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STRATESEC INC
Form 10KSB40
April 02, 2001

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000

Commission File Number 1-13427

STRATESEC INCORPORATED
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	22-2817302 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
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7544 Fullerton Court Springfield, Virginia (Address of principal executive offices)	22153 (Zip Code)
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Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (703) 912-9993

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Class	Name of Exchange
Common Stock, \$.01 par value	American Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES X . NO .

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [x]

The aggregate market value of the registrant's Common Stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of March 29, 2000 (computed by reference to the closing price of such stock on the American Stock Exchange) was \$14,382,149.

As of March 29, 2001 there were 10,272,964 shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

DOCUMENT

WHERE INCORPORATED

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Portions of the Registrant's definitive Proxy Statement
regarding the 2001 Annual Meeting of Stockholders

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STRATESEC Incorporated

FORM 10-K

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Part I

Item 1. Business.

General

The Company is a single-source provider of comprehensive technology-based security solutions for medium and large commercial and government facilities in the United States and abroad. The Company offers a broad range of services, including: (i) consulting and planning; (ii) engineering and design; (iii) systems integration; and (iv) maintenance and technical support. This full range of capabilities enables the Company to provide its clients with any combination of these services or complete turnkey solutions for complex security projects. The solutions provided by the Company include integrated security systems comprised of a command center managing one or more subsystems or components, primarily access control systems, intrusion detection systems, closed circuit television systems, critical condition monitoring systems and fire detection systems. The Company is not aware of any other company whose primary business is to provide this comprehensive range of services on a national basis.

The Company serves more than 50 clients including airports, hospitals, prisons, corporations, utilities, universities and government facilities. These clients include Dallas Fort Worth Airport, Nokia, AutoFina, the Hearst Corporation, EDS, Wachovia Bank, MCI WorldCom, Inc. and Alltel Corporation. In addition, in December of 2000 the Company added a Government Division. The Government Division also provides the same full range of security systems services as the Commercial Division. The Company has an open-ended contract with the General Services Administration (GSA) and a Blanket Purchase Agreement (BPA) with the agency that allows the government to purchase materials and services from the Company without having to go through a full competition. The Government Division has completed projects for the U.S. Military and several other government agencies throughout the world. These projects often require state-of-the-art security solutions for classified or high-risk government sites. The clients include the U.S. Army, U.S. Navy, U.S. Airforce, and the Department of Justice.

The Company began operations in 1987 in association with a large privately held engineering firm. In 1992, the Company became independent from the engineering firm in conjunction with a capital infusion from a private investment group. Since 1992, the Company has devoted a substantial amount of resources and capital to enhancing its technical capability and services offerings, hiring and training key personnel and expanding its client base. In the fourth quarter of 2000 the Company merged with Security Systems Integration (SSI) through an exchange of stock. This transaction added a very strong Government Division to the Company. In addition to its headquarters office in Springfield, Virginia, which is in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area, the Company has regional offices in Atlanta and Dallas and Sacramento, California.

Integrated Security Systems

Integrated security systems are comprised of one or more subsystems and components that perform a variety of security functions for a facility or group of facilities under the direction of a single command center. The command center consists of a central processor, a common database and software that enable various subsystems and components to communicate with each other and integrate the subsystems and components into a single system. Subsystems and components consist primarily of the following:

Access control systems, which are designed to exclude unauthorized personnel from specified areas and provide access control that is typically card-activated. Entry and exit activity can be monitored or recorded and may be

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controlled on the basis of time and authority level.

Intrusion detection systems, which incorporate ultrasonic, infrared, microwave and other sensors to detect unauthorized door and window openings, glass breakage, vibration, motion and noise, and alarms and other peripheral equipment.

Closed circuit television systems, which monitor and record entry and exit activity or provide surveillance of designated areas. These systems can deter theft and vandalism and support other access control systems. They can be monitored either by a video recorder or by a monitoring screen.

Critical condition monitoring systems, which provide supervision of various systems and processes such as sprinkler systems, heating and refrigeration systems, power levels, water levels and general manufacturing processes.

Fire detection systems, which incorporate heat, ionization, smoke and flame sensing devices, manual pull stations, evacuation sounders and systems, sprinkler systems and elevator controls.

The Company's Services

The Company offers a full range of security services, consisting of: (i) consulting and planning; (ii) engineering and design; (iii) systems integration; and (iv) maintenance and technical support. At the beginning of each new client relationship, the Company designates one of its professional staff as the client service contact. This individual is the focal point for communications between the Company and the client and often acts as the client's project manager for all of its security needs. The Company's engagement may include one or more of the elements described below.

Consulting and Planning. Security consulting and planning are the initial phases of determining a security solution for a project. The Company has developed a planning process that identifies all systems, policies and procedures that are required for the successful operation of a security system that will both meet a client's current needs and accommodate its projected future requirements. The Company's consulting and planning process includes the following steps:

Identify the client's objectives and security system requirements

Review the existing security system plan

Survey the site, including inventory of physical components and software and evaluation of client's existing infrastructure and security system

Identify and prioritize the client's vulnerabilities

Develop and evaluate system alternatives

Recommend a conceptual security plan design

Estimate the cost of implementing the conceptual plan

Develop a preliminary implementation schedule

As a result of this process, the Company provides the client with a master plan for security services which recommends an effective security solution that addresses routine operating needs as well as emergency situations. The Company believes that its comprehensive planning process enables its clients to budget for their security requirements on a long-term basis, identify

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opportunities for cost reduction and prepare for future risks.

Engineering and Design. The engineering and design process involves preparation of detailed project specifications and working drawings by a team of the Company's engineers, systems designers and computer-aided design system operators. These specifications and drawings detail the instrument sensitivity requirements, layout of the control center, placement of equipment and electrical requirements. Throughout the engineering and design process, the Company utilizes its expertise in advanced technologies and its understanding of its client's operational preferences to design a system that is functional, cost-effective and accommodates the client's present and future requirements. In addition, the Company attempts to incorporate its client's existing personnel, equipment and other physical resources into the system design.

When retained as a single-source provider for turnkey security solutions, the Company also selects the system components required under the specifications and drawings it has prepared. To the extent possible, the Company uses off-the-shelf equipment to minimize the cost of developing custom equipment. The Company has made a strategic decision not to represent any equipment manufacturer exclusively, thereby maintaining objectivity and flexibility in equipment selection. The Company believes that its technical proficiency with the products of a wide range of manufacturers enables it to select components that will best meet a project's requirements.

Systems Integration. Systems integration involves (i) equipment procurement; (ii) custom systems modeling and fabrication; (iii) facility installation; (iv) hardware, software and network integration; and (v) system validation and testing. In addition to these basic integration services, the Company provides engineering services to enhance the compatibility of the client's subsystems. The Company prepares technical documentation of the system and operations manuals and provides on-site training to client personnel.

Under the supervision of a project manager, the Company's technicians conduct hardware installation, hardware and software integration, system validation and testing. The aspects of systems integration that do not require a high level of technical expertise, such as wire installation and basic construction, are typically performed by the Company's subcontractors.

Maintenance and Technical Support. The Company provides maintenance and technical support services on a scheduled, on-call, or emergency basis. These services include developing and implementing maintenance programs both for security systems designed, engineered, or integrated by the Company and for existing systems.

Maintenance services offered by the Company include its EMS, a database used by the Company to effectively manage a security system's components, maintenance planning and scheduling, and costs. The system configuration function monitors system activity and capacity, and identifies the need to reconfigure or expand the system. The system maintenance function schedules and records maintenance activity, and identifies equipment replacement and upgrading requirements.

Marketing

The Company's marketing activities are conducted on both national and regional levels. The Company obtains engagements through existing contract vehicles with commercial and government organizations, direct negotiation with

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clients, competitive bid processes and referrals. At the national level, the Company conducts analyses of various government agencies and industries and targets those with significant potential demand for security solutions. At a regional level, under the supervision of senior management, each office develops and implements a marketing plan for its region. The plan identifies prospective clients within the region and sets forth a strategy for developing relationships with them. Each regional office works with the headquarters office in expanding relationships with existing national, commercial and government clients to include facilities within the region.

The Company has identified several key industries or facility types that it believes have substantial and increasing requirements for security services, including telecommunication and technology companies, corporate complexes and industries and facilities for which security systems are required by regulation. The Company has developed expertise in the security regulations applicable to airports, pharmaceutical companies, prisons and nuclear utilities, military chemical demilitarization facilities, U.S. Military installation facilities and classified government facilities.

The Company's marketing strategy emphasizes developing long-term relationships with clients that have multiple facilities and complex security requirements so that the Company can continue to provide services over a recurring basis after the initial contract. The Company undertakes significant pre-assessment of a prospective client's needs before an initial contact is made. A long-term relationship typically begins with an engagement to provide consulting and planning or maintenance and technical support services. Consulting and planning assignments place the Company in an advantageous position, often as the client's project manager, to be engaged to implement the plan ultimately adopted by the client. Engagements for maintenance and technical support enable the Company to identify new requirements as they arise and to offer its solutions to such requirements. In the Government Division, the Company has developed strong relationships and open-ended contract vehicles that allow the Company to provide recurring services to its customers for several years. AS a result of successful performance, the Company receives positive references and referrals from its existing customers to new government customers.

The Company employs a variety of pricing strategies for its services. Proposals for consulting services are priced based on an estimate of hours multiplied by standard rates. Systems integration engagements are priced based upon the estimated cost of the components of the engagement, including subcontractors and equipment, plus a profit margin. Pricing for engineering and maintenance services vary widely depending on the scope of the specific project and the length of engagement. All proposals are reviewed by the Company's senior management.

Many projects require that the primary contractor obtain a performance bond in the amount of the contract. The amount of bonding that the Company is able to obtain depends upon the level of its working capital and net worth. The Company believes that prior to the initial public offering of its common stock in October 1997, its ability to compete for larger projects as a primary or independent contractor, rather than through a joint venture or subcontract arrangement, was constrained by its inability to obtain adequate bonding. The Company has since secured bonding with a major surety that will enable it to bid as a primary contractor on larger contracts.

Clients

During the past three years the Company has provided services to approximately 90 clients, including airports, hospitals, prisons, corporations, utilities, universities and government facilities. The Company's clients have included the following:

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Airports and Aviation

Fresno Airport
United Airlines
Washington-Dulles International Airport
Washington Reagan National Airport
Yuma International Airport
Seattle-Tacoma Airport
Dallas Fort Worth Airport

Corporations

AT&T
EDS
Gillette Corporation
Hewlett-Packard Company
Lazard Freres
Lucent Technologies
Mary Kay Cosmetics
MCI WorldCom, Inc.
Mobil Corporation
NationsBank
US WEST
Wachovia Bank
Alltel Corporation
Koch Industries
Nokia
Fina Oil and Gas Company
Kodak
Amtrak
Hearst Corporation
Kaiser Permanente

Government

Los Alamos National Laboratory
Sandia National Laboratory
Tennessee Valley Authority
U.S. Department of Energy
U.S. Navy
U.S. Army
U.S. Department of Justice

Other

City of Baltimore Central
Booking and Intake Facility
Moscow Local Telephone System
New York City's World Trade Center
Rostelecom
Rowan County (N.C.) Prison
Washington Metropolitan
Area Transit Authority

During 2000, the U.S. Army, MCI WorldCom, Inc. ("MCI"), and Nokia accounted for 29%, 19%, and 13% of the Company's earned revenues, respectively. The loss of a significant portion of the revenue from any of these clients would need to be replaced to avoid a material adverse effect upon the Company's business, operating results and financial condition. Although the U.S. Army and MCI WorldCom accounted for a substantial portion of the Company's revenue, work performed for them was comprised of multiple projects at numerous different facilities. The Company has diversified its client base by adding a strong Government Division and by winning several new clients regionally and nationally. The revenues from new clients are expected to more than replace any reduction in revenue from the existing clients.

Competition

The security industry is highly competitive. The Company competes on a local, regional and national basis with systems integrators, consulting firms and engineering and design firms. The Company believes that it is the only provider that focuses solely on its comprehensive range of security services to government and commercial clients on a national basis. As a result, the Company competes with different companies depending upon the nature of the project and the services being offered. For example, the Company has competed with ADT, Systems Technology Group (STG) and Mosler for systems integration work, and Lockwood Greene and Holmes & Narver for consulting and planning and engineering and design work. Many of its competitors have greater name recognition and financial resources than the Company. The Company may face future competition from potential new entrants into the security industry and increased competition from existing competitors that may attempt to develop the ability to offer the

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full range of services offered by the Company. The Company believes that competition is based primarily on the ability to deliver solutions that effectively meet a client's requirements and, to a lesser extent and primarily in competitive bid situations, on price. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to compete successfully in the future against existing or potential competitors.

Backlog

The Company's backlog consists of confirmed orders, including the balance of projects in process. The backlog also includes projects for which the Company has been notified it is the successful bidder even though a binding agreement has not been executed. Projects for which a binding contract has not been executed may be canceled at any time. Binding contracts may also be subject to cancellation or postponement, although cancellation generally obligates the client to pay the costs incurred by the Company. Long-term maintenance contracts may be canceled without cause. As of December 31, 1999 and 2000, the Company's backlog was approximately \$6.7 million and \$6.75 million, respectively. Backlog as of December 31, 2000, includes projects having a value of approximately \$2.5 million for which binding contracts have not been executed and all backlog is expected to be completed during 2001. Backlog orders as of any particular date may not be indicative of actual operating results for any fiscal period. There can be no assurance that any amount of backlog will be realized. In addition to backlog, the Company has potential follow-on projects with its existing customers of another \$19.7 million. These are projects which the Company has been informed that are likely to happen over the next 12 to 24 months.

Employees

As of December 31, 2000, the Company had 87 employees, of which 40 were based in the Company's headquarters located in Springfield, Virginia. The balance work out of the company's regional offices. Thirteen of the Company's employees are engaged exclusively in marketing and sales, 60 employees in engineering, project management, and technical functions, and 14 employees in executive management and administration. None of the Company's employees are represented by a labor union and the Company believes its employee relations are good.

Intellectual Property

The Company has developed its Engineered Maintenance System (EMS), a database system used by the Company to effectively manage a security system's components, maintenance planning and scheduling, and costs. In addition to EMS, the Company is developing command center software that permits the integration of multi-vendor security systems into a unified, integrated system.

Insurance

The Company maintains in force commercial umbrella liability insurance with coverage of \$10 million per occurrence and \$10 million in the aggregate, with a \$10,000 deductible. The Company also maintains a \$1.0 million insurance policy to cover any error or omission by the Company that may result in a breach of a security system designed, installed, maintained, or engineered by the Company. There is no assurance that the amount of insurance carried by the Company would be sufficient to protect it fully in the event of a significant liability claim; however the Company believes that the amounts and coverages of

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its insurance are reasonable and appropriate for its business operations. There is no assurance that such insurance will continue to be available on commercially reasonable terms, and the Company may elect not to retain liability insurance at any time.

Item 2. Properties.

The Company's headquarters office is located in Springfield, Virginia, which is in the Washington, D.C. metropolitan area. In addition, the Company leases between approximately 2,000 and 4,000 square feet of office space in each of the Atlanta, Dallas, and Sacramento metropolitan areas to support its regional operations. The Company believes that its facilities are adequate and suitable for its current operations, and that additional space is readily available if needed to support future growth.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

There are no outstanding suits in which the Company is a defendant. There are certain disputes with vendors arising from the normal conduct of business which if not resolved could result in litigation. Management does not believe the resolution of any litigation arising from such suits will materially affect the reported financial position of the Company.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

No matters were submitted to a vote of the stockholders of the Company during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year covered by this Report.

Part II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters.

The Company's Common Stock is traded on the American Stock Exchange under the symbol SFT. The following table sets forth the quarterly range of high and low closing sale prices per share for the Common Stock during the periods indicated.

	High	Low
1999		
First Quarter.....	2 3/8	1 1/2
Second Quarter.....	1 7/10	1 1/5
Third Quarter.....	1 3/4	1
Fourth Quarter.....	1 9/10	1
2000		
First Quarter.....	4 1/8	2
Second Quarter.....	3 7/8	1 7/8
Third Quarter.....	3	2
Fourth Quarter.....	2 5/8	1 1/16
2001		
First Quarter (through March 23, 2001).....	2 3/4	2

The Company has not paid any cash dividends on its Common Stock since its formation. It presently intends to retain its earnings for use in its

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business and therefore does not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. The payment of any future dividends will be determined by the Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including the Company's earnings, financial condition and requirements, restrictions in financing agreements, business conditions, and other factors. As of March 29, 2001, there were 150 holders of record of common stock.

In the third quarter of 1999, the Company issued 620,000 shares of its common stock in exchange for \$930,000 principal amount of its 10% senior notes due December 31, 1999 at a conversion price of \$1.50 per share. In the fourth quarter of 1999 and the first quarter of 2000, the Company completed a private placement of 1,204,855 shares of its common stock to a limited number of sophisticated and/or accredited investors at a price of \$1.50 per share for aggregate cash proceeds of \$1,807,282. In the first quarter of 2000, the Company sold 700,000 shares of its common stock to a company at a price of \$1.50 per share for aggregate proceeds of \$1,050,000 consisting of cash of \$500,000 and a note payable of \$550,000. In the fourth quarter of 2000, the Company issued 1,650,000 shares of stock and reissued 350,000 shares of treasury stock in connection with the Company's merger with Security Systems Integrations, Inc. (SSI). Each of these transactions was exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Act") pursuant to section 4(2) of the Act because they did not involve a public offering of securities.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

The selected financial data presented below (in thousands, except for per share data) should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of the Company and Managements' Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations included elsewhere in this report.

	Year Ended December 31, 1999	2000
	-----	-----
	(in thousands)	
Statement of Operations Data:		
Revenue.....	\$ 14,716	\$ 23,983
Cost of revenue.....	(10,238)	(15,375)
	-----	-----
Gross profit.....	4,478	8,608
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	(4,314)	(7,179)
	-----	-----
Operating income.....	164	1,429
Gain on sale of plant and equipment...	1	1
Interest and financing fees.....	(259)	(748)
Interest and other income.....	15	75
	-----	-----
Income (loss) before income taxes..	(79)	756
Provision for income taxes.....	(325)	800
	-----	-----
Net loss.....	\$ (404)	\$ (44)
	=====	=====
Basic and diluted loss per share...	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.00)
	=====	=====
Diluted income per share.....	N/A	\$ (0.00)

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	=====	=====
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:		
Basic.....	8,099	10,027
Diluted.....	N/A	N/A
	Year Ended December 31,	
	1999	2000
	-----	-----
Balance Sheet Data:		
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 3,084	\$ 887
Working capital (deficit).....	(6)	1,947
Total assets.....	9,878	10,999
Long-term debt, less current maturities.....	95	23
Total stockholders' equity (deficiency).....	1,151	3,052

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Overview

The Company is a single-source provider of comprehensive, technology-based security solutions for medium and large commercial and government facilities in the United States and abroad. The Company offers a broad range of services, including: (i) consulting and planning; (ii) engineering and design; (iii) systems integration; and (iv) maintenance and technical support.

The Company began operations in 1987 in association with a large privately held engineering firm. As a start-up, the Company expended significant capital on the development of the Company's business and infrastructure, and it accumulated losses of approximately \$2.8 million from 1987 through 1991 on aggregate revenues of approximately \$17.2 million. The Company's revenues from 1990 through 1994 were generated primarily by a contract to design and integrate extensive security upgrades at three nuclear facilities for the Tennessee Valley Authority (the "TVA"). In 1992, the Company became independent from the engineering firm in conjunction with a capital infusion from a private investor group. At the same time, the Company hired new management with extensive expertise in the security industry. Since 1992, the Company has devoted a substantial amount of resources and capital to enhancing its technical capability and services offerings, hiring and training key personnel and expanding its client base. As part of this effort, the Company opened four regional offices in the United States. In November 2000, the Company acquired SSI, a Security Systems Integration firm exclusively providing security systems and services to the U.S. Government. The resources and contracts of SSI were merged with those of the Company and became the Government Division of the Company. The merger of SSI increased the yearly revenue of the Company by 40%.

The Company derives its revenue primarily from long-term, fixed-price contracts. Earnings are recognized based upon the Company's estimates of the cost and percentage of completion of individual contracts. Earned revenue equal the project's total contract amount multiplied by the proportion that direct project costs incurred on a project bear to estimated total project costs. Project costs include direct labor and benefits, direct material, subcontract costs, project related travel and other direct expenses.

Clients are invoiced based upon negotiated payment terms for each individual contract. Terms usually include a 25% down payment and the balance as stages of the work are completed. Maintenance contracts are billed either in

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advance, monthly, or quarterly. As a result, the Company records as an asset, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings and as a liability, billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth the percentages of earned revenues represented by certain items reflected in the Company's statements of operations.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	1999	2000
	----	----
Revenue.....	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of revenue.....	(69.6%)	(64.1%)
	-----	-----
Gross profit.....	30.4%	35.9%
Selling, general and administrative expenses.....	(29.3%)	(29.9%)
	-----	-----
Operating income.....	1.1%	6.0%
Gain on sale of plant and equipment.....	0.0%	0.0%
Interest and financing fees.....	(1.8%)	(3.1%)
Interest and other income.....	0.1%	0.3%
Provision for income taxes.....	(2.1%)	(3.4%)
	-----	-----
Net loss.....	(2.7%)	(0.2%)
	=====	=====

Year Ended December 31, 2000 Compared with Year Ended December 31, 1999

Revenue increased by 63.3% from \$14.7 million in 1999 to \$24.0 million in 2000. The increase was due to an increase in revenue from government projects, a significant increase in the Company's business base, the growth of service and small installation projects, and increases in revenue from several significant projects with the Company's existing customers. The Company's commercial revenue increased by 40% from the previous year to \$14.3 million. The remaining increase in revenue was as a result of increases in revenue from government projects.

Cost of revenue increased from \$10.2 million in 1999 to \$15.4 million in 2000, primarily due to the increase in revenue. Gross margin increased from 30.4% in 1999 to 35.9% in 2000. Gross margins improved due to better project controls and improved discounts with vendors.

Selling, general and administration expenses increased by 67% from \$4.3 million in 1999 to \$7.2 million in 2000. The increase was due to a significant increase in the marketing and sales force as well as increased management expenses due to the increased workforce and revenue. As a percent of revenue, these expenses remained essentially level, at 29.3% in 1999 and 29.9% in 2000. With the sales force and management structure increases during 2000 the Company believes that it can now support a growth to revenue to \$30 million annually without significant additional selling, general and administrative. In addition, reserves and write-offs of \$412,000 in 1999 and \$275,000 in 2000 are included in the SG&A.

Interest expense and financing fees increased 189% from \$0.26 million in 1999 to \$0.75 million in 2000 due to the increased use of an asset based credit facility, and recording interests and fee of \$300,000 as a result of the merger with SSI.

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Earnings before Interest and Taxes (EBIT) improved from \$0.2 million in 1999 to \$1.4 million in 2000. This improvement was as a result of the continued improvement in gross margins and the increased revenue base.

Net income improved from a net loss of \$0.4 million in 1999 to a net loss of \$0.04 million in 2000. This improvement was due to the continued increase in revenue and gross margin.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Through 1997, the Company funded its capital requirements with cash generated by operations, private equity offerings, and its initial public offering in October 1997. During April 1998, the Board of Directors approved the issuance of up to \$2.0 million of convertible subordinated debentures to provide additional working capital. As of May 13, 1998, the Company had issued and sold \$1,450,000 of debentures. The Company sold an additional \$400,000 of debentures as of August 25, 1998. The debentures have an interest rate of 10%, are due on December 31, 1999 and are convertible into common stock of the Company at \$8.50 per share. In addition, the holders were issued 100 warrants for each \$1,000 of investment with an exercise price of \$2.50 and a term of three years.

During February 1999, the \$1.9 million the Company was required to post as collateral for a bond pending its appeal of a law suit was released when the trial court's judgment was reversed. The Company paid off \$0.9 million of the convertible subordinated debentures during the first quarter 1999. In September 1999 all of the holders of the remaining subordinated debentures agreed to exchange their notes for the Company's common stock valued at \$1.50 per share. Additionally, to support the significant increase in business, the Board approved a private placement of 500,000 shares at \$1.50 per share, which was subsequently increased to 1,204,855 shares. The board also approved the sale of up to 21% equity in the company to a minority partner. Netcom Solutions International subsequently purchased approximately 8% or 700,000 shares of the Company at \$1.50 per share. As of March 2000, \$930,000 of debt was converted to equity, \$1.8 million was received by the private placement and \$1.05 million in the form of cash and a short-term note was received from the sale of a minority interest.

The Company's principal capital requirements are increased working capital needed to support its growth. The Company currently is funding its working capital requirements with cash generated by operations and a receivables factoring facility with a financial institution. As of December 31, 2000 the Company had \$0.9 million in unrestricted cash and working capital. The Company is seeking additional financing to reduce outstanding aged accounts payable and to provide the working capital to fund the increase in sales projected for 2001.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-KSB includes certain statements that may be deemed to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included in this Form 10-KSB that address activities, events, or developments that the Company expects, projects, believes, or anticipates will or may occur in the future, including matters having to do with existing or future contracts, the Company's ability to fund its operations and repay debt, business strategies, expansion and growth of operations and other such matters, are forward-looking statements. These statements are based on certain assumptions and analyses made by our management in light of its experience and its perception of historical trends, current conditions, expected future developments, and other factors it believes are appropriate in the circumstances. These statements are subject to a number of assumptions, risks and uncertainties, including general economic and business conditions, the business opportunities (or lack thereof) that may be presented

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to and pursued by the Company, the Company's performance on its current contracts and its success in obtaining new contracts, the Company's ability to attract and retain qualified employees, and other factors, many of which are beyond the Company's control. You are cautioned that these forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that actual results or developments may differ materially from those projected in such statements.

Item 7a. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Not Applicable.

Item 8. Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements of the Company, together with the reports thereon of Keller Bruner & Company, LLP dated March 24, 2000 and Argy, Wiltse & Robinson, P.C. dated March 23, 2001 are listed in Item 14(a)(1) and are included at the end of this Report on Form 10-K, beginning on page F-1, and are incorporated herein by reference.

Part III

Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant.

The information required by Item 9 will be contained in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2001 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the captions "Directors and Nominees" and "Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934."

Item 10. Executive Compensation.

The information required by Item 10 will be contained in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2001 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the caption "Executive Compensation", and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.

The information required by Item 11 will be contained in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2001 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the caption "Common Stock Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management", and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

The information required by Item 12 will be contained in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2001 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the caption "Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation and Certain Transactions", and is incorporated herein by reference.

Part IV

Item 13. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K.

(a) (1) List of Financial Statements. The following is a list of the financial statements included at the end of this Report of Form 10-KSB beginning on page F-1:

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Reports of Independent Certified Public Accountants
Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2000 and 1999
Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999
Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the Years Ended December 31, 2000
and 1999
Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2000 and 1999
Notes to Financial Statements

(2) List of Financial Statement Schedules.

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

All other schedules have been omitted because they are not applicable or not required, or the required information is provided in the financial statements or notes thereto.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K.

The Company filed a report on Form 8-K on December 13, 2000 to report a change in its independent public accountants under Item 4 of the report. The Company filed a report on Form 8-K on December 15, 2000 to report its merger with SSI. The report was amended on February 13, 2001. The Company filed a report on Form 8-K on February 23, 2001 to report a change in its independent public accountants. The report was amended on February 27, 2001.

(c) List of Exhibits. The following is a list of exhibits furnished. Copies of exhibits will be furnished upon written request of any stockholder at a charge of \$0.25 per page plus postage.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit
3.1	Form of Restated Certificate of Incorporation ¹
3.2	Form of Bylaws ¹
4	Form of Rights Agreement ¹
10.1	Stock Option Plan ¹
10.2	Employment Agreement with Ronald C. Thomas ¹
10.4	Consulting Agreement with Wirt D. Walker, III ¹
11	Computation of Net Income (Loss) Per Share
23.1	Consent of Keller Bruner & Company, LLP
23.2	Consent of Argy, Wiltse & Robinson, P.C.
27	Financial Data Schedule

1 Filed as an exhibit of the same number to the Company's registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-26439) and incorporated by reference.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

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STRATESEC INCORPORATED

By: /s/BARRY W. MCDANIEL
Barry W. McDaniel
Co-President/Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	
/s/ BARRY W. MCDANIEL ----- Barry W. McDaniel	Co-President/Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	March
/s/CAMERON HASHEMI ----- Cameron Hashemi	Co-President/Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	March
/s/ WIRT D. WALKER, III ----- Wirt D. Walker, III	Chairman and Director	March
/s/ ALBERT V. GRAVES ----- Albert V. Graves	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	March
/s/ MISHAL YOUSEF SOUD AL SABAH ----- Mishal Yousef Soud Al Sabah	Director	March
/s/ ROBERT B. SMITH, JR. ----- Robert B. Smith, Jr.	Director	March
/s/ JAMES A. ABRAHAMSON ----- James A. Abrahamson	Director	March
/s/ CHARLES W. ARCHER ----- Charles W. Archer	Director	March
/s/ EMMIT J. MCHENRY ----- Emmit J. McHenry	Director	March

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of STRATESEC Incorporated:

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and the related statements of operations, of stockholders' equity, and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of STRATESEC Incorporated (formerly known as Securacom, Incorporated) at December 31, 2000, and the result of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material

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misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for the opinion expressed above.

We have also audited Schedule II of STRATESEC Incorporated for the year ended December 31, 2000. In our opinion, this schedule presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein.

The financial statements of STRATESEC Incorporated for the year ended December 31, 1999 were audited by other independent accountants whose report dated March 24, 2000 expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

McLean, Virginia
March 23, 2001

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders
Stratesec, Incorporated

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Stratesec, Incorporated (formerly known as Securacom, Incorporated), as of December 31, 1999, and the related statements of operations, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (which financial statements are not presented separately herein). These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Stratesec, Incorporated, as of December 31, 1999, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles before those statements were restated for the pooling of interests transaction referred to in Note 3 to the financial statements. We have not audited the

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financial statements of Stratesec, Incorporated for any period subsequent to December 31, 1999.

We have also audited Schedule II of Stratesec, Incorporated, for the year ended December 31, 1999 (which schedule is not presented separately herein). In our opinion, this schedule presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein before this schedule was restated for the pooling of interests transaction referred to in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Frederick, Maryland
March 24, 2000

STRATESEC INCORPORATED
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

	2000
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 887,21
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$350,000 in 2000, and \$675,000 in 1999	3,953,66
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	4,615,24
Inventory, net of allowance of \$70,000 in 2000 and \$40,000 in 1999	370,88
Other current assets	45,15
Total current assets	9,872,14
Property and equipment, net	675,91
Note receivable from stockholder	327,27
Deposits	124,06
Total assets	\$ 10,999,40
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,120,39
Accrued expenses	1,020,74
Income taxes payable	1,245,00
Bank and other lines-of-credit	2,331,55

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Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	137,30
Capital lease obligations	69,64
Deferred income taxes	

Total current liabilities	7,924,64
Capital lease obligations	22,61

Total liabilities	7,947,26

Stockholders' equity	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 10,280,043 issued and 10,279,964 outstanding shares in 2000, and 8,540,189 issued and 8,688,189 outstanding shares in 1999	102,80
Additional paid-in capital	24,279,91
Accumulated deficit	(21,330,41)
Less: treasury stock of 79 shares in 2000 and (98,000) in 1999, at cost	(16

Total stockholders' equity	3,052,14
Commitments	

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 10,999,40
	=====

STRATESEC INCORPORATED
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

	2000

Revenue	\$ 23,983,154
Cost of revenue	(15,374,922)

Gross profit	8,608,232
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(7,179,379)

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Operating profit	1,428,853
Gain on sale of equipment	0
Interest and financing fees	(747,806)
Interest and other income	75,122

Income (loss) before income taxes	756,169
Provision for income taxes	(800,000)

Net loss	\$ (43,831)
	=====
Basic and diluted net loss per share	\$ (0.00)
	=====
Weighted-average shares outstanding	10,026,501
	=====

STRATESEC INCORPORATED

STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

	Common Stock		Treasury Stock		Addition Paid-in Capita
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	
Balance at January 1, 1999, as previously reported	6,103,522	\$ 61,035	(130,000)	\$ (181,851)	\$ 21,14
Adjustment in connection with pooling of interests (Note 3)	1,650,000	16,500	350,000	612,650	(22
Balance at January 1, 1999, as restated	7,753,522	77,535	220,000	430,799	20,91
Net loss	0	0	0	0	
Dividends paid	0	0	0	0	(40
Purchase of treasury stock	0	0	(122,000)	(227,713)	

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Conversion of debenture bonds to common stock	620,000	6,200	0	0	92
Private placement of common stock	166,667	1,667	0	0	24
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at December 31, 1999	8,540,189	85,402	98,000	203,086	21,68
Net loss	0	0	0	0	
Dividends paid	0	0	0	0	
Private placement of common stock	1,738,188	17,382	0	0	2,58
Sale of common stock	1,666	16	0	0	
Purchase of treasury stock	0	0	(98,079)	(203,250)	
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance at December 31, 2000	10,280,043	\$ 102,800	(79)	\$ (164)	\$ 24,27
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

STRATESEC INCORPORATED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

	2000

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (43,831)

Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	280,228
Change in allowance for doubtful accounts and inventory obsolescence	(295,000)
Loss on sale of equipment	0
Deferred income taxes	(159,000)
Transfer of property and equipment to inventory	0
(Increase) decrease in:	
Restricted cash	0
Accounts receivable	(1,207,286)
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts	(1,749,354)
Inventory	(154,979)

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Other current assets	(35,804)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	(157,720)
Accrued expenses	301,073
Income taxes payable	959,000
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts	(3,208,380)

Total adjustments	(5,427,222)

Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(5,471,053)

Cash flows from investing activities:	
Increase in notes receivable from stockholder	0
Principal payments received under notes receivable from stockholder	0
Proceeds from the sale of equipment	0
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(156,470)
Decrease (increase) in deposits	508

Net cash used in investing activities	(155,962)

Cash flows from financing activities:	
Dividend payments	(462,220)
Net borrowings under bank line-of-credit	1,560,023
Repurchase of common stock	(203,250)
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock	2,610,405
Principal payments under capital lease obligations	(75,172)
Principal payments on debentures	0

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	3,429,786

Net (decrease) increase in cash	(2,197,229)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	3,084,443

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	\$ 887,214
	=====

STRATESEC INCORPORATED

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2000 AND 1999

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NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of business and principles of consolidation

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of STRATESEC Incorporated (SFT) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Security Systems Integration, Inc. (SSI) (collectively referred to as the Company). SFT, formerly known as Securacom Incorporated, is incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware to provide comprehensive security solutions for large commercial and government facilities worldwide.

At December 31, 1996, SFT was approximately 91 percent owned by KuwAm Corporation, two private investment partnerships (of which KuwAm serves as general partner), Special Situations Investment Holdings, Ltd., and Special Situations Investments Holdings L.P.II; and certain individual limited partners of the investment partnerships (the KuwAm Group). On October 1, 1997, the Company completed an initial public offering and sold 1,400,000 shares of common stock and the KuwAm Group sold 808,000 shares of stock. At December 31, 2000 and 1999, the KuwAm Group owned approximately 11 percent and 38 percent of the Company, respectively.

On November 30, 2000, the Company acquired Security Systems Integration, Inc. (SSI). To effect the combination, SSI merged into a newly organized wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (Note 3). SSI is a security systems company that provides design, engineering, installation, maintenance, technical support, and training services, primarily to the federal government.

All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Concentrations of credit risk and fair value of financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash, money market funds and trade accounts receivable. The Company places its cash and money market funds with high credit quality institutions. In general, such investments exceed the FDIC insurance limit.

The Company provides credit to its clients in the normal course of business. The Company routinely assesses the financial strength of its clients and, as a consequence, believes its trade accounts receivable exposure is limited.

The carrying value of financial instruments potentially subject to valuation risk (principally consisting of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable) approximates fair market value.

Revenue recognition

The Company derives its revenue principally from long-term contracts, which are generally on a fixed-price basis. Revenue on fixed-price contracts includes direct costs and allocated indirect costs incurred plus recognized profit. Revenue is recognized under fixed-price contracts on the percentage-of-completion basis. The percentage of completion of individual

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contracts includes management's best estimates of the amounts expected to be realized on the contracts. It is at least reasonably possible that the amounts the Company will ultimately realize could differ materially in the near term from the amounts estimated in arriving at the earned revenue and costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts.

Contract costs include all direct material, direct labor and subcontract costs. Provisions for estimated losses on uncompleted contracts are made in the period in which such losses are determined. Changes in job performance, job conditions and estimated profitability, including those arising from contract revisions and final contract settlements, may result in revisions to costs and income and are recognized in the period in which the revisions are determined.

The asset "costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts" represents revenue recognized in excess of amounts billed to clients. The liability "billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts" represents billings in excess of revenue recognized.

Cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Inventory

Inventory consists of equipment and parts held for sale and is stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost being determined by the first-in, first-out method.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of three to ten years. Amortization of leasehold improvements is computed using the straight-line method over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the assets or the term of the related lease.

Income taxes

Income taxes have been recorded using the liability method. The income tax provision includes federal and state income taxes both currently payable and changes in deferred taxes due to differences between financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

Loss per share

The Company has adopted SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share" (EPS), which requires public companies to present basic earnings per share and, if applicable, diluted earnings per share. Basic EPS is based on weighted-average number of shares outstanding without consideration of common stock equivalents. Diluted EPS is based on the weighted-average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding. When dilutive, the calculation takes into account the shares that may be issued upon exercise of stock options and warrants, reduced by the shares that may be repurchased with the funds received from the exercise, based on the average price during the year.

Stock options and warrants have not been included in the calculation of dilutive earnings per share as their inclusion would be antidilutive.

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NOTE 2 - OPERATIONS

As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company has incurred recurring operating losses and has an accumulated deficit of \$21,330,410 at December 31, 2000. The Company's continued existence is dependent upon its ability to generate profitable operations and, if necessary, secure financing to fund future operations. Management is addressing these matters by reducing overhead expenses and reorganizing the Company's management structure. Management believes that actions previously and presently taken to revise the Company's operating and financial requirements are sufficient to fund future operations.

NOTE 3 - BUSINESS COMBINATION

On November 30, 2000, the Company acquired Security Systems Integration, Inc. (SSI) in a business combination accounted for as a pooling of interests. SSI became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company through the exchange of 1,650,000 in newly-issued shares and 350,000 in treasury shares of the Company's common stock for all of the outstanding stock of SSI. The accompanying financial statements for 2000 are based on the assumption that SFT and SSI were combined for the full year. Financial statements for prior years have been restated to give effect to the combination.

Prior to the merger, SSI paid cash dividends of \$462,220 (\$0.05 per share) and \$806,336 (\$0.10 per share) in 2000 and 1999, respectively, and paid a return of capital dividend of \$401,245 (\$0.05 per share) in 1999. Per share amounts are based on the equivalent number of common shares that would have been outstanding during these years, after giving effect to the pooling of interest in 2000.

Summarized results of operation of the separate companies for the period for January 1, 2000 through September 30, 2000, the last completed quarter prior to the date of acquisition, are as follows:

	SFT -----	SSI -----
Net revenue	\$ 11,864,407	\$ 6,869,531
	=====	=====
Net income	\$ 365,636	\$ 1,215,931
	=====	=====

The summarized assets and liabilities of the separate companies on September 30, 2000, the last completed quarter prior to the date of acquisition, were as follows:

	SFT -----
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 228,520
Accounts receivable	4,237,960
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted	

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contracts	3,608,96
Other current assets	937,55
Property, plant and equipment, net	525,41
Other assets	78,06

Total assets	9,616,48
Current liabilities	(5,558,42)
Noncurrent liabilities	(43,51)

Stockholder' equity (deficit)	\$ 4,014,54
	=====

The following is a reconciliation of the amounts of revenue and net income previously reported for 1999 with amounts restated for the business combination:

Revenue:	
SFT, as previously reported	\$ 10,631,131
SSI	4,085,308

As restated	\$ 14,716,439
	=====
Net (loss) income	
SFT, as previously reported	\$ (932,838)
SSI	529,162

As restated	\$ (403,676)
	=====
Basic and diluted net (loss) income per share	
SFT, as previously reported	\$ (0.15)
SSI	0.10

As restated	\$ (0.05)
	=====

NOTE 4 - COST AND ESTIMATED EARNINGS ON UNCOMPLETED CONTRACTS AND BILLINGS IN EXCESS OF COSTS AND ESTIMATED EARNINGS ON UNCOMPLETED CONTRACTS

Cost and estimated earnings in excess of billings on uncompleted contracts, as well as the related billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings on uncompleted contracts, represent revenue recognized on long-term fixed-price contracts based on the percentage-of-completion method less the related billings to date. Revenue recognized in excess of billing is included in the asset balance and billings in excess of recognized revenue is included in the liability balance.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consist of the following at December 31:

2000	1999
------	------

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	-----	-----
Office furniture and equipment	\$ 611,493	\$ 611,493
Computer equipment	441,857	531,395
Leasehold improvements	191,836	191,837
Vehicles	159,251	143,619
Computer software	63,694	48,193
	-----	-----
	1,468,131	1,526,537
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	(792,218)	(726,866)
	-----	-----
	\$ 675,913	\$ 799,671
	=====	=====

Equipment purchased under capital leases approximated \$342,000 at December 31, 2000 and 1999. Accumulated depreciation on those assets approximated \$272,000 and \$201,000 at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

Depreciation and amortization expense on property and equipment (including equipment under capital leases) was \$280,228 and \$201,322 for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

NOTE 6 - NOTE RECEIVABLE FROM STOCKHOLDER

The note receivable from stockholder (with an original balance of \$490,000) is unsecured, with installments of principal and interest (at 7.0%) of \$3,260 due monthly through September 2029. During the year ended December 31, 1999, principal payments of \$162,723 were received in excess of the amounts required by the note receivable. Accordingly, no principal payments have been received during the year ended December 31, 2000 and the remaining balance has been classified as noncurrent.

NOTE 7 - BANK AND OTHER LINES-OF-CREDIT

Bank and other lines-of-credit consists of the following at December 31:

	-----	2000
Line-of-credit with financing company (maximum amount of 80% of eligible accounts receivable), due on demand, with interest (computed as a discount on amounts factored and the duration that the factored amount is unpaid) due monthly. Discounts range from 2.5% - 4.5%. This line-of-credit is secured by accounts receivable and inventory.	\$	1,799,68
Bank line-of-credit (maximum amount of \$450,000), due on demand with interest at the bank's prime rate (9.5% at December 31, 2000). The line-of-credit is secured by a certificate of deposit, and expires, if not renewed, on May 31, 2001.		450,00
Bank line-of-credit (maximum amount of \$100,000), due on demand, with interest at the bank's prime rate plus 1.75% (11.25% at December 31, 2000) due monthly. This line-of-credit is secured by equipment and machinery and expired on March 5, 2001.		81,87

Total	\$	2,331,55

Interest expense related to the lines-of-credit, which approximated interest paid, aggregated \$447,806 and \$258,984 for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

NOTE 8 - NOTES PAYABLE TO STOCKHOLDERS

During April 1998, the Company's board of directors approved issuance of up to \$2 million in convertible subordinated debentures in an effort to provide additional working capital. In 1998, the Company sold \$1,850,000 of these debentures to related parties, with 185,000 warrants attached to purchase common stock of the Company at \$2.50 per share. The debentures bear interest at 10 percent semiannually. The value of the warrants was \$71,393 at issuance and was determined by the Company, using the Black-Scholes valuation model and was recorded as additional paid-in capital. All 185,000 warrants are outstanding at December 31, 2000, but expire in April 2001.

During February 1999, the Company paid \$872,404 of the outstanding \$1,802,404 debt at December 31, 1998. During September 1999, the remaining \$930,000 of debentures was converted to 620,000 shares of common stock at \$1.50 per share.

NOTE 9 - ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses are summarized as follows as of December 31:

	2000	1999
	-----	-----
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	\$ 228,669	\$ 105,643
Legal judgment	262,290	262,290
Accrued interest and penalties	300,000	0
Directors fees	17,500	0
Sales tax	111,666	38,649
Other	100,621	313,091
	-----	-----
	\$ 1,020,746	\$ 719,673
	=====	=====

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company issued subordinated debentures in the amount of \$1,850,000 with 185,000 warrants attached and incurred related interest to the KuwAm Corporation and other related parties of \$180,992 for the year ended December 31, 1998. No interest was incurred under these debentures during the years ended December 31, 1999. In 1999, the Company paid, in two separate transactions, \$872,404 and issued 620,000 shares of common stock to extinguish the debt.

During 1999, the Company sold 166,667 shares of common stock in a private placement at a price of \$1.50 per share to two related parties.

During 2000, the Company sold 175,688 shares in a private placement at a price of \$1.50 per share to one related party.

During 2000, the Company entered into a noncancelable lease agreement with a stockholder for office space in Springfield, Virginia. The lease agreement provides for payments of \$10,000 per month through December 31, 2005 and has been included in the operating lease commitment schedule in Note 17.

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NOTE 11 - STOCK WARRANTS

In conjunction with its initial public offering in 1997, the Company issued to the underwriter, at a purchase price of \$0.001 per warrant, warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 140,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$13.18 per share, all of which are outstanding at December 31, 2000. These warrants expire on October 7, 2001.

NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTIONS

In 1997, the board of directors approved the adoption of the 1997 Stock Option Plan. The 1997 Stock Option Plan provides for the grant of nonqualified options to purchase up to 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock and was amended to increase the grant of options up to 1,950,000 shares. Options may be granted to employees, officers, directors and consultants of the Company for the purchase of common stock of the Company at a price not less than the fair market value of the common stock on the date of the grant. The term of all options granted is three years and one month, with vesting occurring ratably over three years.

The Company has elected to follow Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations in measuring compensation expense for its stock warrants and options. Under APB No. 25, because the exercise price of the Company's employee stock warrants and options is not less than the fair market value of the underlying stock on the date of grant, no compensation expense is recognized. However, SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," requires presentation of pro forma net income and earnings per share as if the Company had accounted for its employee stock warrants and options, granted subsequent to December 31, 1994, under the fair value method of that statement. For purposes of pro forma disclosure, the estimated fair value of the warrants and options is amortized to expense over the vesting period. Under the fair value method, the Company's net loss in 2000 would have increased by \$225,000 or \$0.02 per share on a basic and diluted basis. Under the fair value method, the Company's net loss in 2000 would have increased by \$186,000 or \$0.03 per share on a basic and diluted basis.

The weighted-average fair value of the individual warrants and options granted during 2000 and 1999 is estimated as \$1.61 and \$1.22, respectively, on the date of grant. The fair values were determined using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions:

	2000 -----	1999 -----
Dividend yield	-	-
Volatility	140%	125%
Risk-free interest rate	5.50%	6.48%
Expected life	3 years	3 years

Stock option activity during the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999 is summarized below:

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at January 1, 1999	610,000	\$ 4.87
Granted	727,500	1.65

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Exercised	-	-
Forfeited	(174,500)	4.53
	-----	-----
Outstanding at December 31, 1999	1,163,000	1.84
Granted	873,000	2.03
Exercised	(1,666)	1.88
Forfeited	(126,334)	2.48
	-----	-----
Outstanding at December 31, 2000	1,908,000	\$ 1.92
	=====	=====

The following table summarizes information concerning outstanding and exercisable warrants and options at December 31, 2000.

Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)
-----	-----	-----
\$ 2.375	170,000	0.19
2.500	93,000	0.42
1.500	288,000	1.26
1.875	339,000	1.05
1.250	145,000	1.50
1.500	520,000	2.93
2.750	253,000	2.50
3.000	100,000	2.25

NOTE 13 - INCOME TAXES

The Company's provision for income taxes differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the applicable federal and state statutory income tax rates to the income (loss) before income taxes due to the Company's merger with SSI, for which an income tax provision has been provided based on its income before income taxes, and to changes in the SFT's valuation allowance, which has been established for the net operating loss carryforwards and temporary differences that are not presently considered likely to be realized. The provision for income taxes consists of the following for the years ended December 31:

	2000	1999
	-----	-----
Current income taxes		
Federal	\$ 806,000	\$ 241,000
State	153,000	45,000
Deferred income taxes		
Federal	(134,000)	33,000
State	(25,000)	6,000
	-----	-----
	\$ 800,000	\$ 325,000
	=====	=====

The deferred income tax asset results from differences in the bases for assets

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and liabilities presented in the financial statements and the amounts reported in the income tax returns.

	2000	1999
	-----	-----
Current assets and liabilities		
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 140,000	\$ 270,000
Unamortized Section 481 adjustment	0	159,000
Accrued vacation pay and other	19,000	21,000
Provision for legal judgment	105,000	105,000
Inventory allowance	28,000	16,000
	-----	-----
	292,000	571,000
Valuation allowance	(292,000)	(412,000)
	-----	-----
Net current deferred tax asset (liability)	\$ 0	\$ 159,000
	=====	=====
Noncurrent assets and liabilities		
Depreciation	\$ (39,000)	\$ (39,000)
Net operating loss carryforward	8,422,000	7,849,000
	-----	-----
	8,383,000	7,810,000
Valuation allowance	(8,383,000)	(7,810,000)
	-----	-----
Noncurrent deferred tax asset (liability)	\$ 0	\$ 0
	=====	=====

During the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, the valuation allowance established for the net operating loss carryforwards and temporary differences that are not presently considered likely to be realized were increased by \$453,000 and \$360,000, respectively.

As of December 31, 2000, the Company has net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$21,100,000, which expire, if not utilized, in various years through 2020.

The ability of the Company to utilize net operating losses of approximately \$3.5 million, which were incurred prior to 1992, may be limited due to significant ownership changes that have occurred since these losses were created.

The Company's initial public offering (IPO) also created an ownership change, however, net operating losses of approximately \$8.7 million incurred after 1992, but before the IPO, are expected to be utilized, if sufficient income is generated before they expire.

NOTE 14 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company maintains a defined contribution 401(k) profit sharing plan (the Plan) for all employees who have attained the age of 21 and completed three months of service. Participants may make voluntary contributions to the Plan up to the maximum amount allowable by law, but not to exceed 15% of their annual compensation. The Company contributes an amount equal to 25% of the lesser of each participant's voluntary contribution or 5% of their annual compensation. Company contributions to the Plan vest to the participants ratably over a two year period. Company contributions to the Plan were \$27,000 and \$20,000, for the

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years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

NOTE 15 - EMPLOYMENT AND CONSULTING AGREEMENTS

The Company entered into a consulting agreement with its chairman (who is also managing partner of KuwAm Corporation) which provides for an annual consulting fee of \$145,000 through March 31, 2002. As of February 1998, the annual consulting fee under this agreement was reduced by 10 percent.

NOTE 16 - SIGNIFICANT CLIENTS

During the year ended December 31, 2000, contracts with three clients accounted for approximately 29 percent, 19 percent and 13 percent of revenue. For the year ended December 31, 1999, contracts with three clients accounted for approximately 33 percent, 9 percent and 7 percent of revenue.

NOTE 17 - COMMITMENTS

The Company leases office space for its headquarters in Springfield, Virginia and satellite facilities under the terms of noncancelable operating leases, which expire at various dates through December 2005. The Company also leases equipment and automobiles under the terms of capital lease agreements, which expire at various dates through November 2002. The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments required under operating and capital leases that have initial or remaining terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2000:

Years ending December 31, -----	Capital Lease Obligations
2001	\$ 79,235
2002	25,813
2003	0
2004	0
2005	0

Total minimum lease payments	105,048
Less: imputed interest	(12,790)

Present value of minimum lease payments	92,258
Current portion of capital lease obligations	(69,642)

Noncurrent portion of capital lease obligations	\$ 22,616
	=====

Rent expense aggregated \$287,000 and \$242,000 for the years ended December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.