

DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT
Form FWP
September 18, 2015

Term Sheet 2555B

To underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015,

product supplement B dated July 31, 2015,

prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015,

and prospectus dated July 31, 2015

Registration Statement No. 333-206013

Dated September 17, 2015; Rule 433

Deutsche Bank AG

\$ Phoenix Autocallable Securities Linked to the iShares® China Large-Cap ETF due September 29, 2016

General

The Phoenix Autocallable Securities (the “**securities**”) are linked to the performance of the iShares® China Large-Cap ETF (the “**Underlying**”) and may pay a Contingent Coupon on a quarterly basis at a rate of 10.50% - 11.50% per annum (to be determined on the Trade Date). The Contingent Coupon will be payable on a Coupon Payment Date **only if** the Closing Price of the Underlying on the applicable Observation Date is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier, which is equal to 70.00% of the Initial Price.

The securities will be automatically called if the Closing Price of the Underlying on any Observation Date is greater than or equal to the Initial Price. If the securities are automatically called, investors will receive a cash payment per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities on the applicable Call Settlement Date equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such date. The securities will cease to be outstanding following an Automatic Call and no Contingent Coupon will accrue or be payable following the Call Settlement Date.

If the securities are not automatically called and the Final Price is greater than or equal to the Trigger Price (70.00% of the Initial Price), investors will receive a cash payment per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities at maturity equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such date. However, if the securities are not automatically called and the Final Price is less than the Trigger Price, Deutsche Bank AG will deliver to investors at maturity a number of shares of the Underlying per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities equal to the Face Amount *divided* by the Initial Price (the “**Share Delivery Amount**”), which will have a value of less than the Face Amount. Investors should be willing to lose a significant portion or all of their investment and accept the risk of owning shares of the Underlying if the securities are not automatically called and the Final Price is less than the Trigger Price. Any payment on the securities is subject to the credit of the Issuer.

- Senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG due September 29, 2016

• Minimum purchase of \$1,000. Minimum denominations of \$1,000 (the “**Face Amount**”) and integral multiples thereof.

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The securities are expected to price on or about September 25, 2015 (the “**Trade Date**”) and are expected to settle on or about September 30, 2015 (the “**Settlement Date**”).

Key Terms

Issuer: Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch
 Issue Price: 100% of the Face Amount
 Underlying: The iShares® China Large-Cap ETF (Ticker: FXI)
 · **If the Closing Price of the Underlying on any Observation Date is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier**, Deutsche Bank AG will pay you the Contingent Coupon per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities applicable to such Observation Date on the related Coupon Payment Date.

Contingent

Coupon Feature: · **If the Closing Price of the Underlying on any Observation Date is less than the Coupon Barrier**, the Contingent Coupon per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities applicable to such Observation Date will not be payable and Deutsche Bank AG will not make any payment to you on the related Coupon Payment Date.

Coupon Barrier: 70.00% of the Initial Price

Observation Dates^{1, 2}: Quarterly on the dates set forth in the table below.

Coupon Payment Dates^{1, 2}: As set forth in the table below. For the final Observation Date, the Coupon Payment Date will be the Maturity Date.

(Key Terms continued on next page)

Investing in the securities involves a number of risks. See “Risk Factors” beginning on page 7 of the accompanying product supplement, page PS-5 of the accompanying prospectus supplement and page 12 of the accompanying prospectus and “Selected Risk Considerations” beginning on page TS-9 of this term sheet.

The Issuer’s estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date is approximately \$959.00 to \$979.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities, which is less than the Issue Price. Please see “Issuer’s Estimated Value of the Securities” on page TS-3 of this term sheet for additional information.

By acquiring the securities, you will be bound by, and deemed to consent to, the imposition of any Resolution Measure (as defined below) by our competent resolution authority, which may include the write down of all, or a portion, of any payment on the securities. If any Resolution Measure becomes applicable to us, you may lose some or all of your investment in the securities. Please see “Resolution Measures” on page TS-4 of this term sheet for more information.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of the securities or passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this term sheet or the accompanying underlying supplement, product supplement, prospectus supplement or prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

| | Price to Public Discounts and Commissions⁽¹⁾ | | Proceeds to Us |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|
| Per Security | \$1,000.00 | \$10.00 | \$990.00 |
| Total | \$ | \$ | \$ |

⁽¹⁾ For more detailed information about discounts and commissions, please see “Supplemental Underwriting Information (Conflicts of Interest)” in this term sheet. The securities will be sold with underwriting discounts and commissions in an amount equal to \$10.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities.

The agent for this offering is our affiliate. For more information see “Supplemental Underwriting Information (Conflicts of Interest)” in this term sheet.

The securities are not bank deposits or savings accounts and are not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other U.S. or foreign governmental agency or instrumentality.

Deutsche Bank Securities

September 17, 2015

(Key Terms continued from previous page)

The Contingent Coupon for each Observation Date will be a fixed amount set forth in the table below based upon equal quarterly installments accrued at the “**Coupon Rate**” of 10.50% - 11.50% per annum (to be determined on the Trade Date). The table below sets forth each Observation Date, Coupon Payment Date (if any Contingent Coupon is payable), Call Settlement Date (if the securities are automatically called) and the Contingent Coupon applicable to each Observation Date. If the securities are automatically called, any Contingent Coupon that may be due will be paid on the Call Settlement Date and no Contingent Coupon will accrue or be payable following the Call Settlement Date.

| Observation Date | Coupon Payment Date / Call Settlement Date | Contingent Coupon (per \$1,000 Face Amount of Securities) |
|-------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| December 28, 2015 | December 31, 2015 | \$26.25 - \$28.75 |
| March 28, 2016 | March 31, 2016 | \$26.25 - \$28.75 |
| June 27, 2016 | June 30, 2016 | \$26.25 - \$28.75 |
| September 26, 2016 (Final Valuation Date) | September 29, 2016 | \$26.25 - \$28.75 |

⁴ The actual Contingent Coupon will be determined on the Trade Date.

Automatic Call: The securities will be automatically called if the Closing Price of the Underlying on any Observation Date is greater than or equal to the Initial Price. If the securities are automatically called, you will receive a cash payment per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities on the related Call Settlement Date equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such date. No Contingent Coupon will accrue or be payable following the Call Settlement Date.

Call Settlement Dates^{1, 2}: As set forth in the table above. For the final Observation Date, the Call Settlement Date will be the Maturity Date.

Payment at Maturity: If the securities are not automatically called, the payment or delivery you will receive at maturity will depend on the Final Price of the Underlying on Final Valuation Date:

- **If the Final Price is greater than or equal to the Trigger Price**, you will receive a cash payment per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities on the Maturity Date equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such date.

- **If the Final Price is less than the Trigger Price**, Deutsche Bank AG will deliver to you at maturity a number of shares of the Underlying equal to the Share Delivery Amount per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities.

In this circumstance, the shares of the Underlying delivered as the Share Delivery Amount at maturity are expected to be worth significantly less than your initial investment and may have no value at all. Any payment at maturity is subject to the credit of the Issuer.

If you receive the Share Delivery Amount at maturity, we will pay cash in lieu of delivering any fractional shares in an amount equal to that fraction multiplied by the closing price of the Underlying on the Final Valuation Date.

Share Delivery Amount: A number of shares of the Underlying per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities equal to (1) the Face Amount *divided* by (2) the Initial Price, subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events are set forth under “Description of Securities — Anti-Dilution Adjustments for Funds” in the accompanying product supplement.

Trigger Price: 70.00% of the Initial Price

Underlying Return: The Underlying Return will be calculated as follows:

Final Price – Initial Price

Initial Price

The Underlying Return may be positive, zero or negative.

Initial Price: The Closing Price of the Underlying on the Trade Date

Final Price: The Closing Price of the Underlying on the Final Valuation Date

Closing Price: On any trading day, the last reported sale price of one share of the Underlying on the relevant exchange *multiplied* by the then current Share Adjustment Factor, as determined by the calculation agent.

Share Adjustment: Initially 1.0, subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain corporate events affecting the

Underlying. See “Description of Securities — Anti-Dilution Adjustments for Funds” in the accompanying product supplement.

Trade Date³: September 25, 2015

Settlement Date³: September 30, 2015

Final Valuation Date^{1, 3}: September 26, 2016

Maturity Date^{1, 3}: September 29, 2016

Listing: The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange.

CUSIP / ISIN: 25152RR214 / US25152RR21

¹ Subject to adjustment as described under “Description of Securities—Adjustments to Valuation Dates and Payment Dates” in the accompanying product supplement. If an Observation Date is postponed, the corresponding Coupon Payment Date and Call Settlement Date, as applicable, will be postponed accordingly as described under “Description of Securities — Adjustments to Valuation Dates and Payment Dates” in the accompanying product supplement.

² In the event that we make any change to the expected Trade Date or Settlement Date, the Observation Dates, Coupon Payment Dates, Call Settlement Dates, Final Valuation Date and Maturity Date may be changed so that the stated term of the securities remains the same.

Issuer's Estimated Value of the Securities

The Issuer's estimated value of the securities is equal to the sum of our valuations of the following two components of the securities: (i) a bond and (ii) an embedded derivative(s). The value of the bond component of the securities is calculated based on the present value of the stream of cash payments associated with a conventional bond with a principal amount equal to the Face Amount of securities, discounted at an internal funding rate, which is determined primarily based on our market-based yield curve, adjusted to account for our funding needs and objectives for the period matching the term of the securities. The internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay when we issue conventional debt securities on equivalent terms. This difference in funding rate, as well as the agent's commissions, if any, and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the securities, reduces the economic terms of the securities to you and is expected to adversely affect the price at which you may be able to sell the securities in any secondary market. The value of the embedded derivative(s) is calculated based on our internal pricing models using relevant parameter inputs such as expected interest and dividend rates and mid-market levels of price and volatility of the assets underlying the securities or any futures, options or swaps related to such underlying assets. Our internal pricing models are proprietary and rely in part on certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect.

The Issuer's estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date (as disclosed on the cover of this term sheet) is less than the Issue Price of the securities. The difference between the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date is due to the inclusion in the Issue Price of the agent's commissions, if any, and the cost of hedging our obligations under the securities through one or more of our affiliates. Such hedging cost includes our or our affiliates' expected cost of providing such hedge, as well as the profit we or our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in providing such hedge.

The Issuer's estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date does not represent the price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your securities in the secondary market at any time. Assuming no changes in market conditions or our creditworthiness and other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which we or our affiliates would be willing to purchase the securities from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, would generally be lower than both the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date. Our purchase price, if any, in secondary market transactions will be based on the estimated value of the securities determined by reference to (i) the then-prevailing internal funding rate (adjusted by a spread) or another appropriate measure of our cost of funds and (ii) our pricing models at that time, less a bid spread determined after taking into account the size of the repurchase, the nature of the assets underlying the securities and then-prevailing market conditions. The price we report to financial reporting services and to distributors of our securities for use on customer account statements would generally be determined on the same basis. However, during the period of approximately three months beginning from the Trade Date, we or our affiliates may, in our sole discretion, increase the purchase price determined as described above by an amount equal to the declining differential between the Issue Price and the Issuer's estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date, prorated over such period on a straight-line basis, for transactions that are individually and in the aggregate of the expected size for ordinary secondary market repurchases.

Resolution Measures

On May 15, 2014, the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union published a directive for establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (commonly referred to as the “**Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive**”). The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive requires each member state of the European Union to adopt and publish by December 31, 2014 the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive. Germany has adopted the Recovery and Resolution Act (*Sanierungs- und Abwicklungsgesetz*, or “**Resolution Act**”), which became effective on January 1, 2015. The Resolution Act may result in the securities being subject to any Resolution Measure by our competent resolution authority if we become, or are deemed by our competent supervisory authority to have become, “non-viable” (as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities without a Resolution Measure becoming applicable to us. By acquiring the securities, you will be bound by and deemed to consent to the provisions set forth in the accompanying prospectus, which we have summarized below.

By acquiring the securities, you will be bound by and will be deemed to consent to the imposition of any Resolution Measure by our competent resolution authority. Under the relevant resolution laws and regulations as applicable to us from time to time, the securities may be subject to the powers exercised by our competent resolution authority to: (i) write down, including to zero, any payment (or delivery obligations) on the securities; (ii) convert the securities into ordinary shares or other instruments qualifying as core equity tier 1 capital; and/or (iii) apply any other resolution measure, including (but not limited to) a transfer of the securities to another entity, an amendment of the terms and conditions of the securities or the cancellation of the securities. We refer to each of these measures as a “**Resolution Measure**.”

Furthermore, by acquiring the securities, you:

are deemed irrevocably to have agreed, and you will agree: (i) to be bound by any Resolution Measure; (ii) that you will have no claim or other right against us arising out of any Resolution Measure; and (iii) that the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default or an event of default under the securities, under the senior indenture dated November 22, 2006 among us, Law Debenture Trust Company of New York, as trustee, and Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as issuing agent, paying agent, authenticating agent and registrar, as amended and supplemented from time to time (the “**Indenture**”), or for the purpose of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the “**Trust Indenture Act**”);

waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee and the paying agent for, agree not to initiate a suit against the trustee and the paying agent in respect of, and agree that neither the trustee nor the paying agent will be liable for, any action that the trustee or the paying agent takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by our competent resolution authority with respect to the securities; and

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will be deemed irrevocably to have (i) consented to the imposition of any Resolution Measure as it may be imposed without any prior notice by the competent resolution authority of its decision to exercise such power with respect to the securities and (ii) authorized, directed and requested The Depository Trust Company (“**DTC**”) and any participant in DTC or other intermediary through which you hold such securities to take any and all necessary action, if required, to implement the imposition of any Resolution Measure with respect to the securities as it may be imposed, without any further action or direction on your part or on the part of the trustee, paying agent, issuing agent, authenticating agent, registrar or calculation agent.

This is only a summary, for more information please see the accompanying prospectus dated July 31, 2015, including the risk factor “The securities may become subordinated to the claims of other creditors, be written down, be converted or become subject to other resolution measures. You may lose part or all of your investment if any such measure becomes applicable to us.”

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Additional Terms Specific to the Securities

You should read this term sheet together with underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015, product supplement B dated July 31, 2015, the prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015 relating to our Series A global notes of which these securities are a part and the prospectus dated July 31, 2015. You may access these documents on the website of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) at www.sec.gov as follows (or if such address has changed, by reviewing our filings for the relevant date on the SEC website):

Underlying Supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015:

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006546/crt_dp58829-424b2.pdf

Product supplement B dated July 31, 2015:

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006059/crt_dp58181-424b2.pdf

Prospectus supplement dated July 31, 2015:

http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000095010315006048/crt-dp58161_424b2.pdf

Prospectus dated July 31, 2015:

<http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1159508/000119312515273165/d40464d424b2.htm>

Our Central Index Key, or CIK, on the SEC website is 0001159508. As used in this term sheet, “we,” “us” or “our” refers to Deutsche Bank AG, including, as the context requires, acting through one of its branches.

This term sheet, together with the documents listed above, contains the terms of the securities and supersedes all other prior or contemporaneous oral statements as well as any other written materials including preliminary or indicative pricing terms, correspondence, trade ideas, structures for implementation, sample structures, brochures or other educational materials of ours. You should carefully consider, among other things, the matters set forth in this term sheet and in “Risk Factors” in the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus, as the securities involve risks not associated with conventional debt securities. We urge you to consult your investment, legal, tax, accounting and other advisers before deciding to invest in the securities.

Deutsche Bank AG has filed a registration statement (including a prospectus) with the Securities and Exchange Commission for the offering to which this term sheet relates. Before you invest, you should read the prospectus in that registration statement and the other documents relating to this offering that Deutsche Bank AG has filed with the SEC for more complete information about Deutsche Bank AG and this offering. You may obtain these documents without cost by visiting EDGAR on the SEC website at www.sec.gov. Alternatively, Deutsche Bank AG, any agent or any dealer participating in this offering will arrange to send you the prospectus, prospectus supplement, product supplement, underlying supplement and this term sheet if you so request by calling toll-free 1-800-311-4409.

You may revoke your offer to purchase the securities at any time prior to the time at which we accept such offer by notifying the applicable agent. We reserve the right to change the terms of, or reject any offer to purchase, the securities prior to their issuance. We will notify you in the event of any changes to the terms of the securities, and you will be asked to accept such changes in connection with your purchase of any securities. You may also choose to reject such changes, in which case we may reject your offer to purchase the securities.

TS - 5

Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable on the Securities

The tables and hypothetical examples set forth below are for illustrative purposes only. The actual returns applicable to a purchaser of the securities will be based on the Closing Price of the Underlying on each Observation Date (including the Final Valuation Date). The following results are based solely on the hypothetical examples cited below. You should consider carefully whether the securities are suitable to your investment goals.

If the securities are called:

The following table illustrates the hypothetical payments on the securities (excluding any Contingent Coupon) upon an Automatic Call on each Observation Date.

| Observation Date | Call Settlement Date | Payment upon an Automatic Call (per \$1,000 Face Amount of Securities) (\$) |
|-------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| December 28, 2015 | December 31, 2015 | \$1,000.00 |
| March 28, 2016 | March 31, 2016 | \$1,000.00 |
| June 27, 2016 | June 30, 2016 | \$1,000.00 |
| September 26, 2016 (Final Valuation Date) | September 29, 2016 (Maturity Date) | \$1,000.00 |

If the securities are called on an Observation Date, you will receive a cash payment per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities on the related Call Settlement Date equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such date. No Contingent Coupon will accrue or be payable following the Call Settlement Date.

If the securities are not called:

The table below illustrates the hypothetical Payments at Maturity per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities for a hypothetical range of performances if the securities are not automatically called. The hypothetical Payments at Maturity set forth below reflect the Coupon Barrier of 70.00% of the Initial Price and the Trigger Price of 70.00% of the Initial Price. The actual Initial Price, Coupon Barrier and Trigger Price will be determined on the Trade Date. The following results are based solely on the hypothetical examples cited. You should consider carefully whether the securities are suitable to your investment goals. The numbers appearing in the table and examples below may have been rounded for ease of analysis and it has been assumed that no event affecting the Underlying has occurred during the term of the securities that would cause the calculation agent to adjust the Share Adjustment Factor and/or the Share Delivery Amount.

| Underlying Return (%) | Payment at Maturity (excluding any Contingent Coupon) if the hypothetical Final Price is not less than the Trigger Price (\$) | Value of the Share Delivery Amount if the hypothetical Final Price is less than the Trigger Price* (\$) | Return on the Securities Final at Maturity (excluding any Contingent Coupon) (%) |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 100.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 90.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 80.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 70.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 60.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 50.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 40.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 30.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 20.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 10.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 0.00% | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| -10.00% | \$1,000.00 | N/A | 0.00% |
| -15.00% | \$1,000.00 | N/A | 0.00% |
| -20.00% | \$1,000.00 | N/A | 0.00% |
| -30.00% | N/A | \$700.00 | -30.00% |
| -40.00% | N/A | \$600.00 | -40.00% |
| -50.00% | N/A | \$500.00 | -50.00% |
| -60.00% | N/A | \$400.00 | -60.00% |
| -70.00% | N/A | \$300.00 | -70.00% |
| -80.00% | N/A | \$200.00 | -80.00% |
| -90.00% | N/A | \$100.00 | -90.00% |
| -100.00% | N/A | \$0.00 | -100.00% |

* The value of the Share Delivery Amount is equal to the number of shares included in the Share Delivery Amount multiplied by the closing price of the Underlying on the Maturity Date. If you receive the Share Delivery Amount at maturity, we will pay cash in lieu of delivering any fractional shares in an amount equal to that fraction multiplied by the

closing price of the Underlying on the Final Valuation Date. For purposes of this table and the below hypothetical examples, the closing price of the Underlying on the Maturity Date is deemed to be the same as the hypothetical Final Price as of the Final Valuation Date.

Hypothetical Examples of Amounts Payable on the Securities

The following hypothetical examples illustrate how the payments on the securities set forth in the tables above are calculated as well as how the payment of any Contingent Coupons will be determined. The examples below reflect a Coupon Rate of 11.00% per annum (the midpoint of the range between 10.50% and 11.50%).

Example 1: The Closing Price of the Underlying is greater than the Initial Price on the first Observation Date.

Because the Closing Price of the Underlying on the first Observation Date is greater than the Initial Price, the securities are automatically called on the first Observation Date, and the investor will receive on the related Call Settlement Date a cash payment of \$1,000.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities (excluding any Contingent Coupon).

Because the Closing Price of the Underlying on the first Observation Date is greater than the Coupon Barrier (70.00% of the Initial Price), the investor will receive the Contingent Coupon on the Call Settlement Date. As a result, the investor will receive a total of \$1,027.50 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities.

Example 2: The Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Initial Price but greater than the Coupon Barrier on the first and second Observation Dates and greater than the Initial Price on the third Observation Date. Because the Closing Price of the Underlying on the third Observation Date is greater than the Initial Price, the securities are automatically called on the third Observation Date, and the investor will receive on the related Call Settlement Date a cash payment of \$1,000.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities (excluding any Contingent Coupon).

Because the Closing Price of the Underlying on the first, second and third Observation Dates are greater than the Coupon Barrier, the investor will receive the Contingent Coupon on the first and second Coupon Payment Dates and the Call Settlement Date. As a result, the investor will receive a total of \$1,082.50 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities.

Example 3: The Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Initial Price on each Observation Date prior to the final Observation Date and the Closing Price of the Underlying is greater than the Initial Price on the final Observation Date. The Closing Price of the Underlying is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier on the first and final Observation Dates. Because the Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Initial Price on each

Observation Date prior to the final Observation Date, the securities are not automatically called prior to the final Observation Date. Because the Closing Price of the Underlying on the final Observation Date is greater than the Initial Price, the securities are automatically called on the final Observation Date, and the investor will receive on the Maturity Date a cash payment of \$1,000.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities (excluding any Contingent Coupon).

Because the Closing Prices of the Underlying on the first and final Observation Dates are greater than the Coupon Barrier, the investor will receive the Contingent Coupon on the first Coupon Payment Dates and the Maturity Date, but not on the other Coupon Payment Dates. As a result, the investor will receive a total of \$1,055.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities.

Example 4: The Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Initial Price on each Observation Date (including the final Observation Date) and the Final Price is greater than or equal to the Trigger Price. The Closing Price of the Underlying is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier on the second, third and final Observation Dates. Because the Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Initial Price on each Observation Date (including the final Observation Date), the securities are not automatically called. Because the Final Price of the Underlying is greater than or equal to the Trigger Price, the investor will receive on the Maturity Date a cash payment of \$1,000.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities (excluding any Contingent Coupon).

Because the Closing Prices of the Underlying on the second, third and final Observation Dates are greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier, the investor will receive the Contingent Coupon on the second and third Coupon Payment Dates and the Maturity Date, but not on the other Coupon Payment Date. As a result, the investor will receive a total of \$1,082.50 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities.

Example 5: The Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Coupon Barrier on each Observation Date (including the final Observation Date) and the Final Price is less than the Initial Price by 60.00%. Because the Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Initial Price on each Observation Date (including the final Observation Date), the securities are not automatically called. Because the Final Price is less than the Trigger Price, Deutsche Bank AG will deliver to you on the Maturity Date a number of shares of the Underlying equal to the Share Delivery Amount per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities and will pay cash in lieu of any fractional shares included in the Share Delivery Amount at the closing price of the Underlying on the Final Valuation Date. The value of shares received at maturity and the total return on the securities at that time depends on the closing price of the Underlying on the Maturity Date, and will likely result in a loss of a significant portion or all of your investment. In this example, we assume a hypothetical Initial Price of \$45.00, a hypothetical Share Delivery Amount of 22.2222 and a hypothetical Final Price of \$18.00 and that the closing price of one share of the Underlying on the Maturity Date is the same as the hypothetical Final Price on the Final Valuation Date. The actual Share Delivery Amount and Initial Price will be determined on the Trade Date.

| | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Value on the Maturity Date of shares of the Underlying received: | \$396.00 (22 shares x \$18.00) |
| Amount of cash received for fractional shares at the Final Price: | \$4.00 (0.2222 shares x \$18.00) |
| Total: | \$400.00 |
| Total return on the securities: | -60.00% |

Because the Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Coupon Barrier on each Observation Date (including the final Observation Date), the investor will not receive any Contingent Coupon over the entire term of the securities. As a result, the investor will receive only \$400.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities.

Selected Purchase Considerations

THE SECURITIES MAY OFFER A HIGHER, THOUGH CONTINGENT, COUPON THAN THE YIELD ON DEBT SECURITIES OF COMPARABLE MATURITY ISSUED BY US OR AN ISSUER WITH A COMPARABLE CREDIT RATING — The securities will pay Contingent Coupons that accrue at a rate of 10.50% - 11.50% per annum (to be determined on the Trade Date) only if the Closing Price of the Underlying is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier on the relevant Observation Date. This rate may be higher than the yield received on debt securities of comparable maturity issued by us or an issuer with a comparable credit rating, **but** is subject to the risk that the Closing Price of the Underlying will be less than the Coupon Barrier on an Observation Date and the resulting forfeiture of the Contingent Coupon for the entire period, as well as the risk of losing a significant portion or all of your investment if the securities are not automatically called and the Final Price is less than the Trigger Price. **Any payment on the securities is subject to our ability to satisfy our obligations as they become due.**

POTENTIAL EARLY EXIT AS A RESULT OF AUTOMATIC CALL FEATURE — While the original term of the securities is approximately one year, the securities will be automatically called before maturity if the Closing Price of the Underlying on any Observation Date is greater than or equal to the Initial Price, and you will receive a cash payment per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities on the Call Settlement Date equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such date. No Contingent Coupon will accrue or be payable following the Call Settlement Date.

CONTINGENT COUPON PAYMENTS — Unless the securities are previously automatically called, Contingent Coupon payments, if any, will be paid in arrears on the relevant quarterly Coupon Payment Dates only if the Closing Price of the Underlying on the relevant Observation Date is greater than or equal to the Coupon Barrier.

LIMITED PROTECTION AGAINST LOSS — If the securities are not automatically called but the Final Price is greater than or equal to the Trigger Price, for each \$1,000 Face Amount of securities, you will receive a cash payment at maturity equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such date. However, if the securities are not automatically called and the Final Price is less than the Trigger Price, Deutsche Bank AG will deliver to you at maturity a number of shares of the Underlying equal to the Share Delivery Amount per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities. **In this circumstance, you will lose a significant portion or all of your investment at maturity. Any payment on the securities is subject to our ability to satisfy our obligations as they become due.**

RETURN LINKED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE ISHARES® CHINA LARGE-CAP ETF — The return on the securities, which may be positive, zero or negative, is linked to the performance of the iShares® China Large-Cap ETF as described herein. The iShares® China Large-Cap ETF seeks to provide investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the FTSE China 50 Index. The FTSE China 50 Index is designed to track the performance of the largest companies in the Chinese equity market that are available to international investors. The FTSE China 50 Index consists of 50 of the largest and most liquid Chinese companies that trade on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The component stocks of the FTSE China 50 Index are weighted based on the total market value of their shares, so that component stocks with higher total market values generally have a higher representation in the FTSE China 50 Index. *This is only a summary of the iShares® China Large-Cap ETF. For more information on the iShares® China Large-Cap ETF, including information concerning its composition, calculation methodology and adjustment policy, please see the section entitled “Exchange Traded Funds — The iShares Exchange Traded Funds — iShares® China Large-Cap ETC” in the accompanying underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015. For more information on the FTSE China 50 Index, please see the section entitled “Indices — The FTSE China 50 Index” in the accompanying underlying supplement No. 1 dated August 17, 2015.*

You may receive shares of the Underlying at maturity as payment on the securities. Therefore in making your decision to invest in the securities, you should also review the prospectus related to the Underlying dated December 1, 2014 filed by the iShares® Trust available at <http://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/1100663/000119312514428943/d828103d497.htm>. In making your decision to invest in the securities, you should pay particular attention to the sections of the prospectus for the

Underlying entitled “A Further Discussion of Principal Risks” and “A Further Discussion of Other Risks.” The contents of the prospectus and any documents incorporated by reference therein are not incorporated by reference herein or in any way made a part hereof.

TAX CONSEQUENCES — Due to the lack of direct legal authority, there is substantial uncertainty regarding the U.S. federal income tax consequences of an investment in the securities. In determining our responsibilities for information reporting and withholding, if any, we intend to treat the securities as prepaid financial contracts that are not debt, with associated contingent coupons that constitute ordinary income and that, when paid to a non-U.S. holder, are generally subject to 30% (or lower treaty rate) withholding. Our special tax counsel, Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP, has advised that while it believes this treatment to be reasonable, it is unable to conclude that it is more likely than not that this treatment will be upheld, and that other reasonable treatments are possible that could materially affect the timing and character of income or loss on your securities. If this treatment is respected, you generally should recognize short-term capital gain or loss on the taxable disposition of your securities (including retirement). However, it is likely that any sales proceeds that are attributable to the next succeeding contingent coupon after it has been fixed will be treated as ordinary income and also possible that any sales proceeds attributable to the next succeeding contingent coupon prior to the time it has been fixed will be treated as ordinary income. You generally should not recognize gain or loss with respect to the receipt of shares at maturity (other than with respect to cash received in lieu of a fractional share). Consistent with this position, you should have an aggregate tax basis in the shares (including any fractional share for which cash is received) equal to your adjusted tax basis in the securities and should have a holding period in the shares beginning on the day after receipt. With respect to any cash received in lieu of a fractional share of the Underlying, you should recognize capital gain or loss in an amount equal to the difference between the amount of that cash and the tax basis allocable to the fractional share.

In 2007, the U.S. Treasury Department and the Internal Revenue Service (the “**IRS**”) released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar instruments. The notice focuses in particular on whether beneficial owners of these instruments should be required to accrue income over the term of their investment. It also asks for comments on a number of related topics, including the character of income or loss with respect to these instruments; the relevance of factors such as the nature of the underlying property to which the instruments are linked; and the degree, if any, to which income (including any mandated accruals) realized by non-U.S. persons should be subject to withholding tax. While the notice requests comments on appropriate transition rules and effective dates, any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially affect the tax consequences of an investment in the securities, possibly with retroactive effect.

You should review carefully the section of the accompanying product supplement entitled “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences.” The preceding discussion, when read in combination with that section, constitutes the full opinion of our special tax counsel regarding the material U.S. federal income tax consequences of owning and disposing of the securities.

Under current law, the United Kingdom will not impose withholding tax on payments made with respect to the securities.

For a discussion of certain German tax considerations relating to the securities, you should refer to the section in the accompanying prospectus supplement entitled “Taxation by Germany of Non-Resident Holders.”

You should consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the securities (including possible alternative treatments and the issues presented by the 2007 notice), as well as tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

Selected Risk Considerations

An investment in the securities involves significant risks. Investing in the securities is not equivalent to investing directly in the Underlying. In addition to these selected risk considerations, you should review the “Risk Factors” sections of the accompanying product supplement, prospectus supplement and prospectus.

YOUR INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES MAY RESULT IN A LOSS — If the securities are not automatically called, you will receive a cash payment per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities on the Maturity Date equal to the Face Amount *plus* the Contingent Coupon otherwise due on such date only if the Final Price is greater than or equal to the Trigger Price. However, if the securities are not automatically called and the Final Price is less than the Trigger Price, Deutsche Bank AG will deliver to you at maturity a number of shares of the Underlying equal to the Share Delivery Amount per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities. **In this circumstance, you will lose a significant portion or all of your investment at maturity. Any payment on the securities is subject to our ability to satisfy our obligations as they become due.**

YOUR RETURN ON THE SECURITIES IS LIMITED TO THE FACE AMOUNT PLUS CONTINGENT COUPONS (IF ANY) AND YOU WILL NOT PARTICIPATE IN ANY INCREASE IN THE PRICE OF THE UNDERLYING — The securities will not pay more than the Face Amount *plus* any Contingent Coupons that may be due. You will not participate in any increase in the price of the Underlying even if the Final Price of the Underlying is greater than or equal to the Initial Price. The maximum payment upon an Automatic Call or Payment at Maturity will be the Face Amount per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities (excluding any Contingent Coupons), regardless of any increase in the price of the Underlying, which may be significant.

YOU MAY NOT RECEIVE ANY CONTINGENT COUPONS — Deutsche Bank AG will not necessarily make periodic coupon payments on the securities. If the Closing Price of the Underlying on any Observation Date is less than the Coupon Barrier, Deutsche Bank AG will not pay you the Contingent Coupon applicable to such Observation Date. If the Closing Price of the Underlying is less than the Coupon Barrier on each of the Observation Dates, Deutsche Bank AG will not pay you any Contingent Coupons during the term of, and you will not receive a positive return on, your securities. Generally, non-payment of Contingent Coupons coincides with a greater risk of loss of your initial investment in the securities, because the price of the Underlying tends to be lower than the Trigger Price.

REINVESTMENT RISK — If your securities are automatically called, the term of the securities may be reduced to as short as approximately three months. There is no guarantee that you would be able to reinvest the proceeds from an investment in the securities at a comparable return for a similar level of risk in the event the securities are automatically called prior to the Maturity Date.

THE SECURITIES ARE SUBJECT TO THE CREDIT OF DEUTSCHE BANK AG — The securities are senior unsecured obligations of Deutsche Bank AG and are not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of any third party. Any payment(s) to be made on the securities depends on the ability of Deutsche Bank AG to satisfy its obligations as they come due. An actual or anticipated downgrade in Deutsche Bank AG's credit rating or increase in the credit spreads charged by the market for taking Deutsche Bank AG's credit risk will likely have an adverse effect on the value of the securities. As a result, the actual and perceived creditworthiness of Deutsche Bank AG will affect the value of the securities, and in the event Deutsche Bank AG were to default on its obligations or become subject to a Resolution Measure, you might not receive any amount(s) owed to you under the terms of the securities and you could lose your entire investment.

THE SECURITIES MAY BECOME SUBORDINATED TO THE CLAIMS OF OTHER CREDITORS, BE WRITTEN DOWN, BE CONVERTED OR BECOME SUBJECT TO OTHER RESOLUTION MEASURES. YOU MAY LOSE SOME OR ALL OF YOUR INVESTMENT IF ANY SUCH MEASURE BECOMES APPLICABLE TO US — On May 15, 2014, the European Parliament and the Council of the European Union published the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive for establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms. The Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive required each member state of the European Union to adopt and publish by December 31, 2014 the laws, regulations and administrative provisions necessary to comply with the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive. To implement the Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive, Germany has adopted the Resolution Act, which became effective on January 1, 2015. The Resolution Act may result in the securities being subject to the powers exercised by our competent resolution authority to impose a Resolution Measure on us, which may include: writing down, including to zero, any payment on the securities; converting the securities into ordinary shares or other instruments qualifying as core equity tier 1 capital; or applying any other resolution measure, including (but not limited to) transferring the securities to another entity, amending the terms and conditions of the securities or cancelling of the securities. We expect additional Resolution Measures to become applicable to us when the European regulation of July 15, 2014 relating to the

resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism and a Single Resolution Fund (commonly referred to as the “**SRM Regulation**”) becomes effective on January 1, 2016. On May 26, 2015, the German Federal Government published a draft bill of a Resolution Mechanism Act. One of this law’s primary purposes would be to conform German law to the SRM Regulation. In addition, the draft bill proposes that in the event of an insolvency proceeding, senior unsecured debt instruments would by operation of law rank junior to all other outstanding unsecured unsubordinated obligations, but in priority to all contractually subordinated instruments. The proposed subordination would not apply if the terms of the senior unsecured debt instruments provide that (i) the repayment amount depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of a future event, or will be settled in kind, or (ii) the interest amount depends on the occurrence or non-occurrence of a future event, unless it depends solely on a fixed or variable reference interest rate and will be settled in cash. Instruments that are typically traded on money markets would not be subject to the proposed subordination. The proposed order of priorities would apply to insolvency proceedings commenced on or after January 1, 2016. If enacted, the proposed subordination of senior unsecured debt instruments could apply to the securities, which would most likely result in a larger share of loss being allocated to the securities in the event of an insolvency proceeding or the imposition of any Resolution Measures by the competent resolution authority. The final version of the Resolution Mechanism Act may provide for additional Resolution Measures that may become applicable to us. Imposition of a Resolution Measure would likely occur if we become, or are deemed by

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our competent supervisory authority to have become, “non-viable” (as defined under the then applicable law) and are unable to continue our regulated banking activities without a Resolution Measure becoming applicable to us. **You may lose some or all of your investment in the securities if a Resolution Measure becomes applicable to us.**

By acquiring the securities, you would have no claim or other right against us arising out of any subordination or Resolution Measure, and we would have no obligation to make payments under the securities following the imposition of a Resolution Measure. In particular, the imposition of any Resolution Measure will not constitute a default or an event of default under the securities, under the Indenture or for the purpose of the Trust Indenture Act. Furthermore, because the securities are subject to any Resolution Measure, secondary market trading in the securities may not follow the trading behavior associated with similar types of securities issued by other financial institutions which may be or have been subject to a Resolution Measure.

In addition, by your acquisition of the securities, you waive, to the fullest extent permitted by the Trust Indenture Act and applicable law, any and all claims against the trustee and the paying agent for, agree not to initiate a suit against the trustee and the paying agent in respect of, and agree that neither the trustee nor the paying agent will be liable for, any action that the trustee or the paying agent takes, or abstains from taking, in either case in accordance with the imposition of a Resolution Measure by our competent resolution authority with respect to the securities. **Accordingly, you may have limited or circumscribed rights to challenge any decision of our competent resolution authority to impose any Resolution Measure.**

THE ISSUER’S ESTIMATED VALUE OF THE SECURITIES ON THE TRADE DATE WILL BE LESS THAN THE ISSUE PRICE OF THE SECURITIES — The Issuer’s estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date (as disclosed on the cover of this term sheet) is less than the Issue Price of the securities. The difference between the Issue Price and the Issuer’s estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date is due to the inclusion in the Issue Price of the agent’s commissions, if any, and the cost of hedging our obligations under the securities through one or more of our affiliates. Such hedging cost includes our or our affiliates’ expected cost of providing such hedge, as well as the profit we or our affiliates expect to realize in consideration for assuming the risks inherent in providing such hedge. The Issuer’s estimated value of the securities is determined by reference to an internal funding rate and our pricing models. The internal funding rate is typically lower than the rate we would pay when we issue conventional debt securities on equivalent terms. This difference in funding rate, as well as the agent’s commissions, if any, and the estimated cost of hedging our obligations under the securities, reduces the economic terms of the securities to you and is expected to adversely affect the price at which you may be able to sell the securities in any secondary market. In addition, our internal pricing models are proprietary and rely in part on certain assumptions about future events, which may prove to be incorrect. If at any time a third party dealer were to quote a price to purchase your securities or otherwise value your securities, that price or value may differ materially from the estimated value of the securities determined by reference to our internal funding rate and pricing models. This difference is due to, among other things, any difference in funding rates, pricing models or assumptions used by any dealer who may purchase the securities in the secondary market.

INVESTING IN THE SECURITIES IS NOT THE SAME AS INVESTING IN THE UNDERLYING — The return on the securities may not reflect the return you would have realized if you had directly invested in the Underlying. For instance, you will not participate in any potential increase in the price of the Underlying, which could be significant.

IF THE PRICE OF THE UNDERLYING CHANGES, THE VALUE OF YOUR SECURITIES MAY NOT CHANGE IN THE SAME MANNER — Your securities may trade quite differently from the price of the Underlying. Changes in the price of the Underlying may not result in comparable changes in the value of your securities.

NO DIVIDEND PAYMENTS OR VOTING RIGHTS — As a holder of the securities, you will not have any voting rights or rights to receive cash dividends or other distributions or other rights that holders of the Underlying would have.

THE SECURITIES ARE SUBJECT TO CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE RISK — Because the Underlying invests in stocks denominated in Hong Kong dollars but its shares are denominated in U.S. dollars, changes in currency exchange rates may negatively impact the Underlying's return. Of particular importance to currency exchange rate risk are:

· existing and expected rates of inflation;

· existing and expected interest rates;

· political, civil or military unrest;

· the balance of payments between China and the United States; and

· the extent of governmental surpluses or deficits in China and the United States.

All of these factors are in turn sensitive to the monetary, fiscal and trade policies pursued by the governments of China, the United States and other countries important to international trade and finance. An investor's net

exposure to currency exchange rate risk will depend on the extent to which the Hong Kong dollar strengthens or weakens against the U.S. dollar. If the U.S. dollar strengthens against the Hong Kong dollar, the price of the shares of the Underlying will be adversely affected and the value of the securities may be reduced. Additionally, the volatility and/or the correlation (including the direction and the extent of such correlation) of the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the Hong Kong dollar could affect the value of the securities.

THE HONG KONG DOLLAR DOES NOT FLOAT FREELY — Exchange rates of many developed and major emerging economies, including the United States, are currently “floating,” meaning that they are permitted to fluctuate in value relative to other currencies. However, the Hong Kong dollar does not float freely. The exchange rate of the Hong Kong dollar relative to the U.S. dollar is fixed within a narrow range by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority. For as long as the Hong Kong Monetary Authority restricts the Hong Kong dollar from floating relative to the U.S. dollar, the exchange rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the U.S. dollar will not fluctuate by any appreciable amount. If at any time the Hong Kong Monetary Authority permits the Hong Kong dollar to float, the exchange rate between the Hong Kong dollar and the U.S. dollar is likely to move significantly in a very short period of time, which would affect the price of the Underlying and, consequently, the value of your securities.

THERE ARE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH INVESTMENTS IN NOTES LINKED TO THE VALUES OF EQUITY SECURITIES ISSUED BY NON-U.S. COMPANIES — The Underlying holds component stocks that are issued by companies incorporated outside of the U.S. Because the component stocks also trade outside the U.S., the securities are subject to the risks associated with non-U.S. securities markets. Generally, non-U.S. securities markets may be more volatile and less liquid than U.S. securities markets, and market developments may affect non-U.S. securities markets differently than U.S. securities markets, which may adversely affect the price of the Underlying and the value of your securities. Furthermore, there are risks associated with investments in securities linked to the values of equity securities issued by non-U.S. companies. There is generally less publicly available information about non-U.S. companies than about those U.S. companies that are subject to the reporting requirements of the SEC, and non-U.S. companies are subject to accounting, auditing and financial reporting standards and requirements that differ from those applicable to U.S. reporting companies. In addition, the prices of equity securities issued by non-U.S. companies may be adversely affected by political, economic, financial and social factors that may be unique to the particular countries in which the non-U.S. companies are incorporated. These factors include the possibility of recent or future changes in a non-U.S. government’s economic and fiscal policies (including any direct or indirect intervention to stabilize the economy and/or securities market of the country of such non-U.S. government), the presence, and extent, of cross shareholdings in non-U.S. companies, the possible imposition of, or changes in, currency exchange laws or other non-U.S. laws or restrictions applicable to non-U.S. companies or investments in non-U.S. securities and the possibility of fluctuations in the rate of exchange between currencies. Moreover, certain aspects of a particular non-U.S. economy may differ favorably or unfavorably from the U.S. economy in important respects, such as growth of gross national product, rate of inflation, capital reinvestment, resources and self-sufficiency.

THE NOTES ARE SUBJECT TO EMERGING MARKETS RISK — The value of the securities is subject to the political and economic risks of emerging market countries by linking to the performance of the Underlying. The stocks held by the Underlying include stocks of companies that are located in emerging market countries and whose securities trade on the exchanges of emerging market countries. In recent years, some emerging markets have undergone significant political, economic and social upheaval. Such far-reaching changes have resulted in constitutional and social tensions and, in some cases, instability and reaction against market reforms has occurred. With respect to any emerging market nation, there is the possibility of nationalization, expropriation or confiscation, political changes, government regulation and social instability. Future political changes may adversely affect the

economic conditions of an emerging market nation. Political or economic instability could affect the value of the securities and the amount payable to you on the securities.

FLUCTUATION OF NAV — The price of the Underlying may fluctuate in accordance with changes in its net asset value (the “NAV”) and supply and demand on the applicable stock exchanges. The NAV of the Underlying may fluctuate with changes in the market value of the Underlying’s securities holdings. Therefore, the price of the Underlying may differ from its NAV per share and the shares of the Underlying may trade at, above or below its NAV per share.

ANTI-DILUTION PROTECTION IS LIMITED, AND THE CALCULATION AGENT MAY MAKE ADJUSTMENTS IN ADDITION TO, OR THAT DIFFER FROM, THOSE SET FORTH IN THE ACCOMPANYING PRODUCT SUPPLEMENT — The calculation agent will make adjustments to the Share Adjustment Factor, which will initially be set at 1.0, for certain events affecting the shares of the Underlying. The calculation agent is not required, however, to make adjustments in response to all events that could affect the shares of the Underlying. If an event occurs that does not require the calculation agent to make an adjustment, the value of the securities may be materially and adversely affected. In addition, you should be aware that the calculation agent may, at its sole discretion, make adjustments to the Share Adjustment Factor or any other terms of the securities that are in addition to, or that differ from, those described in the accompanying product supplement to reflect changes

occurring in relation to the Underlying in circumstances where the calculation agent determines that it is appropriate to reflect those changes to ensure an equitable result. Any alterations to the specified anti-dilution adjustments for the Underlying described in the accompanying product supplement may be materially adverse to investors in the securities. You should read “Description of Securities — Anti-Dilution Adjustments for Funds” in the accompanying product supplement in order to understand the adjustments that may be made to the securities.

ADJUSTMENTS TO THE UNDERLYING OR TO THE TRACKED INDEX COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE VALUE OF THE SECURITIES – BlackRock Fund Advisors (“**BFA**”) is the investment advisor to the Underlying, which seeks investment results that correspond generally to the price and yield performance, before fees and expenses, of the publicly traded securities in the FTSE China 50 Index (the “**Tracked Index**”). The stocks included in the Tracked Index are selected by FTSE International Limited (“**FTSE**”). The Tracked Index is calculated and published by FTSE. FTSE can add, delete or substitute the stocks composing the Tracked Index, which could change the value of the Tracked Index. Pursuant to its investment strategy or otherwise, BFA may add, delete or substitute the component securities held by the Underlying. Any of these actions could cause or contribute to large movements in the prices of the component securities held by the Underlying, which could cause the Final Price to be less than the Trigger Price, in which case you will lose a significant portion or all of your initial investment.

THE UNDERLYING AND THE TRACKED INDEX ARE DIFFERENT — The performance of the Underlying may not exactly replicate the performance of the Tracked Index because the Underlying will reflect transaction costs and fees that are not included in the calculation of the Tracked Index. It is also possible that the Underlying may not fully replicate or may in certain circumstances diverge significantly from the performance of the Tracked Index due to the temporary unavailability of certain stocks in the secondary market, the performance of any derivative instruments contained in the Underlying or due to other circumstances. BFA may invest up to 10% of the Underlying’s assets in other securities, including securities not in the Tracked Index but which BFA believes will help the Underlying track the Tracked Index, and in other investments, including futures, options and swap contracts, as well as cash and cash equivalents, including shares of money market funds advised by BFA or its affiliates. Finally, because the shares of the Underlying are traded on NYSE Arca and are subject to market supply and investor demand, the market value of one share of the Underlying may differ from the net asset value per share of the Underlying. For all of the foregoing reasons, the performance of the Underlying may not correlate with the performance of the Tracked Index.

THERE IS NO AFFILIATION BETWEEN THE UNDERLYING AND US, AND WE HAVE NOT PARTICIPATED IN THE PREPARATION OF, OR VERIFIED, ANY DISCLOSURE BY THE UNDERLYING OR BY ISSUERS OF THE STOCKS HELD BY THE UNDERLYING — We are not affiliated with the Underlying or the issuers of the component stocks held by the Underlying or underlying the Tracked Index (such stocks, “**Underlying Stocks**,” the issuers of Underlying Stocks, “**Underlying Stock Issuers**”). However, we or our affiliates may currently or from time to time in the future engage in business with the Underlying Stock Issuers, including extending loans to, making equity investments in, or providing advisory services to, such Underlying Stock Issuers, including merger and acquisition advisory service. In the course of this business, we or our affiliates may acquire non-public information about the Underlying Stock Issuers and we will not disclose any such information to you. Nevertheless, neither we nor our affiliates have participated in the preparation of, or verified, any information about the Underlying Stocks or any of the Underlying Stock Issuers. You, as an investor in the securities, should make your own investigation into the Underlying Stocks and the Underlying Stock Issuers. Neither the Underlying nor any of the Underlying Stock Issuers is involved in the securities offered hereby in any way and none of them has any obligation of any sort with respect to your securities. The Underlying has no obligation to take your interests into

consideration for any reason, including when taking any actions that would require the calculation agent to adjust the Share Adjustment Factor and/or the Share Delivery Amount, which may adversely affect the value of your securities.

THE TRACKED INDEX OF THE UNDERLYING HAS RECENTLY CHANGED — There were changes recently made to the index the Underlying tracks. Until September 19, 2014, the Underlying tracked the performance of the FTSE China 25 Index (the “**China 25**”), which included only 25 stocks selected from the largest and most liquid Chinese companies available to international investors and traded on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. However, starting on September 22, 2014, the China 25 was replaced by, and the Underlying began tracking,

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the FTSE China 50 Reference Index (the “**Transition Index**”), a transition index that added 25 new constituents (for a total of 50) to the China 25 and, over the course of three periodic reviews, gradually increased the weightings of the new constituents. On November 21, 2014, the transition to the current methodology was completed and the Transition Index was replaced, and the Underlying began tracking, the Tracked Index. Because the index that the Underlying tracks has recently changed, the new Tracked Index could reduce the performance of the Underlying compared to the performance of the Underlying if it was still tracking the China 25 or the Transition Index, and limit the utility of available information about the historical performance of the Underlying. For more information, see the section entitled “iShare® China Large-Cap ETF” in this term sheet.

PAST PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING IS NO GUIDE TO FUTURE PERFORMANCE — The actual performance of the Underlying over the term of the securities may bear little relation to the historical closing prices of the Underlying, and/or the hypothetical return examples set forth elsewhere in this term sheet. Furthermore, due to the changes made to the index the Underlying tracks (transitioning from the China 25 to the Tracked Index), the historical performance of the Underlying may be of limited value in assessing its performance. Prior to September 19, 2014, the Underlying tracked the performance of the China 25. On September 22, 2014, the Underlying began tracking the performance of the Transition Index and, on November 21, 2014, the Underlying began tracking the Tracked Index. We cannot predict the future performance of the Underlying or whether the performance of the Underlying will result in the return of any of your investment.

ASSUMING NO CHANGES IN MARKET CONDITIONS AND OTHER RELEVANT FACTORS, THE PRICE YOU MAY RECEIVE FOR YOUR SECURITIES IN SECONDARY MARKET TRANSACTIONS WOULD GENERALLY BE LOWER THAN BOTH THE ISSUE PRICE AND THE ISSUER’S ESTIMATED VALUE OF THE SECURITIES ON THE TRADE DATE — While the payment(s) on the securities described in this term sheet is based on the full Face Amount of your securities, the Issuer’s estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date (as disclosed on the cover of this term sheet) is less than the Issue Price of the securities. The Issuer’s estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date does not represent the price at which we or any of our affiliates would be willing to purchase your securities in the secondary market at any time. Assuming no changes in market conditions or our creditworthiness and other relevant factors, the price, if any, at which we or our affiliates would be willing to purchase the securities from you in secondary market transactions, if at all, would generally be lower than both the Issue Price and the Issuer’s estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date. Our purchase price, if any, in secondary market transactions would be based on the estimated value of the securities determined by reference to (i) the then-prevailing internal funding rate (adjusted by a spread) or another appropriate measure of our cost of funds and (ii) our pricing models at that time, less a bid spread determined after taking into account the size of the repurchase, the nature of the assets underlying the securities and then-prevailing market conditions. The price we report to financial reporting services and to distributors of our securities for use on customer account statements would generally be determined on the same basis. However, during the period of approximately three months beginning from the Trade Date, we or our affiliates may, in our sole discretion, increase the purchase price determined as described above by an amount equal to the declining differential between the Issue Price and the Issuer’s estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date, prorated over such period on a straight-line basis, for transactions that are individually and in the aggregate of the expected size for ordinary secondary market repurchases.

In addition to the factors discussed above, the value of the securities and our purchase price in secondary market transactions after the Trade Date, if any, will vary based on many economic and market factors, including our

creditworthiness, and cannot be predicted with accuracy. These changes may adversely affect the value of your securities, including the price you may receive in any secondary market transactions. Any sale prior to the Maturity Date could result in a substantial loss to you. The securities are not designed to be short-term trading instruments. Accordingly, you should be able and willing to hold your securities to maturity.

THE SECURITIES WILL NOT BE LISTED AND THERE WILL LIKELY BE LIMITED LIQUIDITY — The securities will not be listed on any securities exchange. There may be little or no secondary market for the securities. We or our affiliates intend to act as market makers for the securities but are not required to do so and may cease such market making activities at any time. Even if there is a secondary market, it may not provide enough liquidity to allow you to sell the securities when you wish to do so or at a price advantageous to you. Because we do not expect other dealers to make a secondary market for the securities, the price at which you may be able to sell your securities is likely to depend on the price, if any, at which we or our affiliates are willing to buy the securities. If, at any time, we or our affiliates do not act as market makers, it is likely that there would be little or no secondary market in the securities. If you have to sell your securities prior to maturity, you may not be able to do so or you may have to sell them at a substantial loss, even in cases where the price of the Underlying has increased since the Trade Date.

MANY ECONOMIC AND MARKET FACTORS WILL AFFECT THE VALUE OF THE SECURITIES — While we expect that, generally, the price of the Underlying will affect the value of the securities more than any other single factor, the value of the securities prior to maturity will also be affected by a number of other factors that may either offset or magnify each other, including:

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· whether the Closing Price of the Underlying on any Observation Date is less than the Coupon Barrier;

· the expected volatility of the Underlying;

· the time remaining to the maturity of the securities;

· the market prices and dividend rates of the Underlying and the component securities held by the Underlying;

· the composition of the Underlying;

· the occurrence of certain events affecting the Underlying that may or may not require an anti-dilution adjustment;

· the exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the Hong Kong dollar;

· interest rates and yields in the market generally;

· geopolitical conditions and economic, financial, political, regulatory or judicial events that affect the Underlying, the Tracked Index or the markets generally;

· supply and demand for the securities; and

· our creditworthiness, including actual or anticipated downgrades in our credit ratings.

· TRADING AND OTHER TRANSACTIONS BY US OR OUR AFFILIATES IN THE EQUITY AND EQUITY DERIVATIVE MARKETS MAY IMPAIR THE VALUE OF THE SECURITIES —

We or our affiliates expect to hedge our exposure from the securities by entering into equity and equity derivative transactions, such as over-the-counter options, futures or exchange-traded instruments. We or our affiliates may also engage in trading in instruments linked or related to the Underlying on a regular basis as part of our or their general broker-dealer and other businesses, for proprietary accounts, for other accounts under management or to facilitate transactions for customers, including block transactions. Such trading and hedging activities may affect the price of the Underlying and, therefore, make it less likely that you will receive a positive return on your investment in the securities. It is possible that we or our affiliates could receive substantial returns from these hedging and trading activities while the value of the securities declines. We or our affiliates may also issue or underwrite other securities or financial or derivative instruments with returns linked or related to the Underlying. To the extent we or our affiliates serve as issuer, agent or underwriter for such securities or financial or derivative instruments, our or our affiliates' interests with respect to such products may be adverse to those of the holders of the securities. Introducing competing products into the marketplace in this manner could adversely affect the value of the securities. Any of the foregoing activities described in this paragraph may reflect trading strategies that differ from, or are in direct opposition to, investors' trading and investment strategies related to the securities. Furthermore, because Deutsche

Bank Securities Inc. (“**DBSI**”) or one of its affiliates is expected to conduct trading and hedging activities for us in connection with the securities, DBSI or such affiliate may profit in connection with such trading and hedging activities and such profit, if any, will be in addition to any compensation that DBSI receives for the sale of the securities to you. You should be aware that the potential to earn a profit in connection with hedging activities may create an incentive for DBSI to sell the securities to you in addition to any compensation they would receive for the sale of the securities.

WE OR OUR AFFILIATES MAY PUBLISH RESEARCH, EXPRESS OPINIONS OR PROVIDE RECOMMENDATIONS THAT ARE INCONSISTENT WITH INVESTING IN OR HOLDING THE SECURITIES. ANY SUCH RESEARCH, OPINIONS OR RECOMMENDATIONS COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE PRICE OF THE UNDERLYING OR THE VALUE OF THE SECURITIES — We or our affiliates may publish research from time to time on financial markets and other matters that could adversely affect the price of the Underlying and the value of the securities, or express opinions or provide recommendations that are inconsistent with purchasing or holding the securities. Any research, opinions or recommendations expressed by us or our affiliates may not be consistent with each other and may be modified from time to time without notice. You should make your own independent investigation of the merits of investing in the securities and the Underlying.

POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST — We and our affiliates play a variety of roles in connection with the issuance of the securities, including acting as calculation agent, hedging our obligations under the securities and determining the Issuer’s estimated value of the securities on the Trade Date and the price, if any, at which we or our affiliates would be willing to purchase the securities from you in secondary market transactions. In performing these roles, our economic interests and those of our affiliates are potentially adverse to your interests as an investor in the securities. The calculation agent will determine, among other things, all values, prices and levels required to be determined for the purposes of the securities on any relevant date or time. The calculation agent also has some discretion about certain adjustments to the Share Adjustment Factor and will be responsible for determining whether a market disruption event has occurred as well as, in some circumstances, the prices or levels related to the Underlying that affect whether Contingent Coupons are paid and whether the securities are automatically called. Any determination by the calculation agent could adversely affect the return on the securities.

THERE IS SUBSTANTIAL UNCERTAINTY REGARDING THE U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES OF AN INVESTMENT IN THE SECURITIES — There is no direct legal authority regarding the proper U.S. federal income tax treatment of the securities, and we do not plan to request a ruling from the IRS. Consequently, significant aspects of the tax treatment of the securities are uncertain, and the IRS or a court might not agree with the treatment of the securities as prepaid financial contracts that are not debt, with associated contingent coupons, as described above under “Tax Consequences.” If the IRS were successful in asserting an alternative treatment for the securities, the tax consequences of ownership and disposition of the securities could be materially affected. In addition, as described above under “Tax Consequences,” in 2007 the U.S. Treasury Department and the IRS released a notice requesting comments on various issues regarding the U.S. federal income tax treatment of “prepaid forward contracts” and similar instruments. Any Treasury regulations or other guidance promulgated after consideration of these issues could materially affect the tax consequences of an investment in the securities, possibly with retroactive effect. You should review carefully the section of the accompanying product supplement entitled “U.S. Federal Income Tax Consequences,” and consult your tax adviser regarding the U.S. federal tax consequences of an investment in the securities (including possible alternative treatments and the issues presented by the 2007 notice), as well as tax consequences arising under the laws of any state, local or non-U.S. taxing jurisdiction.

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Historical Information

The following graph sets forth the historical performance of the iShares® China Large-Cap ETF based on its daily closing prices from September 15, 2010 through September 15, 2015. The closing price of the iShares® China Large-Cap ETF on September 15, 2015 was \$36.450. The graph below shows a hypothetical Coupon Barrier and Trigger Price equal to 70.00% of \$36.450, which was the closing price of the iShares® China Large-Cap ETF on September 15, 2015. We obtained the historical closing prices of the Underlying below from Bloomberg L.P. and we have not participated in the preparation of, or verified, such information. **The historical closing prices of the Underlying should not be taken as an indication of future performance and no assurance can be given as to the Closing Price of the Underlying on any Observation Date (including the Final Valuation Date). We cannot give you assurance that the performance of the Underlying will result in the return of any of your initial investment.**

Supplemental Underwriting Information (Conflicts of Interest)

DBSI, acting as agent for Deutsche Bank AG, will receive a selling concession in connection with the sale of the securities in an amount equal to 10.00% or \$10.00 per \$1,000 Face Amount of securities.

DBSI, the agent for this offering, is our affiliate. Because DBSI is both our affiliate and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (“**FINRA**”), the underwriting arrangement for this offering must comply with the requirements of FINRA Rule 5121 regarding a FINRA member firm’s distribution of the securities of an affiliate and related conflicts of interest. In accordance with FINRA Rule 5121, DBSI may not make sales in offerings of the securities to any of its discretionary accounts without the prior written approval of the customer. See “Underwriting (Conflicts of Interest)” in the accompanying product supplement.

Settlement

We expect to deliver the securities against payment for the securities on the Settlement Date indicated above, which may be a date that is greater than three business days following the Trade Date. Under Rule 15c6-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, trades in the secondary market generally are required to settle in three business days, unless the parties to a trade expressly agree otherwise. Accordingly, if the Settlement Date is more than three business days after the Trade Date, purchasers who wish to transact in the securities more than three business days prior to the Settlement Date will be required to specify alternative settlement arrangements to prevent a failed settlement.

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