strategies for attaining this objective include managing net interest margin through appropriate risk/return pricing of assets and liabilities and emphasizing growth in retail deposits, as a percentage of interest-bearing liabilities, to reduce our cost of funds. We also seek to improve earnings by controlling non-interest expense, and enhancing non-interest income. We also use risk management instruments to modify interest rate characteristics of certain assets and liabilities to hedge against our exposure to interest rate fluctuations with the objective of, reducing the effects these fluctuations might have on associated cash flows or values. Finally, we perform internal analysis to measure, evaluate and monitor risk.
Interest Rate Risk
Interest rate risk is the most significant market risk impacting us. Interest rate risk occurs when interest rate sensitive assets and liabilities do not reprice simultaneously and in equal volume. A key objective of asset and liability management is to manage interest rate risk associated with changing asset and liability cash flows and values of our assets and liabilities and market interest rate movements. The management of interest rate risk is governed by policies reviewed and approved annually by the Board of Directors. Our Board delegates responsibility for interest rate risk management to the Asset Liability Committee of the Board ("ALCO") and to the Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALM"), which is composed of Nara Bank's senior executives and other designated officers. Market risk is the risk of adverse impacts on our future earnings, the fair values of our assets and liabilities, or our future cash flows that may result from changes in the price of a financial instrument. The fundamental objective of our ALM is to manage our exposure to interest rate fluctuations while maintaining adequate levels of liquidity and capital. Our ALM meets regularly to monitor interest rate risk, the sensitivity of our assets and liabilities to interest rate changes, the book and market values of our assets and liabilities, and our investment activities. It also directs changes in the composition of our assets and liabilities. Our strategy has been to reduce the sensitivity of our earnings to interest rate fluctuations by more closely matching the effective maturities or repricing characteristics of our assets and liabilities. Certain assets and liabilities, however, may react in different degrees to changes in market interest rates. Furthermore, interest rates on certain types of assets and liabilities may fluctuate prior to changes in market interest rates, while interest rates on other types may lag behind. We consider the anticipated effects of these factors when implementing our interest rate risk management objectives.
Interest Rate Sensitivity

We monitor interest rate risk through the use of a simulation model that provides us with the ability to simulate our net interest income. In order to measure, at June 30, 2012, the sensitivity of our forecasted net interest income to changing interest rates, both rising and falling interest rate scenarios were projected and compared to base market interest rate forecasts. One application of our simulation model measures the impact of market interest rate changes on the net present value of estimated cash flows from our assets and liabilities, defined as our market value of equity. This analysis assesses the changes in market values of interest rate sensitive financial instruments that would occur in response to immediate and parallel changes in market interest rates.
The impacts on our net interest income and market value of equity exposed to immediate and parallel hypothetical changes

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in market interest rates as projected by the model we use for this purpose are illustrated in the following table.

|  | June 30, 2012 |  | December 31, 2011 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Simulated | Estimated Net | Market Value | Estimated Net |  | Market Value |  |  |
| Rate Changes | Interest Income | Of Equity |  | Interest Income | Of Equity |  |  |
|  | Sensitivity | Volatility |  | Sensitivity | Volatility |  |  |
| + 200 basis points | 3.69 | $\%$ | $(1.24$ | $) \%$ | 5.46 | $\%$ | $(4.61$ |
| + 100 basis points | $(0.26$ | $) \%$ | 0.21 | $\%$ | 2.91 | $\%$ | $(1.84$ |
| -100 basis points | $(1.87$ | $) \%$ | $(0.90$ | $) \%$ | 0.77 | $\%$ | 4.57 |
| -200 basis points | $(7.15$ | $) \%$ | 3.75 | $\%$ | 0.83 | $\%$ | $\%$ |

The results obtained from using the simulation model are somewhat uncertain as the model does not take into account other impacts or changes and the effect they could have on Company's business or changes in business strategy the Company might make in reaction to changes in the interest rate environment.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures
Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures
We conducted an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) for the period ended June 30, 2012. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer determined that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.
Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting
There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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## PART II

## OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

BBCN has received communications from the Small Business Administration ("SBA") asserting that the SBA is entitled to receive from BBCN a portion of the amounts to be paid to BBCN by the FDIC in respect of SBA loans that are covered by the FDIC loss share agreements. The amounts claimed by the SBA with respect to covered SBA loans are based on the SBA's guarantee percentage of the individual covered loans referred to in the communications. An aggregate of $\$ 55$ million of SBA loans were subject to the loss share agreements at inception. BBCN disagrees with the SBA's position. The discussions with the SBA regarding this matter are at an early stage and BBCN is not presently able to determine the probable outcome.
Item 1A. Risk Factors
There were no material changes from risk factors previously disclosed in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds
None

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities
None
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures
None
Item 5. Other Information
None

Item 6. Exhibits
See "Index to Exhibits".

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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BBCN BANCORP, INC.

Date: August 9, 2012
/s/ Alvin D. Kang
Alvin D. Kang
President and Chief Executive Officer
Date: August 9, 2012
/s/ Philip E. Guldeman
Philip E. Guldeman
Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

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## INDEX TO EXHIBITS

Exhibit Number Description

3.1 \(\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{l}2000 \text { (incorporated herein by reference to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed with the } \\
\text { Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on November 16, 2000) } \\
\text { Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed with the Delaware } \\
\text { Secretary of State on May 31, 2002 (incorporated herein by reference to the Registration Statement } \\
\text { on Form S-8 Exhibit 3.3 filed with the SEC on February 5, 2003) } \\
\text { Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed with the Delaware }\end{array}
$$\right\} \begin{array}{l}Secretary of State on June 1, 2004 (incorporated herein by reference to the Registration Statement on <br>

Form 10-Q Exhibit 3.1.1 filed with the SEC on November 8, 2004)\end{array}\right\}\)| Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, filed with the Delaware |
| :--- |
| Secretary of State on November 2, 2005 (incorporated herein by reference to the Registration |
| Statement on DEF14 A, Appendix B filed with the SEC on September 6, 2005) |

Amended and Restated Bylaws of BBCN Bancorp, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Current Report on Form 8-K Exhibit 5.1 filed with the SEC on February 1, 2012, SEC file number 000-50245)

Amendment No. 2 to Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated as of July 6, 2011, between Nara Bancorp, Inc. and Center Financial Corporation (incorporated herein by reference to the Current Report on Form 8-K, Exhibit 2.1, filed with the SEC on July 7, 2011)
31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*

Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002*
Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Public Company Accounting Reform and Investor Protection Act of 2002*

Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of the Public Company Accounting Reform and Investor Protection Act of 2002*
101.INS** XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE** XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
*Filed herewith
**Furnished herewith

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