ACI WORLDWIDE, INC. Form DEF 14A April 21, 2010

SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Filed by the Registrant p Filed by a Party other than the Registrant o Check the appropriate box:

- o Preliminary Proxy Statement
- o Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- b Definitive Proxy Statement
- o Definitive Additional Materials
- o Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

ACI Worldwide, Inc.

(Name of Registrant as Specified In Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant)

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- b No fee required.
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(3)	Filing Party:
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April 21, 2010

Dear Stockholder:

You are cordially invited to attend the 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders of ACI Worldwide, Inc. to be held on Wednesday, June 9, 2010, at 8:30 a.m. EDT at the company s principal executive offices located at 120 Broadway, Suite 3350, New York, New York 10271.

Details of the business to be conducted at our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders are provided in the attached Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement.

Comparable to last year, we have elected to use the Internet as our primary means of furnishing proxy materials to our stockholders under the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's notice and access rules. Consequently, most stockholders will not receive paper copies of our proxy materials. We instead sent these stockholders a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials containing instructions on how to access our 2010 Proxy Statement and our Annual Report and vote via the Internet. The notice also included instructions on how you may receive a paper copy of your proxy materials. If you received your annual meeting materials by mail, your proxy materials, including your proxy card, were enclosed. We believe that this new process expedites stockholders receipt of proxy materials, lowers the costs of our annual meeting and helps to conserve natural resources.

Your vote is very important. Please use this opportunity to take part in the affairs of your company. Whether or not you plan to attend the annual meeting, please vote as soon as possible. You may vote over the Internet, as well as by telephone or, if you requested to receive printed proxy materials, by mailing a completed proxy card. Voting by any of these methods will ensure your representation at the annual meeting.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we appreciate your continued interest in your company.

Sincerely,

Harlan F. Seymour

Chairman of the Board of Directors

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS to be held on June 9, 2010

The 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the Annual Meeting) of ACI Worldwide, Inc. will be held on Wednesday, June 9, 2010, at 8:30 a.m. EDT at the company s principal executive offices located at 120 Broadway, Suite 3350, New York, New York 10271. We are holding the meeting to:

- 1. Elect eight directors to our Board of Directors to hold office until the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders;
- 2. Ratify the appointment of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010; and
- 3. Transact such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting and any adjournment or postponement thereof.

Our Board of Directors has fixed the close of business on April 12, 2010 as the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting and any adjournment thereof. Each share of our common stock is entitled to one vote on all matters presented at the Annual Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Dennis P. Byrnes *Secretary*

April 21, 2010

YOUR VOTE IS VERY IMPORTANT

Whether or not you plan to attend the Annual Meeting, please vote as soon as possible. You may vote over the Internet, as well as by telephone or, if you requested to receive printed proxy materials, by mailing a completed proxy card. For more detailed information regarding how to vote your shares, please refer to the Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials you received in the mail, the section entitled Voting Instructions beginning on page 1 of the Proxy Statement, or if you requested to receive printed proxy materials, your enclosed proxy card.

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This Proxy Statement contains a report issued by the Audit Committee relating to certain of its activities during 2009, a report issued by the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee relating to executive compensation during 2009 and a company stock performance graph. Stockholders should be aware that under Securities and Exchange Commission rules, these committee reports and the company stock performance graph are not considered filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and are not incorporated by reference in any past or future filing by the Company under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or the Securities Act of 1933, unless specifically referenced.

ACI WORLDWIDE, INC.

PROXY STATEMENT for the ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS to be held on June 9, 2010

INFORMATION ABOUT THE MEETING, VOTING AND PROXIES

Date, Time and Place of Meeting

This Proxy Statement is being furnished in connection with the solicitation by and on behalf of the Board of Directors (the Board) of ACI Worldwide, Inc. (the Company , we , us or our), of proxies to be used at our 2010 Annual Me of Stockholders (the Annual Meeting) to be held on Wednesday, June 9, 2010, at 8:30 a.m. EDT at the Company s principal executive offices located at 120 Broadway, Suite 3350, New York, New York, 10271, and any postponement or adjournment thereof. A copy of our annual report to stockholders, including our annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, which includes our financial statements for 2009 (the Annual Report), accompanies this Proxy Statement. Beginning on or about April 21, 2010, we made this Proxy Statement available to our stockholders.

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE STOCKHOLDER MEETING TO BE HELD ON JUNE 9, 2010

Our Proxy Statement and Annual Report are also available online at www.proxydocs.com/aciw

Internet Availability of Proxy Materials

Under the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission s notice and access rules, we have elected to use the Internet as our primary means of furnishing proxy materials to our stockholders. Consequently, most stockholders will not receive paper copies of our proxy materials. We instead sent these stockholders a Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials (Internet Availability Notice) containing instructions on how to access this Proxy Statement and our Annual Report and vote via the Internet. The Internet Availability Notice also included instructions on how to receive a paper copy of your proxy materials, if you so choose. If you received your annual meeting materials by mail, your proxy materials, including your proxy card, were enclosed. We believe that this process expedites stockholders receipt of proxy materials, lowers the costs of our Annual Meeting and helps to conserve natural resources.

Voting Instructions

If your shares are registered directly in your name with our transfer agent, Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, National Association (Wells Fargo), the Internet Availability Notice was sent directly to you by the Company. The Internet Availability Notice provides instructions on how to request printed proxy materials and how to access your proxy card which contains instructions on how to vote via the Internet or by telephone. For stockholders who receive a paper proxy card, instructions for voting via the Internet or by telephone are set forth on the proxy card. The Internet and telephone voting facilities for stockholders of record will close at 5:00 p.m. EDT on June 6, 2010. If your shares are

held in an account at a brokerage firm, bank, trust or other similar organization, like the vast majority of our stockholders, you are considered the *beneficial owner* of shares held in *street name* and the Internet Availability Notice was forwarded to you by that organization. See the section below entitled Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes for additional information. You will receive instructions from your broker, bank, trustee or other nominee that must be followed in order for your broker, bank, trustee or other nominee to vote your shares per your instructions.

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Revocability of Proxies

A holder of our common stock who has given a proxy may revoke it prior to its exercise either by giving written notice of revocation to the Secretary of the Company or by giving a duly executed proxy bearing a later date. Attendance in person at the Annual Meeting does not itself revoke a proxy; however, any stockholder who attends the Annual Meeting may revoke a previously submitted proxy by voting in person. If you are a beneficial owner of our shares, you will need to contact your bank, brokerage firm, trustee or other nominee to revoke any prior voting instructions.

Proxy Voting

Subject to any revocation as described above, all common stock represented by properly executed proxies will be voted in accordance with the specifications on the proxy. If no such specifications are made, proxies will be voted **FOR** each proposal described herein and, as to any other matter that may be brought before the Annual Meeting, in accordance with the judgment of the person or persons voting the same.

Record Date, Outstanding Shares and Quorum

Only holders of our common stock of record at the close of business on April 12, 2010 (the Record Date) are entitled to notice of and to vote at the Annual Meeting. At the close of business on the Record Date, there were 33,984,843 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding, excluding 6,836,673 shares of common stock held as treasury stock by the Company. Shares of common stock held as treasury stock are not entitled to be voted at the Annual Meeting. Each stockholder is entitled to one vote per share of common stock held on all matters to be voted on by our stockholders. Stockholders may not cumulate their votes in the election of directors. Unless the context requires otherwise, any reference to shares in this Proxy Statement refers to all shares of common stock entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting. The presence in person or by proxy at the Annual Meeting of the holders of a majority of the issued and outstanding shares entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting shall constitute a quorum.

Proxy Solicitation

The Company will bear the expense of this solicitation of proxies, including the preparation, assembly, printing and mailing of the Internet Availability Notice, this Proxy Statement, the proxy and any additional solicitation material that the Company may provide to stockholders. Copies of the proxy materials and any other solicitation materials will be provided to brokerage firms, banks, fiduciaries and custodians holding shares in their names that are beneficially owned by others so that they may forward the solicitation material to such beneficial owners. We will reimburse such brokerage firms, banks, fiduciaries and other custodians for the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by them in connection with forwarding the proxy materials and any other solicitation materials. We have retained Mediant Communications LLC to assist us with the distribution of proxies. The original solicitation of proxies by mail may be supplemented by solicitation by telephone and other means by directors, officers and employees of the Company. No additional compensation will be paid to these individuals for any such services.

Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes

While there is no definitive statutory or case law authority in Delaware as to the proper treatment of abstentions, we believe that abstentions should be counted for purposes of determining both (i) the presence or absence of a quorum for the transaction of business and (ii) the total number of shares present in person or by proxy at the Annual Meeting with respect to a proposal (other than the election of directors). In the absence of a controlling precedent to the contrary, we intend to treat abstentions in this manner. The effect of an abstention on the outcome of the voting on a particular proposal depends on the vote required to approve that proposal, as described in the Vote Required section

below.

Broker non-votes are shares present by proxy at the Annual Meeting and held by brokers or nominees as to which (i) instructions to vote have not been received from the beneficial owners and (ii) the broker or nominee does not have discretionary voting power on a particular matter. If you are a beneficial owner of shares held in *street name* and you do not provide voting instructions to your broker, your shares may be voted on any matter your

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broker has discretionary authority to vote. Brokers generally have discretionary authority to vote on routine matters, but not on non-routine matters. Please note that this year the rules regarding what constitutes routine matters have changed for brokers registered under the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE). The election of directors (Proposal 1) is now considered a non-routine matter for NYSE registered brokers; whereas, the ratification of the appointment of an independent registered public accounting firm (Proposal 2) is still considered a routine matter. We encourage you to provide instructions to your broker regarding voting your shares. On any matter for which your broker does not vote on your behalf, the shares will be treated as broker non-votes .

Broker non-votes will be counted for purposes of determining the presence or absence of a quorum for the transaction of business at the Annual Meeting, but broker non-votes will not be counted for purposes of determining the number of shares present in person or by proxy at the Annual Meeting with respect to a particular proposal on which the broker has expressly not voted.

Vote Required

Election of a director requires the affirmative vote of the holders of a plurality of the shares present in person or represented by proxy at a meeting at which a quorum is present. The eight persons receiving the greatest number of votes at the Annual Meeting shall be elected as directors. Since only affirmative votes count for this purpose, abstentions and broker non-votes will not affect the outcome of the voting on this proposal.

With respect to Proposal 2, the ratification of the appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm (the independent auditor) for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010, a stockholder may mark the accompanying form of proxy card to (a) vote for the matter, (b) vote against the matter, or (c) abstain from voting on the matter. The affirmative vote of a majority of the shares represented at the Annual Meeting and actually voting on Proposal 2 is required for the approval of Proposal 2. Because only a majority of shares actually voting is required to approve Proposal 2, abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect on the outcome of the voting on Proposal 2.

The inspector of elections appointed for the Annual Meeting will separately tabulate affirmative and negative votes, abstentions and broker non-votes.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We are committed to maintaining the highest standards of business conduct and corporate governance, which we believe are essential to running our business efficiently, serving stockholders well and maintaining our integrity in the marketplace. Our Board has a standing Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (Corporate Governance Committee) which operates pursuant to a charter. The full text of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee charter is published on our website at www.aciworldwide.com in the Investor Relations Corporate Governance Section. During 2009, the members of the Corporate Governance Committee consisted of Messrs. Curtis, Seymour and Stokely, each of whom is independent as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2) of The NASDAQ Stock Market (NASDAQ) listing standards.

The Corporate Governance Committee regularly monitors corporate governance developments and reviews our policies, processes and procedures in light of these developments to ensure that the Company and our Board adhere to best practices in this arena. The Corporate Governance Committee also provides advice to our Board with respect to:

Board organization, membership and function;

Compensation of our directors, including their compensation for service on committees of our Board;

Board committee structure, membership and purpose;

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines;

Oversight of our policies and positions regarding significant stockholder relations issues;

Evaluation of, and successor planning for, our Chief Executive Officer (CEO); and

Other matters relating to corporate governance and the rights and interests of our stockholders.

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Corporate Governance Guidelines

Our Corporate Governance Guidelines are designed to ensure that our Board follows practices and procedures that serve our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders. The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for overseeing these guidelines and making recommendations to our Board regarding any changes. These guidelines address, among other things, the following topics:

Performance assessments of our Board and its committees;

Composition and independence of our Board and its committees;

Director orientation and continuing education;

Policy on directors that change corporate affiliations; and

Management responsibilities and Board access to management.

Code of Business Conduct and Code of Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for our directors, officers (including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer and controller) and employees. We have also adopted a Code of Ethics for the Chief Executive Officer and Senior Financial Officers (the Code of Ethics), which applies to our Chief Executive Officer, our Chief Financial Officer, our Chief Accounting Officer, Controller, and persons performing similar functions. The full text of both the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and the Code of Ethics is published on our website at www.aciworldwide.com in the Investor Relations Corporate Governance section. We will disclose amendments to, or waivers of, certain provisions of the Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and the Code of Ethics relating to our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer, Controller or persons performing similar functions on our website promptly following the adoption of any such amendment or waiver.

Director Independence

The Company is governed by our Board of Directors. In accordance with our Corporate Governance Guidelines, at least a majority of our Board must consist of independent directors. For a director to be considered independent, our Board must determine that the director does not have any direct or indirect material relationship with the Company. Our Board has established guidelines to assist it in determining director independence, which conform to the independence requirements in the NASDAQ listing standards. In addition to applying these guidelines, our Board considers all relevant facts and circumstances in making an independence determination. With the exception of Mr. Heasley, our President and Chief Executive Officer, each of our directors is independent.

All members of the Board standing Audit Committee, Compensation and Leadership Development Committee and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee must be independent directors as defined by our Corporate Governance Guidelines. Members of the Audit Committee must also satisfy a separate Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) independence requirement, which provides that they may not accept directly or indirectly any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the Company or any of its subsidiaries other than their directors compensation.

Our Board held six meetings during 2009 with two of the Board meetings conducted as telephonic meetings. All of our directors attended at least 94% of the meetings of the Board and the Board committees on which they served. Our Board has adopted a policy that requires all directors to attend our annual meetings of stockholders unless it is not reasonably practicable for a director to do so. All of the directors serving as of June 10, 2009 attended our 2009 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Board Committees and Committee Meetings

Our Board has standing Audit, Compensation and Leadership Development, Nominating and Corporate Governance and Technology Committees. The Audit Committee assists our Board in its general oversight of our financial reporting, internal controls and audit functions, and is directly responsible for the appointment, retention,

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compensation and oversight of the work of our independent auditor. Additional information regarding the Audit Committee of our Board (the Audit Committee) is included in the Report of the Audit Committee below.

The Compensation and Leadership Development Committee (the Compensation Committee) reviews and determines salaries, performance-based incentives and other matters relating to executive compensation; generally administers our equity award and stock option plans, including reviewing and granting stock options and other equity awards to our executive officers, but excluding the grant of stock option and other equity awards, if any, to independent directors; reviews and evaluates the performance of, and succession planning for, executive officers other than our CEO; and provides general oversight over leadership development process and strategies for executive officers. The Compensation Committee also reviews and determines various other Company compensation policies and matters. Additional information regarding the Compensation Committee of our Board is included in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section below.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (the Corporate Governance Committee) reviews and reports to our Board on a periodic basis with regard to matters of corporate governance and assists our Board in fulfilling its responsibilities to assure that we are governed in a manner consistent with the interests of our stockholders. Additional information regarding the Corporate Governance Committee is included in the Corporate Governance section above.

On September 10, 2008, our Board established a Technology Committee. The Technology Committee reviews and provides oversight of, and counsel on, matters relating to technology and innovation and assists our Board in its guidance of our technology strategies. The Technology Committee consists of Board members and may also consist of management personnel. Members of the Technology Committee are recommended by the Corporate Governance Committee and appointed by our Board.

The table below provides meeting information for our Board and each of its committees during 2009:

	Full		Compensation and Leadership	Nominating and Corporate	
Type of Meeting	Board	Audit	Development	Governance	Technology
In Person	4	4	4	4	7
Telephonic	2	13	9	0	3
Total Meetings in 2009	6	17	13	4	10

The table below provides membership information for each of the Board committees during 2009:

Name	Audit	Compensation and Leadership Development	Nominating and Corporate Governance	Technology
Alfred R. Berkeley, III	X	-		X
John D. Curtis			Chair	
James C. McGroddy				Chair
Harlan F. Seymour		X	X	
John M. Shay, Jr.	X	Chair		

John E. Stokely

Jan H. Suwinski

X

Board Leadership Structure

Our Board has determined that having an independent director serve as the Chairman of the Board is in the best interests of our stockholders. Our Chairman of the Board is Harlan F. Seymour. Our President and CEO, Mr. Heasley, is the only member of our Board who is not an independent director. We believe that this leadership structure enhances the accountability of our President and CEO to the Board and strengthens the Board s independence from management. While both leaders are actively engaged on significant matters affecting the Company, such as long-term strategy, by splitting these leadership positions, Mr. Heasley is able to focus his efforts

on running our business and managing the Company while Mr. Seymour can focus more on the governance of the Company, including oversight of our Board.

Board s Role in Risk Oversight

Although management is responsible for the day-to-day management of risks to the Company, our Board provides broad oversight of the Company s risk management programs. In this oversight role, our Board is responsible for satisfying itself that the risk management processes designed and implemented by the Company s management are functioning and that the systems and processes in place will bring to its attention the material risks facing the Company in order to permit the Board to effectively oversee the management of these risks. A fundamental part of risk management is not only understanding the risks a company faces and what steps management is taking to manage those risks, but also understanding what level of risk is appropriate for the Company. The involvement of our full Board in the risk oversight process allows our Board to assess management s appetite for risk and also determine what constitutes an appropriate level of risk for the Company. Our Board regularly includes agenda items at its meetings relating to its risk oversight role and meets with various members of management on a range of topics, including corporate governance and regulatory obligations, operations and significant transactions, business continuity planning, succession planning, risk management, insurance, pending and threatened litigation and significant commercial disputes.

While our Board provides broad oversight of the Company s risk management processes, various committees of the Board oversee risk management in their respective areas and regularly report on their activities to our entire Board. In particular, the Audit Committee focuses on assessing and mitigating financial risk, including internal controls, and receives an annual risk assessment report from the Company s internal auditors. The Compensation Committee also strives to create incentives that encourage a level of risk-taking behavior consistent with the Company s business strategy. The Technology Committee concentrates on the Company s technology strategies and reviews the scope, direction, quality, investment levels and execution of such strategies as well as strategic transactions primarily relating to technology, and considers the level of risk associated with the technology strategies formulated by management.

We believe the division of risk management responsibilities described above is an effective approach for addressing the risks facing the Company and that our Board leadership structure provides appropriate checks and balances against undue risk taking.

Compensation Risk Analysis

We have reviewed our material compensation policies and practices for all employees and have concluded that these policies and practices are not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company. While risk-taking is a necessary part of growing a business, our compensation philosophy, as discussed below in the section entitled Compensation Discussion and Analysis, is focused on aligning compensation with the long-term interests of our stockholders as opposed to rewarding short-term management decisions that could pose long-term risks. Specifically, our compensation programs contain many design features that mitigate the likelihood of inducing excessive risk-taking behavior. These features and characteristics include, without limitation:

A balance of fixed and variable compensation, with variable compensation tied both to short-term objectives and the long-term value of our stock price;

The use of performance shares, stock options and restricted stock for equity awards which we believe balances risk incentives;

Reasonable goals and objectives in our incentive programs and the use of company-wide metrics which encourages decision-making that is in the best long-term interests of our stockholders;

The Compensation Committee s ability to exercise downward discretion in determining incentive program payouts;

Recoupment and forfeiture provisions pertaining to annual incentive payouts and long-term incentive equity awards which provisions are applicable to all employees, including our executive officers;

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Share ownership guidelines applicable to our executive officers;

All executives and senior management employees worldwide participate in the same annual incentive program that pertains to our Named Executive Officers (as defined in the Summary Compensation Table below) and that has been approved by the Compensation Committee;

The use of time-based vesting over three or four years for our stock option and restricted stock awards ensures that our executives interests align with those of our stockholders over the long term; and

Annual equity grants so executives have unvested awards that could decrease significantly in value if our business is not managed for the long term.

Director Nomination Process

The role of the Corporate Governance Committee includes identifying, evaluating and recommending director candidates to our Board. The Corporate Governance Committee continues to consider director candidates and generally seeks independent directors with broad diversity of experience, skills, particular areas of expertise, geographic representations, specific backgrounds and other characteristics that may enhance the effectiveness of our Board and its committees and the quality of the Board s deliberations and decisions. The Corporate Governance Committee does not assign specific weights to particular criteria and no particular criterion is necessarily applicable to all prospective nominees. Prospective nominees are not discriminated against on the basis of age, race, religion, national origin, sexual orientation, disability or any other basis proscribed by law.

In addition, the Corporate Governance Committee takes into consideration the following criteria in selecting and evaluating director candidates:

Independent Directors. Our Board should include at least enough independent directors (as determined by NASDAQ rules and applicable laws and regulations) to satisfy the independent director requirements of such rules, laws and regulations.

Other Directors. Subject to the right of the Corporate Governance Committee and our Board to decide otherwise when appropriate, our CEO generally should be a director. Additionally, depending on the circumstances, certain other members of management, as well as individuals having relationships with the Company that prevent them from being independent directors, may be deemed to be appropriate members of our Board.

General Criteria for Each Director. Candidates for positions on our Board should possess certain qualities. In particular, a director should:

be an individual of the highest character and integrity;

be free of any conflict of interest that would violate any applicable laws, rules, or regulations or interfere with the proper performance of the responsibilities of a director;

be willing and able to devote sufficient time to the affairs of the Company; and

have the capacity and desire to represent the balanced, best interests of our stockholders as a whole.

All of the current nominees for director are incumbent directors serving on our existing Board. The Corporate Governance Committee based its decision to re-nominate these incumbent directors on its consideration of each individual s contributions, including the value of his experience as a director, the current composition of our Board and its committees and the Company s needs.

Stockholder Recommendations for Director Nominees

The Corporate Governance Committee considers stockholder recommendations for candidates for our Board furnished to the Company as set forth below in the section entitled Stockholder Communications with our Board.

The Corporate Governance Committee did not receive, by a date not later than the 120th calendar day before the date we released our proxy statement to our stockholders in connection with our 2009 Annual Meeting of

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Stockholders, a recommended nominee for election at this Annual Meeting, from a stockholder that beneficially owned more than 5% of our outstanding common stock for at least one year as of the date the recommendation was made, or from a group of security holders that beneficially owned, in the aggregate, more than 5% of our outstanding common stock, with each of the securities used to calculate that ownership held for at least one year as of the date the recommendation was made.

Stockholder Nomination Process

Pursuant to our Bylaws, as amended, any stockholder entitled to vote in the election of directors generally may nominate one or more persons for election as directors at a meeting only if written notice of such stockholder s intent to make such nomination or nominations has been received by the Secretary of the Company not less than 90 calendar days nor greater than 120 calendar days prior to the first anniversary of the date of the immediately preceding year s annual meeting of stockholders.

Each such notice shall set forth: (i) the name and address of the stockholder who intends to make the nomination and of the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made; (ii) a representation that the stockholder is a holder of record of our common stock entitled to vote for the election of directors on the date of such notice and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to nominate the person or persons specified in the notice; (iii) the class and number of shares owned beneficially and of record by the stockholder giving notice and by the beneficial owner, if any, on whose behalf the nomination is made, (iv) a description of all arrangements or understandings between or among the stockholder, the beneficial owner on whose behalf the notice is given and each nominee and any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nomination or nominations are to be made by the stockholder; (v) such other information regarding each nominee proposed by such stockholder as would be required to be included in a proxy statement filed pursuant to the proxy rules of the SEC, had the nominee been nominated, or intended to be nominated, by our Board; (vi) the consent of each nominee to serve as a director of the Company if so elected; and (vii) whether the stockholder, or the beneficial owner on whose behalf the nomination is made, intends to deliver a proxy statement and form of proxy to holders of at least the percentage of shares of our common stock entitled to vote required to elect the nominee(s).

In addition to the name and address of the stockholder making the nomination, as they appear on the Company s books, the notice must also include the name and principal business address of all (A) persons controlling, directly or indirectly, or acting in concert with, such stockholder, (B) beneficial owners of shares of stock of the Company owned of record or beneficially by such stockholder (with the term *beneficial ownership* as used herein to have the meaning given to that term in Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act (the Exchange Act)) and (C) persons controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, any person specified in the foregoing clause (A) or (B) (with the term *control* as used herein to have the meaning given to that term in Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended) (any such person or beneficial owners set forth in the foregoing clauses (A), (B) and (C) shall be a *Stockholder Associated Person* for purposes of our Bylaw 14(c)).

The stockholder notice must also disclose (i) any derivative positions related to any class or series of securities of the Company held or beneficially held by the stockholder and each Stockholder Associated Person (as defined above); and (ii) whether and the extent to which any hedging, swap or other transactions or series of transactions have been entered into by or on behalf of, or any other agreement, arrangement or understanding (including any short position or any borrowing or lending of shares of stock) has been made, the effect or intent of which is to mitigate loss to, or manage risk of stock price changes for, or to increase the voting power of, the stockholder or any Stockholder Associated Person with respect to any shares of stock of the Company.

If the Board so requires, to be eligible to be a nominee for election or re-election as a director of the Company, a person must deliver (in accordance with the time periods prescribed for delivery of notice) to the Secretary at the

principal executive offices of the Company, a written questionnaire with respect to the identity, background and qualification of such person and the background of any other person or entity on whose behalf the nomination is being made (which questionnaire shall be provided by the Secretary upon written request) and a written representation and agreement (in the form provided by the Secretary upon written request) that such person (A) is not and will not become a party to (1) any agreement, arrangement or understanding with, and has not given any commitment or assurance to, any person or entity as to how such person, if elected as a director of the Company,

will act or vote on any issue or question (a *Voting Commitment*) that has not been disclosed to the Company or (2) any Voting Commitment that could limit or interfere with such person s ability to comply, if elected as a director of the Company, with such person s fiduciary duties under applicable law, (B) is not and will not become a party to any agreement, arrangement or understanding with any person or entity other than the Company with respect to any direct or indirect compensation, reimbursement or indemnification in connection with service or action as a director that has not been disclosed in the questionnaire, and (C) in such person s individual capacity and on behalf of any person or entity on whose behalf the nomination is being made, would be in compliance, if elected as a director of the Company, and will comply, with all applicable publicly disclosed corporate governance, conflict of interest, confidentiality and stock ownership and trading policies and guidelines of the Company.

The Secretary of the Company did not receive written notice from any stockholder regarding an intention to make a nomination.

Stockholder Communications with our Board

Communications from stockholders to our Board, including stockholder director recommendations as well as stockholder proposals submitted in accordance with the procedure described below in the section entitled Stockholder Proposals, may be delivered to the Secretary of the Company at the Company's principal executive office located at 120 Broadway, Suite 3350, New York, New York 10271, sent via e-mail to *grp-ACI-directors@aciworldwide.com* or via telephone to (402) 778-2183. These communications will be received by the Secretary of the Company, who will forward them to the appropriate members of our Board.

PROPOSAL 1

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Our Board currently consists of eight members who are well-qualified to serve on the Board and represent our stockholders best interests. Our Board, as recommended by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, has nominated for re-election as directors Alfred R. Berkeley, III, John D. Curtis, Philip G. Heasley, James C. McGroddy, Harlan F. Seymour, John M. Shay, Jr., John E. Stokely and Jan H. Suwinski, each to serve until the 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and thereafter, until his respective successor is duly elected and qualified. We expect that each of the nominees will be available for election, but if any of them is unwilling or unable to serve as a candidate at the time the election occurs, it is intended that each share represented by proxy at the Annual Meeting will be voted for the election of another nominee to be designated by the Board to fill any such vacancy.

As described above in the section entitled Corporate Governance Director Nomination Process, our Board selects nominees with a view to establishing a Board of Directors that is comprised of members who:

demonstrate the highest character and integrity,

are independent and free of any conflicts of interest,

are willing and able to devote sufficient time to the affairs of the Company,

have the capacity and desire to represent the balanced, best interests of our stockholders, and

bring diverse perspectives to our Board as well as sound business acumen.

We believe that each of the director nominees bring these qualifications to our Board. Moreover, they provide our Board with a diverse complement of specific business skills, experience and perspectives, including: extensive financial and accounting expertise; public company board experience, understanding of and experience in technology and software industries; experience with companies with a global presence and those that have high-growth strategies, and extensive operational and strategic planning experience in complex, global companies. The priorities and emphasis of the Corporate Governance Committee and of our Board with regard to these factors change from time to time to take into account changes in the Company s business and other trends, as well as the portfolio of skills and experience of current and prospective Board members. The Corporate Governance Committee and our Board review and assess the continued relevance of and emphasis on these factors as part of the Board s annual self-assessment

process and in connection with candidate selection to determine if they are effective in helping to satisfy the Board s goal of creating and sustaining a Board that can appropriately support and oversee the Company s activities.

We do not expect or intend that each director will have the same background, skills, and experience; we expect that Board members will have a diverse portfolio of backgrounds, skills, and experiences. One goal of this diversity is to assist the Board as a whole in its oversight and advice concerning our business and operations. Listed below are key skills and experience that we consider important for our directors to have in light of our current business and structure.

Senior Leadership Experience. Directors who have served in senior leadership positions are important to us, as they bring experience and perspective in analyzing, shaping, and overseeing the execution of important strategic, operational and policy issues at a senior level. These directors insights and guidance, and their ability to assess and respond to situations encountered in serving on our Board, may be enhanced if their leadership experience has been developed at businesses or organizations that operated on a global scale, faced significant competition, and/or involved technology or other rapidly evolving business models.

Public Company Board Experience. Directors who have served on other public company boards can offer advice and insights with regard to the dynamics and operation of a board of directors; the relations of a board to the CEO and other management personnel; the importance of particular agenda and oversight matters; and oversight of a changing mix of strategic, operational, and compliance-related matters.

Business Development, Mergers and Acquisitions (M&A) and Strategic Alliances Experience. Directors who have a background in business development, in M&A transactions and with strategic alliances can provide insight into developing and implementing strategies for growing our business through combination with other organizations. Useful experience in this area includes consideration of go direct versus acquire and develop organically versus acquire strategies, analysis of the synergies of a proposed acquisition with a company s strategy, the valuation of transactions, and management s plans for integration with existing operations.

Financial Expertise. Knowledge of financial markets, financing and funding operations, and accounting and financial reporting processes is important because it assists our directors in understanding, advising, and overseeing our capital structure, financing and investing activities, financial reporting, and internal control of such activities.

Industry and Technical Expertise. Because we are a technology and software provider, education or experience in relevant technology is useful in understanding our research and development efforts, competing technologies, the various products and processes that we develop, and the market segments in which we compete. In addition, our software products and services are primarily focused on facilitating electronic payments both in domestic and international markets. Knowledge of, and experience in, the global electronic payments industry and the banking and financial services industries provides useful insight into the needs, practices and operations of the Company s principal customer base.

Global Expertise. Because we are a global organization with research and development, channel facilities, and sales and other offices in many countries, directors with global expertise can provide a useful business and cultural perspective regarding many significant aspects of our business.

Legal Expertise. Directors who have legal education and experience can assist our Board in fulfilling its responsibilities related to the oversight of the Company s legal and regulatory compliance, and engagement with regulatory authorities.

Director Nominees

The following provides biographical information regarding our director nominees and describes the key skills, experience and expertise that each of our director nominees brings to our Board of Directors in addition to the general criteria described above satisfied by each of our director nominees. Unless otherwise indicated, each person has been engaged in the principal occupation shown for the past five years.

Alfred R. Berkeley, III

Director Since: 2007 Age: 65

Skills, Experience and Expertise:

Senior Leadership Experience

Public Company Board Experience

Financial Expertise

Business Development, M&A and Strategic Alliances Experience

Industry and Technical Expertise

Global Expertise

Biographical Information:

Chairman of Pipeline Financial Group, Inc., the parent of Pipeline Trading Systems, L.L.C., a block trading brokerage service and also served as CEO until March 2010

Vice Chairman of NASDAQ from July 2000 through July 2003 and President of NASDAQ from 1996 until 2000

Serves as Vice Chairman of the National Infrastructure Advisory Council for the President

Chair of XBRL US, the non-profit organization established to set data standards for the modernization of the SEC s EDGAR reporting system

Served in a number of capacities at Alex. Brown & Sons Inc. from 1972 to 1996, including serving as Managing Director in the corporate finance department where he financed computer software and electronic commerce companies

Served as Vice Chairman of the Nomination Evaluation Committee for the National Medal of Technology and Innovation which makes candidate recommendations to the Secretary of Commerce from 2003 to 2009

Previously a director of Kintera, Inc. (NASDAQ: KNTA), a provider of software for non-profit organizations, from September 2003 until it was acquired by Blackbaud, Inc. (NASDAQ: BLKB); Webex Communications Inc. (NASDAQ: WEBX), a provider of meeting and web event software, until it was acquired by Cisco Systems, Inc. (NASDAQ: CSCO) and National Research Exchange Inc., a registered broker dealer, until it ceased operations

John D. Curtis

Director Since: 2003

Age: 69

Skills, Experience and Expertise:

Senior Leadership Experience

Business Development, M&A and Strategic Alliances Experience

Legal Expertise

Philip G. Heasley

Skills, Experience and Expertise:

Senior Leadership Experience

Public Company Board Experience

Industry and Technical Expertise

Business Development, M&A and Strategic Alliances Experience

Biographical Information:

Attorney providing legal and business consulting services

Served as General Counsel of Combined Specialty Corporation and a director of Combined Specialty Insurance Company, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Aon Corporation (NYSE: AOC) from July 2001 to July 2002

President of First Extended, Inc., a holding company with two principal operating subsidiaries: First Extended Service Corporation, an administrator of vehicle extended service contracts and FFG Insurance Company, a property and casualty insurance company from November 1995 to July 2002

Director Since: 2005

Age: 60

Biographical Information:

Our President and Chief Executive Officer since March 2005

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of PayPower LLC, an acquisition and consulting firm specializing in financial services and payment services from October 2003 to March 2005

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of First USA Bank from October 2000 to November 2003

Served in various capacities for U.S. Bancorp from 1987 until 2000, including Executive Vice President, and President and Chief Operating Officer

Serves on the National Infrastructure Advisory Council for the President

Director of Tier Technologies, Inc. (NASDAQ: TIER), a provider of electronic payment biller-direct solutions, and Lender Processing Services, Inc. (NYSE: LPS), a provider of mortgage processing services, settlement services, mortgage performance analytics and default solutions

Previously a director of Fidelity National Title Group, now known as Fidelity National Financial, Inc. (NYSE: FNF), a provider of title insurance, specialty insurance

and claims management services, Kintera, Inc. (NASDAQ: KNTA), a provider of software for non-profit organizations, until it was acquired by Blackbaud, Inc. (NASDAQ: BLKB), Ohio Casualty Corporation (NASDAQ: OCAS), the holding company of The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, which is one of six property-casualty insurance companies that make up Ohio Casualty Group, collectively referred to as Consolidated Corporation, and Fair Isaac Corporation (NYSE: FICO), a provider of analytics and decision management technology

Director Since: 2008 James C. McGroddy

Age: 73

Skills, Experience and Expertise:

Senior Leadership Experience

Public Company Board Experience

Industry and Technical Expertise

Global Expertise

Business Development, M&A and Strategic Alliances Experience

Harlan F. Seymour

Skills, Experience and Expertise:

Senior Leadership Experience

Public Company Board Experience

Business Development, M&A and Strategic Alliances Experience

Financial Expertise

Global Expertise

Biographical Information:

Self-employed consultant

Employed by International Business Machines Corporation from 1965 through 1996 in various capacities, including seven years as Senior Vice President of Research

Chairman of the Board of MIQS, a Colorado-based healthcare information technology company, Chairman of the Board of Advanced Networks and Service, Inc.

Member of the Board of Directors of Forth Dimension **Displays Limited**

Member of the U.S. National Academy of Engineering Previously served as a director of Paxar Corporation (NYSE: PXR), a provider of merchandising systems for the retail and apparel industry

Director Since: 2002

Age: 60

Biographical Information:

Our Chairman of the Board since September 2002

Sole owner of HFS, LLC, a privately-held investment and business advisory firm

Served as Executive Vice President of Envoy Corporation, which provides electronic processing services, primarily to the health care industry

Director of Pool Corporation (NASDAQ: POOL), a wholesale distributor of swimming pool supplies and related equipment, and serves on its audit, governance and strategic planning committees

Serves as a member of various private, profit and non-profit boards of directors, including Payformance Corp., an electronic health care claims and settlement solution company, Infrastructure Management Group, Inc., an international advisory firm providing management and financial consulting, and the advisory board of Calvert Street Capital Partners, a private equity firm

John M. Shay, Jr. Director Since: 2006

Age: 62

Skills, Experience and Expertise:

Financial Expertise

Business Development, M&A and Strategic Alliances Experience

Global Experience

John E. Stokely

Skills, Experience and Expertise:

Senior Leadership Experience

Public Company Board Experience

Business Development, M&A and Strategic Alliances Experience

Financial Expertise

Global Expertise

Biographical Information:

President and owner of Fairway Consulting LLC, a business consulting firm

Employed by Ernst & Young LLP, a Big Four accounting firm offering audit, business advisory and tax services from 1972 through March 2006 serving as an audit partner from October 1984 to March 2006 and managing partner of the firm s New Orleans office from October 1998 through June 2005

Served as an adjunct auditing professor in the graduate business program of the A.B. Freeman School of Business at Tulane University for approximately 10 years

Certified Public Accountant

Age: 57

Director Since: 2003

Biographical Information:

President of JES, Inc., an investment and consulting firm providing strategic and financial advice to companies in various industries

Served as President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Richfood Holdings, Inc., a publicly-traded FORTUNE 500 food retailer and wholesale grocery distributor, from 1996 until August 1999 when it merged with Supervalu Inc. (NYSE: SVU)

Director of (i) Imperial Sugar Company (NASDAQ: IPSU), a manufacturer that refines, packages and distributes sugar and (ii) Pool Corporation (NASDAQ: POOL), a wholesale distributor of swimming pool supplies and related equipment

Serves as a member of various private, profit and non-profit boards of directors, including AMF Bowling

Previously served as a director of O Charley s Inc. (NASDAQ: CHUX), a casual dining restaurant company, and Performance Food Group (NASDAQ:

PFCG), a foodservice distributor, until it was acquired by affiliates of The Blackstone Group (NYSE: BX) and Wellspring Capital Management

Jan H. Suwinski Director Since: 2007

Age: 68

Skills, Experience and Expertise:

Senior Leadership Experience

Public Company Board Experience

Industry and Technical Expertise

Business Development, M&A and Strategic Alliances Experience

Global Expertise

Biographical Information:

Professor of Business Operations at the Samuel Curtis Johnson Graduate School of Management at Cornell University in Ithaca, New York

Served in various management positions within Corning Incorporated technology based businesses from 1965 to 1996

Served as Executive Vice President of the Opto Electronics Group from 1990 to 1996

Served as Chairman of Siecor Corporation, a Corning joint venture with Siemens AG from 1992 to 1996

Director of Tellabs, Inc. (NASDAQ: TLAB), a provider of telecommunications networking products, and Thor Industries, Inc. (NYSE: THO), a manufacturer of recreational vehicles

Previously served as a director of Ohio Casualty Corporation (NASDAQ: OCAS), the holding company of The Ohio Casualty Insurance Company, which is one of six property-casualty insurance companies that make up Ohio Casualty Group, collectively referred to as Consolidated Corporation

OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS THAT STOCKHOLDERS VOTE FOR THE NOMINEES LISTED ABOVE.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

It is our Board s general policy that compensation for independent directors should be a mix of cash and equity-based compensation. As part of a director s total compensation, and to create a direct linkage with corporate performance and stockholder interests, our Board believes that a meaningful portion of a director s compensation should be provided in, or otherwise based on, the value of appreciation in our common stock. We do not pay our employee directors for service on our Board in addition to their regular employee compensation.

The compensation program for independent directors has not changed since 2005. In 2008, our Board engaged Hewitt Associates LLC (Hewitt) to evaluate the competitiveness of our independent director compensation program. The Corporate Governance Committee reviewed Hewitt s analysis of both the level and mix of compensation paid to independent directors of the peer group companies for executive compensation purposes identified in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis section below. After considering the competitive information, trends in

compensation for independent directors in general, the workload carried by our Board, and the difficulty of recruiting and retaining highly qualified independent directors, the Corporate Governance Committee determined that the existing program meets the Company s needs. The Corporate Governance Committee reviews our independent director compensation program annually.

Cash Compensation

Our independent director compensation program provides that each independent director receives a \$10,000 quarterly retainer fee. The Chairman of the Board receives an additional \$5,000 quarterly retainer fee. The chairman of the Audit Committee receives an additional \$2,500 quarterly retainer fee and other independent directors who serve on the Audit Committee receive an additional \$1,000 quarterly retainer fee. Each Board committee chairman,

other than the chairman of the Audit Committee, receives an additional \$1,250 quarterly retainer fee and independent directors who serve on Board committees, other than the Audit Committee, receive an additional \$750 quarterly retainer fee for service on each committee. Each independent director receives \$2,000 for each Board or Board committee meeting attended in person and \$1,000 for each Board or Board committee meeting attended by telephone. All directors are reimbursed for expenses incurred in connection with attendance at Board and Board committee meetings and our annual meetings of stockholders.

Equity-Based Compensation

Our independent directors are typically granted an award of stock options upon commencing service as a director of the Company and an annual equity award grant thereafter. Such grants are made at the discretion of our Board based on the recommendations of its Corporate Governance Committee. Director equity awards are provided pursuant to the terms of our 2005 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, as amended (the 2005 Incentive Plan). Director equity awards vest on the earlier to occur of (1) the date which is one year following the date of grant, and (2) the day immediately prior to the date of the next annual meeting of our stockholders occurring following the date of grant. The independent directors—equity awards provide for accelerated vesting upon the director—s death or disability or upon a change-in-control of the Company. In the case of non-qualified stock options, the exercise price equals the closing sale price (price for last trade) of our common stock as reported by The NASDAQ Global Select Stock Market on the date of grant.

On June 10, 2009 (the grant date), our independent directors were each granted a non-qualified option to purchase 10,000 shares of our common stock with an exercise price equal to \$15.12. Future equity awards will be granted at the discretion of our Board based on the recommendations of its Corporate Governance Committee which recommendations are based on continued evaluations of the competitive assessment of our independent director compensation and the level of Board and committee responsibilities and time commitments.

Director Summary Compensation Table

The table below summarizes the compensation we paid to our independent directors during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.

Director Summary Compensation Table(1)

Name(2) (a)	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$) (b)	Option Awards(3) (\$) (d)	Total (\$) (h)
Alfred R. Berkeley, III	94,000	77,500	171,500
John D. Curtis	63,000	77,500	140,500
James C. McGroddy	74,000	77,500	151,500
Harlan F. Seymour	101,000	77,500	178,500
John M. Shay, Jr.	97,000	77,500	174,500
John E. Stokely	90,000	77,500	167,500
Jan H. Suwinski	70,000	77,500	147,500

 $Columns\ (c),\ (e),\ (f)\ and\ (g)\ to\ this\ table\ entitled \\ Stock\ Awards\ ,\ Non-Equity\ Incentive\ Plan\ Compensation\ , \\ Change\ in\ Pension\ Value\ and\ Nonqualified\ Compensation\ Earnings\ \ and \ \ All\ Other\ Compensation\ \ ,\ respectively, \\ have\ been\ omitted\ because\ no\ compensation\ is\ reportable\ thereunder.$

(2) Philip G. Heasley, our President and CEO, is not included in this table as he is an employee of the Company and thus, receives no compensation for his service as a director. The compensation received by Mr. Heasley as an employee of the Company is shown in the Summary Compensation Table in the Executive Compensation section below.

(3) The amounts in column (d) reflect the grant date fair value of each option award granted during 2009, as determined in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718, Compensation Stock Compensation (FASB ASC Topic 718). The amounts shown do not correspond to the actual value that will be realized by the independent director. The assumptions used in the calculation of these amounts are included in footnote 13 to the Company's audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, included in our Annual Report. The grant date fair value of the options granted to our independent directors on June 10, 2009 was \$7.75 per option. The aggregate grant date fair value for all options granted to our independent directors on June 10, 2009 was \$542,500. The following table sets forth each independent director is aggregate number of option awards outstanding as of December 31, 2009:

	Vested Stock	Unvested Stock	Aggregate Stock
Name	Option Awards	Option Awards	Option Awards
Alfred R. Berkeley, III	20,000	10,000	30,000
John D. Curtis	62,000	10,000	72,000
James C. McGroddy	10,000	10,000	20,000
Harlan F. Seymour	66,000	10,000	76,000
John M. Shay, Jr.	30,000	10,000	40,000
John E. Stokely	62,000	10,000	72,000
Jan H. Suwinski	20,000	10,000	30,000

Independent Director Stock Ownership Guidelines

In order to further link the interests of our Board to the upward and downward movements of our common stock that our stockholders experience, in September 2007, the Corporate Governance Committee adopted stock ownership guidelines which provide that each of our independent directors should have equity positions in the Company with a value equal to four times the annual retainer amount for his Board position(s). Direct and indirect stock ownership, including the vested in-the-money portion of any stock options held by the independent director, will be included in determining each independent director s equity position. Each independent director has five years from the adoption of the stock ownership guidelines, or from election to our Board, whichever is later, to achieve the target ownership levels. Failure to achieve the target ownership levels within the applicable five-year period means that the individual director will not be eligible for any equity awards until he achieves compliance.

REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

During 2009, the members of the Audit Committee consisted of Messrs. Berkeley, Shay and Stokely. At all times during 2009, each of the directors that served on the Audit Committee was independent as defined in the NASDAQ listing standards. Our Board determined that each of the members met the NASDAQ regulatory requirements for financial literacy and that Mr. Stokely and Mr. Shay are audit committee financial experts as defined under SEC rules.

The Audit Committee operates pursuant to a charter (the Audit Committee Charter) approved and adopted by our Board. Our Board amended the Audit Committee Charter on March 2, 2009. A copy of the Audit Committee Charter is available on our website at www.aciworldwide.com in the Investor Relations Corporate Governance section.

The Audit Committee, on behalf of our Board, oversees the Company s financial reporting process as more fully described in the Audit Committee Charter. Management is responsible for the preparation, presentation and integrity of the Company s consolidated financial statements, accounting and financial reporting principles, internal controls over financial reporting and compliance with laws and regulations and ethical business standards. Management is responsible for objectively reviewing and evaluating the adequacy, effectiveness and quality of the Company s system of internal controls. Audit Committee members are not professional accountants or auditors, and their functions are not intended to duplicate or to certify the activities of management or the independent auditor.

The Company s independent auditor, Deloitte & Touche LLP (Deloitte), is responsible for performing independent audits of the Company s consolidated financial statements and the effectiveness of the Company s internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and to issue reports thereon. In fulfilling its oversight responsibilities, the Audit Committee (i) reviewed and discussed the audited consolidated financial statements and the footnotes thereto in the Company s annual report on Form 10-K for 2009 with management and Deloitte, and (ii) discussed with management and Deloitte the quality, not just the acceptability, of the accounting principles, the reasonableness of significant judgments and the clarity of the disclosures in the financial statements. The Audit Committee discussed with the Company s internal auditors and Deloitte, with and without management present, their evaluations of the Company s internal accounting controls and reviewed with management the basis for management s assessment of the effectiveness of the Company s internal controls over financial reporting.

The Company s independent auditor is responsible for expressing opinions on (i) the conformity of the Company s audited consolidated financial statements, in all material respects, to accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S., and (ii) the effectiveness of the Company s internal controls over financial reporting. The independent auditor has full and free access to the Audit Committee. The Company s independent auditor has expressed the opinion that the Company s audited consolidated financial statements conform, in all material respects, to accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. The Audit Committee reviewed and discussed with the independent auditor its judgments as to the quality, not just the acceptability, of the Company s accounting principles and such other matters as are required to be discussed by the Audit Committee with the Company s independent auditor under Statement on Auditing Standards No. 114, *The Auditor s Communication With Those Charged With Governance* (formerly Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61, as amended (AICPA, *Professional Standards*, Vol. 1.AU section 380), as adopted by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board in Rule 3200T).

The Audit Committee discussed with the Company s independent auditor its independence from management and the Company, and received from Deloitte the written disclosures and the letter required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent auditor s communications with the Audit Committee concerning independence, and has discussed with the independent auditor and management the

independent auditor s independence.

In reliance on the reviews and discussions referred to above, the Audit Committee recommended to our Board that the audited consolidated financial statements be included in the Company s annual report on Form 10-K for 2009 for filing with the SEC.

MEMBERS OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

John E. Stokely, Chairman Alfred R. Berkeley, III John M. Shay, Jr.

PROPOSAL 2

RATIFICATION OF APPOINTMENT OF THE COMPANY S INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The Audit Committee has selected and appointed, and our Board has approved the Audit Committee s selection and appointment, of Deloitte as our independent auditor for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2010. Representatives of Deloitte are expected to be present at the Annual Meeting to make a statement should they so desire and to respond to appropriate questions.

Change in Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

We initially engaged Deloitte to serve as our independent auditor on May 21, 2009. During the Company s two most recent fiscal years, and through May 21, 2009, neither the Company nor anyone on its behalf consulted Deloitte regarding either: (i) the application of accounting principles to a specified transaction regarding the Company, either completed or proposed; or the type of audit opinion that might be rendered on the Company s financial statements; or (ii) any matter regarding the Company that was either the subject of a disagreement (as defined in Item 304(a)(1)(iv) of Regulation S-K and related instructions to Item 304 of Regulation S-K) or a reportable event (as defined in Item 304(a)(1)(v) of Regulation S-K).

In connection with the selection of Deloitte, on May 21, 2009 the Audit Committee determined to dismiss KPMG LLP (KPMG) as the Company s independent registered public accounting firm.

The audit reports of KPMG on the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 2007 and 2008 and September 30, 2007 and for the year ended December 31, 2008, the three-month period ended December 31, 2007 and the year ended September 30, 2007 did not contain an adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion and were not otherwise qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope or accounting principles, except as follows:

KPMG s report on the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of December 31, 2007 and 2008 and September 30, 2007 and for the year ended December 31, 2008, the three-month period ended December 31, 2007 and the year ended September 30, 2007, contained a separate paragraph stating that As discussed in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes- an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109, as of October 1, 2007.

The audit reports of KPMG on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008 and September 30, 2007 did not contain any adverse opinion or disclaimer of opinion, nor were they qualified or modified as to uncertainty, audit scope, or accounting principles, except that KPMG s reports as of December 31, 2008 and September 30, 2007 indicate that the Company did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting because of the effect of a material weakness in each of the respective periods on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria and contain an explanatory paragraph in each report that states that management has identified material weaknesses related to its accounting for software implementation service and license arrangements in the Asia Pacific region; and controls over revenue recognition and the accounting for income taxes, respectively.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, the three-month period ended December 31, 2007 and the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, and the subsequent interim period through May 21, 2009, there were no disagreements (as defined in Item 304 of Regulation S-K) with KPMG on any matter of accounting principles or practices, financial statement disclosure, or auditing scope or procedure, which disagreements, if not resolved to their

satisfaction, would have caused them to make reference in connection with their opinion to the subject matter of the disagreement.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, the three-month period ended December 31, 2007 and the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, and the subsequent interim period through May 21, 2009, there were no reportable events (as defined in Item 304(a)(1)(v) of Regulation S-K), except that the Company did not maintain effective internal control over financial reporting because of the effect of material weaknesses on the achievement of the objectives of the control criteria as described above.

We provided KPMG with a copy of the above disclosures and requested KPMG furnish a letter addressed to the SEC stating whether or not it agreed with the statements made above. A copy of KPMG s affirmative letter dated May 28, 2009 is filed as Exhibit 16.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC May 28, 2009.

Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Fees

The following table sets forth the aggregate fees paid or payable for the indicated services performed by Deloitte during 2009 and KPMG during 2008 in their respective capacities as our independent auditor during such years. KPMG also provided services during 2009 but they did not serve as our independent auditor for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Fee Category	2009 Deloitte	2009 KPMG	2008 KPMG
		(\$)	
Audit Fees	1,893,000	329,651	3,674,148
Audit Related Fees	28,000	82,335	0
Tax Fees	435,869	127,984	132,526
Other Fees	0	0	0
Total Fees	2,356,869	539,970	3,806,674

Audit Fees. This category represents the aggregate fees paid or payable to Deloitte for professional services rendered for the audit and quarterly reviews of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for 2009 and the audit of the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as of December 31, 2009 in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board and to KPMG for professional services rendered for the interim review of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2009, the audit and quarterly reviews of the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for 2008 and the audit of the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls over financial reporting as of December 31, 2008 in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board.

Audit-Related Fees. This category represents the aggregate fees billed by Deloitte or KPMG for professional services rendered for assurance and related services that were reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Company's financial statements that are not reported under Audit Fees for 2009 or 2008. The professional services performed by Deloitte in 2009 consisted of (i) assistance with the review of SEC comment letters and (ii) technical accounting consultations related to acquisition accounting matters. The professional services performed by KPMG in 2009 consisted of (i) assistance with the review of SEC comment letters, (ii) services associated with the Company's filing of a SEC Form S-3 registration statement, (iii) review of the Company is 2009 Annual Report and provision of related consent, (iv) review of the proxy statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting and (v) other technical accounting consultations.

Tax Fees. This category represents the aggregate fees billed by Deloitte or KPMG for tax-related services rendered to the Company for 2009 and 2008. Tax fees billed by Deloitte in 2009 consisted of fees for professional services related primarily to tax compliance projects, including (i) assistance in the preparation of tax credit calculations and (ii) preparation of, and assistance with, expatriate tax returns and payroll calculations. Tax fees billed by KPMG in 2009 and 2008 consisted of fees for professional services related primarily to tax compliance projects, including (i) assistance in the preparation of tax credit calculations and (ii) assistance with tax audit matters.

All Other Fees. As noted above, there were no other fees billed by Deloitte or KPMG for services rendered to the Company during 2009 or 2008, other than the services described above under Audit Fees, Audit-Related Fees and Tax

Fees.

The Audit Committee has considered whether the provision of the services by Deloitte, as described above in Tax Fees is compatible with maintaining the independent auditor s independence.

Pre-Approval of Audit and Non-Audit Services

We have adopted policies and procedures for pre-approval of all audit and non-audit services to be provided to us by our independent auditor and its member firms. Under these policies and procedures, all audit and non-audit services to be performed by our independent auditor must be approved by the Audit Committee. A proposal for audit and non-audit services must include a description and purpose of the services, estimated fees and other terms of the services. To the extent a proposal relates to non-audit services, a determination that such services qualify as permitted non-audit services and an explanation as to why the provision of such services would not impair the independence of our independent auditor are also required. Any engagement letter relating to a proposal must be presented to the Audit Committee for review and approval, and the Chairman of the Audit Committee may sign, or authorize an officer to sign, such engagement letter.

All services provided by our independent auditor in 2009 were pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

Vote Required

The affirmative vote of a majority of the shares represented at the Annual Meeting and actually voting on this proposal is required for the approval of the proposal. Because only a majority of shares actually voting is required to approve Proposal 2, abstentions and broker non-votes will have no effect on the outcome of the voting on this proposal.

OUR BOARD OF DIRECTORS RECOMMENDS THAT STOCKHOLDERS VOTE FOR RATIFICATION OF THE APPOINTMENT OF DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP AS OUR INDEPENDENT AUDITOR FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2010.

INFORMATION REGARDING SECURITY OWNERSHIP

The following tables set forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 31, 2010 by (i) each of our directors, (ii) each of our Named Executive Officers (as defined in the Summary Compensation Table below), (iii) all of our executive officers and directors as a group, and (iv) each person known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock. The percentages in these tables are based on 34,147,143 outstanding shares of common stock as of March 31, 2010, exclusive of 6,674,373 shares of common stock held as treasury stock by the Company. Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and generally includes voting or investment power with respect to the securities. In computing the number of shares beneficially owned by a person and the percentage ownership of that person, shares underlying options held by that person that will be exercisable within 60 days of March 31, 2010 are deemed to be outstanding. Such shares, however, are not deemed to be outstanding for the purpose of computing the percentage ownership of any other person.

Security Ownership of Directors and Executive Officers

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 31, 2010 by (i) each of our directors, (ii) each of our Named Executive Officers, and (iii) all of our executive officers and directors as a group. No family relationships exist among our directors and executive officers.

		Number of Shares		
	Subject to			
	Number of	Currently Exercisable	Total Shares	
		Options or Which May		
	Shares Directly	be	Beneficially	
		Acquired Within 60		
Beneficial Owner(1)	Owned(2)	Days(3)	Owned	Percent
Philip G. Heasley	260,079	692,500	952,579	2.79%
Dennis P. Byrnes	51,190	123,509	174,699	*
David N. Morem	46,691	81,009	127,700	*
Harlan F. Seymour	4,000	66,000	70,000	*
John E. Stokely	2,000	62,000	64,000	*
John D. Curtis	2,000	62,000	64,000	*
Jan H. Suwinski	30,000	20,000	50,000	*
J. Ron Totaro(4)	16,631	28,000	44,631	*
Alfred R. Berkeley, III	13,930	20,000	33,930	*
John M. Shay, Jr.	3,000	30,000	33,000	*
Scott W. Behrens	16,335	7,500	23,835	*
James C. McGroddy	4,000	10,000	14,000	*
All Directors and Executive Officers				
as a group (14 persons)	477,619	1,345,002	1,822,621	5.34%

^{*} Less than 1% of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

- (1) The address for all of our directors and executive officers is the address of the Company s principal executive offices located at 120 Broadway, Suite 3350, New York, New York 10271.
- (2) Includes shares of restricted stock subject to certain restrictions on transfer and subject to forfeiture prior to vesting. For Mr. Byrnes, this amount includes 29,012 shares of restricted stock, for Mr. Morem, this amount includes 29,012 shares of restricted stock, for Mr. Behrens, this amount includes 12,250 shares of restricted stock, and for Mr. Totaro, this amount includes 13,762 shares of restricted stock. The total for all directors and executive officers as a group includes 95,411 shares of restricted stock.
- (3) Includes shares issuable upon exercise of vested stock options as of 60 days following March 31, 2010 (May 30, 2010).
- (4) Mr. Totaro resigned from the Company effective April 1, 2010. In connection with his resignation, Mr. Totaro forfeited 83,125 stock options, 13,762 shares of restricted stock and 100% of his performance shares.

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of our common stock as of March 31, 2010 by each person known by us to beneficially own more than 5% of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

Beneficial Owner	Number of Shares(1)	Percent
Waddell and Reed Investment Management Co.	7,607,910	22.28%
6300 Lamar Avenue, Overland Park, KS 66202		
RS Investment Management Co. LLC	5,065,979	14.84%
388 Market Street, Suite 1700, San Francisco, CA 94111		
BlackRock Global Investors	2,201,733	6.45%
40 East 52nd Street, New York, New York 10022		
Brown Capital Management Inc.	1,731,613	5.07%
1201 North Calvert Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202		

(1) The number of shares in this table is based on reporting from NASDAQ Online as of April 16, 2010, based on the Schedule 13G and 13F filings filed with the SEC as of such date. The Company is not aware of any additional filings by any person or company known to beneficially own more than 5% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act and the rules of the SEC require our directors, certain officers and beneficial owners of more than 10% of our outstanding common stock to file reports of their ownership and changes in ownership of our common stock with the SEC. Company employees generally prepare these reports on behalf of our executive officers on the basis of information obtained from them and review the forms submitted to us by our non-employee directors and beneficial owners of more than 10% of the common stock. Based on such information, we believe that all reports required by Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act to be filed by our directors, officers and beneficial owners of more than 10% of the common stock during or with respect to 2009 were filed on time, except that due to an inadvertent administrative error, Messrs. Behrens, Byrnes, Morem, Totaro and one other individual who is no longer an executive officer subject to the Section 16(a) reporting requirements, each filed one late Form 4 reporting the shares surrendered by the respective reporting person to pay the tax liability due upon the vesting of twenty-five percent (25%) of his respective restricted stock award.

INFORMATION REGARDING EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

The following table sets forth, as of December 31, 2009, certain information related to our compensation plans under which shares of our common stock are authorized for issuance:

Remaining Available for
Weighted-Average Future Issuance under

	Number of Securities to be Issued upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights		Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a))	
Plan Category	(a)		(b)	(c)	
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	3,771,448	\$ \$	20.72	2,002,623(1)	
Total	3,771,448	\$	20.72	2,002,623	

⁽¹⁾ This number reflects shares reserved for issuance in connection with performance share awards under the 2005 Incentive Plan outstanding as of December 31, 2009 based on the targeted award amounts; however, the performance period for such performance shares did not commence until January 1, 2010.

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Overview

This Compensation Discussion and Analysis is designed to provide stockholders with an understanding of our compensation philosophy, core principles and decision making process. It discusses the determinations of the Compensation and Leadership Development Committee of our Board of Directors (the Committee for purposes of this discussion and analysis) of how and why, in addition to what, compensation actions were taken for our Named Executive Officers. Our discussion is organized as follows:

Executive Officer Compensation Philosophy. This section contains our compensation philosophy and objectives with respect to our executive officers.

Overview of Elements of Executive Officer Compensation. This section provides a general overview of each element of the compensation we provide to our executive officers.

How We Determine Executive Compensation. This section contains a discussion of the roles of the parties included in the process of determining executive officer compensation.

Elements of Executive Officer Compensation. This section details each element of the compensation we provide to our executive officers, describes the key features and how each element furthers our compensation philosophy and the relevant decisions made for 2009.

Analysis of Named Executive Officer Compensation. This section focuses on the compensation provided to each Named Executive Officer during 2009.

Analysis of 2009 Incentive Compensation Programs. This section contains details of the cash-based and equity-based incentive compensation programs pursuant to which we granted Named Executive Officers awards during 2009.

Equity Policies. This section describes our equity policies, including our stock ownership guidelines and our equity award granting policy.

Tax and Accounting Implications. This section explains our practices with respect to Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the Code), and the deductibility of compensation paid to executive officers as well as our accounting practices for share-based compensation awards under Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 718, Compensation Stock Compensation.

Employment Agreements with Named Executive Officers. This section contains a description of the material terms of our employment agreements with certain Named Executive Officers.

2010 Compensation Update. This section contains a brief description of actions taken regarding executive compensation after 2009.

Our Executive Compensation Philosophy

Our executive compensation philosophy states that the purpose of compensation is to:

- 1. Attract and retain highly qualified executives who provide leadership to the organization necessary to drive superior results;
- 2. Reward senior executives for achieving measurable goals designed to drive superior company results; and
- 3. Strengthen the commonality of interest between our stockholders and senior executives.

Our executive compensation programs promote our compensation philosophy by providing elements of compensation that are designed to support the three objectives of our executive compensation. Underlying the three purposes of executive compensation is a strong belief in a pay for performance philosophy. As a result, we place a significant portion of our executive officer compensation at-risk so that the level of at risk compensation actually earned by the executive depends on the Company s performance against specified financial, operational and strategic

goals and objectives. In particular, we design our executive compensation programs to create incentives that promote short-term profitability and long-term value growth for our stockholders. To be successful, we must attract talent globally from the information technology, software development and services and financial payments markets. Accordingly, we strive to design executive compensation programs that are competitive in these industries as well as across a broader spectrum of companies of comparable size and complexity in local and global markets.

We compensate our executive officers with a mix of base salary, variable cash incentives and long-term equity incentives. Base salary is designed to provide a market competitive level of pay for each executive based on the executive s level within the organization and the executive s geographical location. Variable cash and long-term equity incentives are designed to reward executives for their contributions to the Company s performance. Executive officer contributions are measured based on achievement of performance targets that correlate to increasing the market success of the business and stockholder value. These performance targets align our executives incentives with the long-term and short-term interests of our stockholders. In aggregate, our programs support executive recruitment and retention and reward our executives for short-term operational performance while creating an incentive for future performance.

Elements of Executive Compensation

Our executive compensation programs consist of the following key elements:

			Performance- Based Compensation Under
Element of Compensation	Form of Compensation	Purpose	162(m)
Cash and Short-Term Variable Co	mpensation:		
- Base Salary	Cash	Provides competitive, fixed compensation to attract and retain exceptional executive talent	No
- Executive Management Incentive Compensation Program	Cash	Encourages an executive officer s contribution to, and rewards an executive officer for, Company-wide performance and the attainment of specific operational and financial goals that are controlled by or can be directly impacted by the executive officer	Yes
Long-Term Incentive Compensation	on:	•	
- Stock Option Awards	Equity	Rewards long-term Company performance, links an executive officer s incentives to our stockholders interests in increasing our stockholder value and provides executive	Yes

officers with incentives to stay with the Company

Element of Compensation	Form of Compensation	Purpose	Performance- Based Compensation Under 162(m)
- Restricted Stock	Equity	Provides executive officers with an immediate ownership interest that can be realized only by remaining with the Company through a vesting period which provides executive officers with incentives to stay with the Company and aligns executive officers rewards with increases in stockholder value	No
Health, Retirement and Other Benefits:	Participation in benefit plans generally available to our employees, including, employee stock purchase plan, 401(k) retirement plans, life, health and dental insurance and short and long-term disability plans	Provides broad-based market competitive employee benefits program	No
Perquisites:	Any benefits not disclosed above are part of our standard practices for a particular geographic location or required to address special circumstances such as relocations	Compliance with local laws or cultural norms outside of the U.S. and appropriate relocation costs of executives	No
Change- in-Control Benefits:	Eligibility to receive a combination of cash, equity and other benefits in the event of termination of employment after a change-in-control of the Company	Preserves productivity, avoids disruption and prevents attrition during a period when we may be involved in a change-in-control transaction and motivates executives to pursue transactions that are in our stockholders best interests notwithstanding the potential negative impact of the transaction on their future employment	No

To implement our pay for performance philosophy, we target total cash compensation for executives at the median of relevant market levels for the respective position. For purposes of this discussion and analysis, the median of relevant market levels or market median typically means the 50th percentile of our current peer group and competitive market data or comparative market data refers to market data regarding our peer group. We generally target base salary levels for our executive officers at or below market median levels with annual short-term variable cash incentive opportunities tied to specific and measurable performance goals that are important to the

Company s success and targeted to pay out at or above market median levels when performance goals are achieved or exceeded. This strategy results in placing a greater level of total cash compensation at risk than is typical in the market since salaries are conservatively targeted as compared to prevailing market norms. With respect to equity incentives, we strive to grant our executive officers long-term equity incentive opportunities with a targeted grant-date value equal to the value of long-term incentives for the 65th percentile of the competitive market data for each position while also considering the degree of direct responsibility the executive officer has for corporate results, dilution and the expense associated with the equity award. As a result of our pay for performance philosophy, base salary typically comprises a smaller percentage of the total compensation of our executive officers.

In addition, depending on the location of the executive officer, an executive officer s compensation, including the allocation between base salary, variable cash compensation and equity, may be adjusted to ensure competitiveness with local or regional practices. Local and regional competitive practices are identified and determined based on local or regional market compensation surveys provided by our independent compensation consultant and our internal global human resources and recruiting departments. International comparative data typically includes additional sources outside of our United States peer group companies. This process recognizes that we are a global company and must attract our executives from a worldwide talent pool.

How We Determine Executive Compensation

Role of Compensation Committee

The Committee operates pursuant to a charter (the Compensation Committee Charter) approved and adopted by our Board. The Committee amended the Compensation Committee Charter on December 2, 2009. A copy of the Compensation Committee Charter is available on our website at www.aciworldwide.com in the Investor Relations Corporate Governance section. During 2009, Messrs. Seymour, Shay and Suwinski served as members of the Committee. At all times during 2009, each of the directors that served on the Committee was independent as defined in Rule 5605(a)(2) of the NASDAQ listing standards.

The Committee approves base salary and incentive compensation for, and addresses other compensation matters with respect to, our executive officers, including our Named Executive Officers. The Committee grants all stock options and other equity awards to all employees, including our executive officers, based on management recommendations. The full Board retains the authority to grant equity awards to non-employee directors, taking into consideration the recommendations of the Corporate Governance Committee.

In determining our executive officers compensation, the Committee primarily considers the following:

Company performance and relative stockholder return;

the value of similar incentive awards to officers at comparable companies;

the equity and long-term incentive awards given to the officers in prior years; and

the value of any change-in-control severance or other severance arrangements.

In determining our CEO s compensation, the Committee specifically considers the Board s evaluation of the CEO s performance.

The Committee is also responsible for the periodic review and evaluation of (a) the terms and administration of our annual and long-term incentive plans to assure that they are structured and administered in a manner consistent with

our goals and objectives, (b) existing equity-related plans and the adoption of any new equity-related plans, including a review and evaluation of our policies and practices relating to grants of equity-based compensation, and (c) our employee benefits and, if applicable, perquisite programs and approval of any significant changes therein. In accordance with the amended Compensation Committee Charter, the Committee also reviews and evaluates the performance of, and succession planning for, executive officers other than our CEO, and provides general oversight over leadership development process and strategies for executive officers.

Role of Our CEO and Executive Management

Executive management, acting primarily though our CEO, negotiates the compensation packages for all newly-hired executive officers. In addition, our CEO annually evaluates the performance of each executive officer and, based on that review, recommends changes in the executive officer s compensation to the Committee. This review includes a performance appraisal that takes into consideration various factors, including, without limitation, the following:

the ability of the executive to drive results for the Company,

the executive s understanding of the Company s business and his organizational savy,

the ability of the executive to make complex decisions and his strategic abilities,

the executive s ability to manage work process,

the communication skills of the executive, and

the executive s ability to manage diversity and ethics.

The CEO s review also includes a determination of each executive s leadership attributes along with an objective review of the executive s profit and loss management and other key accomplishments during the review period. Our Company is an evolving company, and executives roles and scope of work, and the size and geographical diversity of the groups they manage are subject to change. As an executive s role changes, our CEO may recommend changes to the executive s compensation to the Committee.

The CEO s compensation recommendations may include changes in base salary and the annual on-target variable cash incentive awards under our Management Incentive Compensation (MIC) program, additional equity grants, modifications to standard vesting schedules that are deemed to be in the best interest of the Company, and changes to the MIC plan performance targets to reflect changes in the scope or focus of an executive s position. In making such recommendations, our CEO is typically provided with competitive market compensation data from our independent compensation consultant and recommendations related to individual executive performance from our human resources department. Our independent compensation consultant typically provides comparative data based on our peer group as well as general industry surveys on total compensation and allocation between the various compensation components. Our internal human resources department typically provides an analysis of comparative survey data obtained from third party resources when data for the selected position becomes available. All compensation changes for executive officers must be reviewed and approved by the Committee.

Our executive officers annually review and establish the performance metrics for our MIC program. The performance targets associated with the selected performance metrics are developed by our finance department with input from the respective functional departments. The MIC plans and the performance metrics and associated targets for executive officers are then reviewed, discussed with, and approved by the Committee.

Role of External Consultants

The Committee retained Hewitt Associates LLC (Hewitt) as its independent compensation consultant during 2009. The role of Hewitt, as the Committee s independent compensation consultant during 2009, included the following:

assisting the Committee with the review of the peer comparison group of companies;

reviewing the form of long-term compensation historically provided by the Company; and

performing compensation benchmarking against the peer group for the Committee s review.

In connection with its performance of these activities, Hewitt met with the Committee both with and without management present. From time to time, Hewitt also conducts surveys and analyses to assist the Committee in its analysis and decision-making process related to executive compensation. Hewitt did not provide any services beyond executive compensation consulting services during 2009.

Peer Group

We identify a peer group of businesses for the purpose of benchmarking our executive compensation pay and practices. In 2007, our Board selected our peer group based on input from Hewitt as well as our business plans. The criteria for selecting companies for our peer group included similarity of size, based on revenue or market capitalization, similarity of industry, direct competitors for customers, plausible competitors for talent, and availability of compensation data for comparable positions. Based on these criteria, Hewitt suggested a list of companies to consider for inclusion in our peer group which was reviewed by the Committee and narrowed down to establish our 2007 peer group. The unique nature of our business precludes a robust sample of direct industry competitors that are comparable in size. Nonetheless, we believe that a wider vantage point is helpful in analyzing executive compensation because the executive labor market is largely global and cuts across industries. Therefore, our peer group includes some larger companies that are direct competitors and some smaller companies that are comparable in size but are not in a related industry. Regression analysis helps control market values for differences in size. Since 2007, our peer group has been comprised of the following companies:

First Data Corporation
Brightpoint, Inc.
Equifax Inc.
Acxiom Corporation
MoneyGram International, Inc.
Viad Corp
Brady Corporation
eFunds Corporation
Advanta Corp.
ITG, Inc.
Discover Financial Services
Visa International

Fisery, Inc.
Ceridian Corporation
The Dun & Bradstreet Corporation
Chicago Mercantile Exchange Inc.
ChoicePoint Inc.
Powerwave Technologies, Inc.
Zebra Technologies Corporation
IHS Group
ESCO Technologies Inc.
Kaydon Corporation
TransUnion, LLC

The Committee reviews the Company s peer group periodically in consultation with its independent compensation consultant; however, the Committee also recognizes the value of a stable peer group so that potential changes in compensation levels and allocations are based on actual market movement rather than on changes in the composition of the peer group. The Committee did not make any changes to the peer group set forth above for 2009.

The Committee s analysis of the peer group included a comparative performance review of the Company against its peer group companies. This review was based on data from the one and three year periods ended in 2007 which was the last full year of data available at the time the Committee performed its review. The Committee used operating margins, earnings per share growth, revenue growth and total shareholder return as the comparative performance metrics. In each of the comparative periods, the Company performed below the peer group median largely as a result of a change in the Company s business practices with respect to discounts on paid-up front renewals which had an immediate negative impact to the Company s revenue and net income in 2007 as well as significant expenses incurred by the Company in 2007 related to restructuring activities, the historic stock option review, preparation of restated historical financial information, cash settlement of vested options and efforts to become current with our SEC filings.

Elements of Executive Compensation

Base Salary. We generally target base salary levels for our executive officers at or below market median levels (the 50th percentile of our current peer group). Each executive officer s base salary, except our Chief Executive Officer s (CEO), is based on the recommendation of our CEO to the Committee. These recommendations consider competitive

market data assessments prepared by our independent compensation consultant. Other business factors used by the CEO in formulating base salary recommendations include the Company s operating budget, a desire to phase in compensation changes over more than one fiscal year, relative levels of cash incentive and long-term equity compensation, the performance of a particular executive officer s business unit in relation to established strategic

plans, long-term potential of the executive officer to contribute to our financial position, retention concerns, if any, for individual executives, the overall operating performance of the Company, and the assessment of the executive s performance in the executive s annual performance appraisal.

Mr. Heasley s compensation and the terms of his employment are set forth in his employment agreement, as amended and restated, which agreement is discussed in further detail below in the section entitled CEO Employment Agreement. The initial compensation established by the Committee for Mr. Heasley included base salary, on-target cash incentive compensation and equity compensation. The Committee initially set the CEO s on-target incentive compensation at 100% of his base salary to directly tie a significant portion of his potential total annual compensation to the performance of the Company and the achievement of financial and strategic objectives and also linked 40% of Mr. Heasley s initial equity compensation to the market performance of our common stock. The Committee reviews Mr. Heasley s compensation, including his base salary and on-target incentive compensation, and the terms of his employment agreement on an annual basis in connection with the review of all other executive officers compensation. The Committee considers competitive market data provided by our independent compensation consultant, the performance of the Company and progress on operational and strategic goals in this review. Information regarding the results of the 2009 review of Mr. Heasley s compensation along with details regarding the compensation for our Named Executive Officers during 2009 is set forth below under Analysis of Named Executive Officer Compensation as well as in the Summary Compensation Table set forth in the Executive Compensation section below.

Variable Cash Incentive Compensation. We generally establish variable cash incentive compensation for our executive officers to pay out at or above market median levels when the performance goals are achieved or exceeded. Our variable cash incentive program is known as our Management Incentive Compensation (MIC) program. Our MIC program is generally available to employees at or above the director level (e.g. one level below a vice president) and provides variable cash awards for business and individual performance during a 12-month performance period. The MIC program is designed to encourage an executive s contribution to, and reward an executive for, Company-wide performance and the attainment of specific operational and financial goals that are controlled by or can be directly impacted by the executive.

In January 2008, the Committee adopted the Executive Management Incentive Compensation Plan (the Executive MIC Plan), which was approved by our stockholders on June 10, 2008. Awards under the Executive MIC Plan are only available to our executive officers. The Executive MIC Plan is intended to satisfy the requirements for performance-based compensation within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Code. The Committee believes that it is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders to ensure that bonuses to be paid to executive officers are deductible by the Company for federal income tax purposes.

All MIC awards granted in 2009 to our executive officers, including our Named Executive Officers, were granted pursuant to the Executive MIC Plan. Annual MIC awards granted under the Executive MIC Plan that are intended to qualify as performance-based compensation may not be adjusted upward and the maximum aggregate amount granted or credited to any one participant in a plan year may not exceed \$3,000,000, determined as of the date of payout.

The 2009 MIC program, for both employees and executive officers, included bonus opportunities based on annual targets. Prior year MIC programs provided for semi-annual and quarterly bonus opportunities; however, based on a review of comparative market data provided by the Committee s independent compensation consultant, the Committee determined that in order to conform to best practices for cash incentive plans we should transition the payout of MIC awards from quarterly payouts to annual payouts. The transition from quarterly payouts to annual payouts occurred over several fiscal years. The 2009 MIC program was the first year which incorporated only an annual payout.

Our CEO recommends annual on-target MIC awards for each executive officer, excluding himself, to the Committee. The CEO s recommendations are derived from competitive market data provided by our independent compensation

consultant and general market data and compensation surveys provided by internal compensation resources within our human resources department.

Our MIC program provides for payments ranging from 0% of the applicable bonus opportunity, if the threshold performance levels are not attained, to 200% of the applicable bonus opportunity, if all performance is above the

levels established to qualify for maximum payouts. Payments for performance between the threshold and maximum levels are interpolated based on the level of performance achieved. Unless otherwise set forth in the applicable individual MIC plan, performance attainment levels of the targeted performance objectives range from 85% to 116.3% and correspond to payment levels ranging from 0% to 200% of the target bonus opportunity.

Individualized MIC plans are established for our executive officers as part of the Company s review of its strategic plan and establishment of its annual operating budget. Performance metrics and related targets for our executive officers include a mix of Company-level, segment-level and business unit financial metrics and are individually tailored to include the important factors under the executive s control. The performance metrics for our executive officers are all performance metrics set forth in the Executive MIC Plan approved by our stockholders. The Committee approves the MIC plans and the performance metrics for each executive officer and our CEO.

The Committee retains the right at any time to: (1) amend or terminate an individual executive s MIC plan, in whole or in part, (2) revoke any eligible executive s right to participate in the MIC program, and (3) make adjustments to targets.

Information about the MIC awards earned by our Named Executive Officers during 2009 is set forth below under Analysis of Named Executive Officer Compensation as well as in the Summary Compensation Table set forth in the Executive Compensation section below.

Long-Term Incentive Compensation

Our long-term incentive program (LTIP) provides for the grant of equity awards and is available to only a select group of senior management employees, including executive officers, whose responsibilities and decisions directly impact long-term business results. In each case, an executive officer s LTIP award is consistent with other Company executives at a similar level. Including equity awards in the compensation package of our executive officers is beneficial in aligning management and stockholder interests, and consequently increasing stockholder value because the value of equity awards is directly tied to the value of our stock, providing award recipients with incentives to increase the value of our stock. While our CEO may recommend grants of equity awards for executive officers, the Committee must approve all equity-based awards granted to our employees.

The mix of equity awards is generally reviewed and adjusted by the Committee each year in consideration of data provided by its independent compensation consultant combined with a review of the Company's performance and business goals and consideration of global and domestic economic conditions. The combination of stock option and other equity award grants to an executive officer is considered in the analysis of the executive officer's overall compensation package based on market competitiveness and a review of the executive officer's ability to contribute to increases in stockholder value. The Committee also takes into consideration the expense to the Company associated with equity awards. Generally, the Committee targets LTIP equity award opportunities at a value equal to the 65th percentile of competitive market data.

Form of 2009 LTIP Award. For the 2009 LTIP, the Committee elected to use the same form of LTIP award granted in 2008. Accordingly, the group of senior management employees eligible for LTIP awards, including our Named Executive Officers, had the right to choose the form of LTIP award between (a) stock options, and (b) shares of restricted stock. In each case, the recipient could choose to receive non-qualified options to purchase shares of our common stock or one-half as many shares of restricted stock. The two-to-one proportion of stock options to shares of restricted stock reflected the relative Black-Scholes value of a non-qualified stock option (approximately 50% of a value of a share of common stock) on the date of grant. Accordingly, each award choice represented similar aggregate value on the date of grant.

Generally, the Committee grants annual LTIP awards in the fourth quarter of the preceding fiscal year. However, the Committee granted the 2009 LTIP awards in September 2008 to address management s concerns about retention of key senior managers and to ensure that an appropriate incentive structure was in place to drive the successful execution of the Company s restructuring plan. In accordance with the Committee s general practices relating to the timing of granting annual LTIP grants, the Committee granted the 2010 LTIP awards in the last quarter of 2009. Additional information about the 2010 LTIP grants made in 2009 is set forth below in the section

entitled 2010 Compensation Update and in the 2009 Grants of Plan-Based Awards table in the Executive Compensation section below.

Stock Options. The Committee included time-vested stock options in the 2009 LTIP to reward long-term Company performance, link an executive s incentives to the stockholders interests in increasing stockholder value and to provide executives with incentives to stay with the Company. LTIP stock options are granted only to a limited number of senior management employees, including Named Executive Officers, whose performance can have a significant impact on stockholder value.

The decision to grant an executive a stock option award as part of LTIP is based on the executive s position, individual performance and competitive market data, and the award amounts are typically tied to benchmarking data from our then current peer group on overall compensation and allocation of compensation between cash and equity compensation as well as data from general industry compensation surveys. Stock options granted as part of LTIP typically vest in equal annual installments over a four-year period. Stock option recommendations under LTIP are reviewed by the Committee annually and are generally approved by the Committee in the last quarter of the fiscal year preceding the annual LTIP grant year with the specific timing dependent on various factors.

In addition to annual grants under LTIP, in order to attract executive talent, we may grant stock options to new executives at the time of hire. Market practice and conditions, internal equity and the qualifications of the candidate are all factors considered by management and the Committee when determining whether to grant stock options to a new executive. New hire stock option grants are typically granted by the Committee at the next regularly scheduled meeting after hire. On rare occasions, additional or special grants of stock options may be made to executives to recognize an increase in responsibility or when market conditions and competitive market data indicate that an executive s compensation is not competitive. Special option grants are subject to Committee review and approval, which typically occurs during the next scheduled Committee meeting. Stock options that are not granted as part of LTIP generally vest over a four-year period; however, the Committee may adjust the vesting schedule to incorporate specific performance elements or to support continued retention. During 2009, the Committee did not grant any special option awards to any Named Executive Officer.

All stock options are granted at fair market value at the time of grant and have a 10-year term. In accordance with the Company s equity award granting policy, the exercise price of all stock options equals the closing sale price (price for last trade) of our common stock as reported by The NASDAQ Global Select Stock Market on the date of grant.

Restricted Stock. The option to choose restricted stock was included in the 2009 LTIP because the Committee believed that restricted stock delivers value even during turbulent market conditions when the ability to achieve certain targets may be beyond management s control and allows the Committee to manage dilution as restricted stock delivers greater immediate value to the executive with decreased dilution and promotes retention.

Shares of restricted stock granted as part of LTIP typically vest in equal annual installments over a four-year period. Restricted shares remain subject to transfer restrictions which prohibit the holder from selling, assigning, transferring or otherwise disposing of any of the shares until the restrictions lapse upon vesting. Restricted stock recommendations under LTIP are reviewed by the Committee and are generally approved by the Committee in the last quarter of the fiscal year preceding the annual LTIP grant year or the first quarter of the LTIP grant fiscal year with the specific timing dependent on various factors.

We may also grant restricted stock to new executives at the time of hire in order to attract executive talent. Similar to the disclosure above related to stock options granted to new executives at the time of hire, market practice and conditions, internal equity and the qualifications of the candidate are all factors considered by management and the Committee when determining whether to grant restricted stock to a new executive. New hire restricted stock grants are

typically granted by the Committee at the next regularly scheduled meeting after hire.

Other Elements of Compensation

Employee Stock Purchase Plan. We maintain an employee stock purchase plan that is available to substantially all employees, including our Named Executive Officers. This plan has been approved by our stockholders. Under the plan, participating employees may contribute up to 10% of their base salary (subject

to certain IRS limits) to purchase shares of our common stock at the end of each participation period. The participation periods are three-month periods running from February through April, May through July, August through October and November through January each year and the purchase price is equal to 85% of the fair market value of the stock on the last day of the participation period.

Retirement Benefits. We maintain a tax-qualified 401(k) retirement plan that provides for broad-based employee participation. Beginning on the first anniversary of an employee s date of hire, we match the employee s contributions up to 4% of the employee s base salary with an annual match limit of \$4,000 for each employee. All employer and employee contributions are 100% vested immediately. Our Named Executive Officers are eligible to participate in the 401(k) retirement plan.

Insurance and Disability Benefits. We provide our Named Executive Officers with basic life, health, dental and disability coverage benefits. These benefits are the same as those provided to other employees within the organization.

Perquisites. Currently, the Company generally does not have additional or special executive-only benefits that are not part of our standard compensation practices for a particular geographic location or used to address special circumstances such as relocations.

Severance Benefits. Except for the employment agreement with Mr. Heasley described in detail below in the section entitled Employment Agreements with Named Executive Officers, we do not have employment or severance agreements with our Named Executive Officers and their employment may be terminated at any time.

Change-in-Control Severance Benefits. Currently, all but one of our Named Executive Officers are entitled to certain severance benefits under the terms of a Change-in-Control Employment Agreement (CIC Agreement). The change-in-control benefits provided in the CIC Agreements are designed to preserve productivity, avoid disruption and prevent attrition during a period when we are, or are rumored to be, involved in a change-in-control transaction. The change-in-control severance program also motivates executives to pursue transactions that are in our stockholders best interests notwithstanding the potential negative impact of the transaction on their future employment. A description of the current CIC Agreements can be found below under the heading Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change-in-Control Change-In-Control Employment Agreements .

Analysis of 2009 Named Executive Officer Compensation

In connection with establishing the 2009 compensation for our CEO and executive officers, the Committee engaged Hewitt to conduct a competitive compensation analysis for key senior management positions within the Company, including each Named Executive Officer s position (the Competitive Analysis). In the Competitive Analysis, Hewitt provided compensation data on the CEOs of our peer group companies for the Committee s consideration as well as compensation data on the other executive officer positions and general industry compensation survey data. The Competitive Analysis contains information related to the median levels (50th percentile) of our peer group or market median levels. The Committee reviewed the Competitive Analysis to ensure that the compensation programs for our key senior managers, including our Named Executive Officers, are consistent with our compensation philosophy and remain within broadly competitive norms.

In addition to reviewing competitive market data, the Committee also believes that individual compensation should reflect an executive officer s position and value to our organization considering individual contribution to business results, knowledge and skills, and market value and that individual compensation should also take into consideration long term potential of the executive officer to contribute to our financial position and retention concerns, if any, for individual executives.

In accordance with our compensation philosophy, we set the base salary for each of our Named Executive Officers for 2009 at or below the median of our peer group and established annual on-target MIC awards targeted to pay out at market median levels when the performance targets are achieved and above market median levels if the performance targets are exceeded. Any modifications made to a Named Executive Officer s base salary or annual on-target MIC award during 2009, as described below, were made in order to adjust the respective executive s total cash compensation to fall within the competitive norms contained within the Competitive Analysis or to reflect individual contributions of the executive to the Company or increased responsibilities assumed by the executive. Set

forth below is a summary of the decisions related to the 2009 executive compensation for each of our Named Executive Officers made during 2009. Additional information regarding decisions made related to the 2010 executive compensation for our Named Executive Officers is set forth in the 2010 Compensation Update section below.

Philip G. Heasley, President and CEO

The Committee reviews our CEO s compensation and the terms of his employment agreement on an annual basis in connection with the review of all other executive officers compensation. Based on the Competitive Analysis, in order to better align Mr. Heasley s compensation with our peer group market data for comparable positions, effective January 1, 2009, Mr. Heasley s compensation was increased from \$550,000 to \$575,000 which represented an increase of approximately 4.5%. Mr. Heasley s annual on-target MIC award also increased from \$500,000 to \$575,000, which represents a shift from 90% to 100% of his base salary to conform to market practice where a CEO s annual cash incentive target typically equals his base salary. This was the first increase in Mr. Heasley s annual on-target MIC award since joining the Company in March 2005.

On September 16, 2008, as part of the 2009 LTIP, the Board granted our CEO a 2009 LTIP award which granted Mr. Heasley the right to choose the form of LTIP award between (1) 50,000 stock options with an exercise price equal to \$19.76, and (2) 25,000 restricted shares of our common stock. Mr. Heasley elected to receive his 2009 LTIP award in the form of stock options.

The majority of Mr. Heasley s total equity compensation was granted to him in connection with his initial employment with the Company on March 9, 2005. As part of his initial compensation package, Mr. Heasley received a grant of 1,000,000 stock options with an exercise price of \$22.65 per share with 600,000 of these stock options granted as time-vested stock options which vest 25% per year beginning with the first anniversary of the date of grant. The remaining 400,000 stock options will vest, if at all, only upon the attainment by the Company of a market price per share of our common stock of at least \$50 for 60 consecutive trading days between March 9, 2007 and the expiration of the stock options on March 9, 2015. This vesting criterion was established to ensure that our CEO s equity compensation was tied directly to a significant long-term increase in stockholder value.

We believe that our application of a pay for performance philosophy is consistent with current market practices that tend to award a higher proportion of equity compensation to officers in the CEO position. Moreover, we believe that Mr. Heasley s compensation level should be more strongly tied to increases in stockholder value than our other Named Executive Officers because the Committee believes that the CEO s position and performance has a more significant impact on the Company s performance and stock price. Accordingly, the aggregate grant date fair value of Mr. Heasley s equity awards is currently approximately six times greater than the average aggregate grant date fair value of our other Named Executive Officers while his base salary is only 2.5 times greater than the average base salary of our other Named Executive Officers.

Scott. W. Behrens, Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller

Scott W. Behrens has served as our Corporate Controller since he joined the Company in June 2007. On October 18, 2007, the Board appointed him to serve as our Chief Accounting Officer. The Board designated Mr. Behrens as principal financial officer for purposes of SEC filings on March 4, 2008 and then appointed him to serve as our Chief Financial Officer effective December 18, 2008. In connection with the gradual transition of Mr. Behrens position to include the enhanced responsibilities of the Chief Financial Officer position, we determined that it was in the best interest of the Company to stagger adjustments to Mr. Behrens compensation to conform to competitive market data for the Chief Financial Officer position over several fiscal years.

As a result of this staggered approach to making Mr. Behrens compensation market competitive, Mr. Behrens received a significant increase to his annual cash compensation in 2008. In 2008, Mr. Behrens base salary increased from \$180,000 to \$230,000, a 27% increase, and his annual on-target MIC award increased from \$63,000 to \$138,000, a 119% increase. In 2009, we made further adjustments to Mr. Behrens cash compensation as part of this staggered approach and based on the Competitive Analysis. Effective January 1, 2009, Mr. Behrens base salary

increased by approximately 9%, from \$230,000 to \$250,000, and his annual on-target MIC award also increased approximately 9%, from \$138,000 to \$150,000.

Under the 2009 LTIP, Mr. Behrens had the right to choose the form of LTIP award between (1) 24,000 stock options with an exercise price equal to \$19.76, and (2) 12,000 shares of restricted common stock. Mr. Behrens elected to receive his 2009 LTIP award in the form of restricted stock.

J. Ronald Totaro, Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Totaro joined the Company in March 2008 as a Senior Vice President. Effective December 18, 2008, the Board appointed Mr. Totaro to serve as our Chief Operating Officer. In connection with Mr. Totaro s enhanced operational responsibilities resulting from his assumption of the Chief Operating Officer role and to make cash compensation market competitive for the Chief Operating Officer position, Mr. Totaro s base salary increased from \$270,000 to \$335,000, a 24% increase, and his annual on-target MIC award increased from \$270,000 to \$301,500, an 11.7% increase.

Under the 2009 LTIP, Mr. Totaro had the right to choose the form of LTIP award between (1) 36,700 stock options with an exercise price equal to \$19.76, and (2) 18,350 shares of restricted stock. Mr. Totaro elected to receive his 2009 LTIP award in the form of restricted stock.

Mr. Totaro resigned from the Company effective April 1, 2010.

Dennis P. Byrnes, Senior Vice President, Chief Administrative Officer, General Counsel and Secretary

Mr. Byrnes has served as our Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary since he joined the Company in June 2003. Commencing in 2008, Mr. Byrnes assumed responsibility for the Company s global human resources department and the global corporate services department. In addition, in 2009, Mr. Byrnes assumed responsibility for the Company s corporate tools and infrastructure department. In order to address his enhanced role within the Company and his increased responsibilities as Chief Administrative Officer, effective January 1, 2009, Mr. Byrnes base salary increased 19.6%, from \$230,000 to \$275,000 and his annual on-target MIC award increased 30%, from \$150,000 to \$195,000. In 2010, Mr. Byrnes also assumed the corporate management office responsibilities as part of his role as Chief Administrative Officer.

Under the 2009 LTIP, Mr. Byrnes had the right to choose the form of LTIP award between (1) 36,700 stock options with an exercise price equal to \$19.76, and (2) 18,350 shares of restricted stock. Mr. Byrnes elected to receive his 2009 LTIP award in the form of restricted stock.

David N. Morem, Senior Vice President, Global Business Operations

Mr. Morem joined the Company in August 2005 and has served as our Senior Vice President, Global Business Operations since January 2008. Based on a review of the Competitive Analysis, effective January 1, 2009, Mr. Morem s base salary increased by approximately 8.3%, from \$250,008 to \$260,000, and his annual on-target MIC award increased by 25%, from \$150,000 to \$180,000.

Under the 2009 LTIP, Mr. Morem had the right to choose the form of LTIP award between (1) 36,700 stock options with an exercise price equal to \$19.76, and (2) 18,350 shares of restricted stock. Mr. Morem elected to receive his 2009 LTIP award in the form of restricted stock.

Analysis of 2009 Incentive Compensation Programs

Management Incentive Compensation Program

2009 Executive MIC. We modified our MIC program for 2009 in two substantive ways when compared to the 2008 MIC program. First, as discussed above, we shifted the payout under our MIC program to a single annual payment from semi-annual payments in 2008 and quarterly payments in 2007. Second, we eliminated Individual Business Objectives (IBOs) that accounted for 20% of an executive s on-target bonus opportunity under the 2008 Executive MIC.

All MIC awards granted to our executive officers, including our Named Executive Officers, in 2009 (the 2009 Executive MIC) were granted pursuant to the Executive MIC Plan approved by our stockholders on June 10, 2008. The 2009 Executive MIC ran from January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009. The 2009 Executive MIC focused on establishing objectively quantifiable organizational performance objectives and rewarded executives based upon the attainment of these objectives.

The performance metrics and the relative weight of each metric for our Named Executive Officers were established in order to leverage ac