BARFRESH FOOD GROUP INC.

Form 10-Q May 15, 2017
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
(Mark One)
[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2017
or
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number: <b>000-55131</b>
BARFRESH FOOD GROUP INC.

(Exact name	of registrant as	specified in	its charter)
(LAMUEL HUILLE	or regionant as	specifica in	its citation

<b>Delaware</b> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	27-1994406 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
8530 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 450, Beverly Hills, California (Address of principal executive offices)	<b>90211</b> (Zip Code)
310-598-7113 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
Not Applicable (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if characteristics)	anged since last report)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed a Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 m to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing to	nonths (or for shorter period that the registrant was required
[X] Yes [ ] No	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted an (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (to submit and post such files).  [X] Yes [] No	d posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large acc smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth	y. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated
I arge Accelerated Eller I I Accelerated Eller I I	on-Accelerated Filer [ ] (do not check if Smaller Reporting ompany)
Smaller Reporting Company Emerging Growth [X] Company [ ]	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if	the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition

period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. [] Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the

Exchange Act).			
[ ] Yes [X] No			

As of May 8, 2017, there were 117,537,263 outstanding shares of common stock of the registrant.

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# **PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

# **Item 1. Financial Statements.**

Barfresh Food Group Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

A	March 31, 2017 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2016 (Audited)
Assets Current assets:		
Cash	\$7,449,931	\$9,180,947
Accounts Receivable	237,015	131,088
Inventory	275,781	317,948
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	96,468	25,864
Total current assets	8,059,195	9,655,847
Property, plant and equipment, net of depreciation	1,599,346	1,494,478
Intangible asset, net of amortization	609,596	619,863
Deposits	48,758	53,202
Total Assets	\$10,316,895	\$11,823,390
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$202,135	\$153,756
Accrued expenses	885,187	746,540
Current portion of long term debt	3,849	3,849
Total current liabilities	1,091,171	904,145
Long Term Debt, net of current portion	7,998	8,958
Total liabilities	1,099,169	913,103
Commitments and contingencies (Note _)		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.000001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued or		
outstanding	-	-
Common stock, \$0.000001 par value; 300,000,000 shares authorized; 117,512,263 and		
117,103,276 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016,		117
respectively		
Additional paid in capital	36,496,105	35,829,627

 Accumulated deficit
 (27,278,497)
 (24,919,457)

 Total stockholders' equity
 9,217,726
 10,910,287

 Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity
 \$10,316,895
 \$11,823,390

See the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

Barfresh Food Group Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

	2017	2016
Revenue	\$312,170	\$275,326
Cost of revenue	181,649	140,735
Gross profit	130,521	134,591
Operating expenses:		
General and administrative	2,433,530	2,574,066
Depreciation and amortization	56,031	46,747
Total operating expenses	2,489,561	2,620,813
Operating loss	(2,359,040 )	(2,486,222)
Other expenses		
Interest	-	221,332
Net (loss)	\$(2,359,040)	\$(2,707,554)
Per share information - basic and fully diluted: Weighted average shares outstanding Net (loss) per share	117,251,662 \$(0.02)	89,276,586 \$(0.03)

See the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

# Barfresh Food Group Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

(Unaudited)

Net Cash used in operations	2017 \$(1,614,825)	2016 \$(1,612,451)
Cash flow from investing activities: Investment in trademark Purchase of equipment		(369 ) (421,131 )
Sale of equipment Net Cash (used in) investing activities	940 (150,632 )	(421,500 )
Cash flow from financing activities: Exercise of Warrant	35,401	240,000
Issuance of common stock and warrants for cash Exercise of Option	- (060	3,269,996 25,500
Repayment of long term debt Net cash provided by financing activities	(960 ) 34,441	(3,512) 3,531,983
Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash at beginning of period Cash at end of period	(1,731,016) 9,180,947 \$7,449,931	1,986,004
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid for interest Cash paid for income taxes	\$- \$-	\$- \$-
Non-cash financial activities Common Stock issued for services Common Stock issued on conversion of note Common Stock issued on conversion of convertible note Fair value of warrants issued with convertible notes	\$22,250 \$- \$- \$-	\$50,000 \$2,529,453 \$50,000 \$50,000

See the accompanying notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements

### Note 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Throughout this report, the terms "our", "we", "us" and the "Company" refer to Barfresh Food Group Inc., including its subsidiaries. The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements of Barfresh Food Group Inc. at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial statements, instructions to Form 10-Q, and Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. In management's opinion, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation to make our financial statements not misleading have been included. The results of operations for the periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. The December 31, 2016 balance sheet has been derived from our audited financial statements included in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Basis of Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and our wholly owned subsidiaries Barfresh Inc. and Barfresh Corporation, Inc.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses during the years reported. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The amount of cash on deposit with financial institutions exceeds the \$250,000 federally insured limit at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016. However, we believe that the financial institution where the cash on deposit that exceeds \$250,000 is financially sound and the risk of loss is minimal.

Fair Value Measurement

Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"), provides a comprehensive framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures which are required about fair value measurements. Specifically, ASC 820 sets forth a definition of fair value and establishes a hierarchy prioritizing the inputs to valuation techniques, giving the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable value inputs. ASC 820 defines the hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reported date. The types of assets and liabilities included in Level 1 are highly liquid and actively traded instruments with quoted prices, such as equities listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

Level 2 - Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, but are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reported date. The types of assets and liabilities in Level 2 are typically either comparable to actively traded securities or contracts or priced with models using highly observable inputs.

Level 3 - Significant inputs to pricing that are unobservable as of the reporting date. The types of assets and liabilities included in Level 3 are those with inputs requiring significant management judgment or estimation, such as complex and subjective models and forecasts used to determine the fair value of financial transmission rights.

Our financial instruments consist of accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and installment debt. The carrying value of our financial instruments approximates their fair value due to their relative short maturities and the nature of the debt.

*Inventory* 

Inventory consists of finished goods and is carried at the lower of cost or market on a first in first out basis.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are comprised of patents, net of amortization, and trademarks. The patent costs are being amortized over the life of the patents, which is twenty years from the date of filing the patent applications. In accordance with ASC Topic 350 *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other* ("ASC 350"), the costs of internally developing other intangible assets, such as patents, are expensed as incurred. However, as allowed by ASC 350, legal fees and similar costs relating to patents have been capitalized. In accordance with ASC 350 legal costs related to trademarks have been capitalized. We have determined that trademarks have an indeterminable life and therefore are not being amortized.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are being amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or the lease term that includes any expected renewal periods deemed to be reasonably assured. The estimated useful lives used for financial statement purposes are:

Furniture and fixtures: 5 years

Equipment: 7 years

Leasehold improvements: 2 years

Vehicle: 5 years

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue from products sold when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, the sales price is determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

Earnings per Share

We calculate net loss per share in accordance with ASC Topic 260, *Earnings per Share*. Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period, and diluted earnings per share is computed by including common stock equivalents outstanding for the period in the denominator. At March 31, 2017 and 2016 any equivalents would have been anti-dilutive as we had losses for the periods then ended.

Research and Development

Expenditures for research activities relating to product development and improvement are charged to expense as incurred. We incurred \$114,601 and \$68,568 in research and development expenses for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Rent Expense

We recognize rent expense on a straight-line basis over the reasonably assured lease term as defined in ASC Topic 840, *Leases* ("ASC 840").

Recent pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued that we adopt as of the specified effective date. We believe that the impact of recently issued standards not yet effective may have an impact on our results of operations and financial position.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU Update 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which converged guidance on recognizing revenue in contracts with customers on an effective date after our year ending December 31, 2017. The Company is in the initial stages of evaluating the effect of the standard on our financial statements and continue to evaluate the available transition methods. However, based on our initial evaluation, we do not expect there to be material changes to our current Revenue Recognition policies due to the non-complex contracts with our customers, including the definition of our performance obligations and the transaction prices in our contracts with our customers. The Company does not plan to adopt the standard until the interim period ended March 31, 2018.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, Inventory, which simplifies the measurement principle of inventories valued under the First-In, First-Out ("FIFO") or weighted average methods from the lower of cost or market to the lower of cost and net realizable value. ASU 2015-11 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 including interim periods within those annual periods. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes, which requires that deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. ASU 2015-17 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. Upon adoption, ASU 2015-17 may be applied either prospectively or retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, to improve financial reporting about leasing transactions. This ASU will require organizations that lease assets ("lessees") to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset on its balance sheet for all leases with terms of more than twelve months. A lease liability is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis and a right-of-use asset represents the lessee's right to use, or control use of, a specified asset for the lease term. The amendments in this ASU leaves the accounting for the organization that own the assets leased to the lessee ("lessor") largely unchanged except for targeted improvements to align it with the lessee accounting model and Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The Company is in the initial stages of evaluating the effect of the standard on our financial statements and continue to evaluate the available transition methods. However, based on our initial evaluation, we do not expect there to be material changes to both our current and long-term lease liabilities and our fixed assets of our limited number of operating leases that will be converted to financing leases under the new guidance. The Company does not plan to adopt the standard until the interim period ended March 31, 2019.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718) ("ASU 2016-09"). The standard identifies areas for simplification involving several aspects of accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, an option to recognize stock compensation expense with actual forfeitures recognized as they occur, as well as certain classifications on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company previously adopted ASU 2016-09.

#### Note 2. Property Plant and Equipment

Major classes of property and equipment at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consist of the following:

	2017	2016
Furniture and fixtures	\$1,524	\$1,524
Manufacturing Equipment	1,637,975	1,605,317
Leasehold Improvements	4,886	4,800
Vehicles	29,696	29,696
	1,674,081	1,641,337
Less: accumulated depreciation	(437,495)	(396,863)
	1,236,586	1,244,474
Equipment not yet placed in service	362,760	250,004
Property and equipment, net of depreciation	\$1,599,346	\$1,494,478

We recorded depreciation expense related to these assets of \$40,632 and \$31,415 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

# **Note 3. Intangible Assets**

As of March 31, 2017, intangible assets consist of patent costs of \$750,640, trademarks of \$79,057 and accumulated amortization of \$220,101.

As of December 31, 2016, intangible assets consist of patent costs of \$750,640, trademarks of \$73,925 and accumulated amortization of \$204,702.

The amounts carried on the balance sheet represent cost to acquire, legal fees and similar costs relating to the patents incurred by the Company. Amortization is calculated through the expiration date of the patent, which is December 2025. The amount charged to expenses for amortization of the patent costs was \$15,399 and \$15,332 for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Estimated future amortization expense related to patents as of March 31, 2017, is as follows:

	Total
	Amortization
Years ending December 31,	
2017	\$ 46,196
2018	61,595
2019	61,595
2020	61,595
2022	61,595
2023	61,595
Later years	176,368
	\$ 530,539

#### **Note 4. Related Parties**

As disclosed below in Note 7, members of management and directors have received shares of stock and options in exchange for services.

## Note 5. Long term Debt

Long term debt at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 consists of an installment agreement on one vehicle maturing in June 2020. The installment agreement bears no interest. Monthly payments are \$320 per month.

The annual maturities of long term debt are as follows:

For years ending December 31, 2017 2,889

2018	3,849
2019	3,849
2020	1,260
	\$11,847

## **Note 6. Commitments and Contingencies**

We lease office space under non-cancelable operating leases, which expires on March 31, 2019. The aggregate minimum requirements are as follows:

For years ending December 31,

2017	\$99,465
2018	167,530
2019	43,462
	\$310,557

### Note 7. Stockholders' Equity

During the three months ended March 31, 2017, we issued 31,250 shares of common stock, valued at \$22,500, for services. In addition, we issued 364,249 options to purchase our common stock to certain member of the Board of Directors in lieu of cash payments for Director fees. The exercise price of the options ranged from \$0.74 to \$0.77 per share, vest immediately, and are exercisable for periods of 8 years.

The fair value of the options (\$216,000, in the aggregate) was calculated using the Black-Sholes option pricing model, based on the criteria shown below.

Expected life (in years)	8	
Volatility (based on a comparable company)	89	%
Risk Free interest rate	2.19% to 2.35 %	
Dividend yield (on common stock)	_	

During the same period, we cancelled 40,000 options to purchase our common stock.

Holders of 59,000 options, exercised those option for cash proceeds of \$35,400. The holder of 800,000 options elected to exercise those option on a cashless basis and received 238,596 shares of our common stock.

Holders of 180,000 warrants, elected to exercise those warrants on a cashless basis and received 40,832 shares of our common stock.

The total amount of equity based compensation for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 included in additional paid in capital was \$344,268 and \$244,789, respectively.

The following is a summary of outstanding stock options issued to employees and directors as of March 31, 2017:

	Number of Options	Exercise price per share \$	Average remaining term in years	Aggregate intrinsic value at date of grant \$
Outstanding December 31, 2016	5,362,442		4.84	
Issued	364,249	.7477	7.16	
Cancelled	(40,000)			
Exercised	(859,000)			
Outstanding March 31, 2017	4,827,691		5.43	
Exercisable	1,294,249	.4554	2.53	-

# **Note 8. Outstanding Warrants**

The following is a summary of all outstanding warrants as of March 31, 2017:

	Number of warrants	price per share	remaining term in years	intrinsic value at date of grant
Warrants issued in connection with private placements of common stock	20,023,140	\$0.25 - 1.50	1.40	\$1,590,567
Warrants issued in connection with short-term notes payable	3,345,509	\$0.45-\$0.485	2.74	\$64,583

### **Note 9. Income Taxes**

We account for income taxes in interim periods in accordance with ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). We have determined an estimated annual effective tax rate. The rate will be revised, if necessary, as of the end of each successive interim period during our fiscal year to our best current estimate. As of March 31, 2017, the estimated effective tax rate for the year will be zero.

There are open statutes of limitations for taxing authorities in federal and state jurisdictions to audit our tax returns from 2009 through the current period. Our policy is to account for income tax related interest and penalties in income tax expense in the statement of operations. There have been no income tax related interest or penalties assessed or recorded.

ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. This pronouncement also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition.

For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016, we did not have any interest and penalties associated with tax positions. As of March 31, 2017, we did not have any significant unrecognized uncertain tax positions.

#### **Note 10. Subsequent Events**

Management has evaluated all activity and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statements.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial information included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (this "Report"), including our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2017 and for the three month periods ended March 31, 2017 and 2016 and the related notes. References in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section to "us", "we", "our" and similar terms refer to Barfresh Food Group Inc. This discussion includes forward-looking statements, as that term is defined in the federal securities laws, based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors. Words such as "anticipate", "estimate", "plan", "continuing", "ongoing", "expect", "believe", "intend", "may", "will", "should", "could" and similar expressions are used to identify forward-looking statements.

We caution you that these statements are not guarantees of future performance or events and are subject to a number of uncertainties, risks and other influences, many of which are beyond our control, which may influence the accuracy of the statements and the projections upon which the statements are based. Any one or more of these uncertainties, risks and other influences could materially affect our results of operations and whether forward-looking statements made by us ultimately prove to be accurate. Our actual results, performance and achievements could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether from new information, future events or otherwise.

Barfresh is a leader in the creation, manufacturing and distribution of ready to blend frozen beverages. The current portfolio of products includes smoothies, shakes and frappes. All of the products are portion controlled and ready to blend beverage ingredient packs or "beverage packs". The beverage packs contain all of the solid ingredients necessary to make the beverage, including the base (either sorbet, frozen yogurt or ice cream), real fruit pieces, juices and ice – five ounces of water are added before blending.

Domestic and international patents and patents pending are owned by Barfresh, as well as related trademarks for all of the products. In November 2011, the Company acquired the patent rights in the United States and Canada. The Canadian patent has been granted and the United States patent was granted on August 16, 2016. On October 15, 2013, the Company acquired all of the related international patent rights, which were filed pursuant to the Patent Cooperation Treaty and have been granted in 13 jurisdictions. The patents are pending in the remainder of the jurisdictions that have signed the treaty. In addition, on October 15, 2013, the Company purchased all of the trademarks related to the patented products.

The Company has conducted sales through two channels: National Accounts, and through an exclusive nationwide distribution agreement with Sysco Corporation ("Sysco"), the U.S.'s largest broadline distributor, which was entered into during July 2014.

The process of obtaining sales orders for National Accounts generally follows several steps, including product demonstration, product testing, and exclusive flavor development for the larger National Accounts. We are currently in various stages of product development and testing with a number of National Accounts and have recently launched in market tests with several major National Key accounts. The Company is focused on moving from in-market tests to national roll-out with those major National Key accounts.

In addition to the National Accounts, the Company sells to food distributors that supply products to the food services market place. Effective July 2, 2014, the Company entered into an exclusive agreement with Sysco Merchandising and Supply Chain Services, Inc. for resale by the Sysco Corporation ("Sysco") to the foodservice industry of the Company's ready-to-blend smoothies, shakes and frappes. All Barfresh products will be included in Sysco's national core selection of beverage items, making Barfresh its exclusive single-serve, pre-portioned beverage provider. The agreement is mutually exclusive; however, Barfresh may also sell the products to other foodservice distributors, but only to the extent required for such foodservice distributors to service multi-unit chain operators with at least 20 units and where Sysco is not such multi-unit chain operators nominated distributor for our products.

The Company's products have been included in Sysco's "Cutting Edge Solutions" ("CES") Platform since March of 2016, and are once again included in Sysco's most recent CES Platform, announced during February of 2017. As part of this platform, our products will receive national advertising and marketing, and will be considered a core product. All 72 of SYSCO's Operating Companies ("OPCO") will participate in the CES program, and will be evaluated on their success in moving the CES products.

On October 26, 2015, Barfresh signed an agreement with PepsiCo North America Beverages, a division of PepsiCo, to become its exclusive sales representative within the food service channel to present Barfresh's line of ready-to-blend smoothies and frozen beverages throughout the United States and Canada. Through this agreement, Barfresh' products will be included as part of PepsiCo's offerings to its significant customer base, which the Company expects to fast track our growth and expedite the test to market process. The agreement gives Barfresh access to PepsiCo's one-thousand plus person foodservice sales team, with Barfresh products becoming part of PepsiCo's customer presentations.

The Company has recently announced several important new customer contracts. During February of 2017, the Company announced that it had opened a branded Barfresh kiosk at the Pepsi Center in Denver, Colorado. The kiosk is the culmination of efforts by the Barfresh sales team, PepsiCo North America Beverages, and Aramark. During March of 2017 the Company announced that it had entered into a multi-year agreement to offer Barfresh smoothies at a Barfresh branded food service location at the Aquarium of the Pacific, in Long Beach, California. During March of 2017 the Company announced that it had entered into a multi-year agreement to offer Barfresh smoothies at three branded food service locations at the Statue of Liberty monument on Ellis Island in New York City. During April of 2017 the Company announced that it had entered into a multi-year agreement with Centerplate, granting Barfresh access to offer its smoothies to Centerplate's multiple venues that serve over 116 million guests annually. And during April of 2017 the Company announced that it had rolled out its product to the Landry, Inc. restaurant concept Bubba Gump Shrimp, Co.

Finally, the Company intends to monetize the international patents outside of the current area of operations, North America, by expanding contract manufacturing to other countries and selling either through selling agents or internal sales personnel. The Company will also consider entering into some form of license or royalty agreements with third parties.

Barfresh currently utilizes contract manufacturers to manufacture all of the products in the United States. Ice cream manufacturers are best suited to produce the products and one production line is currently operational in our Salt Lake City contract manufacturer location. This manufacturer is currently producing products sold to existing customers as well as producing exclusive test products. Currently annual production capacity with our Salt Lake City contract manufacturer is 14 million units per year. In February 2016, the Company signed an agreement with Yarnell Operations, LLC, a subsidiary of Schulze and Burch, securing additional production capacity ahead of expected sales growth. Barfresh now has the capacity to ramp up to an incremental production capacity of 100 million units through this agreement. The Yarnell Operations, LLC, subsidiary is strategically located in Arkansas. Yarnell's location enhances the company's ability to efficiently move product throughout the supply chain to destinations in the eastern

United States, home to many of the country's large foodservice outlets.

Although there currently is not a contract in place with any suppliers for the raw materials needed to manufacture our products, there are a significant number of sources available and the company does not anticipate becoming dependent on any one supplier. As demand for the range of our products grows, we plan to contract a level of raw material requirements to ensure continuity of supply.

During November, 2016, the Company received an equity investment from Unibel, the majority shareholder of the Bel Group ("Unibel"). The Bel Group is headquartered in Paris, France, with global operations in 33 countries, 30 production sites on 4 continents and nearly 12,000 employees. Its many branded products, including The Laughing Cow®, Mini Babybel® and Boursin®, are sold in over 130 countries around the world. Pursuant to the securities purchase agreement, Unibel purchased 15,625,000 shares of common stock at \$0.64 per share ("Shares") and warrants to purchase 7,812,500 shares of common stock ("Warrants") for aggregate gross proceeds to Barfresh of \$10 million. The Warrants are exercisable for a term of five years at a per share price of \$.088 for cash. Pursuant to the Investor Rights agreement, Barfresh has registered the Shares and the Warrants, and Unibel was granted a seat on the Barfresh Board. This strategic investment provides Barfresh with the necessary capital to drive revenue growth while leveraging Unibel's more than 150 years of industrial expertise, innovative capabilities, world-class marketing and branding expertise to accelerate our growth in new and existing markets and product channels.

Currently we have 34 employees and 5 consultants. There are currently 23 employees and 1 consultant selling our products.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued that we adopt as of the specified effective date. We believe that the impact of recently issued standards not yet effective may have an impact on our results of operations and financial position.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU Update 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which converged guidance on recognizing revenue in contracts with customers on an effective date after our year ending December 31, 2017. The Company is in the initial stages of evaluating the effect of the standard on our financial statements and continue to evaluate the available transition methods. However, based on our initial evaluation, we do not expect there to be material changes to our current Revenue Recognition policies due to the non-complex contracts with our customers, including the definition of our performance obligations and the transaction prices in our contracts with our customers. The Company does not plan to adopt the standard until the interim period ended March 31, 2018.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, Inventory, which simplifies the measurement principle of inventories valued under the First-In, First-Out ("FIFO") or weighted average methods from the lower of cost or market to the lower of cost and net realizable value. ASU 2015-11 is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 including interim periods within those annual periods. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes, which requires that deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. ASU 2015-17 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of an interim or annual reporting period. Upon adoption, ASU 2015-17 may be applied either prospectively or retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on our financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases, to improve financial reporting about leasing transactions. This ASU will require organizations that lease assets ("lessees") to recognize a lease liability and a right-of-use asset on its balance sheet for all leases with terms of more than twelve months. A lease liability is a lessee's obligation to make lease payments arising from a lease, measured on a discounted basis and a right-of-use asset represents the lessee's right to use, or control use of, a specified asset for the lease term. The amendments in this ASU leaves the accounting for the organization that own the assets leased to the lessee ("lessor") largely unchanged except for targeted improvements to align it with the lessee accounting model and Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers.

The Company is in the initial stages of evaluating the effect of the standard on our financial statements and continue to evaluate the available transition methods. However, based on our initial evaluation, we do not expect there to be material changes to both our current and long-term lease liabilities and our fixed assets of our limited number of operating leases that will be converted to financing leases under the new guidance. The Company does not plan to adopt the standard until the interim period ended March 31, 2019.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718) ("ASU 2016-09"). The standard identifies areas for simplification involving several aspects of accounting for share-based payment transactions, including the income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, an option to recognize stock compensation expense with actual forfeitures recognized as they occur, as well as certain classifications on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-09 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company previously adopted ASU 2016-09.

### **Results of Operations**

Results of Operation for Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 as Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016

Revenue and cost of revenue

Revenue increased \$36,844 (13%) from \$275,326 in 2016 to \$312,170 in 2017. The increase in revenue is primarily the result of the continuation of the national rollout of our product which began during the first quarter of 2016 to all 72 of Sysco's U.S. mainland distribution centers, as well as the addition of new customers beyond the Sysco distribution network. During the quarter ended March 31, 2017, our product was distributed through all 72 of Sysco's distribution centers.

Cost of revenue for 2017 was \$181,649 as compared to \$140,735 in 2016. Our gross profit was \$130,521 (42%) and \$134,591 (49%) for 2017 and 2016, respectively. The change in our gross profit percentage was due to a change in the mix of our customer revenue, with an increasing portion of our revenue coming from larger National Accounts that are in test mode. We anticipate that our gross profit percentage for the remainder of 2017 will be comparable to the percentage for the current quarter.

#### Operating expenses

Our operations during 2017 and 2016 were primarily directed towards increasing sales and expanding our distribution network.

Our general and administrative expenses decreased \$140,536 (5%) from \$2,574,066 in 2016 to \$2,433,530 in 2017, reflecting both lower personnel costs as a result of the November 2016 realignment of our sales force, as well as lower travel expense. The first quarter of 2016 required unusually high travel activity due to the roll-out of our product to multiple Sysco distribution centers as part of the "Cutting Edge Solution" roll-out. The following is a breakdown of our general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and 2016:

	three	three	
	months	months	
	ended	ended	Difference
	March 31,	March 31,	
	2017	2016	
Personnel costs	\$1,278,692	\$1,512,304	\$(233,612)
Stock based compensation/options	344,268	244,789	99,479
Legal and professional fees	113,014	151,400	(38,386)
Travel	92,861	136,758	(43,897)
Rent	54,241	22,947	31,294
Marketing and selling	118,658	94,015	24,643
Consulting fees	48,945	81,592	(32,647)
Director fees	37,500	25,000	12,500
Research and development	114,601	68,568	46,033
Shipping and Storage	64,154	85,960	(21,806)
Other expenses	166,596	150,733	15,863
	\$2,433,530	\$2,574,066	\$(140,536)

Personnel cost represents the cost of employees including salaries, bonuses, employee benefits and employment taxes and continues to be our largest cost. Personnel cost decreased \$233,612 (15%) from \$1,512,304 to \$1,278,692. During the first quarter of the prior year we significantly increased our sales staff primarily as a result of the national roll-out of our distribution agreement with Sysco. At the end of the prior quarter, we had 46 full time employees compared to 33 at the end of the current quarter. During the fourth quarter of 2016, we affected a restructuring of our sales force, whereby we eliminated 13 full time sales positions, and replaced the associated sales territory coverage with brokerage arrangements. This change will allow our remaining sales force to more effectively focus on pursuing larger accounts, while our expanded brokerage network will support and expand our "up and down the street" business. In addition, we expect the change to reduce our overall overhead costs by a net \$1 million to \$1.5 million on an annualized basis.

We do not anticipate any further significant changes to our personnel organization during the balance of 2017.

Stock based compensation is used as an incentive to attract new employees and to compensate existing employees. Stock based compensation includes stock issued and options granted to employees and non-employees. During the fourth quarter of 2016, we made additional grants to our sales force members who are remaining with the Company after our personnel restructuring, and we also made additional grants to our senior executive team, which grants had been authorized earlier in the year, for issuance after completion of the most recent bridge financing. All of these factors contributed to higher expense within the current period.

Legal and professional fees decreased \$38,386 (25%) from \$151,400 in 2016 to \$113,044 in 2017. The decreased was primarily due to a decrease in legal services required. We anticipate legal fees related to our business and financing activities to increase as our business continues to grow.

Travel expenses decreased \$43,897 (32%) from \$136,758 in 2016 to \$92,861 in 2017. The decrease is due to higher travel expenses that were incurred during the first quarter of 2016 in connection with the Sysco Cutting Edge Solution roll-out, as well as a reduction in travel costs associated with terminated employees. We anticipate that travel expenses for the balance of this year will be consistent with the first quarter.

Rent expense is primarily for our location in Beverly Hills, California. Rent expense for the Beverly Hills office is approximately \$10,996 per month. We have entered into a new lease for office space at 8383 Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills, California. The new lease commenced on November 1, 2016 and expires in February 8, 2018.

Marketing and selling expenses increased \$24,643 (26%) from \$94,015 in 2016 to \$118,658 in 2017. Higher marketing and selling expenses were primarily due to higher sales commissions paid during the current quarter.

Consulting fees decreased \$32,647 (40%) from \$81,592 in 2016 to \$48,945 in 2017. Our consulting fees vary based on needs. We engage consultants in the areas of sales, operations and accounting. Future consulting fees will be variable.

Director fees increased \$12,500 from \$25,000 in 2016 to \$37,500 in 2017. The increase in director fees is due to the increase in the number of our directors. Annual director fees are anticipated at \$50,000 per non-employee director.

Research and development expenses increased \$ 46,033 (67%) from \$68,568 in 2016 to \$114,601 in 2017. During the third quarter of 2016 we re-classified certain personnel expenses that had previously been included in Personnel Expense, to Research and Development. These expenses relate to the services performed by our Director of Manufacturing and Product Development, and consultants supporting that employee. The re-classification is shown in both the current period and the prior period. The increase in Research and Development Expense is being driven by an increased need for research and development services, as we continue to expand product offerings, both for our standard SKU's, and for National Accounts.

Shipping and storage expense decreased \$21,806 (25%) from \$85,960 in 2016 to \$64,154 in 2017. The higher expense in 2016 is due to costs incurred to better position inventory for the national roll-out with Sysco. Shipping and storage expense as a percentage of revenue decreased to 20%, as compared with 31% in the prior quarter. This improvement results from the transition to more efficient shipping options that have become available as our operations have expanded. We anticipate that shipping and storage expense as a percentage of sales will reduce during the balance of the year, as the Company is able to take advantage of more efficient distribution arrangements.

Other expenses consist of ordinary operating expenses such as investor relations, office, telephone, insurance, and stock related costs. We anticipate increases in certain of these expenses, as our business continues to grow.

We had operating losses of \$2,359,040 and \$2,486,222 for 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Interest expense decreased from \$221,332 in 2016 to zero in 2017. Interest primarily relates to convertible debt that was issued in November, 2015, and converted into stock during February, 2016, and short term notes that were issued in December 2013, all of which were repaid prior to the current quarter.

We had net losses of \$2,359,040 and \$2,707,554 in 2017 and 2016, respectively.

# **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

During the three months ended March 31, 2017 we used cash for operations of \$ 1,614,825 and also purchased equipment for \$146,440.

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 we used \$1,612,451 of cash for operations, and used \$421,131 for the purchase of equipment.

Our operations to date have been financed by the sale of securities, the issuance of convertible debt and the issuance of short-term debt, including related party advances. Our existing cash and other working capital may not be sufficient to meet all of the projected cash needs contemplated by our business strategies. We intend to raise capital through equity or debt financing transactions to address both our short term and longer term liquidity needs. However there can be no assurances that we will be able to generate the necessary capital or debt to carry out our current plan of operations.

We lease office space under a non-cancelable operating lease, which expires March 31, 2019.

The aggregate minimum requirements under non-cancelable leases as of March 31, 2017 is \$310,557.

### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to stockholders.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not required because we are a smaller reporting company.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Accounting Officer, we conducted an evaluation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined under Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-15(f). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Accounting Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of March 31, 2017.

Management has identified the following material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting:

We established an audit committee during the quarter ended June 30, 2015. We are not currently obligated to have an audit committee, including a member who is an "audit committee financial expert", as defined in Item 407 of Regulation S-K, under applicable regulations or listing standards. It is management's view that such a committee is an important internal control over financial reporting, the lack of which may result in ineffective oversight in the establishment and monitoring of internal control.

Inadequate Segregation of Duties: We have an inadequate number of personnel to properly implement internal controls over financial reporting.

Since the assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting did identify material weaknesses, management considers its internal control over financial reporting to be ineffective.

Management believes that the material weakness set forth above did not have an effect on our financial results.

# **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended March 31, 2017that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II-OTHER INFORMATION
Item 1. Legal Proceedings.
Neither the Company nor its subsidiaries are party to or have property that is the subject of any material pending legal proceedings. We may be subject to ordinary legal proceedings incidental to our business from time to time that are not required to be disclosed
under this Item 1.
Item 1A. Risk Factors.
Not required because we are a smaller reporting company.
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds
The Company did not issue or sell any other unregistered equity securities during the period covered by this report that were not previously reported on a Current Report on Form 8-K.
The foregoing issuances of securities were made in reliance on Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act") for transactions of an issuer not involving a public offering.
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.
None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

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### Item 5. Other Information.

None.

### Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of Principal Accounting Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer of the Company, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
32.2	Certification of Principal Accounting Officer of the Company, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

<sup>\*</sup>XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

In accordance with SEC Release 33-8238, Exhibits 32.1 and 32.2 are furnished and not filed.

# **SIGNATURES**

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

	BARFRESH FOOD GROUP INC.
Date: [	], 2017 By:/s/Riccardo Delle Coste Riccardo Delle Coste
	Chief Executive Officer
	(Principal Executive Officer)
Date: [	], 2017 By:/s/ Joseph S. Tesoriero Joseph S. Tesoriero Chief Financial Officer
	(Principal Financial Officer)