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CGI GROUP INC
Form 6-K
August 23, 2002

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of August 2002.

CGI Group Inc.
(Translation of Registrant's Name Into English)

1130 Sherbrooke Street West
5th Floor
Montreal, Quebec
Canada H3A 2M8
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.)

Form 20-F Form 40-F |X|

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.)

Yes No |X|

(If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-____.

Enclosure: Quarterly Report for the period ending June 30, 2002.

This Form 6-K shall be deemed incorporated by reference in the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8, Reg. Nos. 333-13350, 333-66044 and 333-74932.

[Graphics Omitted]

CGI Group Inc. Quarterly Report 3
For the nine months ended June 30, 2002

About CGI

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Founded in 1976, CGI is the fourth largest independent information technology services firm in North America, based on its headcount. CGI and its affiliated companies employ 14,600 professionals. CGI's annualized revenue run-rate totals CDN\$2.1 billion (US\$1.3 billion). CGI's order backlog currently totals CDN\$10.4 billion (US\$6.7 billion). CGI provides end-to-end IT services and business solutions to more than 3,000 clients worldwide from more than 60 offices. CGI's shares are listed on the TSX (GIB.A) and the NYSE (GIB). They are included in the TSX 100 Composite Index as well as the S&P/TSX Canadian Information Technology and Canadian MidCap Indices.

Stock Exchanges

Toronto Stock Exchange: GIB.A

New York Stock Exchange: GIB

Shares Outstanding (as at June 30, 2002)

339,369,130 Class A subordinate shares

40,799,774 Class B shares

Third Quarter Fiscal 2002 Trading History

TSX (CDN\$)		NYSE (US\$)	
High:	\$9.90	High:	\$6.19
Low:	\$6.51	Low:	\$4.30
Close:	\$6.85	Close:	\$4.56
Ave. Volume:	56,416,890	Ave. Volume:	3,609,800

Transfer Agent

Computershare Trust Company of Canada

1-800-564-6253

Investor Relations

Julie Creed

Vice-President, Investor Relations

Telephone: (312) 201-4803

julie.creed@cgi.com

Ronald White

Director, Investor Relations

Telephone: (514) 841-3230

ronald.white@cgi.com

www.cgi.com

CGI Reports Solid Growth in Third Quarter of Fiscal 2002

CGI reported solid growth of its unaudited results for its third quarter ended June 30, 2002. All figures are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Third Quarter Highlights

- Revenue of \$553.4 million was 38.9% higher than the comparable period one year ago and 4.0% higher sequentially. Year-over-year organic growth was 9.0% in the third quarter.
- Net earnings of \$36.5 million were 50.0% higher than last year's third quarter comparable cash earnings. Net earnings per share increased to \$0.10 from comparable cash net earnings per share of \$0.08 in last year's third quarter, notwithstanding a 31.0% increase in weighted average number of shares outstanding.
- The earnings before depreciation and amortization of fixed assets, amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets, interest and income taxes margin improved to 14.4%; the earnings before interest and

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- income taxes margin improved to 11.3% and the net margin improved to 6.6%.
- Cash provided by operating activities totaled \$69.8 million, compared with \$101.9 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2001, and \$28.6 million in the second quarter.
- The current backlog of signed contracts stands at \$10.4 billion with a weighted average remaining contract term of 7.8 years.
- The current pipeline of bids for large outsourcing contracts being reviewed by potential clients remains robust at \$5 billion.

CGI achieved solid top and bottom line growth during the third quarter, despite a tough operating environment, and we are very proud of what our management team and members accomplished. Business was strong across all practices and across all verticals in Canada and the UK. Our leading position and the deep client partnerships that we have built over many years as our clients' preferred information technology (IT) services provider allowed us to secure a healthy combination of new contract wins, add-on projects, renewals and extensions. Our continued focus on executing our business model has resulted in one of the highest growth rates and highest net margins in the industry. We realized more synergies from the ongoing integration of our outsourcing contracts and improved efficiencies in many business units.

In the US and in France, the market for systems integration and consulting (SI&C) remains challenging. However, as the systems integration and consulting business is not expected to turn around before the second half of 2003 in these markets, we manage our situation very closely and expect a gradual increase in profitability, despite slow top line growth. Our IT and business process outsourcing (BPO) contracts in the US are performing very well. Additionally, we have made steady inroads in growing our market presence. Contract bids and proposals we have initiated since the fall are progressing well and the elapsed time in signing new contracts in the US reflects the natural progression of CGI's efforts to build a presence and brand as a full IT and business process outsourcer. With our focus on contracts between \$20 million and \$250 million per year, we still see a lot of interest and activity in IT and business process outsourcing services and remain optimistic about our prospects for growth. Additionally, the adjustments made to our operational structure over the last three months are allowing us to take our BPO and IT operations in the US to a greater level of efficiency as well, by integrating them into our global delivery structure.

CGI's growth will continue to be driven by a disciplined financial approach to our four pillars of growth--niche acquisitions; large acquisitions; contracts, renewals and add-on projects; and large IT and business process outsourcing contracts. Our pipeline of \$5 billion in outstanding proposals represents large and mid-sized contracts, with at least a third of these opportunities from US-based clients. Our strong financial position, flexible client partnerships, unique global delivery model, and entrenched quality system give us confidence in the ability to turn this pipeline into backlog and deliver even stronger results going forward.

At this point, I can tell you that our fundamentals have not changed and our mission to be a leading IT services provider has not changed either. Assuming stable economic and market conditions, it is our vision that CGI will deliver double-digit growth over the coming years, and become a \$3.5 billion Company with a strong balance sheet and delivering superior financial performance by fiscal 2005. We'll get there through a winning combination of our four pillars of growth and a continued focus on our fundamentals--a strong balance sheet with very conservative accounting practices, a commitment to delivering quality, leadership in best practices governance issues, an ongoing effort to improve member and client satisfaction, growing our pipeline and backlog and delivering among the highest margins in the sector. We are determined to remain a leader.

Serge Godin

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Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
July 23, 2002

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
Third quarter ended June 30, 2002

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with financial statements for the nine months ended June 30, 2002, with the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") in the fiscal 2001 annual report, including the section on risks and uncertainties; and with the notes to the financial statements for the third quarter of fiscal year 2002. The Company's accounting policies are in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). These differ in some respects from GAAP in the United States ("US GAAP"). CGI's financial results are fully reconciled to US GAAP at the end of its fiscal year, and an analysis of this reconciliation is provided in its annual report. All dollar amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

Corporate Developments

CGI's growth prospects and solid backlog were improved during the quarter with \$2.15 billion in new contract bookings, renewals and extensions, as well as several niche acquisitions made at the business level, which enhanced a vertical offering or geographical presence. Some of the highlights included:

- The signing of a shareholders' agreement which finalized the terms and conditions of a new jointly-owned information technology ("IT") services company, Innovapost, with Canada Post Corporation ("Canada Post") as the majority owner (51%) and CGI owning 49%. Innovapost will provide all IT services to Canada Post as well as to other postal organizations worldwide. The company has retained 150 employees to date and expects to begin generating revenue by September and to achieve total revenue of approximately \$200 million in its first year, ending April 2003, approximately \$400 million by year three and approximately \$3.5 billion over 10 years. This contract added approximately \$1.75 billion to CGI's backlog over a 10-year period.
- A signed memorandum of understanding for a 10-year outsourcing agreement valued at \$80 million with IT services provider League Data. CGI plans to manage League Data's banking environment and build a new browser-based front-end solution. Shareholders of League Data are expected to vote on this agreement by September 1, 2002.
- The signing of an \$11.5 million, three-year contract extension with Air Canada for enterprise resource planning support and maintenance.
- The acquisition of electronic solutions provider Myriap, which provides CGI with deeper knowledge in the transactional Web space. Myriap added approximately 60 Toronto and Montreal-based professionals to CGI.
- The acquisition of Netplex Systems' Retail Division, which served over 240 retail customers including Macy's, Toys "R" Us and Value City with retail solutions that focus on warehouse management, store system integration and distribution. Netplex added 40 professionals located in Oklahoma.
- The acquisition of Stewart & Stewart Consulting Inc., with annual revenue of approximately \$4.0 million. The Edmonton-based company adds geographic information systems and resource-based systems knowledge with its 35 professionals supplying services primarily to the Alberta government, under an existing outsourcing contract.
- The signing of a five-year IT contract with Domtar Inc. valued at \$18.5 million whereby CGI will manage and support its mainframe and mid-range environment including hosting the infrastructure for servers, providing server management services as well as managing the hardware.
- The termination of negotiations with BCE Teleglobe regarding a potential IS/IT outsourcing contract, following a memorandum of understanding signed in March 2002.

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-- The retirement in June 2002 of Satish Sanan, as Vice Chairman, EVP, US Business Engineering, and board director.

Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

In an ongoing review of new or more precise interpretation of various accounting pronouncements and to maintain its conservative accounting practices, CGI has made modifications or revisions to its financial statements and accompanying notes. As a result of these modifications or revisions, there was no impact on the net earnings or cash provided by operating activities of the Company.

Stock-based compensation and other stock-based payments

On April 1, 2002, the Company decided to early adopt the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Section 3870 retroactively to October 1, 2001. The Company has chosen to use the new standard that requires pro forma disclosure relating to net earnings and earnings per share figures as if the fair value method of expensing options had been used. The Company's pro forma net earnings per share would have been reduced by \$0.01 for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2002 on a weighted average share basis.

Amortization of incentives related to outsourcing contracts

During the three months ended June 30, 2002, CGI modified the presentation of the amortization related to incentives granted on outsourcing contracts based on Emerging Issues Task Force 01-9, Accounting for consideration given by a vendor to a customer, issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. The amortization is now presented as a reduction of revenue as opposed to being shown as amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets. This modification has no impact on net earnings of the Company. For comparative purposes, revenue for the three-month and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2001 was reduced by \$5.6 million and \$13.8 million respectively and amortization of contract costs has been reduced by the equivalent amount for both periods. For the three-month and nine-month periods ended June 30, 2002, revenue and amortization of contract costs were both reduced by \$7.3 million and \$22.8 million, respectively, or less than 1.4% of revenue.

Accounts receivable and deferred revenue

During the three months ended June 30, 2002, CGI changed the presentation related to accounts receivable and deferred revenue for the month-end advance billing on outsourcing contracts. Accordingly, accounts receivable and deferred revenue were both reduced by

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

Third quarter ended June 30, 2002

\$43.8 million and \$34.5 million as at June 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001, respectively, to conform to the presentation adopted during the current quarter.

Goodwill and integration liability

Following a review of the interpretation of the accounting treatment for the integration liability related to business acquisitions, the Company revised its initial purchase price allocation of IMRglobal Corp. ("IMRglobal") as of July 27, 2001. This revision resulted in a decrease of goodwill of \$17.0 million, a decrease of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$20.8 million and a decrease of future income tax asset of \$3.8 million for the period ended September 30, 2001.

Foreign currency translation adjustment

For the quarter ended December 31, 2001, CGI revised the calculation of the

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foreign currency translation adjustment for the goodwill conversion of its self-sustained foreign subsidiaries in order to use the current exchange rate as opposed to the historical rate. This revision has been applied to the foreign currency translation adjustment for the year ended September 30, 2001 to be consistent with the method used as of December 31, 2001. This modification has no impact on net earnings of the Company. As such, foreign currency translation adjustment and goodwill were both increased by \$21.2 million on the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at September 30, 2001.

Other Accounting Changes

On October 1, 2001, the Company adopted the new recommendations of the CICA Handbook Sections 1581, Business Combinations, and 3062, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. Under the revised Section 1581, all business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. Additionally, under the revised Section 3062, goodwill and intangible assets with an indefinite life will no longer be amortized to earnings and will be assessed for impairment on an annual basis in accordance with the new standards, including a transitional impairment test whereby any resulting impairment will be charged to opening retained earnings. In fiscal 2002, the effect of the non-amortization of goodwill will result in an increase in the consolidated net earnings of approximately \$28.8 million. The Company has completed the transitional impairment test and concluded that no goodwill impairment loss needs to be recorded.

The CICA recently issued Handbook Section 3870, Stock-Based Compensation and Other Stock-Based Payments. This new section, effective for fiscal years commencing on or after January 1, 2002, establishes standards for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of stock-based compensation made in exchange for goods and services. The section requires the use of the fair value method to account for awards to non-employees and direct awards of stock to employees and encourages, but does not require, the use of the fair value method to account for stock-based compensation costs arising from awards to employees. The new standard requires pro forma disclosures relating to net earnings and earnings per share figures as if the fair value method of accounting had been used. On April 1, 2002, the Company decided to early adopt the Handbook Section 3870 retroactively to October 1, 2001. The Company has chosen not to use the fair value method to account for stock-based compensation cost arising from awards to employees. The pro forma disclosures are presented in Note 3 of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Revenue

	3 months ended June 30, 2002	3 months ended June 30, 2001	3 months ended March 31, 2002
(in `000 of Canadian dollars)	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	553,355	398,495	531,901

Revenue for the third quarter of fiscal 2002 increased 38.9% to \$553.4 million, from \$398.5 million in the same quarter last year, and was up 4.0% sequentially over second quarter revenue of \$531.9 million. Year-over-year organic growth in the quarter of 9.0% was driven by a combination of new client wins, contract renewals, and meaningful add-

on projects from existing clients. Acquisitions made within the past year represented 29.9% year-over-year growth in the quarter. For the first nine months of fiscal 2002 ended June 30, 2002, revenue increased 45.5% to \$1,597.8 million, from \$1,098.5 million in the corresponding period of 2001.

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[pie chart omitted]	[pie chart omitted]	[pie chart omitted]
Contract Types	Geographic Markets	Targeted Verticals
A. Management of IT & business functions (Outsourcing) 71%	A. Canada 74%	A. Financial services
B. Systems integration & consulting 29%	B. US 20%	B. Telecommunications
	C. International 6%	C. Government
		D. Manufacturing, retail and distribution
		E. Utilities and services
		F. Healthcare

In the third quarter, the revenue mix by contract type, geographic markets and targeted verticals was essentially similar to the second quarter of this year. Long-term outsourcing contracts in the third quarter represented 71% of the Company's total revenue, including 15% from business

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
Third quarter ended June 30, 2002

process services, while project oriented systems integration and consulting ("SI&C") work represented 29%. Geographically, clients in Canada represented 74%; clients in the US represented 20%; and all other regions, 6%. Revenue from clients in the financial services sector remained strong, representing 41% of revenue; while telecommunications represented 26%; governments, 16%; manufacturing, retail and distribution ("MRD"), 14%; utilities and services, 2%; and healthcare, 1%. Year-over-year, a notable change in the mix by client geography is in the increasing proportion of revenue coming from outside Canada. In last year's third quarter, clients in Canada represented 82%; US represented 14% and all other regions, 4%. Another noteworthy year-over-year change is the increasing diversity of revenue by targeted vertical. While clients in the financial services sector have consistently represented 41% of total revenue, CGI has grown its presence in the government, MRD and healthcare sectors over the last year so that the telecom revenue, while consistent in absolute dollars, has declined as a percentage of total revenue from 34% in last year's third quarter to 26% in this third quarter.

Please see discussion of revenue on a segmented basis which follows in the section entitled "Segmented information" in this MD&A.

Operating Expenses

	3 months ended June 30, 2002	3 months ended June 30, 2001	3 months ended March 31, 2002
(in `000 of Canadian dollars)	\$	\$	\$
Total operating expenses	473,686	343,018	458,994

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The costs of services, selling and administrative expenses totaled \$469.3 million in the third quarter or 84.8% of revenue, compared to 85.5% of revenue in the second quarter and 85.2% in the third quarter of last year. Total operating expenses, including expenses associated with research, were \$473.7 million or 85.6% of revenue, an improvement from 86.3% in the second quarter and a slight improvement over last year's third quarter when they were 86.1%.

Earnings before depreciation and amortization of fixed assets, amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets, interest and income taxes ("EBITDA")¹ for the third quarter increased 43.6% to \$79.7 million, compared with \$55.5 million in the same quarter a year ago, and increased 9.3% on a sequential basis compared with \$72.9 million reported in the second quarter. The EBITDA margin improved to 14.4% in the third quarter, compared with 13.9% in last year's third quarter and 13.7% at the end of the second quarter.

Earnings before interest and income taxes ("EBIT") was \$62.4 million in the third quarter, up 42.2% over last year's third quarter EBIT of \$43.9 million and up 9.3% over second quarter EBIT of \$57.1 million. The EBIT margin improved to 11.3% for the quarter, compared with 10.7% in the second quarter and 11.0% in last year's third quarter. EBIT is meaningful because it more accurately reflects earnings after operating costs, including costs related to the amortization and depreciation of fixed assets and amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets was up slightly to \$9.7 million, compared to \$8.2 million in the previous year, but relatively unchanged from \$9.8 million in the second quarter. The year-over-year increase reflects the impact of including depreciation on the fixed assets from acquisitions made during the year. The relative stability in the depreciation between the second and third quarters is reflective of a reduced level of fixed asset acquisitions through either purchases or business acquisitions.

A review of the amortization and depreciation expense related to fixed assets and contract costs and other long-term assets revealed that, as at March 31, 2002, a reclassification of \$3.0 million was required between these two accounts. This reclassification was processed in the third quarter and did not affect EBITDA margins.

Amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets increased year-over-year to \$7.6 million from \$3.4 million in the prior year quarter, and increased slightly from \$6.1 million in the second quarter. The year-over-year and the quarter-over-quarter increases in the amortization of this charge are reflective of a license software agreement signed in the quarter to provide long-term outsourcing services to clients, integration costs incurred on new outsourcing contracts, as well as the value assigned to the client contracts of acquired businesses.

Income Taxes

The effective income tax rate in the third quarter was 41.9% compared with 44.4% in last year's third quarter and 41.6% in the second quarter. CGI expects next quarter's tax rate to be comparable to this quarter's, but this rate may vary based on the mix and performance of business by country or changes in tax law. The decrease, compared with the same period in the prior year, is a reflection of a reduction in the tax losses incurred by the Company's foreign subsidiaries, as well as a reduction in the Canadian statutory tax rate.

Amortization of Goodwill, Net of Income Taxes

Effective October 1, 2001, CGI stopped recording the amortization of goodwill, because of the new recommendations of the CICA Handbook, Sections 1581, Business Combinations, and 3062, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. See the impact in

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the section entitled "Other Accounting Changes" in this MD&A. As such, current net earnings and earnings before

 1 EBITDA is equal to operating earnings before depreciation and amortization. EBITDA is presented because it is a widely accepted financial indicator of a company's ability to service and incur debt. EBITDA should not be considered by an investor as an alternative to operating income or net income, as an indicator of operating performance or to the statement of cash flows or as a measure of liquidity. EBITDA as presented may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis Third quarter ended June 30, 2002

amortization of goodwill (cash net earnings) for periods before October 1, 2001 are equivalent. For purposes of clarity and ease of comparison, CGI compares net earnings results to cash net earnings figures provided in year-over-year comparisons. For fiscal 2002 sequential comparisons, CGI compares net earnings with net earnings.

Net Earnings

Net earnings in the third quarter increased 50.0% to \$36.5 million, against comparable cash net earnings of \$24.3 million in the same quarter a year ago, and were 9.9% higher sequentially, compared with \$33.2 million reported in the second quarter. Net earnings per share of \$0.10 for the quarter were up from cash net earnings per share of \$0.08 reported in last year's third quarter, and up from \$0.09 reported in the second quarter of fiscal 2002. This increase in earnings per share is despite a 31.0% year-over-year increase in the number of weighted average number of shares outstanding. The net margin improved to 6.6%, compared with 6.2% in the second quarter and 4.4% in the third quarter of fiscal 2001.

Net earnings for the first nine months increased 60.1% to \$100.3 million, from \$62.7 million in the same period one year ago. Basic net earnings per share of \$0.27 and diluted net earnings per share of \$0.26 in the period were up from basic and diluted cash net earnings per share of \$0.22 reported in the first nine months of 2001.

Segmented Information

CGI has three strategic business units ("SBU"): Canada and Europe, US and Asia Pacific and Business Process Services ("BPS"). CGI evaluates each SBU's performance and reports segmented information according to this structure (see Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements). Geographic data is understated to reflect data reported for the BPS SBU. The highlights for each segment in the third quarter are detailed below:

	3 months ended June 30, 2002	3 months ended June 30, 2001	3 mo e March 31,

(in `000 of Canadian dollars)	\$	\$	

Revenue			
Canada and Europe	465,901	347,045	439
US and Asia Pacific	72,104	37,184	80
BPS	23,453	19,456	22

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	3 months ended June 30, 2002	3 months ended June 30, 2001	3 mo e March 31,
(in `000 of Canadian dollars)	\$	\$	
Earnings before interest, income taxes and amortization of goodwill			
Canada and Europe	81,245	55,055	66
US and Asia Pacific	(4,432)	(5,474)	3
BPS	3,398	3,944	3

In the third quarter, revenue from the Canada and Europe SBU was \$465.9 million, up 34.2% over last year's third quarter, and up 5.9% sequentially. Revenue from the US and Asia Pacific SBU was \$72.1 million, up 93.9% compared to last year, but down 10.5% from the second quarter. Revenue reported by the BPS SBU was \$23.5 million, up 20.5% over last year and up 4.8% sequentially.

Earnings before interest, income taxes and amortization of goodwill for the Canada and Europe SBU were \$81.2 million, up 47.6% year-over-year and up 21.5% from the second quarter. In the US and Asia Pacific SBU, there was a loss before interest, income taxes and amortization of goodwill of \$4.4 million, an improvement over last year when the loss was \$5.5 million, but down sequentially from \$3.9 million in the second quarter. The BPS SBU reported earnings before interest, income taxes and amortization of goodwill of \$3.4 million, down 13.8% from the same period last year and down slightly from last quarter's \$3.7 million.

Canada was a major contributor to CGI's growth in the third quarter. CGI's position as a leading end-to-end IT services provider in this market, coupled with numerous strong client relationships and high customer satisfaction numbers, fueled strong growth. Revenue was driven by a combination of IT and business process outsourcing, and SI&C contracts wins, renewals and add-on projects. Growth in revenue, without a corresponding increase in overhead, resulted in good margin contribution. New contract wins in the government vertical were quite strong in the quarter and provided good growth as well.

In Europe, the improvement in results was driven largely by growth in the UK, especially SI&C contract wins. As expected, France was slightly softer, partly because of what is referred to as the Euro hangover--a phenomenon not unlike the slowdown in spending after Y2K. Planned improvements in France should result in a gradual positive effect quarter over quarter.

Overall, US operations improved as a result of a greater push towards a global operational model and adherence to CGI's standard management ratios. The integration of US operations has been completed under a global operations structure headed by Michael Roach, Chief Operating Officer, which should present additional opportunities for synergies.

In the US outsourcing space, CGI continued to better position itself to propose and win large IT and business process outsourcing contracts. CGI's current outsourcing contracts with US clients are going well and today represent almost 50% of the business generated in the US. CGI's long-term objective is to generate 75% of its US business from outsourcing. CGI believes it has made progress in building a presence and brand as an outsourcer, and in leveraging synergies with Canadian and global operations. CGI's strength and advantage are in the mid-tier or middle market, where interest in outsourcing is still growing. The Company remains confident that it will continue to make significant inroads in the US.

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CGI was affected negatively by the continued softness in the US market and the weak demand for systems integration and consulting services. The Company does not expect the SI&C

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Management's Discussion and Analysis Third quarter ended June 30, 2002

business in the US to return with any degree of strength before the second half of 2003, but does expect that its US operations will see a gradual improvement in margins.

The Business Process Services unit delivered a solid performance, realizing another quarter of strong renewals with clients. Another key achievement for the BPS SBU was the successful implementation of the first phase of a document management services contract with Arbella Insurance, however, start-up costs for this contract as well as a small reduction in ancillary consulting services provided to clients in the insurance management services area are partially responsible for the sequential decrease in contribution. CGI's credentials as a provider of business process services continue to grow and the Company's BPS offering continues to be well received by its client base, especially in the insurance sector.

Review of Balance Sheet

A discussion follows on line items of the balance sheet for which there was a significant variance over last quarter.

Accounts receivable were lower from the previous quarter by \$34.3 million due to the collection of the refundable tax credits related to E-Commerce Place for \$25.4 million. Days of sales outstanding ("DSO") improved to 54 days, compared with 58 days at the end of the last quarter. The impact of netting the accounts receivable with the deferred revenue for the month-end advance billing on outsourcing contracts reduced the DSO by 7 days and 8 days for the third quarter and the second quarter, respectively.

Prepaid expenses and other current assets were up mostly as a result of acquiring or renewing some annual enterprise license agreements that will be used in the delivery of services over the next year.

Contract costs and other long-term assets were up by \$88.7 million this quarter. This increase includes an amount of \$26.0 million for CGI's investment in its share of the joint venture Innovapost, as well as \$26.0 million which CGI paid to Canada Post as an incentive for the creation of the joint venture and the signing of a 10-year outsourcing contract. Approximately \$20 million of the increase reflects the acquisition of a five-year license agreement for certain software that will be used in the delivery of services to the Company's outsourcing clients. The balance represents future income tax adjustments in contract costs related to CGI's contracts with Fireman's Fund Insurance Company ("Fireman's Fund") and Innovapost and the value of various contracts acquired through acquisitions, offset by the amortization for the period. The future income tax adjustments in contract costs related to Fireman's Fund and Innovapost were also the primary drivers of the \$28.9 million increase in long-term future income taxes liability.

The long-term future income taxes asset was down by \$6.0 million sequentially, largely as a result of the revision of the integration provision and due to the adjustment of tax balances related to fixed assets after producing US and Canadian tax returns. This item was also influenced by regular variation of accounting versus tax amortization in the quarter.

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Goodwill was down by \$17.2 million in the quarter. The US goodwill that is in US dollars is translated using the quarter end currency exchange rate. The exchange rate variance between Canadian and US dollars resulted in a \$25.5 million decrease in the goodwill. This was offset in the retained earnings as part of the foreign currency translation account. In addition, an \$8.0 million decrease in goodwill resulted from the sale of the Japanese subsidiary. These reductions were partially offset by the goodwill recorded from the acquisitions in the current period.

Deferred revenue was down by 35.4% at the end of the quarter. This reflects a draw down related to the delivery of services prepaid by clients. In cases where the value of the work performed in the period is greater than the payments received and there are advance payments accumulated from prior periods, the deferred revenue is drawn down. During this period, on some of these contracts, the work performed was greater than the payments received.

Income taxes payable were up \$16.2 million sequentially and \$19.3 million year-over-year as a result of a payment related to E-Commerce Place for tax credits that was taxable when received and an increase in the profitability of CGI's Canadian operations.

Deferred credits and other long-term liabilities were down \$14.4 million, mainly reflecting a portion of discounts provided to Laurentian Bank of Canada, the Confederation des caisses populaires et d'economie Desjardins du Quebec and Fireman's Fund which were used in the quarter.

The foreign currency translation adjustment declined by \$26.6 million in the quarter reflecting the currency exchange rate differences for CGI's self-sustaining foreign subsidiaries. The Canadian currency rate vis-a-vis the US dollar increased to 1.5217 at the end of the third quarter, from 1.5852 at the beginning of the period. This decline in the foreign currency translation adjustment is not related to the accounting adjustment discussed earlier, which affected fiscal 2001 year-end numbers.

Analysis of Financial Condition and Cash Flows

	3 months ended June 30, 2002	3 months ended June 30, 2001	March
(in `000 of Canadian dollars)	\$	\$	
Cash provided by operating activities	69,809	101,863	
Cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(2,401)	22,765	
Cash used for investing activities	(98,277)	(98,004)	

Cash provided by operating activities in the third quarter totaled \$69.8 million, down \$32.1 million from the prior year third quarter, but up \$41.2 million from the previous quarter. The sequential increase reflects an improvement in working capital items and the increased profitability of the Company for the quarter. Working capital was driven by an improvement of four days in DSO, including the collection of the refundable tax credit on salaries, as well as an

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increase in the current income taxes payable resulting from this collection of the tax credit. Offsetting the improvement in working capital was cash used for purchasing the annual software licenses and a draw down in deferred revenue. Excluding the impact of the net change in working capital items, the cash provided by operating activities was relatively flat from the previous quarter.

Cash used for financing activities in the quarter was \$2.4 million, compared to \$22.8 million provided by financing activities in last year's third quarter and \$14.2 million used by financing activities in the second quarter. This quarter's use of cash represents the reduction of the principal from payments on capital leases and the currency exchange rate variation on US denominated debt. In last year's third quarter, the Company drew \$35.0 million of net advances under its credit facilities to partially finance the acquisitions and large outsourcing transactions that were closed during the quarter. In the second quarter of the current fiscal year, the amount outstanding under the credit facility was reduced by a \$15.0 million payment.

Cash used for investing activities of \$98.3 million in the third quarter largely reflected a \$26.0 million investment in the Company's joint venture, Innovapost, a \$26.0 million incentive payment to Canada Post, the purchase of a five-year software license, and cash used to acquire businesses and fixed assets. It was offset by proceeds received on the sale of the Japanese subsidiary.

Liquidity and Other Financial Resources

CGI maintains a strong balance sheet and cash position, which together with bank lines are sufficient to support the Company's growth strategy and represent a competitive strength when proposing on outsourcing contracts. At June 30, 2002, the total credit facility available amounted to \$218.4 million, essentially the same as in the last quarter.

	Total Commitment	Available at June 30, 2002	Outst June
(in `000 of Canadian dollars)	\$	\$	
Syndicated Credit Facility	225,000	192,748	
Lines of Credit (Bank of Montreal)	25,000	23,348	
Lines of Credit (BC Central Credit Union)	500	--	
Overdraft Authorization	2,283	2,283	

At June 30, 2002, cash and cash equivalents were \$122.9 million. The decrease in cash compared to the second quarter was due to the investments made in a joint venture with Canada Post, Innovapost, as well as acquisitions made during the quarter, but offset partially by the collection of the fiscal 2001 refundable tax credits related to E-Commerce Place.

Risks and Uncertainties

While management is optimistic about the Company's long-term prospects, the following risks and uncertainties should be considered when evaluating CGI's potential:

The competition for contracts--CGI has a highly disciplined approach to management of all aspects of its business, with an increasing proportion of its operations codified under ISO 9001 certified processes and in corporate manuals. These processes were developed to help CGI ensure that its employees deliver services consistently according to the Company's high standards and they are based on strong values underlying its client-focused culture. These processes

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contribute to CGI's high contract win rate and renewal rate. Additionally, the Company has developed a deep strategic understanding of the six economic sectors it targets, and this helps enhance its competitive position. CGI's critical mass and end-to-end IT services have qualified it to make proposals on large IT and business process services contracts across North America and in Europe.

The long sales cycle for major outsourcing contracts--The average sales cycle for large outsourcing contracts typically ranges from six to 18 months.

Foreign currency risk--The increased international business volume could expose CGI to greater foreign currency exchange risks, which could adversely impact its operating results. CGI has in place a hedging strategy to protect itself, to the extent possible, against foreign currency exposure.

Business mix variations--Following the merger with US-based IMRglobal in July 2001, the greater proportion of consulting and systems integration services in CGI's business mix, versus outsourcing, may result in greater quarterly revenue variations. However, CGI's efforts in the US are aimed at developing its capability to deliver an end-to-end IT outsourcing offering. As a result of this transition, CGI expects to increase the proportion of its outsourcing business, thus ensuring greater revenue visibility and predictability.

The availability and cost of qualified IT professionals--The high growth of the IT industry results in strong demand for qualified individuals. Over the years, CGI has been able to successfully staff for its needs thanks to its solid culture, strong values and emphasis on career development, as well as performance-driven remuneration. In addition, CGI has implemented a comprehensive program aimed at attracting and retaining qualified and dedicated professionals

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
Third quarter ended June 30, 2002

and today, the Company is a preferred employer in the IT services industry. CGI also secures access to additional qualified professionals through outsourcing contracts and business acquisitions.

The ability to successfully integrate business acquisitions and the operations of IT outsourcing clients--The integration of acquired operations has become a core competency for CGI, which has acquired a significant number of companies over the past 15 years. The Company's disciplined approach to management, largely based on its ISO 9001 certified management frameworks, has been an important factor in the successful integration of human resources of acquired companies and the IT operations of outsourcing clients. As at the end of fiscal 2001, the vast majority of CGI's operations had received ISO 9001 certification.

The ability to continue developing and expanding service offerings to address emerging business demand and technology trends--CGI remains at the forefront of developments in the IT services industry, thus ensuring that it can meet the evolving needs of its clients. The Company achieves the aforementioned through: its specialization in six targeted economic sectors, its non-exclusive commercial alliances with hardware and software vendors and strategic alliances with major partners, its development of proprietary IT solutions to meet the needs of clients, regular training and sharing of professional expertise across its network of offices, and business acquisitions that provide specific knowledge or added geographic coverage.

Material developments regarding major commercial clients resulting from such causes as changes in financial condition, mergers or business acquisitions--with the exception of BCE Inc., its subsidiaries and affiliates, no one company or

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group of related companies represents more than 10% of CGI's total revenue.

Potential liability if contracts are not successfully carried out--CGI has a strong record of successfully meeting or exceeding client needs. The Company takes a professional approach to business, and its contracts are written to clearly identify the scope of its responsibilities and to minimize risks.

Credit risk concentration with respect to trade receivables is limited due to the Company's large client base--The Company generates a significant portion of its revenue from a shareholder's subsidiaries and affiliates. Management does not believe that the Company is subject to any significant credit risk. The Company operates internationally and is exposed to market risks from changes in foreign currency rates. Other than the use of financial products to deliver on its hedging strategy, the Company does not trade derivative financial instruments.

Outlook

CGI expects to be able to deliver continued growth in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2002 and in fiscal 2003. The Company's strategy will continue to be based on a balanced mix of its four pillars of growth, namely organic growth through smaller contracts and projects, organic growth through large outsourcing contract wins, acquisitions and equity investments at the business unit level and large acquisitions.

CGI will continue to leverage its flexible outsourcing delivery model in order to secure IT and business process outsourcing contracts. CGI's solid balance sheet and liquidity position represent a strength when bidding on acquisitions and large outsourcing contracts. CGI is active in reviewing potential acquisition candidates to increase its critical mass in the US and Europe. The Company believes that there are many acquisition opportunities available, but remains committed to its financial, operational and cultural criteria, and will not sacrifice these for short term or potential gain.

Based on information known today about current market conditions and demand, seasonality typical of the summer quarter, and the adjustment made to comply with the Emerging Issues Task Force 01-9 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Company has narrowed its guidance for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2002. Base revenue for the year is expected to be between \$2.13 billion and \$2.15 billion, representing between 36% and 38% growth over fiscal 2001 results. Net earnings per share should be in the range of \$0.36 to \$0.37.

Margin improvement remains among CGI's most important financial objectives. Improvements during coming quarters will be driven by further synergies from large outsourcing contracts, ongoing integration of acquisitions and a gradual reduction in selling, general & administration expenses.

CGI will provide guidance for fiscal 2003 when reporting its fourth quarter results. Although still in the planning process for its fiscal year 2003, CGI expects to achieve double-digit rates of growth in the next year. This growth objective is before the effect of potential large outsourcing contracts or large acquisitions.

Forward-looking statements

All statements in this MD&A that do not directly and exclusively relate to historical facts constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of that term in Section 27A of the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These statements represent CGI Group Inc.'s intentions, plans, expectations, and beliefs, and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, of which many are beyond the control of the Company. These factors could cause actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements.

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These factors include and are not restricted to the timing and size of contracts, acquisitions and other corporate developments; the ability to attract and retain qualified employees; market competition in the rapidly-evolving information technology industry; general economic and business conditions, foreign exchange and other risks identified in the MD&A in

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Management's Discussion and Analysis
Third quarter ended June 30, 2002

CGI Group Inc.'s Annual Report or Form 40-F filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commissions, the Company's Annual Information Form filed with the Canadian securities authorities, as well as assumptions regarding the foregoing. The words "believe", "estimate", "expect", "intend", "anticipate", "foresee", "plan", and similar expressions and variations thereof, identify certain of such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date on which they are made. In particular, statements relating to future growth are forward-looking statements. CGI disclaims any intention or obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

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Consolidated Financial Statements of CGI Group Inc.
For the nine months ended June 30, 2002

Consolidated Statements of Earnings
(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

	Three months ended June	
	2002	2001
	\$	
Revenue	553,355	398,496
Operating expenses		
Costs of services, selling and administrative expenses	469,273	339,651
Research	4,413	3,366
	473,686	343,017
Earnings before the under-noted:	79,669	55,479
Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets	9,683	8,231
Amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets (Note 5)	7,591	3,366
	17,274	11,600
Earnings before the following items:	62,395	43,879

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Interest		
Long-term debt	(696)	(1,119)
Other	1,030	97
	334	(13)
Earnings before income taxes, entity subject to significant influence and amortization of goodwill	62,729	43,730
Income taxes	26,253	19,410
Earnings before entity subject to significant influence and amortization of goodwill	36,476	24,320
Entity subject to significant influence	--	--
Earnings before amortization of goodwill	36,476	24,320
Amortization of goodwill, net of income taxes	--	6,970
Net earnings	36,476	17,350
Weighted average number of outstanding Class A subordinate shares and Class B shares	380,103,092	290,069,810
Basic earnings per share before amortization of goodwill (Note 3)	0.10	0.08
Diluted earnings per share before amortization of goodwill (Note 3)	0.10	0.08
Basic earnings per share (Note 3)	0.10	0.08
Diluted earnings per share (Note 3)	0.10	0.08

Consolidated Statements of Retained Earnings
(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

	Three months ended June	
	2002	2001
	\$	
Retained earnings, beginning of period	305,944	208,700
Share issue costs (Note 3)	--	--
Net earnings	36,476	17,350
Retained earnings, end of period	342,420	226,050

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Consolidated Financial Statements of CGI Group Inc.
For the nine months ended June 30, 2002

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

As at June 30, 2002

\$

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Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	122,927
Accounts receivable	262,505
Income taxes	--
Work in progress	89,851
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	74,665
Future income taxes	14,009

	563,957
Fixed assets	132,548
Contract costs and other long-term assets	413,978
Future income taxes	25,201
Goodwill	1,102,855

	2,238,539

Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	265,074
Deferred revenue	38,332
Income taxes	19,249
Future income taxes	19,478
Current portion of long-term debt	5,676

	347,809
Future income taxes	81,358
Long-term debt	36,379
Deferred credits and other long-term liabilities	61,747

	527,293

Shareholders' equity	
Capital stock (Note 3)	1,331,246
Contributed surplus	211
Warrants and stock options (Note 3)	33,835
Retained earnings	342,420
Foreign currency translation adjustment	3,534

	1,711,246

	2,238,539

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Consolidated Financial Statements of CGI Group Inc.
For the nine months ended June 30, 2002

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(in thousands of Canadian dollars) (unaudited)

Three months ended June

2002

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\$

Operating activities		
Net earnings	36,476	17,34
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets	9,683	8,23
Amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets including amount presented as a reduction of revenue (Note 5)	14,855	9,00
Amortization of goodwill	--	7,33
Deferred credits and other long-term liabilities	(15,500)	--
Future income taxes	4,054	8,29
Foreign exchange loss	3,194	2,51
Entity subject to significant influence	--	--
Net change in working capital items	17,047	49,13
<hr/>		
Cash provided by operating activities	69,809	101,86
<hr/>		
Financing activities		
Net variation of credit facility	(926)	35,00
Decrease of other long-term debts	(1,815)	(12,24)
Issuance of shares	340	--
Share issue costs	--	--
<hr/>		
Cash (used for) provided by financing activities	(2,401)	22,76
<hr/>		
Investing activities		
Business acquisitions (net of cash) (Note 4)	(15,363)	(61,66)
Investment in a joint venture (Note 4)	(26,000)	--
Purchase of fixed assets	(12,699)	(10,45)
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary (Note 4)	10,365	--
Contract costs and other long-term assets	(54,580)	(25,88)
<hr/>		
Cash used for investing activities	(98,277)	(98,00)
<hr/>		
Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash held in foreign currencies	1,247	(1,50)
<hr/>		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(29,622)	25,12
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	152,549	28,19
<hr/>		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	122,927	53,31
<hr/>		
Interest paid	652	1,29
Income taxes paid	14,967	89
<hr/>		

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(tabular amounts only are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share data)
(unaudited)

Note 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies

These interim Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and notes thereto for the year ended September 30, 2001.

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These interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, using the same accounting policies as outlined in Note 2 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended September 30, 2001, except as noted below. Certain comparative figures in the Consolidated Financial Statements have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

On October 1, 2001, the Company adopted the new recommendations of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Sections 1581, Business Combinations, and 3062, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. Under the revised Section 1581, all business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method. Additionally, under Section 3062, goodwill and intangible assets with an indefinite life are no longer amortized to earnings and are assessed for impairment on an annual basis, including a transitional impairment test whereby any resulting impairment is charged to opening retained earnings. In fiscal 2002, the effect of the non-amortization of goodwill will result in an increase in the consolidated net earnings of approximately \$28,800,000. The Company has completed the transitional impairment test and concluded that no goodwill impairment charge needs to be recorded.

The CICA also issued Handbook Section 3870, Stock-Based Compensation and Other Stock-Based Payments. This new section, which is effective for fiscal years commencing on or after January 1, 2002, establishes standards for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of stock-based compensation made in exchange for goods and services. The section requires the use of the fair value method to account for awards to non-employees and direct awards of stock to employees and encourages, but does not require, the use of the fair value method to account for stock-based compensation costs arising from awards to employees. The new standard requires pro forma disclosure relating to net earnings and earnings per share figures as if the fair value method of accounting had been used. On April 1, 2002, the Company decided to early adopt the Handbook Section 3870 retroactively to October 1, 2001. The Company has chosen not to use the fair value method to account for stock-based compensation cost arising from awards to employees. The pro forma disclosure is presented in Note 3.

Note 2 - Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

Amortization of incentives related to outsourcing contracts

During the three months ended June 30, 2002, the Company modified the presentation of the amortization related to incentives granted on outsourcing contracts based on recently issued EITF 01-9, Accounting for consideration given by a vendor to a customer, by the Financial Accounting Standards Board. The amortization is now presented as a reduction of revenue as opposed to be shown as amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets. This modification has no impact on the net earnings of the Company. For comparative purposes, revenue of the three-month and the nine-month period ended June 30, 2001 were reduced by \$5,641,000 and \$13,813,000 respectively and amortization of contract costs has been reduced by an equivalent amount for both periods. Also, the adoption of this presentation resulted in a reduction of revenue for the three-month and nine-month period ended June 30, 2002 of \$7,264,000 and \$22,848,000 respectively.

Foreign currency translation adjustment

During the three months ended December 31, 2001, the Company revised the calculation of the foreign currency translation adjustment in order to use the current rate as opposed to the historical rate for the goodwill conversion of its self-sustained foreign subsidiaries. This revision has no impact on the net earnings of the Company. The effect of the change on the foreign currency translation adjustment and goodwill was to increase both accounts by \$21,197,000 in the Consolidated Balance Sheet as of September 30, 2001.

Accounts receivable and deferred revenue

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During the three months ended June 30, 2002, the Company's management changed the presentation related to accounts receivable and deferred revenue for the month-end advance billing on outsourcing contracts. Accordingly, accounts receivable and deferred revenue were respectively reduced by \$43,781,000 and \$34,511,000 as at June 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001 to conform to the presentation adopted during the current period.

Goodwill and integration liability

Following a review of the interpretation of the accounting treatment for the integration liability related to business acquisitions, the Company revised its initial purchase price allocation of IMRglobal Corp. ("IMRglobal") as of July 27, 2001, as follows: decreases in goodwill of \$17,027,000, in future income taxes asset of \$3,783,000 and in integration liability of \$20,810,000.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(tabular amounts only are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share data)
(unaudited)

Note 3 - Capital stock, stock options and warrants

Capital stock - Class A subordinate shares carrying one vote per share, participating equally with Class B shares with respect to the payment of dividends and convertible into Class B shares under certain conditions in the event of certain takeover bids on Class B shares.

Class B shares, carrying 10 votes per share, participating equally with Class A subordinate shares with respect to the payment of dividends and convertible at any time at the option of the holder into Class A subordinate shares.

Stock options - Under a Stock option plan for certain employees and directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, the Board of Directors may grant, at its discretion, options to purchase company stock to certain employees and directors of the Company and of its subsidiaries. The exercise price is established by the Board of Directors but may not be lower than the average closing price for Class A subordinate shares over the five business days preceding the date of grant. Options generally vest one to three years from the date of the grant and must be exercised within a 10-year period, except in the event of retirement, termination of employment or death.

Had compensation cost been determined using the fair value method at the day of grant for awards granted since October 1, 2001 under this stock option plan, the Company's pro forma net earnings, basic and diluted earnings per share would have been \$35,301,000, \$0.09 and \$0.09, respectively, for the three-month period ended June 30, 2002 and would have been \$97,189,000, \$0.26 and \$0.25 respectively for the nine-month period ended June 30, 2002. These pro forma amounts include a compensation cost based on a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$4.47 per stock option for 1,051,267 stock options granted during the nine-month period ended June 30, 2002, as calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 4.65%, dividend yield of 0.0%, expected volatility of 48.3% and expected life of five years. The pro forma disclosure omits the effect of awards granted before October 1, 2001.

In connection with a business acquisition where outstanding stock options of the acquiree became options to acquire CGI Class A subordinate shares, the Company recorded 3,357,962 out of 8,424,502 options for a consideration of \$16,519,000 representing the estimated fair value of the outstanding vested stock options of the acquiree at the date of acquisition.

Warrants - In connection with the signing of a strategic outsourcing contract

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and of a business acquisition, the Company granted warrants entitling the holders to subscribe to up to 5,118,210 Class A subordinate shares. The exercise prices were determined using the average closing price for Class A subordinate shares at a date and for a number of days around the respective transaction dates. The warrants vest upon signature of the contracts or date of business acquisition and have an exercise period of five years. As at June 30, 2002, there were 5,118,210 warrants issued and outstanding, 4,000,000 of which are exercisable at a price of \$6.55 per share and expire April 30, 2006 and the remaining 1,118,210 are exercisable at a price of \$8.88 per share expiring June 13, 2006. The fair values of the warrants were estimated at their respective grant dates at \$19,655,000 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 4.9%, dividend yield of 0.0%, expected volatility of 57.7% and expected life of five years.

In addition to the warrants to purchase up to 5,118,210 Class A subordinate shares referred to above and issued in connection with the signing of a strategic outsourcing contract and of a business acquisition (the "Initial Warrants"), CGI issued to the Majority Shareholders and BCE warrants (the "Pre-emptive Rights Warrants") to subscribe in the aggregate up to 3,865,014 Class A subordinate shares and 697,044 Class B shares pursuant to the exercise of their pre-emptive rights contained in the articles of incorporation of CGI, with substantially similar terms and conditions as those of the Initial Warrants. The Pre-emptive Rights Warrants may be exercised by BCE and the Majority Shareholders only to the extent that the holders of the Initial Warrants exercise such Initial Warrants.

Furthermore, subject to regulatory approval, the Company has undertaken in favour of a holder of Initial Warrants to purchase up to 4,000,000 Class A subordinate shares to issue promptly after April 30, 2006 (the "Expiration Date") replacing warrants (the "Extended Warrants") to purchase Class A subordinate shares equal to the number of Class A subordinate shares not purchased by such holder under terms of the Initial Warrants on the Expiration Date. The Extended Warrants will have substantially similar terms and conditions as those of the Initial Warrants, except for the exercise price which will be based upon the closing price of the Class A subordinate shares on the Toronto Stock Exchange on the date preceding the issuance of the Extended Warrants.

The following table presents information concerning capital stock issued and paid, stock options and warrants as at June 30, 2002:

Number of shares issued and paid

Class A subordinate shares	339
Class B shares	40
<hr/>	
Total capital stock	380
Number of stock options (Class A subordinate shares) - Accounted for	2
Number of stock options (Class A subordinate shares) - Not accounted for	20
Number of warrants (Class A subordinate shares) - Accounted for	5
Number of warrants (Class A subordinate shares and Class B shares) - Not accounted for	4
<hr/>	
Number of shares reflecting the potential exercise of stock options and warrants	412
<hr/>	

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(tabular amounts only are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share data)
(unaudited)

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Note 3 - Capital stock, stock options and warrants (cont'd)

As at June 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001, (after giving retroactive effect of the subdivision of the Company's shares that occurred on August 12, 1997, December 15, 1997, May 21, 1998 and January 7, 2000), the Class A subordinate shares and the Class B shares changed as follows:

	Class A subordinate shares	
	Number	Amount
Balance, beginning of period	327,032,717	1,143,8
Issued for cash (1)	11,110,000	124,9
Issued as consideration for business acquisitions (Note 4)	210,739	2,2
Options exercised	1,015,674	5,9
Balance, end of period	339,369,130	1,277,0

	Class A subordinate shares	
	Number	Amount
Balance, beginning of period	240,755,667	490,6
Issued for cash (1)	--	--
Issued as consideration for business acquisitions (Note 4)	85,835,178	651,0
Options exercised	441,872	2,2
Balance, end of period	327,032,717	1,143,8

The following table presents information concerning stock options and warrants accounted for as at June 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001:

	Stock options		
	Number	Amount	Number
		\$	
Balance, beginning of period	3,139,943	15,446	5,118,2
Granted as consideration for business acquisitions	--	--	--
Exercised	(257,417)	(1,266)	--
Balance, end of period	2,882,526	14,180	5,118,2

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	Stock options		
	Number	Amount	Num
		\$	
Balance, beginning of period	--	--	
Granted as consideration for business acquisitions	3,357,962	16,519	5,118,2
Exercised	(218,019)	(1,073)	
	3,139,943	15,446	5,118,2

The following table presents information concerning all stock options granted to certain employees and directors by the Company as at June 30, 2002 and September 30, 2001:

Number of options	June 30, 2002
Outstanding, beginning of period	21,083,909
Granted	1,051,267
Granted as consideration for business acquisitions	--
Exercised	(758,257)
Forfeited and expired	(1,144,095)
Outstanding, end of period	20,232,824

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(tabular amounts only are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share data)
(unaudited)

Note 3 - Capital stock, stock options and warrants (cont'd)

Earnings per share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three and nine months ended June 30, 2002 and 2001:

	2002			Net earnings (numerator)
	Net earnings (numerator)	Number of shares (denominator)	Per share amount	
	\$		\$	\$
Net earnings available to common shareholders	36,476	380,103,092	0.10	17,340
Dilutive options		1,646,211		
Dilutive warrants		1,547,793		
Net earnings available to common shareholders and				

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assumed conversions	36,476	383,297,096	0.10	17,340
			2002	
	Net earnings (numerator)	Number of shares (denominator)	Per share amount	Net earnings (numerator)
	\$		\$	\$
Net earnings available to common shareholders	100,275	376,338,350	0.27	42,968
Dilutive options		3,192,112		
Dilutive warrants		2,829,265		
Net earnings available to common shareholders and assumed conversions	100,275	382,359,727	0.26	42,968

Note 4 - Investments in subsidiaries and a joint venture

During the nine months ended June 30, 2002, the Company made four acquisitions for considerations ranging between \$3,000,000 and \$7,000,000 for a grand total of \$21,838,000. The Company began recording the results of operations of these entities at their respective effective acquisition dates. In all cases the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding shares, except in one case where the assets were acquired. Also, during the nine months ended June 30, 2002, the Company divested from one of its investments.

The acquisitions were accounted for using the purchase method and the total initial purchase price allocation is as follows:

	\$
Non cash working capital items	(314)
Future income taxes	349
Fixed assets	1,109
Contract costs and other long-term assets	1,279
Goodwill (1)	19,297
	21,720
Cash position at acquisition	118
Net assets acquired	21,838
Consideration	
Cash (including acquisition cost)	16,782
Balance of purchase price	2,795
Issuance of 210,739 Class A subordinate shares (2)	2,261
	21,838

(1) Of the \$19,297,000 allocated as goodwill, \$7,437,000 is deductible for tax purposes. Of the total goodwill amount, \$10,838,000 is included in the US and Asia Pacific strategic business unit and the remaining \$8,459,000 is included in the Canada and Europe strategic business unit.

(2) The per share value of the shares issued as consideration for one of the

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business acquisitions was determined using the average closing share price for a number of days before and after the announcement date of the agreement.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(tabular amounts only are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share data)
(unaudited)

Note 4 - Investments in subsidiaries and a joint venture (cont'd)

In addition, AGTI Consulting Services Inc., in which the Company holds a 49% interest, increased its interest in one of its own subsidiaries.

During the three months ended June 30, 2002, the Company finalized the purchase price allocation of assets and liabilities of Confederation des caisses populaires et d'economie Desjardins du Quebec used in data and micro-computing of Mouvement des caisses Desjardins operations acquired on May 1, 2001. From the initial purchase price allocation as per Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended September 30, 2001, this assessment resulted in a decrease of the direct costs accrual of \$2,864,000, a decrease of goodwill of \$1,805,000 and a decrease of future income taxes asset of \$1,059,000.

Furthermore, in the three months ended March 31, 2002, the Company reviewed the purchase price allocation of IMRglobal acquired on July 27, 2001. From the initial purchase price allocation as per Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended September 30, 2001, the reclassification resulted in an increase of contract costs and other long-term assets of \$7,577,000, a decrease of goodwill of \$4,925,000 and a decrease of future income taxes asset of \$2,652,000.

Continuity of acquisition and integration liability for IMRglobal

	Restated Balance as at September 30, 2001	Paid during the n ended Jun
	\$	
Professional fees	2,834	
Consolidation and closure of facilities	12,446	
Severance	11,700	
Other	1,655	
	28,635	

On April 17, 2002, the Company sold its Japanese operations for a cash consideration of \$10,365,000 (previously reported at \$9,449,000, as per Note 5 - Subsequent event of the interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2002), with no resulting gain.

In May 2002, the Company acquired, for a cash consideration of \$26,000,000, a 49% interest in a newly created joint venture, Innovapost. The Company also made, through Innovapost, an incentive payment of \$26,000,000 in favor of Canada Post Corporation for the signing of a 10-year outsourcing contract. The aggregate consideration paid out of \$52,000,000 by the Company was treated as contract costs for accounting purposes and will be amortized over the length of

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the contract.

Note 5 - Supplementary contract costs and other long-term assets information

The following table presents information concerning the amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets including the amortization presented as a reduction of revenue as described in Note 2:

	Three months ended June 30	
	2002	2001
	\$	\$
Amortization presented as a reduction of revenue	7,264	5,641
Amortization presented as an expense	7,591	3,368
Total amortization of contract costs and other long-term assets	14,855	9,009

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(tabular amounts only are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except share data)
(unaudited)

Note 6 - Segmented information

Effective October 1, 2001, the Company changed its organizational structure. The Company has three strategic business units ("SBU"), organized according to the following breakdown: Canada and Europe, US and Asia Pacific, and Business Process Services ("BPS"). The Company evaluates each SBU's performance under this structure and reports segmented information on that basis.

The following presents information on the Company's operations based on its new organizational structure.

As at and for the three months ended June 30, 2002	Canada and Europe	US and Asia Pacific	BPS	Corporate expenses progrn
	\$	\$	\$	
Revenue	465,901	72,104	23,453	
Operating expenses	371,168	74,804	18,758	17,
Earnings before the under-noted:				
Depreciation and amortization	94,733	(2,700)	4,695	(17,
	13,488	1,732	1,297	
Earnings before interest, income taxes and amortization of goodwill	81,245	(4,432)	3,398	(17,
Total assets	1,260,898	721,932	94,149	161,

As at and for the three months ended
June 30, 2001

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Revenue	347,044	37,184	19,456	
Operating expenses	282,005	42,307	14,797	9,
Earnings before the under-noted:	65,039	(5,123)	4,659	(9,
Depreciation and amortization	9,984	351	715	
Earnings before interest, income taxes and amortization of goodwill	55,055	(5,474)	3,944	(9,
Total assets	1,012,348	129,215	80,719	83,

As at and for the nine months ended
June 30, 2002

Revenue	1,329,568	245,694	65,944	
Operating expenses	1,086,596	239,949	51,161	42,
Earnings before the under-noted:	242,972	5,745	14,783	(42,
Depreciation and amortization	38,637	5,526	3,142	1,
Earnings before interest, income taxes and amortization of goodwill	204,335	219	11,641	(44,
Total assets	1,260,898	721,932	94,149	161,

As at and for the nine months ended
June 30, 2001

Revenue	957,785	111,587	56,113	
Operating expenses	786,224	126,646	43,197	26,
Earnings before the under-noted:	171,561	(15,059)	12,916	(26,
Depreciation and amortization	25,672	1,033	2,204	1,
Earnings before interest, income taxes, entity subject to significant influence and amortization of goodwill	145,889	(16,092)	10,712	(27,
Total assets	1,012,348	129,215	80,719	83,

Note 7 - Subsequent event

On July 9, 2002, the Company acquired the assets of IMPLETECH International Inc. for a total consideration of \$2,100,000.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CGI GROUP INC.

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(Registrant)

Date: August 23, 2002

By /s/ Paule Dore

Name: Paule Dore

Title: Executive Vice President
and Chief Corporate Officer
and Secretary