

KAISER ALUMINUM CORP
Form DEF 14A
April 28, 2011

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
SCHEDULE 14A
(Rule 14a-101)
INFORMATION REQUIRED IN PROXY STATEMENT
SCHEDULE 14A INFORMATION
PROXY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 14(a) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 (AMENDMENT NO.)**

Filed by the Registrant

Filed by a Party other than the Registrant

Check the appropriate box:

- Preliminary Proxy Statement
- Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))
- Definitive Proxy Statement
- Definitive Additional Materials
- Soliciting Material Pursuant to §240.14a-12

Kaiser Aluminum Corporation

(Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

(Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if Other Than the Registrant)

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 - (3) Filing Party:

(4) Date Filed:

Kaiser Aluminum Corporation
27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200
Foothill Ranch, CA 92610-2831

April 27, 2011

Dear Stockholder:

You are cordially invited to attend the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Kaiser Aluminum Corporation to be held at the company's corporate office, located at 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, California 92610 on Thursday, June 9, 2011, at 9:00 a.m., local time.

During the Annual Meeting, stockholders will consider and vote upon (i) the election of four members to the board of directors, (ii) the approval, on a non-binding, advisory basis, of the compensation of our named executive officers, (iii) the recommendation, on a non-binding, advisory basis, as to the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers, and (iv) the ratification of the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm. The attached Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Proxy Statement describe fully the formal business to be transacted at the Annual Meeting.

While the company does not expect to make a separate presentation, certain directors and officers will be present at the Annual Meeting and will be available to respond to any questions you may have.

Whether or not you plan to attend the Annual Meeting, we urge you to review carefully the accompanying material and to vote by proxy without delay. To do so, please submit your voting instructions over the Internet or by telephone as indicated on the enclosed proxy card or by completing, signing and dating the enclosed proxy card and returning it by mail in the accompanying envelope. If you attend the Annual Meeting, you may vote in person even if you have previously submitted your voting instructions over the Internet, by telephone or by mail.

Sincerely,

Jack A. Hockema
*President, Chief Executive Officer and
Chairman of the Board*

Kaiser Aluminum Corporation
27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200
Foothill Ranch, CA 92610-2831
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS
TO BE HELD ON JUNE 9, 2011

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of Kaiser Aluminum Corporation will be held at the company's corporate office, located at 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, California 92610 on Thursday, June 9, 2011, at 9:00 a.m., local time, for the following purposes:

- (1) To elect four members to our board of directors for three-year terms to expire at our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders;
- (2) To approve, on an advisory, non-binding basis, the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this Proxy Statement;
- (3) To make a recommendation, on an advisory, non-binding basis, as to the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers;
- (4) To ratify the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011; and
- (5) To consider such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting or any adjournments thereof.

Information concerning the matters to be acted upon at the Annual Meeting is set forth in the accompanying Proxy Statement.

The close of business on April 20, 2011 has been fixed as the record date for determining the stockholders entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the Annual Meeting or any adjournments thereof.

We urge stockholders to vote by proxy by submitting voting instructions over the Internet or by telephone as indicated on the enclosed proxy card or by completing, signing and dating the enclosed proxy card and returning it by mail in the accompanying envelope, which does not require postage if mailed in the United States.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

John M. Donnan
*Senior Vice President, Secretary and
General Counsel*

Foothill Ranch, California
April 27, 2011

Kaiser Aluminum Corporation
27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200
Foothill Ranch, CA 92610-2831
PROXY STATEMENT
FOR
ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS
To Be Held On June 9, 2011

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Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to Be Held on June 9, 2011: The Proxy Statement and our Annual Report to Stockholders are available at <http://bnymellon.mobular.net/bnymellon/kalu>.

GENERAL QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q: When is the Proxy Statement being sent to stockholders and what is its purpose?

A: This Proxy Statement is first being sent to our stockholders on or about May 6, 2011 at the direction of our board of directors in order to solicit proxies for our use at the Annual Meeting.

Q: When is the Annual Meeting and where will it be held?

A: The Annual Meeting will be held on Thursday, June 9, 2011, at 9:00 a.m., local time, at our corporate office, located at 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, California 92610.

Q: Who may attend the Annual Meeting?

A: All of our stockholders may attend the Annual Meeting.

Q: Who is entitled to vote?

A: Stockholders as of the close of business on April 20, 2011 are entitled to vote at the Annual Meeting. Each share of our common stock is entitled to one vote.

Q: On what am I voting?

A: You will be voting on:

The election of four members to our board of directors to serve until our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders;

The approval, on a non-binding, advisory basis, of the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this Proxy Statement;

The recommendation, on a non-binding, advisory basis, as to the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers;

The ratification of the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011; and

Such other business as may properly come before the Annual Meeting or any adjournments.

Q: How does the board of directors recommend that I vote?

A: The board of directors recommends that you vote your shares:

FOR ALL the director nominees identified in Proposals Requiring Your Vote Proposal for Election of Directors below;

FOR the approval of the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this Proxy Statement;

For the option of EVERY 1 YEAR as the frequency for future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers; and

FOR the ratification of the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011.

Q: How can I vote?

A: You can vote in person at the Annual Meeting or you can vote prior to the Annual Meeting by proxy. Whether or not you plan to attend the Annual Meeting, we urge you to vote by proxy without delay.

Q: How do I vote by proxy?

A: If you choose to vote your shares by proxy, you have the following options:

Over the Internet: You can vote over the Internet at the website shown on your proxy card. Internet voting will be available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, until 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on Wednesday, June 8, 2011.

By telephone: You can vote by telephone by calling the toll-free number shown on your proxy card. Telephone voting will be available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, until 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on Wednesday, June 8, 2011.

By mail: You can vote by mail by completing, signing and dating your proxy card and returning it in the enclosed prepaid envelope.

Q: I want to attend the Annual Meeting and vote in person. How do I obtain directions to the Annual Meeting?

A: You may obtain directions to the Annual Meeting by calling us at (949) 614-1740.

Q: What constitutes a quorum?

A: As of April 20, 2011, the record date, 19,268,791 shares of our common stock were issued and outstanding. A majority of these shares present or represented by proxy will constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at the Annual Meeting. If you properly vote by proxy by submitting your voting instructions over the Internet, by telephone or by mail, then your shares will be counted as part of the quorum. Abstentions or votes that are withheld on any matter will be counted towards a quorum but will be excluded from the vote relating to the particular matter under consideration. Broker non-votes are counted towards a quorum but are excluded from the vote with respect to the matters for which they are applicable. A broker non-vote occurs when a broker holding shares for a beneficial owner does not vote on a particular proposal because the broker does not have discretionary voting power with respect to that proposal and has not received instructions with respect to that proposal from the beneficial owner. Among our proposals, brokers will have discretionary voting power only with respect to the proposal to ratify the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLC as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011.

Q: What are the voting requirements for the proposals?

A: There are different voting requirements for the proposals.

Directors will be elected by a plurality vote of all votes cast for the election of directors at the Annual Meeting. Accordingly, the four nominees receiving the highest number of votes will be elected. If you withhold authority to vote for any particular director nominee, your shares will not be counted in the vote for that nominee and will have no effect on the outcome of the vote.

The approval of the holders of a majority of the total number of outstanding shares of our common stock present in person or represented by proxy at the Annual Meeting and actually voted on the proposal is

necessary (1) to approve, on an advisory, non-binding basis, the compensation of our named executive officers, as disclosed in this Proxy Statement, (2) to ratify the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011. If you abstain from voting on the proposal to approve the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this Proxy Statement, the proposal to ratify the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011, or both proposals, your shares will not be counted in the vote for such proposal(s) and will have no effect on the outcome of the vote.

The recommendation, on an advisory, non-binding basis, as to the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers will be determined based on the option EVERY 1 YEAR, EVERY 2 YEARS or EVERY 3 YEARS that receives the highest number of votes. If you abstain from voting on the proposal to recommend the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers, your shares will not be counted in the vote for such proposal and will have no effect on the outcome of the vote.

Q: If my shares are held in street name by my broker, will my broker vote my shares for me?

A: As discussed above, among our proposals, brokers will have discretionary voting power only with respect to the proposal to ratify the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLC as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011. To be sure your shares are voted, you should instruct your broker to vote your shares using the instructions provided by your broker.

Q: What will happen if the compensation of the company's named executive officers is not approved by the stockholders?

A: Because this is an advisory vote, our board of directors and compensation committee will not be bound by the approval of, or the failure to approve, the executive compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this Proxy Statement. The board of directors and the compensation committee, however, value the opinions that our stockholders express in their votes and will consider the outcome of the vote when determining future executive compensation programs.

Q: Will the vote to recommend the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of the company's named executive officers determine the actual frequency of future votes?

A: Because this is an advisory vote, our board of directors and compensation committee will not be bound by the outcome of the vote. The board of directors and the compensation committee, however, value the opinions that our stockholders express in their votes and will consider the outcome of the vote when determining the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers.

Q: What will happen if the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011 is not ratified by stockholders?

A: Pursuant to the audit committee charter, the audit committee of our board of directors has sole authority to appoint our independent registered public accounting firm, and the audit committee will not be bound by the ratification of, or failure to ratify, the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP. The audit committee will, however, consider any failure to ratify the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP in connection with the appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm the following year.

Q: Can I change my vote after I give my proxy?

A: Yes. If you vote by proxy, you can revoke that proxy at any time before voting takes place at the Annual Meeting. You may revoke your proxy by:
voting again over the Internet or by telephone no later than 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on Wednesday, June 8, 2011;

submitting a properly signed proxy card with a later date;

delivering, no later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on Wednesday, June 8, 2011, written notice of revocation to our Secretary, c/o BNY Mellon Shareowner Services, P.O. Box 3550, South Hackensack, New Jersey 07606-9250; or

attending the Annual Meeting and voting in person.

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Your attendance alone will not revoke your proxy. To change your vote, you must also vote in person at the Annual Meeting. If you instruct a broker to vote your shares, you must follow your broker's directions for changing those instructions.

Q: What does it mean if I receive more than one proxy card?

A: If you receive more than one proxy card, it is because your shares are held in more than one account. You must vote each proxy card to ensure that all of your shares are voted at the Annual Meeting.

Q: Who will count the votes?

A: Representatives of BNY Mellon Shareowner Services, our transfer agent, will tabulate the votes and act as inspectors of election.

Q: How much will this proxy solicitation cost?

A: We have hired MacKenzie Partners, Inc. to assist us in the distribution of proxy materials and solicitation of votes at a cost not to exceed \$4,500, plus out-of-pocket expenses. We will reimburse brokerage firms and other custodians, nominees and fiduciaries for their reasonable out-of-pocket expenses for forwarding proxy and solicitation materials to the owners of our common stock. Our officers and regular employees may also solicit proxies, but they will not be specifically compensated for these services. In addition to the use of the mail, proxies may be solicited personally or by telephone by our employees or by MacKenzie Partners.

PROPOSALS REQUIRING YOUR VOTE

Proposal for Election of Directors

General

Our board of directors currently has 10 members, consisting of our President and Chief Executive Officer and nine independent directors. Our current directors are:

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Carolyn Bartholomew | William F. Murdy |
| David Foster | Alfred E. Osborne, Jr., Ph.D. |
| Jack A. Hockema | Jack Quinn |
| Teresa A. Hopp | Thomas M. Van Leeuwen |
| Lauralee E. Martin | Brett E. Wilcox |

Mr. Hockema, our President and Chief Executive Officer, serves as our Chairman of the Board, and Dr. Osborne serves as our Lead Independent Director.

Our certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide for a classified board of directors consisting of three classes. The term of the Class II directors will expire at the 2011 annual meeting of stockholders; the term of the Class III directors will expire at the 2012 annual meeting of stockholders; and the term of the Class I directors will expire at the 2013 annual meeting of stockholders.

The nominating and corporate governance committee of our board of directors has recommended, and our board of directors has approved, the nomination of the four nominees listed below. The nominees have indicated their willingness to serve as members of the board of directors if elected; however, in case any nominee becomes unavailable for election to the board of directors for any reason not presently known or contemplated, the proxy holders have discretionary authority to vote proxies for a substitute nominee. Proxies cannot be voted for more than four nominees.

The board of directors recommends a vote FOR each of the persons nominated by the board of directors.

Nominees for Election as Class II Directors

Set forth below is information as to the nominees for election as Class II directors at the Annual Meeting, including their ages, present principal occupations, other business experiences, directorships in other public companies, membership on committees of our board of directors, and reasons why each individual nominee's specific experience, qualifications, attributes or skills led our board of directors to conclude that the nominee should serve as a director of the company.

Carolyn Bartholomew, 53, has served as a director of Kaiser since June 2007. Ms. Bartholomew has served as Commissioner of U.S.-China Economic and Security Review Commission since April 2003. She also served as its Vice Chairman from January 2006 to December 2006, January 2008 to December 2008 and January 2010 to December 2010 and its Chairman from January 2007 to December 2007 and January 2009 to December 2009. Ms. Bartholomew has also served as Director of Government Relations of Education Development Center, a non-profit organization focused on implementation of education and health programs and research, since February 2009. She was also the Executive Director of the Basic Education Coalition, a non-profit organization that works to raise public and private support for basic education for children in the United States and abroad, from July 2004 to August 2008. From August 1987 to April 2003, Ms. Bartholomew served as Legislative Director, District Director and Chief of Staff to Congresswoman Nancy Pelosi. Ms. Bartholomew graduated cum laude with a Bachelor of Arts degree in anthropology from the University of Minnesota. She also holds a Master of Arts degree in anthropology from Duke University and a Juris Doctorate from Georgetown University. Ms. Bartholomew serves on the audit and nominating and corporate governance committees of our board of directors. Pursuant to the terms of the Director

Designation Agreement between our company and the United Steel, Paper and Forestry, Rubber, Manufacturing, Energy, Allied Industrial and Service Workers International Union, AFL-CIO, CLC (referred to herein as the USW) described more fully below, Ms. Bartholomew was designated by the USW to fill a vacancy on our board of directors in 2007, and Ms. Bartholomew was designated by the USW as a director candidate in connection with our 2008 annual meeting of stockholders and again in 2011 in connection with the upcoming Annual Meeting.

Ms. Bartholomew's experience in Washington, D.C. and with the U.S.-China Economic and Security Review Commission allow her to provide guidance and insight to our board of directors and management regarding government relations, policy and appropriations for defense and other government funded programs that utilize our products and our efforts to expand into Chinese markets and effectively compete with Chinese manufacturers.

Jack A. Hockema, our President and Chief Executive Officer, serves as Chairman of the Board and serves on the executive committee of our board of directors. For information as to Mr. Hockema, see Executive Officers below. Mr. Hockema's substantial experience with our company and in the metals industry allows him to provide a unique perspective to our board of directors regarding our business and strategic direction for our company.

Lauralee E. Martin, 60, has served as a director of Kaiser since September 2010. Ms. Martin has served as Executive Vice President and Chief Operating and Financial Officer of Jones Lang LaSalle since October 2005. Prior to being appointed the additional position of Chief Operating Officer of Jones Lang LaSalle, Ms. Martin served as its Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer from January 2002 to October 2005. She served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Heller Financial, Inc., a commercial finance company, from May 1996 to November 2001. Ms. Martin had previously held the positions of Senior Group President, responsible for Heller Financial's Real Estate, Equipment Financing, and Small Business Lending groups, and President of its Real Estate group. Prior to joining Heller Financial in 1986, Ms. Martin held certain senior management positions with General Electric Credit Corporation. Ms. Martin is a member of the board of directors and the Global Executive Committee of Jones Lang LaSalle and chairs its Global Operating Committee. She is also a member of the board of directors and the audit committee of HCP, Inc., a real estate investment trust focusing on properties serving the healthcare industry. She was a member of the board of directors of each of Key Corp, a bank holding company, from December 2003 to November 2010, Gables Residential Trust, a real estate investment trust, from 1994 to 2005 and Heller Financial from May 1991 to July 1998. She received a Bachelor's degree from Oregon State University and holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from the University of Connecticut. Ms. Martin serves on the audit and compensation committees of our board of directors. Having served as both the chief financial officer and the head of the real estate lending group at Heller Financial, a commercial finance company with international operations, as well as having now been the chief operating and financial officer for Jones Lang LaSalle for nine years, Ms. Martin has significant experience in all aspects of corporate financial and operational matters, including the oversight of complex financial, accounting and corporate infrastructure functions. Her service as a member of the boards of directors of two real estate investment trusts and a major bank holding company have reinforced those qualifications and also have deepened her expertise in corporate governance and matters relating to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Ms. Martin also has a deep foundation in evaluating acquisition opportunities, managing banking relationships and investor relations. Ms. Martin's experience and background, qualification as an audit committee financial expert, and understanding of our company's financial statements allow her to provide guidance and insight to our board of directors and management regarding business, strategic, accounting and financial issues.

Brett E. Wilcox, 57, has served as a director of Kaiser since July 2006. Mr. Wilcox is currently Chief Executive Officer of Summit Power Alternative Resources where he manages the development of wind generation and new energy technologies. Mr. Wilcox has been an active investor in, on the board of directors of, or an executive consultant for, a number of metals and energy companies since 2005. From 1986 to 2005, Mr. Wilcox served as Chief Executive Officer of Golden Northwest Aluminum Company and its predecessors. Golden Northwestern Aluminum Company and certain of its subsidiaries filed for bankruptcy in December 2003, while Mr. Wilcox served as its Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Wilcox has also served as: Executive Director of Direct Services Industries, Inc., a trade association of large aluminum and other energy-intensive companies; an attorney with Preston, Ellis & Gates in Seattle, Washington; Vice Chairman of the Oregon Progress Board; Chairman of the Oregon Economic and Community Development Commission; a member of the Oregon Governor's Comprehensive Review of the Northwest

Regional Power System; and a member of the Oregon Governor's Task Forces on structure and efficiency of state government, employee benefits and compensation, and government performance and accountability. Mr. Wilcox received a Bachelor's degree from the Woodrow Wilson School of Public and International Affairs at Princeton University and a Juris Doctorate from Stanford Law School. Mr. Wilcox serves on the executive and audit committees of our board of directors. Mr. Wilcox was one of the original directors selected

by a search committee consisting our creditors (referred to herein as the search committee) to serve as an initial director of our company upon our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy, was selected because of his business and financial background and experience, including his experience as the Chief Executive Officer of Golden Northwest Aluminum Company and its predecessors, his experience working successfully with the USW and his experience in the power industries, and because of his qualification as an audit committee financial expert. Mr. Wilcox was designated by the USW as a director candidate in connection with the search process, and, pursuant to the terms of the Director Designation Agreement, Mr. Wilcox was designated by the USW as a director candidate in connection with our 2008 annual meeting of stockholders and again in 2011 in connection with the upcoming Annual Meeting. Mr. Wilcox's experience as a former and current chief executive officer, his financial expertise and his working relationship with the USW allow him to offer guidance and insight to our board of directors and management on business, finance, strategic and labor issues.

Continuing Directors

Set forth below is information as to the continuing directors, including their ages, present principal occupations, other business experiences, directorships in other public companies, membership on committees of our board of directors, and reasons why each individual director's specific experience, qualifications, attributes or skills led our board of directors to conclude that the director should serve on our board of directors.

Class III Directors

David Foster, 63, has served as a director of Kaiser since June 2009. Mr. Foster has been the executive director of Blue Green Alliance, a strategic national partnership between labor unions and environmental organizations to expand the job-creating potential of the green economy and improve the rights of workers at home and around the world, since June 2006. Prior to joining Blue Green Alliance, he was a director of the USW for District #11 from March 1990 to February 2006. Mr. Foster has been an adjunct faculty member of the University of Minnesota since January 2003. Mr. Foster has also been a member of the board of directors of Evraz North America, d/b/a Oregon Steel Manufacturing, a subsidiary of Evraz, a global steel company, since June 2006. Mr. Foster holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in English from Reed College. Pursuant to the terms of the Director Designation Agreement, Mr. Foster was designated by the USW as a director candidate in connection with our 2009 annual meeting of stockholders. Although Mr. Foster has been a director for only one year, his experience with our company exceeds 15 years and includes his role as the primary USW negotiator of our master labor agreement with the USW. Mr. Foster was also extensively involved in our chapter 11 bankruptcy representing the USW and hourly employees in negotiations with our creditors. Mr. Foster's extensive labor experience representing the USW and, more recently, his experience with the Blue Green Alliance allow him to provide guidance and insight to our board and management regarding labor relations, including with the USW, relations with our hourly workforce and the impact of environmental and regulatory initiatives on US based manufacturers.

Teresa A. Hopp, 51, has served as a director of Kaiser and chair of the audit committee since July 2006. Prior to Ms. Hopp's retirement, she was the Chief Financial Officer for Western Digital Corporation, a hard disk drive manufacturer, from January 2000 to October 2001 and its Vice President, Finance from September 1998 to December 1999. Prior to her employment with Western Digital Corporation, Ms. Hopp was with Ernst & Young LLP from 1981 where she served as an audit partner for four years. During her tenure at Ernst & Young LLP, she managed audit department resource planning and scheduling and served as internal education director and information systems audit and security director. Ms. Hopp also served on the board of directors of On Assignment, Inc. from June 2003 to December 2007 and as its audit committee chair. She graduated summa cum laude from California State University, Fullerton, with a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration. Ms. Hopp serves on the executive and audit committees of our board of directors. Ms. Hopp was selected by the search committee to serve as an initial director of our company upon our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy because of her accounting and finance experience and background, including her prior experience with Ernst & Young, and because of her prior experience as a board member and audit committee chair. Ms. Hopp's experience and background, qualification as an audit committee financial expert, experience as a director of our company and chair of the audit committee of our board of directors since our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy, and understanding of our company's financial statements allow her to provide guidance and insight to our board of directors and management regarding accounting and financial issues.

William F. Murdy, 69, has served as a director of Kaiser since July 2006. Mr. Murdy has been the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Comfort Systems USA, a commercial heating, ventilation and air conditioning construction and service company, since June 2000. Mr. Murdy previously served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Club Quarters, and Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Landcare USA, Inc. Mr. Murdy has also served as President and Chief Executive Officer of General Investment & Development, and as President and Managing General Partner with Morgan Stanley Venture Capital, Inc. He previously served as Senior Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Pacific Resources, Inc. Mr. Murdy has served on the board of directors of Comfort Systems USA since 2000 and UIL Holdings Corp. since 2003. He holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering from the U.S. Military Academy, West Point, and a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Harvard Business School. Mr. Murdy serves on the compensation and nominating and corporate governance committees of our board of directors. Mr. Murdy was selected by the search committee to serve as an initial director of our company upon our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy because of his business experience and background, including his experience as a chief executive officer, board member and compensation committee member. Mr. Murdy's background and experience, including his experience as a director of our company and chair of the compensation committee of our board of directors since our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy, and his understanding of our compensation programs and their history allow him to provide guidance and insight to our board of directors and management on financial, strategic and compensation issues.

Class I Directors

Alfred E. Osborne, Jr., Ph.D., 66, has served as a director of Kaiser since July 2006. Dr. Osborne has been the Senior Associate Dean at the UCLA Anderson School of Management since July 2003 and a Professor of Global Economics and Management since July 2008. Dr. Osborne was an Associate Professor of Global Economics and Management from July 1978 to June 2008. From July 1987 to June 2003, Dr. Osborne served as the Director of the Harold and Pauline Price Center for Entrepreneurial Studies at the UCLA Anderson School of Management. Dr. Osborne has served on the board of directors of Heckmann Corporation since August 2007, of First Pacific Advisor's New Income Fund, Capital Fund and Crescent Fund since December 1999, and of Wedbush, Inc., a financial services and investment firm, since January 1998. Dr. Osborne also served on the board of directors of EMAK Worldwide, Inc. from December 2000 to June 2008, of K2, Inc. from February 1999 to August 2007 and of Nordstrom, Inc. from August 1987 to May 2006. He holds a Doctorate degree in Business Economics, a Master's degree in Business Administration, a Master of Arts degree in Economics and a Bachelor's degree in Electrical Engineering from Stanford University. Dr. Osborne serves on the audit and nominating and corporate governance committees of our board of directors and is our Lead Independent Director. Dr. Osborne has served on many boards and board committees of public companies and investment funds over a more than 20-year period. During that time, Dr. Osborne worked extensively on the development of board and director best practices, as well as director training and governance programs sponsored by the UCLA Anderson School of Management. Dr. Osborne was selected by the search committee to serve as an initial director of our company upon our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy because of his public company experience and governance background. During his service on our board of directors, Dr. Osborne has gained an understanding of our company and the environment in which we operate. Dr. Osborne's experience as a director of public companies, as a member of various board committees of public companies, and as an educator in the fields of business management and corporate governance allow him to draw on his experience and offer guidance to our board of directors and management on issues that affect our company, including governance and board best practices.

Jack Quinn, 60, has served as a director of Kaiser since July 2006. Mr. Quinn has been the president of Erie Community College in Buffalo, New York since April 2008. Mr. Quinn was the President of Cassidy & Associates, a government relations firm which assists clients promoting policy and appropriations objectives in Washington, D.C. with a focus on transportation, aviation, railroad, highway, infrastructure, corporate and industry clients, from January 2005 to March 2008. From January 1993 to January 2005, Mr. Quinn served as a United States Congressman for the state of New York. While in Congress, Mr. Quinn was Chairman of the Transportation and Infrastructure Subcommittee on Railroads. He was also a senior member of the Transportation Subcommittees on Aviation, Highways and Mass Transit. In addition, Mr. Quinn was Chairman of the Executive Committee in the Congressional

Steel Caucus. Prior to his election to Congress, Mr. Quinn served as supervisor of the town of Hamburg, New York. Mr. Quinn has served as a trustee of the AFL-CIO Housing Investment Trust since 2005. Mr. Quinn received a Bachelor's degree from Siena College in Loudonville, New York, and a Master's degree from the State University of New York, Buffalo. Mr. Quinn received honorary Doctorate of Law degrees from Medaille College and Siena College. Mr. Quinn is also a certified school district superintendent through the New York State

Education Department. Mr. Quinn serves on the compensation and nominating and corporate governance committees of our board of directors. Mr. Quinn, another director selected by the search committee to serve as an initial director of our company upon our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy, was selected because of his background and experience in Washington, D.C. Mr. Quinn was designated by the USW as a director candidate in connection with the search process, and pursuant to the terms of the Director Designation Agreement, Mr. Quinn was designated by the USW as a director candidate in connection with our 2007 annual meeting of stockholders and again in connection with our 2010 annual meeting of stockholders. During his service on our board of directors, Mr. Quinn has gained an understanding of our company and the environment in which we operate. Mr. Quinn's experience in Washington, D.C., including as a U.S. Congressman, and his working relationship with the USW allow him to offer guidance and insight to our board of directors and management regarding government relations, policy and appropriations for defense and other government funded programs that utilize our products and labor relations.

Thomas M. Van Leeuwen, 54, has served as a director of Kaiser since July 2006. Mr. Van Leeuwen served as a Director – Senior Equity Research Analyst for Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. from March 2001 until his retirement in May 2002. Prior to that, Mr. Van Leeuwen served as a Director – Senior Equity Research Analyst for Credit Suisse First Boston from May 1993 to November 2000. Prior to that time, Mr. Van Leeuwen was First Vice President of Equity Research with Lehman Brothers, and Mr. Van Leeuwen held the positions of research analyst with Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., Inc. and systems analyst with The Procter & Gamble Company. Mr. Van Leeuwen holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Harvard Business School and a Bachelor of Science degree in Operations Research and Industrial Engineering from Cornell University. Mr. Van Leeuwen is also a Chartered Financial Analyst. Mr. Van Leeuwen serves on the audit, compensation and nominating and corporate governance committees of our board of directors. Mr. Van Leeuwen was selected by the search committee to serve as an initial director of our company upon our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy because of his experience working with investment banks, including as an analyst in the aluminum industry. Mr. Van Leeuwen's experience as an equity research analyst and service as a director of our company since our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy allow him to provide guidance and insight to our board of directors and management with respect to financial analyses of our company, whether generated internally or externally, as well as other financial issues, and with respect to the investment community's understanding of our company.

Proposal for Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation

In accordance with the recently enacted Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, or the Dodd-Frank Act, we are asking stockholders to vote on an advisory, non-binding basis resolution regarding executive compensation. The vote is not intended to address any specific component of our executive compensation program, but rather the overall compensation of our named executive officers as described in this Proxy Statement. The text of the resolution is as follows:

RESOLVED, that the compensation paid to the named executive officers of Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, as described in the proxy statement for the company's 2011 annual meeting of stockholders pursuant to Item 402 of SEC Regulation S-K (which disclosure includes the Executive Compensation – Compensation Disclosure and Analysis section and the Summary Compensation Table and other compensation tables and related narrative discussion within the Executive Compensation section), is hereby APPROVED.

As described in detail in the Executive Compensation – Compensation Discussion and Analysis section of this Proxy Statement, or CD&A, our compensation structure was developed and designed to:

attract, motivate and retain highly experienced executives vital to our short-term and long-term success, profitability and growth;

deliver a mix of fixed and at-risk compensation with the portion of compensation at risk increasing with seniority;

align the interest of our senior management and stockholders by tying a significant portion of compensation to enhancing stockholder value; and

tie our executive compensation to our safety performance and ability to pay.

The compensation of our named executive officers is targeted at the 50th to 65th percentile of our compensation peer group and consists primarily of the following components:

a base salary targeted at the 50th percentile of our compensation peer group providing a fixed amount of cash compensation upon which our named executive officers can rely;

a short-term annual cash incentive targeted at the 50th percentile of our compensation peer group (i) payable only if the company achieves a threshold performance level measured by economic value added, or EVA, as more fully described below, and (ii) adjusted up or down based on our safety performance using our total case incident rate, or TCIR; and

a long-term incentive targeted at between the 50th and 65th percentile of our compensation peer group consisting of (1) restricted stock with three-year cliff vesting and (2) performance shares that vest, if at all, based on the average annual EVA achieved during a three-year performance period.

We no longer maintain a defined benefit pension plan or retiree medical program that covers members of senior management. Retirement benefits to our senior management, including our named executive officers, are provided through a defined contribution retirement program consisting of a 401(k) plan (which we refer to as our Savings Plan) and a nonqualified and unsecured deferred compensation plan intended to restore benefits that would be payable to designated participants but for the limitations on benefit accruals and payments imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (which we refer to as our Restoration Plan).

We do not view perquisites as a significant element of our compensation structure and our use of perquisites as an element of compensation is very limited and largely based on business-related needs.

For 2010, approximately 70% of our chief executive officer's target total compensation, and approximately 60% to 70% of the target total compensation of our other named executive officers, consisted of at risk compensation, which we define as compensation that either (1) will be realized, if at all, only if certain financial performance levels are achieved as in the case of our annual short-term incentive and the portion of our long-term incentive consisting of performance shares or (2) is substantially impacted by the overall performance of the company as in the case of the portion of our long-term incentive compensation consisting of restricted stock.

We use EVA as the performance measure to determine our annual short-term incentive and the number of performance shares, if any, vesting at the end of the three-year performance period under our long-term incentive compensation program. We calculate EVA using the pre-tax adjusted operating income of our core Fabricated Products business, including corporate expenses, less a capital charge calculated as a percentage of adjusted net assets. The calculation of EVA for purposes of our annual short-term incentive and the determination of the number of performance shares, if any, vesting under our long-term incentive compensation program is the same with the exception of (1) the use of a higher capital charge in connection with the long-term incentive to reflect the higher level of performance we believe should be required after considering the use of time based restricted shares and (2) the use of the average annual EVA over a three-year performance period in connection with the long-term incentive. As calculated, we believe EVA measures the return on net assets employed in our business and is an appropriate measure of the creation of short and long term shareholder value under our incentive programs.

Our compensation structure further aligns the interest of our senior management and stockholders by the use of: stock ownership guidelines that require our chief executive officer to own company stock equal in value to at least five times his annual base salary and each of the direct reports to the chief executive officer, including each of our other named executive officers, and other members of senior management, to hold company stock equal in value to at least three times their annual base salary;

three-year vesting and performance periods for our restricted stock and performance shares granted to our named executive officers and other members of senior management, to ensure that three years of unvested grants are outstanding at any time, increase retention and encourage decisions that create long term value; and

clawback provisions that can result in the loss of equity-based awards and resulting benefits if we determine that a recipient, including any of our named executive officers, has engaged in activities detrimental to us.

In November 2010, we successfully extended the term of the employment agreement with Mr. Hockema, our Chief Executive Officer, and amended his agreement to, among other things, (1) eliminate the automatic renewal, or evergreen, provision, (2) eliminate our obligation to make federal excise tax gross-up payments and (3) increase the at risk portion of his annual long term incentive compensation by increasing the portion of his annual equity awards in the form of performance shares from 50% to 64% of the target economic value and reduce the portion of his annual equity awards in the form of restricted stock from 50% to 36% of the target economic value.

We urge our stockholders to review our CD&A which describes our compensation philosophy and programs in detail and to approve the compensation of our named executive officers. While this vote on executive compensation is non-binding and solely advisory in nature, our board of directors and the compensation committee value the opinions that our stockholders express in their votes and will consider the outcome of the vote when determining future executive compensation programs.

The board of directors recommends a vote FOR approval of the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this Proxy Statement.

Proposal for Advisory Vote on the Frequency of Future Advisory Votes on Executive Compensation

In accordance with the Dodd-Frank Act, we are asking stockholders to vote on an advisory, non-binding resolution regarding the frequency of future advisory votes on executive compensation. The vote is intended to obtain the recommendation of stockholders as to whether an advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers should occur every one, two, or three years.

RESOLVED, that a non-binding, advisory vote of the company's stockholders to approve the compensation of the company's named executive officers, as disclosed in the company's proxy statement pursuant to Item 402 of SEC Regulation S-K, be held at the annual meeting of stockholders with the frequency (*i.e.*, every 1 year, every 2 years or every 3 years) for which the highest number of votes are cast at the company's 2011 annual meeting of stockholders.

After careful consideration of this proposal, our board of directors has determined that an annual advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers is the most appropriate alternative for our company. We believe that an annual advisory vote on executive compensation will (1) allow us to obtain information on stockholders' views on executive compensation on a more consistent basis, (2) provide our board of directors and compensation committee with frequent input from stockholders on executive compensation, and (3) advance our policy of seeking input from, and engaging in discussions with, our stockholders on corporate governance matters and our executive compensation philosophy, policies and practices. Accordingly, our board of directors recommends the submission to our stockholders of an advisory vote on executive compensation on an annual basis.

While this vote on the frequency of future advisory votes on executive compensation is non-binding and solely advisory in nature, our board of directors and the compensation committee value the opinions that our stockholders express in their votes and will consider the outcome of the vote when determining the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers.

The board of directors recommends a vote for the option of EVERY ONE YEAR as the frequency of future advisory votes on the compensation of our named executive officers.

Proposal for Ratification of the Selection of our Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Pursuant to the audit committee charter, the audit committee has the sole authority to retain an independent registered public accounting firm for our company. The board of directors requests that the stockholders ratify the audit committee's selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011.

The audit committee will not be bound by the ratification of, or failure to ratify, the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP, but the audit committee will consider any failure to ratify the selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP in connection with the appointment of our independent registered public accounting firm for 2012.

The board of directors recommends a vote FOR ratification of the audit committee's selection of Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm for 2011.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Our board of directors is responsible for providing effective governance over the affairs of our company. Our corporate governance practices are designed to align the interests of the board of directors and management with those of our stockholders and to promote honesty and integrity throughout the company. Highlights of our corporate governance practices are described below.

A copy of the current charter, as approved by our board of directors, for each of the executive committee, audit committee, compensation committee and nominating and corporate governance committee and a copy of our corporate governance guidelines and code of business conduct and ethics, which applies to all of our employees, including our executive officers, are available on our Internet website at www.kaiseraluminum.com under Investor Relations Corporate Governance. Copies are also available to stockholders upon request from our Corporate Communications Department, Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, CA 92610-2831. Furthermore, we will post any amendments to our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics, or waivers of the Code for our directors or executive officers, on our Internet website at www.kaiseraluminum.com under Investor Relations Corporate Governance.

Stockholder Communications with the Board of Directors

Stockholders may communicate with our board of directors as a group or with the chair of the executive committee, audit committee, compensation committee or nominating and corporate governance committee by sending an email to boardofdirectors@kaiseraluminum.com, execchair@kaiseraluminum.com, auditchair@kaiseraluminum.com, compchair@kaiseraluminum.com, or nominatingchair@kaiseraluminum.com, respectively, or by writing to such group or person at Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, Attn: Corporate Secretary (Board of Directors), 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, California 92610-2831. Communications that are intended specifically for any other group of directors or for any individual director, such as the independent directors as a group or the Lead Independent Director, should be sent to the attention of our corporate secretary at the address above or via email to corpsecretary@kaiseraluminum.com and should clearly state the individual director or group of directors that is the intended recipient of the communication.

Our corporate secretary will review each communication and determine whether or not the communication is appropriate for delivery. Communications that, in the judgment of our corporate secretary, are clearly of a marketing nature, that advocate that our company engage in illegal activity, that do not reasonably relate to our company or our business or that are similarly inappropriate will not be furnished to the intended recipient. If, in the judgment of the corporate secretary, any communication pertains to an accounting matter, it will be forwarded to our compliance officer.

Communications that, in the judgment of our corporate secretary, are appropriate for delivery will, unless requiring immediate attention, be assembled and delivered to the intended recipients on a periodic basis, generally at or in advance of each regularly scheduled meeting of our board of directors. Any communication that, in the judgment of our corporate secretary, requires immediate attention will be promptly delivered. In no case will the corporate secretary provide anyone but a member of our board of directors with access to any such communication.

Board and Committee Meetings and Consents in 2010

During 2010, our board of directors held five meetings and acted by unanimous written consent four times. In addition to meetings of the full board of directors, directors attended meetings of board of directors committees. Each incumbent director attended at least 75% of the aggregate number of meetings of the full board of directors held during the period he or she was a director in 2010 and each committee on which he or she served held during the period he or she served on such committee in 2010.

Annual Meetings of Stockholders

Members of our board of directors are expected to make reasonable efforts to attend our annual meetings of stockholders. All directors then serving attended our 2010 annual meeting of stockholders.

Director Independence

Our corporate governance guidelines require that a majority of the members of our board of directors satisfy the independence requirements set forth in the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and other applicable criteria of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, or FINRA. We refer to these requirements as the general independence criteria. Additionally, the audit committee charter, compensation committee charter and nominating and corporate governance committee charter require that all respective committee members satisfy the general independence criteria. There are no family relationships among our officers or directors.

Based upon information requested from and provided by each director concerning his or her background, employment and affiliations, including family relationships, our board of directors has determined that each of Mmes. Bartholomew, Hopp and Martin and Messrs. Foster, Murdy, Osborne, Quinn, Van Leeuwen and Wilcox, representing nine of our 10 directors, satisfies the general independence criteria and is independent within the meaning of such term under our corporate governance guidelines. The tenth director, Mr. Hockema, cannot meet the independence requirement as our President and Chief Executive Officer. In making such determination, the board of directors considered the relationships that each of the directors had with our company and all other facts and circumstances the board of directors deemed relevant in determining the independence of each of the directors in accordance with the general independence criteria.

Annual Performance Reviews

Under our corporate governance guidelines, our board of directors is required to conduct an annual self-evaluation to determine whether the board of directors and its committees are functioning effectively. Additionally, the charter for each committee of the board of directors requires each committee to annually evaluate its performance. In addition to the evaluation performed by the nominating and corporate governance committee with respect to whether an incumbent director should be nominated for re-election to the board of directors upon expiration of such director's term, the chair of the nominating and corporate governance committee conducts performance reviews of individual directors.

Stock Ownership Guidelines

Our stock ownership guidelines require our non-employee directors to own company stock equal to five times their annual base retainer within five years of becoming a member of our board of directors. For purposes of measuring our non-employee directors' compliance with our stock ownership guidelines, restricted stock is valued at the closing price of our common stock on the grant date and all other shares of common stock purchased or acquired are valued at the purchase price of such shares. Currently, each of our non-employee directors, except for Mr. Foster, who was elected to our board of directors in June 2009, and Ms. Martin, who was appointed to our board of directors in September 2010, satisfies the applicable stock ownership requirements under the stock ownership guidelines. We expect Mr. Foster and Ms. Martin to meet the stock ownership requirements under the stock ownership guidelines within the applicable five-year periods.

Director Designation Agreement

On July 6, 2006, we entered into a Director Designation Agreement with the USW under which the USW has certain rights to designate for nomination individuals to serve on our board of directors and committees. In January 2010, in connection with the renewal and ratification of a labor agreement with the members of the USW at our Newark, Ohio and Spokane, Washington facilities, we agreed with the USW to extend its rights under the Director Designation Agreement until September 30, 2015. Under the Director Designation Agreement, the USW has the right to designate for nomination the minimum number of director candidates necessary to ensure that, assuming the nominated candidates are elected by our stockholders, at least 40% of the members of our board of directors immediately following the election are directors who have been nominated by the USW in accordance with the Director Designation Agreement. The Director Designation Agreement contains requirements as to the timeliness, form and substance of the notice the USW must give to the nominating and corporate governance committee in order to nominate candidates. The nominating and corporate governance committee is required to determine in good faith whether each properly submitted candidate satisfies the qualifications set forth in the Director Designation Agreement. If the nominating and corporate governance committee determines that a nominated candidate satisfies the qualifications, the committee will, unless otherwise required by its fiduciary duties, recommend the candidate to our

board of directors for inclusion in the slate of directors to be recommended by the board of directors in our proxy statement. The board of directors will, unless otherwise required by its fiduciary duties, accept the recommendation and include the candidate in the slate of directors that the board of directors recommends.

The Director Designation Agreement also provides that the USW will have the right to nominate an individual to fill a vacancy on the board of directors resulting from the death, resignation, disqualification or removal of a director nominated by the USW. The Director Designation Agreement further provides that, in the event of newly created directorships resulting from an increase in the number of our directors, the USW will have the right to nominate the minimum number of individuals to fill the newly created directorships necessary to ensure that at least 40% of the members of the board of directors immediately following the filling of the newly created directorships are directors who have been nominated by the USW. In each case, the USW, the nominating and corporate governance committee and the board of directors will be required to follow the nomination and approval procedures described above.

A candidate nominated by the USW may not be an officer, employee, director or member of the USW or any of its local or affiliated organizations as of the date of his or her designation as a candidate or election as a director. Each candidate nominated by the USW must also satisfy:

- the general independence criteria;

- the qualifications to serve as a director as set forth in any applicable corporate governance guidelines adopted by the board of directors and policies adopted by the nominating and corporate governance committee establishing criteria to be utilized by it in assessing whether a director candidate has appropriate skills and experience; and

- any other qualifications to serve as director imposed by applicable law.

Finally, the Director Designation Agreement provides that, so long as our board of directors maintains an audit committee, executive committee or nominating and corporate governance committee, each of these committees will, unless otherwise required by the fiduciary duties of the board of directors, include at least one director nominated by the USW (provided at least one director nominated by the USW is qualified to serve on the applicable committee as determined in good faith by the board of directors). Current members of our board of directors that have been nominated by the USW are Ms. Bartholomew and Messrs. Foster, Quinn and Wilcox.

Board Leadership Structure and Risk Oversight

Mr. Hockema, our President and Chief Executive Officer, serves as the Chairman of the Board, and Dr. Osborne serves as our Lead Independent Director. We believe that Mr. Hockema's experience with our company and in the metals industries, the independence of the other directors, our governance structure and the interaction between and among Mr. Hockema, our Lead Independent Director and the other directors make our board leadership structure the most appropriate for our company and our stockholders. As a result of his substantial experience with our company and in the metals industries, Mr. Hockema is uniquely qualified to provide clear leadership for our company and a single point of accountability. Our corporate governance guidelines and governance structure require an Independent Lead Director selected by a majority of the independent directors, thereby ensuring that there is independent leadership within our board of directors and allowing our independent directors to function as a body distinct from management and to evaluate the performance of Mr. Hockema and our management independently and objectively. In addition, each of the audit, compensation and nominating and corporate governance committees consist solely of independent directors.

Under our corporate governance guidelines, each member of our board of directors may submit items to be included on the agenda for any meeting of our board of directors and raise subjects that are not on the agenda at any meeting of our board of directors, and our independent directors are required to meet at least quarterly in executive sessions at which only independent directors are present. Our Lead Independent Director establishes the agenda for executive sessions, may call a meeting of independent directors upon the request of a majority of independent directors and serves as a liaison between our independent directors and our chief executive officer. Our Lead Independent Director has other responsibilities that the independent directors designate, presides at meetings of our independent directors, solicits advice and input from our independent board members, and routinely meets and confers with our chief executive officer to address comments, issues and areas of interest expressed or identified by our independent directors, to assess the governance of our board of directors and our company, and to review board responsibilities, meeting schedules, meeting agenda and information requested or otherwise provided to our directors routinely or in connection with meetings of our board of directors.

Our directors also have full access to our officers, employees and advisors. The nominating and corporate governance committee of our board of directors is specifically charged with responsibility for, among other things, identifying new director candidates, evaluating incumbent directors, evaluating our chief executive officer, evaluating stockholder recommendations, recommending nominees for election at annual stockholder meetings, reviewing our corporate governance guidelines and assisting in management succession. We also encourage direct communication among our directors and with our chief executive officer before, during and after formal board and committee meetings and facilitate those communications around our scheduled meetings. The chair of each committee of our board of directors serves as a liaison to keep the full board of directors and our chief executive officer apprised of the work performed by such committee at each of our regularly scheduled board meetings and as otherwise required. Finally, under our Bylaws, special meetings of our board of directors may be called by a majority of the board members, nine of 10 of whom are currently independent.

We believe that our board of directors provides effective oversight of the risk management function. Under its charter, the audit committee of our board of directors is responsible for discussing our guidelines and policies with respect to risk assessment and risk management, including, without limitation, the steps taken or to be taken by management to monitor and control our major financial risk exposures. In addition, our board of directors is actively engaged in the review and assessment of our risk identification, assessment and management practices, conducts a comprehensive review at least annually during a regularly scheduled board meeting and routinely requests specific risk-related items to be included on board and committee meeting agendas. We formally review enterprise risk management with our board of directors not less than annually and have programs in place to identify, assess and evaluate potential risks and review policies and procedures designed to mitigate such risks. In 2009, we began an enterprise risk management project to formally identify, categorize and assess our risks and risk mitigation strategies and routinely report the status of the project to the audit committee and the full board of directors. This process is continuing.

Risks Arising from Compensation Policies and Practices

Our compensation policies and practices, discussed more fully below, are designed to create and maintain alignment between our employees and stockholders by rewarding employees, including our senior management, for achieving strategic goals that successfully drive our operations and enhance stockholder value and to preclude the taking of unreasonable risk through the use of incentive compensation that rewards decisions that result in strong performance in both the short- and long-term. We do not believe that our compensation policies and practices for our employees are likely to have a material adverse effect on our company. Our determination is based on, among other factors, the following:

Potential payouts under our incentive plans are capped, and overall variable compensation does not materially impact our financial results;

Our overall compensation is comprised of a mix of long- and short-term compensation which discourages short-term decisions that could be at the expense of long-term results;

A significant portion of the variable compensation is in the form of restricted stock and performance shares with three-year vesting and performance periods, which ensure that three years of unvested grants are outstanding at any time and encourage decisions that create long-term value;

The grant documents used in connection with our long-term incentive program contain clawback provisions, described in more detail in the Executive Compensation Employment-Related Agreements and Certain Employee Benefit Plans Equity Incentive Plan section of this Proxy Statement, which provide for the forfeiture of outstanding unvested awards, the return of vested awards the participant has not disposed of and, with respect to disposed awards, the return of the market value of those shares on the date they were acquired, if we determine that the participant has engaged in certain activities detrimental to us;

Our short-term incentive plan requires the attainment of a threshold company performance level before any payments are earned, thereby tying performance to our ability to pay;

Our stock ownership guidelines require our board of directors and senior management to retain significant equity interests in our company to ensure the ongoing alignment of senior management and our stockholders; and

Policies that prohibit our senior management from engaging in any speculative transactions involving our securities.

Board Committees

Currently, we have four standing committees of the board of directors: an executive committee; an audit committee; a compensation committee; and a nominating and corporate governance committee.

Executive Committee

The executive committee of our board of directors manages our business and affairs requiring attention prior to the next regular meeting of our board of directors. However, the executive committee does not have the power to (1) approve or adopt, or recommend to our stockholders, any action or matter expressly required by law to be submitted to our stockholders for approval, (2) adopt, amend or repeal any bylaw of our company, or (3) take any other action reserved for action by the board of directors pursuant to a resolution of the board of directors or otherwise prohibited to be taken by the executive committee by law or pursuant to our certificate of incorporation or bylaws.

The executive committee charter requires that a majority of the members of the executive committee satisfy the general independence criteria. In addition, the members of the executive committee must include the Chairman of the Board and at least one of the directors nominated by the USW.

The executive committee currently consists of Messrs. Hockema and Wilcox and Ms. Hopp. Mr. Hockema currently serves as the chair. During 2010, the executive committee held two meetings and acted six times by unanimous written consent.

Audit Committee

The audit committee of our board of directors oversees our accounting and financial reporting practices and processes and the audits of our financial statements on behalf of our board of directors. The audit committee is responsible for appointing, compensating, retaining and overseeing the work of our independent auditors. Other duties and responsibilities of the audit committee include:

establishing hiring policies for employees or former employees of the independent auditors;

reviewing our systems of internal accounting controls;

discussing risk management policies;

approving related-party transactions;

establishing procedures for complaints regarding financial statements or accounting policies; and

performing other duties delegated to the audit committee by our board of directors from time to time.

The audit committee charter requires that all members of the audit committee satisfy the general independence criteria. The charter also requires that no audit committee member may have participated in the preparation of our financial statements during the three years prior to his or her appointment as a member and that each audit committee member be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including a balance sheet, an income statement and a cash flow statement. Additionally, at least one member of the audit committee must have had past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or any other comparable experience which results in that individual's financial sophistication, including being or having been a chief executive officer, chief financial officer or other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities and that member or another member must have sufficient education or experience to have acquired the attributes necessary to meet the criteria of an audit committee financial expert, as that term is defined in the rules promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, or the SEC. In addition, the members of the audit committee must include at

least one of the directors nominated by the USW.

The audit committee consists of Mmes. Hopp, Bartholomew and Martin and Messrs. Osborne, Van Leeuwen and Wilcox. Ms. Hopp currently serves as the chair. Our board of directors has determined that all six members of the audit committee (1) meet the general independence criteria, as well as the criteria for independence set forth in Rule 10A-3(b)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and (2) are able to read and understand fundamental financial statements. Our board of directors also determined that no member of the audit committee participated in the preparation of our financial statements during the three years prior to their appointment as members of the committee. Finally, our board of directors has determined that Mmes. Hopp and Martin and Mr. Wilcox satisfy the financial sophistication criteria described above and satisfy the criteria necessary to serve as the audit committee financial expert, in each case based on his or her experience described in *Proposals Requiring Your Votes* Proposal for Election of Directors above.

During 2010, the audit committee held eight meetings.

Compensation Committee

General

The compensation committee of our board of directors establishes and administers our policies, programs and procedures for compensating our senior management, including determining and approving the compensation of our executive officers. Other duties and responsibilities of the compensation committee include:

- administering plans adopted by our board of directors that contemplate administration by the compensation committee, including our Amended and Restated 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan (referred to herein as our Equity Incentive Plan);

- overseeing regulatory compliance with respect to compensation matters;

- reviewing director compensation; and

- performing other duties delegated to the compensation committee by our board of directors from time to time.

The compensation committee solicits the views of our chief executive officer on compensation matters, including as they relate to our compensation of the other members of senior management reporting to the chief executive officer. The compensation committee has retained Meridian Compensation Partners, LLC, a spin-off of Hewitt Associates, LLC, our compensation consultant prior to 2010 (both referred to herein as Meridian) to advise the compensation committee on all matters related to compensation of our chief executive officer and other members of senior management. Meridian's services in this regard include (1) providing competitive market data and related assessments of executive compensation as background against which the compensation committee considers executive compensation, (2) preparing and reviewing tally and compensation summary sheets for our named executive officers, (3) apprising the compensation committee of trends and best practices associated with executive and director compensation, (4) providing support with respect to legal, regulatory and accounting considerations impacting compensation and benefit programs, and (5) attending meetings of the compensation committee and our board of directors when requested. These services are typically directed by the compensation committee and coordinated with our human resources department.

The compensation committee charter requires that all members of the compensation committee satisfy the general independence criteria, as well as qualify as non-employee directors within the meaning of Rule 16b-3 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

The compensation committee currently consists of Messrs. Murdy, Quinn and Van Leeuwen and Ms. Martin. Mr. Murdy currently serves as the chair. During 2010, the compensation committee held seven meetings and acted once by unanimous written consent.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

During 2010, Messrs. Murdy, Quinn and Van Leeuwen and Ms. Martin (who joined our board of directors in September 2010) served as members of the compensation committee. None of the members of the compensation

committee (1) was an officer or employee of our company during the year, (2) was formerly an officer of our company, or (3) had any relationships requiring disclosure by us under the SEC's rules with respect to certain relationships and related-party transactions.

Furthermore, none of our executive officers serves as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that has one or more executive officers serving on our board of directors or compensation committee.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee

The nominating and corporate governance committee of our board of directors identifies individuals qualified to become members of our board of directors, recommends candidates to fill vacancies and newly-created positions on our board of directors, recommends director nominees for election by stockholders at the annual meetings of stockholders and develops and recommends to our board of directors our corporate governance principles.

We believe that the nominating and corporate governance committee considers an appropriate range of criteria in assessing candidates for a position on the board of directors. Our corporate governance guidelines require that the criteria utilized by the corporate governance committee in assessing such candidates include factors such as judgment, diversity, integrity, experience with businesses and other organizations of comparable size, the interplay of a candidate's experience with the experience of other members of the board of directors and anything else that may bear upon the extent to which a candidate would be a desirable addition to our board of directors and any committees of our board of directors. The policies relating to the recommendation of director candidates adopted by the nominating and corporate governance committee are designed to ensure flexibility with respect to the process of evaluating candidates and do not establish specific minimum qualifications that an individual must meet to become a member of our board of directors. The nominating and corporate governance committee believes that our company is best served when it can draw from a variety of experiences and backgrounds provided by members of our board of directors. However, the nominating and corporate governance committee also believes that our company is best served when each member of the board of directors:

- exhibits strong leadership in his or her particular field or area of expertise;

- possesses the ability to exercise sound business judgment;

- has a strong educational background or equivalent life experiences;

- has substantial experience both in the business community and outside the business community;

- contributes positively to the existing collaborative culture among members of the board of directors;

- represents the best interests of all of our stockholders and not just one particular constituency;

- has experience as a senior executive of a company of significant size or prominence or another business or organization comparable to our company;

- possesses skills and experience which make him or her a desirable addition to a standing committee of the board of directors;

- consistently demonstrates integrity and ethics in his or her professional and personal life; and

- has the time and ability to participate fully in activities of the board of directors, including attendance at, and active participation in, meetings of our board of directors and the committee or committees of which he or she is a member.

Other duties and responsibilities of the nominating and corporate governance committee include:

- assisting in succession planning;

considering possible conflicts of interest of members of our board of directors and management and making recommendations to prevent, minimize or eliminate such conflicts of interests;

evaluating whether an incumbent director should be nominated for re-election to our board of directors upon expiration of the incumbent's term;

making recommendations to our board of directors regarding the appropriate size of our board of directors; and

performing other duties delegated to the nominating and corporate governance committee by our board of directors from time to time.

The nominating and corporate governance committee has adopted policies and procedures by which our stockholders may submit director candidates to the nominating and corporate governance committee for consideration. If the nominating and corporate governance committee receives, by a date not less than 120, nor more than 150, calendar days before the anniversary of the date that the proxy statement was mailed to stockholders in connection with our previous year's annual meeting, a recommendation for a director nominee from a stockholder or group of stockholders that beneficially owned more than 5% of our outstanding common stock for at least one year as of the date of the recommendation, then such director candidate will be considered and evaluated by the nominating and corporate governance committee for the annual meeting immediately succeeding the date that proper written notice was timely delivered to and received by the nominating and corporate governance committee. When the date of our annual meeting of stockholders changes by more than 30 calendar days from the previous year's annual meeting, the written notice of the recommendation for the director candidate will be considered timely if, and only if, it is received by the nominating and corporate governance committee no later than the close of business on the tenth calendar day following the first day on which notice of the date of the upcoming annual meeting is publicly disclosed by us.

Written notice from an eligible stockholder or group of eligible stockholders to the nominating and corporate governance committee recommending a director candidate must contain or be accompanied by:

proof that the stockholder or group of stockholders submitting the recommendation has beneficially owned, for the required one-year holding period, more than 5% of our outstanding common stock;

a written statement that the stockholder or group of stockholders intends to continue to beneficially own more than 5% of our outstanding common stock through the date of the next annual meeting of stockholders;

the name and record address of each stockholder submitting a recommendation for the director candidate, the written consent of each such stockholder and the director candidate to be publicly identified (including, in the case of the director candidate, to be named in the company's proxy materials) and the written consent of the director candidate to serve as a member of our board of directors (and any committee of our board of directors to which the director candidate is assigned to serve by our board of directors) if elected;

a description of all arrangements or understandings between or among any of the stockholders or group of stockholders submitting the recommendation, the director candidate and any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the submission of the recommendation is to be made by such stockholder or group of stockholders;

with respect to the director candidate, (1) his or her name, age, business and residential address and principal occupation or employment, (2) the number of shares of our common stock beneficially owned by him or her, (3) a resume or similar document detailing his or her personal and professional experiences and accomplishments, and (4) all other information relating to the candidate that would be required to be disclosed in a proxy statement or other filing made in connection with the solicitation of proxies for the election of directors pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the rules of the SEC, the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules or other applicable criteria of FINRA; and

a written statement that each submitting stockholder and the director candidate shall make available to the nominating and corporate governance committee all information reasonably requested in connection with the committee's evaluation of the candidate.

The notice must be signed by each stockholder submitting the proposal and the director candidate. The notice must be sent to the following address by registered or certified mail: Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, Attn: Corporate Secretary (Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee), 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, California 92610-2831.

The nominating and corporate governance committee charter requires that all members of the nominating and governance committee satisfy the general independence criteria. In addition, the members of the nominating and corporate governance committee must include at least one of the directors nominated by the USW so long as at least one such director is appropriately qualified.

The nominating and corporate governance committee currently consists of Ms. Bartholomew and Messrs. Foster, Murdy, Osborne, Quinn and Van Leeuwen. Dr. Osborne currently serves as the chair. During 2010, the nominating and corporate governance committee held four meetings.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table sets forth the names and ages of each of our current executive officers and the positions they hold.

| Name | Age | Position(s) |
|-------------------------|------------|--|
| Jack A. Hockema | 64 | President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board; Director |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | 52 | Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer |
| John Barneson | 60 | Senior Vice President - Corporate Development |
| John M. Donnan | 50 | Senior Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | 65 | Senior Vice President - Human Resources |
| Melinda C. Ellsworth | 52 | Vice President and Treasurer |
| Neal E. West | 52 | Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer |

Set forth below are brief descriptions of the business experience of each of our executive officers.

Jack A. Hockema has served as our President and Chief Executive Officer and a director since October 2001 and as Chairman of the Board since July 2006. He previously served as Executive Vice President of Kaiser Aluminum Corporation (referred to herein as Kaiser) and President of the Kaiser Fabricated Products division from January 2000 to October 2001, and Executive Vice President of Kaiser from May 2000 to October 2001. He served as Vice President of Kaiser from May 1997 to May 2000. Mr. Hockema was President of Kaiser Engineered Products from March 1997 to January 2000. He served as President of Kaiser Extruded Products and Engineered Components from September 1996 to March 1997. Mr. Hockema served as a consultant to Kaiser and acting President of Kaiser Engineered Components from September 1995 to September 1996. Mr. Hockema was an employee of Kaiser from 1977 to 1982, working at our Trentwood facility, and serving as plant manager of our former Union City, California can plant and as operations manager for Kaiser Extruded Products. In 1982, Mr. Hockema left Kaiser to become Vice President and General Manager of Bohn Extruded Products, a division of Gulf+Western, and later served as Group Vice President of American Brass Specialty Products until June 1992. From June 1992 to September 1996, Mr. Hockema provided consulting and investment advisory services to individuals and companies in the metals industry. We and certain of our subsidiaries filed for chapter 11 bankruptcy in 2002, while Mr. Hockema served as our President and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Hockema served on the board of directors of Clearwater Paper Corp. from December 2008 to June 2009. He holds a Master of Science degree in Industrial Management and a Bachelor of Science degree in Civil Engineering, both from Purdue University. Mr. Hockema has more than 20 years of experience with Kaiser and another 19 years in the metals industries, and, as a result, has a depth of experience in the aluminum and metals industries. As the only management representative on the board of directors, Mr. Hockema provides an insider's perspective in board of directors discussions about our business and strategic direction for our company.

Daniel J. Rinkenberger has served as our Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since April 2008. Mr. Rinkenberger served as our Vice President from January 2005 to April 2008 and as our Treasurer from January 2005 to July 2008. Prior to January 2005, he served as our Vice President of Economic Analysis and Planning from February 2002. He served as Vice President, Planning and Business Development of the Kaiser Fabricated Products division from June 2000 through February 2002. Prior to that, he served as Vice President, Finance and Business Planning of the Kaiser Flat-Rolled Products division from February 1998 to February 2000, and as our Assistant Treasurer from January 1995 through February 1998. Before joining Kaiser, he held a series of positions of increasing responsibility in the Treasury Department at Pennzoil Corporation. He holds a Master of Business Administration degree in finance from the University of Chicago and a Bachelor of Education degree from Illinois State University. He is a Chartered Financial Analyst.

John Barneson has served as our Senior Vice President – Corporate Development since December 2007. He previously served as our Senior Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer from August 2001 to December 2007 and as our Vice President and Chief Administrative Officer from December 1999 through August 2001. He served as Engineered Products Vice President of Business Development and Planning from September 1997 to December 1999. Mr. Barneson served as Flat-Rolled Products Vice President of Business Development and Planning from April 1996 to September 1997. Mr. Barneson has been an employee of Kaiser since September 1975 and has held a number of staff and operation management positions within the Flat-Rolled and Engineered Products business units. He holds a Master of Science degree and a Bachelor of Science degree in Industrial Engineering from Oregon State University.

John M. Donnan has served as our Senior Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel since December 2007. He previously served as our Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel from January 2005 to December 2007. Mr. Donnan joined the legal staff of Kaiser in 1993 and was named Deputy General Counsel of Kaiser in 2000. Prior to joining Kaiser, Mr. Donnan was an associate in the Houston, Texas office of the law firm of Chamberlain, Hrdlicka, White, Williams & Martin. He holds a Juris Doctorate degree from the University of Arkansas School of Law and Bachelor of Business Administration degrees in finance and accounting from Texas Tech University. He is a member of the Texas and California bars.

James E. McAuliffe, Jr. has served as our Senior Vice President – Human Resources since December 2007. He previously served as our Vice President – Human Resources from January 2002 to December 2007. Mr. McAuliffe joined Kaiser in 1998 as Vice President – Human Resources for our fabricating business. Prior to joining Kaiser, Mr. McAuliffe served as Vice President of Human Resources for Rexam, Inc., a manufacturer of industrial coatings for graphics, photographic and computer industries and J.P Industries, a manufacturer of automotive engine and transmission components. He holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in Labor Relations and Industrial Psychology from Michigan State University and attended graduate school at Central Michigan University.

Melinda C. Ellsworth has served as our Vice President and Treasurer since July 2008. Prior to joining Kaiser, Ms. Ellsworth was Vice President, Treasurer and Investor Relations at HNI Corporation, a leading provider of office furniture and hearth products, from February 2002 to May 2007. From May 1998 to January 2002, she served in several roles with Sunbeam Corporation, ending her tenure as Vice President, International Finance and Treasury. She additionally has over a decade of experience in commercial banking. She holds a Bachelor of Business Administration degree in accounting from St. Bonaventure University and is a Certified Public Accountant (inactive).

Neal E. West has served as our Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer since June 2008. Prior to joining Kaiser, Mr. West served as the Principal Accounting Officer of Gateway, Inc. from June 2005 to May 2008. Mr. West was also the Vice President and Corporate Controller of Gateway, Inc. from April 2005 to May 2008. Prior to joining Gateway, Inc., Mr. West was the Vice President and Controller for APL Logistic, Ltd. from April 2000 to April 2005. In addition, Mr. West has held a number of finance, service and support positions at APL Ltd. Mr. West also previously worked for Standard Pacific and West-Tronics, Inc. as Division Controller and Financial Manager. Mr. West is a Certified Public Accountant and a Certified Management Accountant and holds a Master of Science degree in information systems from Roosevelt University and a Bachelor of Science degree in accounting and business administration from Illinois State University.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Compensation Committee Report

The compensation committee has reviewed and discussed with management the compensation discussion and analysis section included below. Based on its review and discussions with management, the compensation committee recommended to the board of directors that such compensation discussion and analysis be included in this Proxy Statement.

This report is submitted by the members of the compensation committee of the board of directors:

Compensation Committee

William F. Murdy (Chair)

Lauralee E. Martin

Jack Quinn

Thomas M. Van Leeuwen

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Introduction

This section provides (1) an overview of the compensation committee, (2) a discussion of the objectives of our comprehensive compensation structure and the design of our overall 2010 compensation program for senior management, and (3) a discussion of all material elements of 2010 compensation for each of our named executive officers whose names and titles are set forth in the following table:

| Name | Title |
|-------------------------|---|
| Jack A. Hockema | President and Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer) |
| John Barneson | Senior Vice President Corporate Development |
| John M. Donnan | Senior Vice President, Secretary and General Counsel |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | Senior Vice President Human Resources |

In addition to base salary, the key components of our 2010 compensation program were:

A cash-based, short-term incentive plan designed to reward participants for economic value added, or EVA, versus cost of capital of our core Fabricated Products business; and

An equity-based, long-term incentive program designed to align compensation with the interests of our stockholders and to enhance retention of senior management through grants of (1) shares of restricted stock that vest over time and (2) performance shares that vest, if at all, based on the average annual EVA of our core Fabricated Products business for 2010, 2011 and 2012.

Two of our key objectives have been, and in 2010 continued to be, (1) ensuring that we align the interests of our senior management and stockholders by rewarding senior management for achieving strategic goals that successfully drive our operations and enhance stockholder value and (2) attracting, motivating and retaining executives vital to our short-term and long-term success, profitability and growth.

Overview of the Compensation Committee

The compensation committee of our board of directors is comprised entirely of independent directors. By design, members of the compensation committee also serve on other board committees, including the audit committee and the nominating and corporate governance committee. We believe this structure helps coordinate the efforts of the respective committees. The compensation committee's primary duties and responsibilities are to establish and implement our compensation policies and programs for senior management. While the nominating and corporate governance committee has the responsibility to evaluate the overall performance of the chief executive officer, the compensation committee coordinates with and assists the nominating and corporate governance committee in that evaluation.

The compensation committee has the authority under its charter to engage the services of outside advisors, experts and others to assist it. Pursuant to that authority, the compensation committee engaged Meridian to advise it on all matters related to compensation of our chief executive officer and other members of senior management, including the other named executive officers.

The compensation committee meets formally and informally throughout the year. Informal meetings frequently occur when our directors are together for meetings of our full board of directors and telephonically at the request of one or more committee members. Our chief executive officer, other members of our management and outside advisors may be invited to attend all or a portion of a compensation committee meeting depending on the nature of the agenda items; however, neither our chief executive officer nor any other member of management votes on items before the compensation committee.

The compensation committee works with our senior management and Meridian to determine the agenda for its formal meetings and to prepare meeting materials. The compensation committee and board of directors also solicit the views of our chief executive officer on compensation matters, including, among others:

Objectives for our compensation programs;

The structure of our compensation programs;

Succession planning; and

Compensation of other members of senior management, including our other named executive officers.

Objectives of our Compensation Structure

Our compensation structure was developed to achieve the following objectives, which we believe are critical for enhancing stockholder value and our long-term success:

Creating alignment between senior management and our stockholders by rewarding senior management for achieving strategic goals that successfully drive our operations and enhance stockholder value;

Attracting, motivating and retaining highly experienced executives vital to our short-term and long-term success, profitability and growth;

Correlating senior management compensation with actual performance; and

Providing targeted compensation levels that are benchmarked to our compensation peer group discussed below as follows:

for base salary, the 50th percentile;

for annual cash incentives at target-level performance, the 50th percentile; and

for annualized economic equity grant value of long-term incentives, between the 50th and the 65th percentiles.

Design of our 2010 Compensation Program

Our 2010 compensation program for senior management, including the named executive officers, was designed to reinforce performance and accountability at both the corporate and individual levels. In addition to focusing on pay for performance, our compensation program:

Balanced short-term and long-term goals, with:

approximately 50% of the chief executive officer's target total compensation being delivered through long-term incentives; and

approximately 40% to 45% of the target total compensation for the other named executive officers being delivered through long-term incentives;

Delivered a mix of fixed and at-risk compensation directly related to our overall performance and the creation of stockholder value, with:

approximately 70% of the chief executive officer's target total compensation being at-risk compensation; and

approximately 60% to 70% of the target total compensation for the other named executive officers being at-risk compensation;

Provided compensation that is competitive with our compensation peer group;

Utilized equity-based awards, stock ownership guidelines and annual incentives linked to stockholder value and achievement of corporate, segment and individual performance;

Emphasized the importance of safety performance; and

Utilized forfeiture provisions that can result in the loss of equity-based awards and resulting benefits if we determine a recipient, including any of the named executive officers, has engaged in certain activities detrimental to us.

Periodically, but not less than annually, each element of compensation is reviewed and considered by the compensation committee and our board of directors both individually and collectively with the other elements of compensation to ensure that each element is consistent with the objectives of both our comprehensive compensation structure and that particular element of compensation. Any suggestions or concerns identified in the course of that review and consideration are shared with senior management and Meridian and addressed in a manner that is satisfactory to the compensation committee and our board of directors. This process occurs over a series of meetings of the compensation committee, the board of directors and the independent directors meeting in executive sessions without members of management present.

In designing the overall compensation program and each individual element of compensation for senior management, including the named executive officers, the compensation committee considers the following factors, among others:

The external challenges to our near- and long-term ability to attract and retain strong senior management;

Each individual's contributions to our overall results;

Our historical and anticipated operating and financial performance compared with targeted goals; and

Our size and complexity compared with companies in our compensation peer group.

The compensation committee uses tally and other summary sheets that provide a summary of the compensation history of our chief executive officer and those members of senior management reporting to the chief executive

officer. These tally and other information sheets, which are prepared by our senior management and reviewed by Meridian, include a historical summary of base salary, annual bonus and equity awards.

In reviewing and deliberating over our 2010 compensation program, the compensation committee considered, among other things:

Economic conditions in the United States and abroad;

The goal of maintaining alignment between senior management and our stockholders through the use of short- and long-term performance based compensation;

The company's business plan and underlying assumptions;

The benefits of maintaining a consistent approach to compensation and the structure of our programs through business cycles; and

The anticipated performance of the company's compensation programs based on the company's business plan and current financial position.

The review included discussions with Meridian and management regarding existing and contemplated market practices, as well as the structure and objectives of each component of our compensation program.

The compensation committee also reviews the compensation and benefit practices, as well as levels of pay, of a compensation peer group of companies. In 2006, working with our compensation consultant, our management selected for inclusion in the compensation peer group companies that were determined to: (1) be of a similar size; (2) have positions of similar complexity and scope of responsibility; and/or (3) compete with us for talent. The compensation committee, working with our compensation consultant, reviews, evaluates and updates the compensation peer group, which includes companies in both similar and different industries, at least annually. For 2010, our compensation committee approved the following 34-company peer group:

Ameron International Corporation
Applied Industrial Tech, Inc.
Ash Grove Cement Company
Brady Corporation
Briggs & Stratton Corporation
Cameron International Corporation
Crane Company
Donaldson Company, Inc.
ESCO Technologies Inc.
Fellowes, Inc.
Gardner Denver, Inc.
Graco Inc.
Joy Global Inc.
Kaman Corporation
Kennametal Inc.
Martin Marietta Materials, Inc.
Milacron Inc.

Mueller Water Products, Inc.
Neenah Paper, Inc.
Olin Corporation
OMNOVA Solutions Inc.
Pella Corporation
Polaris Industries Inc.
Rayonier Inc.
Sauer-Danfoss Inc.
Steelcase Inc.
Texas Industries, Inc.
The Timken Company
Valmont Industries, Inc.
Vulcan Materials Company
Walter Energies, Inc.
Waters Corporation
Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
Woodward Governor Company

Due to the differences in size among the companies in our peer group, Meridian uses a form of regression analysis to adjust survey data results based on our revenue as compared to the revenue of other companies in our peer group.

Importantly, the compensation committee recognizes that we compete for talent with companies much larger than those included in our compensation peer group. These larger companies aggressively recruit for the best qualified talent in particularly critical functions. As a result, to attract and retain talent, the compensation committee may from time to time determine that it is in the best interests of our company and stockholders to provide compensation

packages that deviate from targeted pay levels.

Elements of 2010 Compensation

Elements of compensation for 2010 included base salary, annual cash incentives, long-term incentives, retirement benefits and certain perquisites.

Base salary

The compensation committee annually reviews base salaries for our chief executive officer and those members of senior management reporting to the chief executive officer, including our other named executive officers, and determines if a change is appropriate. In reviewing base salaries, the compensation committee considers factors, including, among others:

Level of responsibility;

Prior experience;

Base salaries paid for comparable positions by our compensation peer group; and

The relationship among base salaries paid within our company.

The intent is to fix base salaries at levels consistent with the design of our overall compensation program for the particular year. During 2010, the compensation committee increased the base salaries of our named executive officers by 2.3% to 7.7%, principally to align base salaries with targeted levels based on a review of our compensation peer group. Base salaries for our named executive officers in 2010 were as follows:

| Name | Amount of Base Salary | 2010 Base Salary |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Increase for 2010 | |
| Jack A. Hockema | \$ 20,000 | \$ 807,000 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | \$ 25,000 | \$ 325,000 |
| John Barneson | \$ 8,000 | \$ 310,000 |
| John M. Donnan | \$ 7,000 | \$ 302,000 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | \$ 6,000 | \$ 241,000 |

Annual cash incentives

Like our 2009 Short-Term Incentive Plan, our 2010 Short-Term Incentive Plan, which we refer to as our 2010 STI Plan, was designed to reward participants for EVA of our core Fabricated Products business, including corporate expenses, with modifiers for safety performance (as measured by TCIR), segment performance and individual performance. We believe EVA measures the return on net assets employed in our business and is an appropriate measure of the creation of shareholder value under our incentive programs. The structure, term and objectives of our 2010 STI Plan were generally consistent with the structure, terms and objectives of our 2009 Short-Term Incentive Plan. Under our 2010 STI Plan, which the compensation committee approved on March 5, 2010, EVA was calculated using our pre-tax operating income (subject to certain adjustments) less a capital charge, calculated as a percentage of our net assets (subject to certain adjustments). The adjustments to EVA included, among others:

Removing results of our Secondary Aluminum and Hedging business units;

Removing discontinued or former operations;

Eliminating fresh start accounting adjustments to the value of property, plant and intangible assets, including the approximately \$49 million write-down of our total assets (and the resulting higher payouts those adjustments might otherwise create);

Eliminating voluntary employees' beneficiary association, or VEBA, assets and liabilities;

Excluding financing items;

Excluding capital expenditures in progress;

Adding the capitalized value of long-term leases;

Adding the prorated value of capital projects and acquisitions larger than 1% of net assets;

Excluding deferred tax assets and liabilities from the calculation of net assets to be consistent with our use of pre-tax operating income; and

Excluding mark-to-market assets or liabilities associated with our core Fabricated Products business.

Our 2010 STI Plan provided a threshold performance level below which no payout would be made, a target performance level at which the target payout was available and a maximum performance level at or above which the maximum payout would be available. Consistent with our objective of aligning senior management and our stockholders by rewarding senior management for achieving strategic goals that successfully drive our operations and enhance stockholder value, our 2010 STI Plan provided that performance in excess of the threshold performance level would result in an increase in the overall incentive pool by 6% of adjusted pre-tax operating income in excess of the threshold performance level up to the maximum payout opportunity.

The threshold, target and maximum performance levels were established at specified returns of adjusted pre-tax operating income for the Company's core Fabricated Products business on adjusted net assets. Under the 2010 STI Plan the threshold level required a return of 7.5%, the target level required a return of 15%, and the maximum level required a return of 35%.

The return on net assets required to achieve payouts, ranging from one-half to three times target, were determined by the terms of the 2010 STI Plan taking into account the calculation of the Company's adjusted net assets, the threshold performance required and the 2010 target payout. The 2010 STI Plan provided that performance below the threshold would result in no payout and that potential payouts would increase on a straight line basis from the threshold up to the maximum payout as the Company's adjusted pre-tax operating income for its core Fabricated Products business exceeded the threshold. As more fully described below, the Company's adjusted 2010 pre-tax operating income for its core Fabricated Products business exceeded the threshold by approximately \$18 million.

Our 2010 STI Plan tied pay to performance and only increased the incentive pool for returns in excess of the threshold performance level (subject to the payout maximum). Under the 2010 STI Plan, the Company could not dilute the performance required to achieve payouts by merely acquiring other profitable companies because the return on net assets required took into account the value of any acquired assets as well as the adjusted pre-tax operating income generated by such acquired assets.

At the beginning of 2010, a cash target was established under the 2010 STI Plan for each participant based on a percentage of base salary. The percentage was generally determined based on, among other things:

A targeted level benchmarked to the 50th percentile of our compensation peer group;

Internal compensation balance; and

Position responsibilities.

When establishing the performance levels for our 2010 STI Plan, the compensation committee reviewed and discussed with our senior management and our board of directors:

Our business plan and its key underlying assumptions;

The expectations under then-existing and anticipated market conditions; and

The opportunity to generate stockholder value.

In addition to being designed to reward participants for EVA, our 2010 STI Plan recognized that our business is cyclical and, consistent with prior years, required a return and economic conditions that would facilitate our ability to pay. The EVA (return on net assets) target for 2010 was set at a level reflecting a 15% return of adjusted pretax operating income to adjusted net assets. The 2010 STI Plan provided that participants would not receive any payout if the threshold-level performance was not achieved, and, at the same time, that participants would have the potential to receive three times the target-level payout if a certain performance level was achieved.

Our key strategic initiatives for 2010 were established at the beginning of 2010 through a series of board and committee meetings. These initiatives were consistent with the business and strategic plan previously approved by our board and included specific actions expected to:

Enhance our position as the supplier of choice for our customers;

Facilitate our being a low cost producer by controlling costs beyond inflation;

Achieve profitable sales growth through organic and external growth;

Expand and enhance the deployment of our Kaiser Production System;

Sustain financial strength to provide strategic flexibility in all phases of the business cycle; and

Continue to improve our standing as a valued corporate citizen.

Our chief executive officer established individual performance goals for other members of our senior management, including our other named executive officers, consistent with our 2010 key strategic initiatives. We believe these key strategic initiatives drive our core Fabricated Products business and EVA results.

Under our 2010 STI Plan, based on our Fabricated Products business results and safety performance, as well as segment and individual performance, a participant's base award could be modified, in the aggregate, up to plus or minus 100% of the incentive target or base award, subject to an overall cap on the aggregate award of three times the incentive target. A cash pool was established based upon the award multiple multiplied by the sum of individual monetary incentive targets for all plan participants. Although individual monetary awards could be adjusted up or down under the 2010 STI Plan, an amount equal to the entire cash pool was paid to participants.

Safety performance, as measured by TCIR, was applied to the calculation of the multiplier used to determine the pool available for distribution under the 2010 STI Plan. The 2010 STI Plan provided that safety performance above or below a threshold could increase or decrease the payout pool available for distribution by 10%; provided, however, that no increase could increase the pool beyond the maximum payout opportunity. Segment performance goals typically applied to members of senior management with responsibility primarily relating to a particular business segment or operation within the Company. Except as noted below, performance goals for members of senior management, including our named executive officers, were tailored to each individual taking into account areas of responsibility, were consistent with the key strategic initiatives and impact the calculation of the multiplier

applicable to each individual. Performance of our chief executive officer was measured against the overall performance of the Company and our key strategic initiatives.

As described below, the performance of our chief executive officer was reviewed by our compensation committee, nominating and corporate governance committee and board of directors. Performance of other members of senior management was evaluated by our chief executive officer. Our chief executive officer's evaluation of our other named executive officers was reviewed by our board of directors and submitted to our compensation committee for review and approval. The 2010 STI Plan provides that individuals not meeting individual performance goals could receive a reduced, or even no, payout and that individuals meeting or exceeding individual performance goals could receive increased payouts; provided, however, that no increase could exceed the maximum payout opportunity. As more fully described below, each of our named executive officers was determined to have substantially met or exceeded their 2010 individual performance goals.

In early 2011, our actual results for 2010, EVA based on those results and the resulting award multiple were determined. Each participant's base award under the 2010 STI Plan was determined by multiplying his or her monetary incentive target by the award multiple. The compensation committee, the nominating and corporate governance committee and our board of directors also reviewed the actual performance of our company and our chief executive officer for 2010 as compared to our 2010 key strategic initiatives and performance goals.

For 2010, the EVA for our core Fabricated Products business was calculated as follows:

Our adjusted 2010 pre-tax operating income for our core Fabricated Products business of approximately \$62 million was determined by adjusting our reported 2010 pre-tax operating income of \$44 million pursuant to the terms of the 2010 STI Plan to, among other things, exclude the results of our Secondary Aluminum and Hedging business units, including the unrealized mark-to-market gains and losses on metal derivative positions, and lower of cost or market adjustments on inventory;

Our adjusted net assets of approximately \$583 million as of December 31, 2009 was determined by adjusting our reported net assets as of December 31, 2009 of \$901 million pursuant to the terms of the 2010 STI Plan to, among other things, exclude deferred income taxes and liabilities, capital expenses in progress, net VEBA assets, net assets of the Secondary Aluminum business unit and the Hedging business unit, and financing liabilities;

The \$44 million threshold of adjusted 2010 pre-tax operating income for our core Fabricated Products business required before the minimum payout under the 2010 STI Plan (50% of the target payout) was available was determined by multiplying our adjusted net assets of approximately \$583 million as of December 31, 2009 by 7.5%;

The 2010 STI Plan pool of approximately \$2.5 million was determined by adding (i) approximately \$1.6 million (one half of the target payout under the 2010 STI Plan for equaling or exceeding the threshold) and (ii) approximately \$1.1 million, representing 6% of the approximately \$18 million excess of adjusted 2010 pre-tax operating income for our core Fabricated Products business of approximately \$62 million over the \$44 million threshold, and then subtracting approximately \$0.2 million for 2010 safety results; and

The final 2010 STI Plan multiplier of 0.76 was determined by dividing the approximately \$2.5 million 2010 STI Plan pool by the approximately \$3.2 million target payout under the 2010 STI Plan.

The 2010 STI Plan multiple based on our 2010 EVA results was approximately 0.84. After applying the safety modifier based on the final 2010 TCIR, the multiple was decreased to the final award multiple of approximately 0.76. Each of our named executive officers was determined to have substantially met or exceeded their 2010 individual performance goals. We permitted each participant to elect to receive payout under the 2010 STI Plan in cash, non-restricted shares of common stock or a combination thereof, at his or her election. All payouts made to our named executive officers in connection with the 2010 STI Plan were made in cash.

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The table below sets forth for our 2010 STI Plan the possible payouts that could have been earned by our named executive officers at each performance level and the actual amounts earned by them.

| Name | Below | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | Threshold | Threshold | Target | Maximum | Actual |
| Jack A. Hockema | \$ 0 | \$276,000 | \$552,000 | \$1,656,000 | \$421,322 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | \$ 0 | \$100,000 | \$200,000 | \$ 600,000 | \$152,653 |
| John Barneson | \$ 0 | \$ 69,000 | \$139,000 | \$ 417,000 | \$106,094 |
| John M. Donnan | \$ 0 | \$ 77,000 | \$154,000 | \$ 462,000 | \$117,543 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | \$ 0 | \$ 54,000 | \$108,000 | \$ 324,000 | \$ 82,432 |

The table below sets forth for our 2010 STI Plan, the target, EVA multiplier before the safety modifier, EVA multiplier after the safety modifier, the unadjusted award determined by multiplying the target for each named executive officer by the EVA multiplier after safety and the actual award received for each of our named executive officers:

| Name | Target | EVA Multiplier | | | Unadjusted Award | Actual Payout | Final Multiplier |
|-------------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| | | EVA Multiplier | After Safety Modifier | | | | |
| Jack A. Hockema | \$552,000 | 0.843 | 0.763 | \$421,176 | \$421,322 | 0.763 | |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | \$200,000 | 0.843 | 0.763 | \$152,600 | \$152,653 | 0.763 | |
| John Barneson | \$139,000 | 0.843 | 0.763 | \$106,057 | \$106,094 | 0.763 | |
| John M. Donnan | \$154,000 | 0.843 | 0.763 | \$117,502 | \$117,543 | 0.763 | |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | \$108,000 | 0.843 | 0.763 | \$82,404 | \$82,432 | 0.763 | |

Long-term incentives

On March 5, 2010, the compensation committee approved a long-term incentive program for 2010 through 2012, which we refer to as our 2010-2012 LTI Program, for key employees, including our named executive officers. The compensation committee established a target monetary value for each named executive officer and determined that each named executive officer should receive time-based restricted stock having an economic value equal to 50% of his target monetary value and a target number of performance shares having an economic value equal to 50% of his target monetary value. Consistent with our 2009-2011 long-term incentive program, our 2010-2012 LTI Program was designed to pay-for-performance and to include retention features by rewarding participants with (1) shares of restricted stock that will cliff vest in 2013 and (2) performance shares that vest, if at all, based on the average annual EVA of our core Fabricated Products business for 2010, 2011 and 2012.

EVA under our 2010-2012 LTI Program will be calculated using our pre-tax operating income (subject to certain adjustments) less a capital charge, calculated as a percentage of our net assets (subject to certain adjustments). Our 2010-2012 LTI Program provides, with respect to the performance shares, for (1) a threshold performance level at which no performance shares will vest, a target performance level at which the target number of performance shares will vest, a performance level at or above which the maximum number of performance shares (equal to two times the target number of performance shares) will vest, and pro rata vesting between the threshold and maximum performance levels, and (2) minimum and maximum vesting opportunities ranging from zero up to two times the target number. Each performance share that becomes vested entitles the participant to receive one share of our common stock.

The table below sets forth the target monetary value for each named executive officer under our 2010-2012 LTI Program:

| Name | Target Monetary Value |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Jack A. Hockema | \$ 1,330,000 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | \$ 465,000 |
| John Barneson | \$ 387,000 |
| John M. Donnan | \$ 364,000 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | \$ 215,000 |

The target monetary value for each named executive officer was determined in accordance with the following objectives of our compensation structure which we believe are critical for enhancing stockholder value and our long-term success:

An annualized economic equity grant value of long-term incentives between the 50th and the 65th percentiles of our compensation peer group;

Balanced short-term and long-term goals, with:

- Approximately 50% of the chief executive officer's target total compensation being delivered through long-term incentives; and

- Approximately 40% to 45% of the target total compensation for the other named executive officers being delivered through long-term incentives.

Internal compensation balance; and

Recognition of differing position responsibilities.

In addition, Mr. Hockema's then existing employment agreement, consistent with the foregoing objectives, provided that Mr. Hockema was entitled to receive annual equity awards with a target economic value of 165% of his base salary.

The table below sets forth the number of shares of restricted stock and performance shares granted to our named executive officers during 2010:

| Name | Number of Shares of Restricted Stock(1) | Number of Performance Shares(2) |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Jack A. Hockema | 20,348 | 48,611 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | 7,114 | 16,995 |
| John Barneson | 5,921 | 14,144 |
| John M. Donnan | 5,569 | 13,304 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | 3,289 | 7,858 |

(1) *The restrictions on 100% of the shares of restricted stock granted will lapse on March 5, 2013 or earlier if the named executive officer's employment terminates as a result of death or disability, the named executive officer's employment is terminated by us without cause, the named executive officer's employment is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason or in the event of a change in control. If the named executive officer's employment terminates before March 5, 2013 as a result of his retirement at or after age 65, the shares of restricted stock granted to him will remain outstanding and the restrictions on 100% of such shares will lapse on March 5, 2013. The number of shares of restricted stock was calculated by dividing 50% of the target monetary value set forth in the table above by the sum of (i) the closing price of our company's common stock on March 5, 2010, which was \$36.94, reduced by (ii) 11.53%, the discount factor provided by Meridian to reflect the design characteristics, including the vesting period, of the restricted stock.*

(2) *The table below sets forth the number of performance shares that will vest for each of Messrs. Hockema, Rinkenberger, Barneson, Donnan and McAuliffe under our 2010-2012 LTI Program at the threshold, target and maximum performance levels:*

| Name | Threshold | Target | Maximum |
|-------------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Jack A. Hockema | 0 | 24,305 | 48,611 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | 0 | 8,497 | 16,995 |
| John Barneson | 0 | 7,072 | 14,144 |
| John M. Donnan | 0 | 6,652 | 13,304 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | 0 | 3,929 | 7,858 |

The number of performance shares, if any, that vest based on the level of performance achieved during the three-year performance period will vest on the later to occur of March 5, 2013 and the date on which the compensation committee certifies the performance level achieved during the three-year performance period, which shall be no later than March 15, 2013. If, prior to December 31, 2012, the named executive officer's employment terminates as a result of death or disability, the named executive officer's employment is terminated by us without cause, the named executive officer's employment is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason or in the event of a change in control, the target number of performance shares will vest. If the named executive officer's employment terminates on or after December 31, 2012 but prior to the vesting date, his performance shares will remain outstanding and the number of performance shares, if any, that will vest on the vesting date will be determined based on the performance

level achieved during the three-year performance period, except that the performance shares will be forfeited if the executive officer's employment is terminated by us for cause or is voluntarily terminated by him without good reason. If, prior to the vesting date, the named executive officer's employment terminates as a result of his retirement at or after age 65, the performance shares granted to him will remain outstanding and the number of performance shares, if any, that will vest upon the vesting date will be determined based on the performance level achieved during the three-year performance period.

The threshold, target and maximum number of performance shares that may vest, if at all, in 2013 under our 2010-2012 LTI Program are determined as follows:

the threshold number of performance shares reflects that no performance shares will vest in 2013 under our 2010-2012 LTI Program unless the Company's performance exceeds the threshold performance required over the 2010 through 2012 performance period;

the target number of performance shares was calculated by dividing 50% of the target monetary value set forth in the table above by the sum of (i) the closing price of our company's common stock on March 5, 2010, which was \$36.94, reduced by (ii) 25.93%, the discount factor provided by Meridian in connection with the calculation of the economic value of the performance shares for purposes of determining the number of performance shares to be granted on the grant date; and

the maximum number of performance shares was calculated by dividing 100% of the target monetary value set forth in the table above by the economic value of each performance share on the grant date.

On March 3, 2011, the three-year vesting period applicable to the grant of restricted stock under our long-term incentive program for 2008 through 2010, which we refer to as our 2008-2010 LTI Program, ended and those shares vested in accordance with the terms of the underlying grant. In addition, in early 2011 our compensation committee determined that approximately 27% of the target performance shares (approximately 13.5% of the total performance shares) granted under our 2008-2010 LTI Program had been earned based on our annual average EVA for 2008, 2009 and 2010. The remaining performance shares granted under our 2008-2010 LTI Program were forfeited.

Retirement benefits

We no longer maintain a defined benefit pension plan or retiree medical program that covers members of senior management. Retirement benefits to our senior management, including our named executive officers, are currently provided through a defined contribution retirement program consisting of the following two principal plans: the Kaiser Aluminum Savings and Investment Plan, a tax-qualified profit-sharing and 401(k) plan (which we refer to as our Savings Plan); and

a nonqualified and unsecured deferred compensation plan intended to restore benefits that would be payable to designated participants in the Savings Plan but for the limitations on benefit accruals and payments imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (which we refer to as our Restoration Plan).

The defined contribution retirement program has the following three primary components, which are discussed more fully below:

A company match of the employee's pre-tax deferrals under our Savings Plan;

A company contribution to the employee's account under our Savings Plan; and

A company contribution to the employee's account under our Restoration Plan.

Under the terms of our Restoration Plan, cash balances are maintained in a rabbi trust where they remain subject to the claims of our creditors and are otherwise invested in funds designated by each individual from a menu of possible investments. In addition, the cash balances maintained in the rabbi trust are forfeited if the individual is terminated for cause.

The compensation committee believes the Savings Plan and the Restoration Plan support the objectives of our comprehensive compensation structure, including the ability to attract and retain senior and experienced mid- to late-career executives for critical positions within our organization. Each of these plans is discussed more fully below.

Perquisites

During 2010, all of our named executive officers received a vehicle allowance and Messrs. Barneson, and Rinkenberger were reimbursed for admission to, and the dues for, a club membership.

Our use of perquisites as an element of compensation is very limited and largely based on business-related entertainment needs. We do not view perquisites as a significant element of our comprehensive compensation structure but do believe that they can be used in conjunction with base salary to attract, motivate and retain individuals in a competitive environment.

Stock Ownership Guidelines and Prohibition of Speculative Transactions

In order to further align the interests of senior management, including our named executive officers, with those of our stockholders, we have stock ownership guidelines. Under those guidelines, members of our senior management are expected to hold common stock having a value equal to a multiple of their base salary as determined by their position. The guidelines provide for a target multiple of five times base salary for our chief executive officer and three times base salary for the other named executive officers. Each member of senior management covered by our stock ownership guidelines is expected to retain at least 75% of the net shares resulting from equity compensation awards until he or she achieves the applicable ownership level required by the stock ownership guidelines. For purposes of these guidelines, stock ownership includes shares over which the holder has direct or indirect ownership or control, including restricted stock, performance shares and restricted stock units, but does not include unexercised stock options. For purposes of measuring compliance with our stock ownership guidelines (1) restricted shares are valued at the closing price of the company's common stock on the grant date, (2) performance shares are valued using the target number of performance shares and the closing price of our common stock on the grant date, and (3) all other shares of common stock purchased or acquired by non-employee directors and members of our senior management are valued at the purchase price of the shares. The ownership guidelines are expected to be met within five years. Each of our named executive officers has satisfied the applicable stock ownership requirements under the stock ownership guidelines.

In addition, senior management, including our named executive officers, are prohibited from engaging in any speculative transactions involving our securities, including (1) buying or selling puts or calls, (2) short sales and (3) buying on margin.

Employment Contracts, Termination of Employment Arrangements and Change-in-Control Arrangements

As discussed more fully below, in November 2010 we entered into an amended and restated employment agreement with Mr. Hockema. The compensation committee, working with Meridian, determined that the negotiated terms of the agreement were consistent with market practice. The compensation committee also determined that extending the term of the employment agreement with Mr. Hockema was important to, among other things:

Provide an economic incentive for Mr. Hockema to delay his retirement until at least July 2015;

Improve our ability to retain other key members of senior management; and

Provide assurance to our customers and other stakeholders of the continuity of senior management for an extended period.

The compensation committee determined that the agreement and the terms of the agreement were in the best interests of our company and stockholders.

Also, as discussed more fully below, we provide certain members of senior management, including each of our named executive officers, with benefits related to terminations of employment in specified circumstances, including in connection with a change in control, by us without cause and by the named executive officer with good reason. These protections limit our ability to downwardly adjust certain aspects of compensation, including base salaries and target incentive compensation, without triggering the ability of the affected named executive officer to receive termination benefits. The compensation committee views these termination protection benefits as an important component of the total compensation package for each of our senior executive officers. In the view of the compensation committee, these protections help to maintain the senior executive officer's objectivity in decision-making and provide another mechanism to align the interests of the senior executive officer with the interests of our stockholders.

Tax Deductibility

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code (Section 162(m)) generally limits the deductibility of compensation in excess of \$1 million paid to our principal executive officer and our next three highest paid executive officers, other than the principal financial officer unless certain criteria are satisfied. The compensation committee considers the anticipated tax treatment to our company and our executive officers in the review and establishment of compensation programs and payments. Although our short- and long-term incentive plans may not currently meet all the requirements necessary for payments to be considered performance-based for purposes of Section 162(m), the compensation committee routinely evaluates steps that can be taken to increase or otherwise preserve deductibility in the future. While the compensation committee has determined that we will not limit compensation to the compensation deductible under Section 162(m) at this time, particularly in light of the limited impact of Section 162(m) on our company and our substantial tax attributes, including net operating loss carry-forwards, available to us to offset taxable income, it has also determined that it will continue to explore potential modifications to our short- and long-term incentive plans that may increase the deductibility of our incentive compensation.

Actions With Respect to 2011 Compensation

The compensation committee has reviewed and determined our compensation program for 2011. The review included discussions with Meridian and management regarding existing and contemplated market practices, as well as the structure and objectives of each component of our compensation program. Upon completion of the review, in March 2011, the compensation committee approved increases in the base salaries of our named executive officers for 2011, with such increases generally within the range of 2.8% to 2.9% of 2010 base salaries, except in the case of Mr. Rinkenberger, who received an increase of 8.5% reflecting an adjustment to bring Mr. Rinkenberger's base salary more in line with base salaries reflected in the market analysis and work performed by Meridian. In addition, our compensation committee concluded that our short- and long-term incentives appeared to be performing through the business cycle as designed, determined that no material modifications to the design of such incentives were necessary, and, accordingly, approved (1) a short-term incentive plan for 2011 with a structure, terms and objectives generally consistent with the structure, terms and objectives of our 2010 STI Plan, and (2) a long-term incentive program for 2011 through 2013 with a structure, terms and objectives generally consistent with the structure, terms and objectives of our 2010-2012 LTI Program. For more information regarding the 2011 compensation of our named executive officers, see our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 7, 2011.

Summary Compensation Table

The table below sets forth information regarding compensation for our named executive officers: (1) Jack A. Hockema, our President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board; (2) Daniel J. Rinkenberger, our Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; and (3) each of John Barneson, John M. Donnan and James E. McAuliffe, Jr., our three other most highly compensated executive officers (based on total compensation for 2010).

| Name and Principal Position | Year | Salary | Awards (1) | Change in Pension Value and Non-Equity Nonqualified Incentive Plan Compensation | | | Total |
|--|------|-----------|-------------|---|----------|--------------|-------------|
| | | | | (2) | (3) | (4)(5)(6) | |
| Jack A. Hockema, President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board | 2010 | \$802,000 | \$1,507,433 | \$421,322 | \$13,342 | \$295,839(7) | \$3,039,936 |
| | 2009 | \$787,000 | \$906,186 | \$338,700 | \$9,624 | \$236,570(7) | \$2,278,080 |
| | 2008 | \$779,750 | \$2,485,595 | \$480,900 | \$41,297 | \$243,404(7) | \$4,030,947 |

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| | | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----------|------------|-----------|----------|---------------|-------------|
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer | 2010 | \$318,750 | \$ 527,020 | \$152,653 | \$47,226 | \$106,329(8) | \$1,151,978 |
| | 2009 | \$300,000 | \$ 314,160 | \$121,400 | \$36,878 | \$ 91,375(8) | \$ 863,813 |
| | 2008 | \$276,250 | \$ 683,106 | \$191,200 | \$25,663 | \$ 59,023(8) | \$1,235,242 |
| John Barneson, Senior Vice President Corporate Development | 2010 | \$308,000 | \$ 438,624 | \$106,094 | \$51,070 | \$111,602(9) | \$1,015,390 |
| | 2009 | \$302,000 | \$ 263,188 | \$ 91,700 | \$43,351 | \$108,292(9) | \$ 808,531 |
| | 2008 | \$299,250 | \$ 721,863 | \$190,700 | \$41,707 | \$100,382(9) | \$1,353,902 |
| John M. Donnan, Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary | 2010 | \$300,250 | \$ 412,562 | \$117,543 | \$39,317 | \$ 87,130(10) | \$ 956,802 |
| | 2009 | \$295,000 | \$ 247,840 | \$101,500 | \$30,145 | \$ 80,408(10) | \$ 754,893 |
| | 2008 | \$288,750 | \$ 679,740 | \$191,200 | \$19,570 | \$ 66,326(10) | \$1,245,586 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. Senior Vice President Human Resources | 2010 | \$239,500 | \$ 243,668 | \$ 82,432 | \$ 4,668 | \$ 68,888(11) | \$ 639,156 |
| | 2009 | \$235,000 | \$ 146,600 | \$ 75,600 | \$ 3,320 | \$ 66,367(11) | \$ 526,887 |
| | 2008 | \$228,250 | \$ 402,083 | \$133,800 | \$ 7,943 | \$ 59,659(11) | \$ 831,735 |

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- (1) *Reflects the aggregate grant date fair value of restricted stock and performance share awards to our named executive officers determined in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standard Code Topic 718 (referred to herein as ASC Topic 718), without regard to potential forfeiture. The aggregate grant date fair value of the performance share awards reflected in this table has been determined assuming the most probable outcome of the performance condition on the date of the grant and without adjustment for actual performance during the period. The aggregate grant date fair value of the performance share awards determined assuming the most probable outcome of the performance condition and assuming an outcome of the performance condition at the maximum level are as follows:*

| <i>Name</i> | <i>Year</i> | <i>Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value</i> | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--|-------------------------------|
| | | <i>At Probable Performance</i> | <i>At Maximum Performance</i> |
| <i>Jack A. Hockema</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>\$812,956</i> | <i>\$1,330,000</i> |
| <i>Daniel J. Rinkenberger</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>\$284,219</i> | <i>\$ 465,000</i> |
| <i>John Barneson</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>\$236,540</i> | <i>\$ 387,000</i> |
| <i>John M. Donnan</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>\$222,492</i> | <i>\$ 364,000</i> |
| <i>James E. McAuliffe, Jr.</i> | <i>2010</i> | <i>\$131,415</i> | <i>\$ 215,000</i> |

The value of restricted stock and performance share awards for 2008 is restated from previous proxy disclosures to reflect changes in SEC rules. For information regarding the compensation cost of restricted stock and performance share awards with respect to our 2008, 2009 and 2010 fiscal years, see Note 11, Note 10 and Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2008, December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

- (2) *Reflects payments earned under our short-term incentive plans.*
- (3) *Reflects the aggregate change in actuarial present value of the named executive officer's accumulated benefit under a defined pension benefit plan previously maintained by us for our salaried employees, which we refer to as our Old Pension Plan, during the applicable fiscal year, calculated by (a) assuming mortality according to the RP 2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries and (b) applying a discount rate of 5.75%, 5.75%, and 4.70% per annum, respectively, to determine the actuarial present value of the accumulated benefit at December 31 of the preceding year and a discount rate of 6.00%, 6.00%, and 5.40% per annum, respectively, to determine the actuarial present value of the accumulated benefit at December 31 of the applicable year. Effective December 17, 2003, the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, or PBGC, terminated and effectively assumed responsibility for making benefit payments in respect of our Old Pension Plan, whereupon all benefit accruals under the Old Pension Plan ceased and benefits available thereunder to certain salaried employees, including Messrs. Hockema and Barneson, were significantly reduced due to the limitations on benefits payable by the PBGC. Above-market or preferential earnings are not available under our Restoration Plan, which is our only plan or arrangement pursuant to which compensation may be deferred on a basis that is not tax-qualified, or any of our other benefit plans.*
- (4) *Includes contributions made or to be made by us under our Savings Plan. For 2010, includes contributions as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$26,262; Mr. Rinkenberger, \$23,201; Mr. Barneson, \$32,500; Mr. Donnan, \$24,227; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$26,232. For 2009, includes contributions as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$26,262; Mr. Rinkenberger,*

\$24,500; Mr. Barneson, \$34,300; Mr. Donnan, \$24,500; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$28,394. For 2008, includes contributions as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$24,717; Mr. Rinkenberger, \$22,866; Mr. Barneson, \$30,500; Mr. Donnan, \$23,000; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$28,730.

- (5) *Includes contributions made or to be made by us under our Restoration Plan (which is intended to restore the benefit of contributions that we would have otherwise paid to participants under our Savings Plan but for limitations imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986). For 2010, includes contributions as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$110,622; Mr. Rinkenberger, \$20,814; Mr. Barneson, \$23,458; Mr. Donnan, \$15,948; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$11,581. For 2009, includes contributions as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$125,886; Mr. Rinkenberger, \$24,620; Mr. Barneson, \$34,678; Mr. Donnan, \$24,120; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$15,862. For 2008, includes contributions as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$204,117; Mr. Rinkenberger, \$22,549; Mr. Barneson, \$51,225; Mr. Donnan, \$32,155; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$20,118.*
- (6) *Includes dividend and dividend equivalent payments which were not factored into the reported grant date fair value of the 2009 and 2010 restricted stock and performance share awards. For 2010, includes such payments as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$125,286; Mr. Rinkenberger, \$43,529; Mr. Barneson, \$36,405; Mr. Donnan, \$34,272; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$20,264. For 2009, includes such payments as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$69,852; Mr. Rinkenberger, \$24,216; Mr. Barneson, \$20,287; Mr. Donnan, \$19,104; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$11,300.*
- (7) *Includes the cost to us of perquisites and other personal benefits for Mr. Hockema. Such costs include a vehicle allowance of \$14,570 for each of 2010, 2009 and 2008, and, for 2010, legal fees and expenses in the amount of \$19,098, incurred by Mr. Hockema in connection with the negotiation and consummation of his amended and restated employment agreement with us.*
- (8) *Includes the cost to us of perquisites and other benefits for Mr. Rinkenberger. For 2010, includes such costs as follows: club membership dues, \$8,497; and vehicle allowance, \$10,288. For 2009, includes such costs as follows: club membership dues, \$7,751; and vehicle allowance, \$10,288. For 2008, includes such costs as follows: club membership dues, \$3,320; and vehicle allowance, \$10,288.*
- (9) *Includes the cost to us of perquisites and other personal benefits for Mr. Barneson. For 2010, includes such costs as follows: club membership dues, \$8,780; and vehicle allowance, \$10,459. For 2009, includes such costs as follows: club membership dues, \$8,568; and vehicle allowance, \$10,459. For 2008, includes such costs as follows: club membership dues, \$8,198; and vehicle allowance, \$10,459.*
- (10) *Includes the cost to us of perquisites and other personal benefits for Mr. Donnan. For 2010, 2009 and 2008, includes vehicle allowance of \$12,684, \$12,684, and \$11,171, respectively.*
- (11) *Includes the cost to us of perquisites and other personal benefits for Mr. McAuliffe. Such costs include vehicle allowance of \$10,811 for each of 2010, 2009 and 2008.*

As reflected in the table above, the base salary received by each of our named executive officers as a percentage of their respective total compensation was as follows:

For 2010, Mr. Hockema, 26.4%; Mr. Rinkenberger, 27.7%; Mr. Barneson, 30.3%; Mr. Donnan, 31.4%; and Mr. McAuliffe, 37.5%;

For 2009, Mr. Hockema, 34.5%; Mr. Rinkenberger, 34.7%; Mr. Barneson, 37.4%; Mr. Donnan, 39.1%; and Mr. McAuliffe, 44.6%; and

For 2008, Mr. Hockema, 19.3%; Mr. Rinkenberger, 22.4%; Mr. Barneson, 22.1%; Mr. Donnan, 23.2%; and Mr. McAuliffe, 27.4%.

All Other Compensation

The table below sets forth information regarding each component of compensation included in the All Other Compensation column of the Summary Compensation Table above.

| Name | Year | Savings Plan Contributions | Restoration Club | | Vehicle Allowance | Other | Dividend and Dividend | Total |
|-------------------------|------|----------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|
| | | | Membership Dues | Club | | | Equivalent Payments | |
| Jack A. Hockema | 2010 | \$26,262 | \$110,622 | | \$14,570 | \$19,098(1) | \$125,286 | \$295,839 |
| | 2009 | \$26,262 | \$125,886 | | \$14,570 | | \$69,852 | \$236,570 |
| | 2008 | \$24,717 | \$204,117 | | \$14,570 | | | \$243,404 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | 2010 | \$23,201 | \$20,814 | \$8,497 | \$10,288 | | \$43,529 | \$106,329 |
| | 2009 | \$24,500 | \$24,620 | \$7,751 | \$10,288 | | \$24,216 | \$91,375 |
| | 2008 | \$22,866 | \$22,549 | \$3,320 | \$10,288 | | | \$59,023 |
| John Barneson | 2010 | \$32,500 | \$23,458 | \$8,780 | \$10,459 | | \$36,405 | \$111,602 |
| | 2009 | \$34,300 | \$34,678 | \$8,568 | \$10,459 | | \$20,287 | \$108,292 |
| | 2008 | \$30,500 | \$51,225 | \$8,198 | \$10,459 | | | \$100,382 |
| John M. Donnan | 2010 | \$24,277 | \$15,948 | | \$12,684 | | \$34,272 | \$87,130 |
| | 2009 | \$24,500 | \$24,120 | | \$12,684 | | \$19,104 | \$80,408 |
| | 2008 | \$23,000 | \$32,155 | | \$11,171 | | | \$66,326 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | 2010 | \$26,232 | \$11,581 | | \$10,811 | | \$20,264 | \$68,888 |
| | 2009 | \$28,394 | \$15,862 | | \$10,811 | | \$11,300 | \$66,367 |
| | 2008 | \$28,730 | \$20,118 | | \$10,811 | | | \$59,659 |

(1) Represents reimbursement of legal fees and expenses incurred by Mr. Hockema in connection with the negotiation and consummation of his amended and restated employment agreement with us.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards in 2010

The table below sets forth information regarding grants of plan-based awards made to our named executive officers during 2010.

| Name | Grant Date | Award Approval Date (1) | Estimated Possible Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards (2) | | | All Other Stock Awards: Number of | Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards (3) |
|-----------------|------------|-------------------------|---|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | | Threshold (\$) | Target (\$) | Maximum (\$) | Shares of Stock or Units (#) | (\$) |
| Jack A. Hockema | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | \$276,000 | \$552,000 | \$1,656,000 | 20,348(4) | \$694,477 |
| | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 48,611(5) | \$812,956 |
| | | | \$100,000 | \$200,000 | \$600,000 | | |

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|----------------------------|--------|--------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 7,114(4) | \$242,801 |
| | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 16,995(5) | \$284,219 |
| John Barneson | | | \$ 69,000 | \$ 139,000 | \$ 417,000 | | |
| | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 5,921(4) | \$202,084 |
| | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 14,144(5) | \$236,540 |
| John M. Donnan | | | \$ 77,000 | \$ 154,000 | \$ 462,000 | | |
| | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 5,569(4) | \$190,070 |
| | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 13,304(5) | \$222,492 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | | | \$ 54,000 | \$ 108,000 | \$ 324,000 | | |
| | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 3,289(4) | \$112,254 |
| | 3/5/10 | 3/5/10 | | | | 7,858(5) | \$131,415 |

(1) On March 5, 2010, the compensation committee of our board of directors approved grants of restricted stock and performance shares, with such grants to be effective on the same day.

- (2) *Reflects the threshold, target and maximum award amounts under our 2010 STI Plan for our named executive officers. No awards are payable when performance does not reach the threshold performance level. Under our 2010 STI Plan, if the threshold performance level was reached, participants were eligible to receive a cash incentive award between one-half and three times the participant's target award amount. Individual monetary awards paid to the named executive officers, under the 2010 STI Plan, which were paid in March 2011, were as follows: Mr. Hockema, \$421,322; Mr. Rinkenberger, \$152,653; Mr. Barneson, \$106,094; Mr. Donnan, \$117,543; and Mr. McAuliffe, \$82,432.*
- (3) *Reflects the aggregate grant date fair value of restricted stock and performance share awards to our named executive officers determined in accordance with ASC Topic 718, without regard to potential forfeiture. The aggregate grant date fair value of the performance share awards reflected in this table has been determined assuming the most probable outcome of the performance condition on the date of the grant and without adjustment for actual performance during the period. For information regarding the compensation cost of restricted stock and performance share awards with respect to our 2010 fiscal year, see Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010.*
- (4) *Reflects the number of shares of restricted stock received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 5, 2010. The restrictions on 100% of the shares of restricted stock granted will lapse on March 5, 2013 or earlier if the named executive officer's employment terminates as a result of death or disability, the named executive officer's employment is terminated by us without cause, the named executive officer's employment is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason or in the event of a change in control. If the named executive officer's employment terminates prior to March 5, 2013 as a result of his retirement at or after age 65, the shares of restricted stock granted to him will remain outstanding and the restrictions on 100% of such shares will lapse on March 5, 2013. The named executive officer will receive all dividends and other distributions paid with respect to the shares of restricted stock he holds, but if any of such dividends or distributions are paid in shares of our capital stock, such shares will be subject to the same restrictions on transferability as are the shares of restricted stock with respect to which they were paid.*
- (5) *Reflects the total number of performance shares granted to the named executive officer effective March 5, 2010. The number of performance shares, if any, that vest based on the level of performance achieved during the three-year performance period will vest on the later to occur of March 5, 2013 and the date on which the compensation committee certifies the performance level achieved during the three-year performance period, which shall be no later than March 15, 2013. If, prior to December 31, 2012, the named executive officer's employment terminates as a result of death or disability, the named executive officer's employment is terminated by us without cause, the named executive officer's employment is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason or in the event of a change in control, the target number of performance shares will vest. If the named executive officer's employment terminates on or after December 31, 2012 but prior to the vesting date, his performance shares will remain outstanding and the number of performance shares, if any, that will vest on the vesting date will be determined based on the performance level achieved during the three-year performance period, except that the performance shares will be forfeited if the executive officer's employment is terminated by us for cause or is voluntarily terminated by him without good reason. If, prior to the vesting date, the employment of the named executive officer terminates as a result of retirement at or after age 65, the performance shares granted to him will remain outstanding, and the number of performance shares, if any, that will vest upon the vesting date will be determined based on the performance level achieved during the three-year performance period.*

Employment-Related Agreements and Certain Employee Benefit Plans

Employment Agreement with Jack A. Hockema

On July 6, 2006, in connection with our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy, we entered into an employment agreement with Jack A. Hockema, pursuant to which Mr. Hockema continued his duties as our President and Chief

Executive Officer. On November 9, 2010, we entered into an amended and restated employment agreement with Mr. Hockema to extend the term of the existing employment agreement from July 5, 2012 through July 6, 2015, eliminate the automatic renewal or evergreen provision, eliminate our obligation to make excise tax gross-up payments to Mr. Hockema, and modify his long-term incentive compensation to increase the portion of such compensation in the form of performance shares, as more fully described below.

The terms of Mr. Hockema's amended and restated employment agreement provide for an initial base salary of \$807,000, subject to annual increases, if any, agreed by us and Mr. Hockema and for an annual short-term incentive target equal to 68.5% of his base salary. The short-term incentive may be paid in cash, shares of the company's common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of the company's common stock, but is subject to both our meeting the applicable underlying performance thresholds and an annual cap of three times the target. If Mr.

Hockema's employment terminates other than on a date which is the last day of a fiscal year, then his annual short-term incentive target with respect to the fiscal year in which his employment terminates will be prorated for the actual number of days of employment during such fiscal year, and such amount will be paid to Mr. Hockema or his estate unless his employment was terminated by us for cause or was voluntarily terminated by him without good reason prior to age 65. The amended and restated employment agreement provides that Mr. Hockema is entitled to receive annual equity awards (such as restricted stock, stock options or performance shares) with a certain target economic value and modified Mr. Hockema's long-term incentive compensation by increasing the target economic value of his annual equity awards from 165% to 227% of his base salary, decreasing the portion of his annual equity awards in the form of restricted stock from 50% to 36% of the target economic value, and increasing the portion of his annual equity awards in the form of performance shares from 50% to 64% of the target economic value.

Under Mr. Hockema's amended and restated employment agreement, following any termination of his employment, we must pay or provide to Mr. Hockema or his estate:

base salary earned through the date of such termination;

except in the case of a termination by us for cause or by him other than for good reason prior to age 65, earned but unpaid incentive awards;

accrued but unpaid vacation;

benefits under our employment benefit plans to the extent vested and not forfeited on the date of such termination; and

benefit continuation and conversion rights to the extent provided under our employment benefit plans.

In addition, if Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated as a result of his death or disability, all of his outstanding equity awards will vest in accordance with their terms, subject to the provisions described above, and all of his vested but unexercised grants will remain exercisable through the second anniversary of such termination. If Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated by us for cause or is voluntarily terminated by him without good reason prior to age 65, all of his unvested equity grants will be forfeited and all of his vested but unexercised equity grants will be forfeited on the date that is 90 days following such termination. If Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him with good reason, in addition to the payment of his accrued benefits as described above, (1) we will make a lump-sum payment to Mr. Hockema in an amount equal to two times the sum of his base salary and annual short-term incentive target, (2) his medical, dental, vision, life insurance and disability benefits, which we refer to as welfare benefits, will continue for two years commencing on the date of such termination, and (3) all of his outstanding equity awards will vest in accordance with their terms, subject to the provisions described above, and all of his vested but unexercised grants will remain exercisable through the second anniversary of such termination.

If there is a change in control of our company, all of Mr. Hockema's equity awards outstanding as of the date of such change in control will vest. If Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him with good reason within two years following a change in control, in addition to the payments of his accrued benefits as described above, (1) we will make a lump-sum payment to Mr. Hockema in an amount equal to three times the sum of his base salary and annual short-term incentive target, (2) his welfare benefits will continue for three years commencing on the date of such termination, and (3) all previously unvested equity grants will become exercisable and vested but unexercisable grants will remain exercisable through the second anniversary of such termination. If any payments to Mr. Hockema would be subject to a federal excise tax by reason of being considered contingent on a change in control, then such payments will be reduced to the minimum extent necessary so that no portion of such payments, as so reduced, is subject to such tax, except that such a reduction will be made only if and to the extent such reduction would result in an increase in the aggregate payment on an after-tax basis.

Mr. Hockema will be subject to noncompetition, nonsolicitation and confidentiality restrictions following his termination of employment.

For quantitative disclosure regarding estimated payments and other benefits that would have been received by Mr. Hockema or his estate if his employment had terminated on December 31, 2010, the last business day of 2010, under various circumstances, see Potential Payments and Benefits upon Termination of Employment below.

Salaried Severance Plan

Mr. Hockema's employment agreement discussed above describes the benefits available to Mr. Hockema upon the severance of his employment with the company. Messrs. Rinkenberger, Barneson, Donnan, and McAuliffe are subject to our severance plan for salaried employees, which we refer to as our Salaried Severance Plan. Our Salaried Severance Plan provides for payment of a termination allowance and continuation of welfare benefits upon an involuntary separation of employment that is intended to be permanent and that is due to our convenience. The termination allowance and continuation of welfare benefits are not available under our Salaried Severance Plan if:

- the employee received severance compensation or welfare benefit continuation pursuant to a Change in Control Agreement (described below) or any other agreement;

- the employee's employment is terminated other than by us without cause; or

- the employee declined to sign, or subsequently revokes, a designated form of release.

The termination allowance payable to covered employees under our Salaried Severance Plan consists of a lump-sum cash payment equal to the employee's weekly base salary multiplied by a number of weeks (not to exceed 26), which we refer to as the continuation period, determined based on the employee's number of years of full employment. Under our Salaried Severance Plan, welfare benefits are continued following the termination of employment for the shorter of the continuation period and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date that the employee is no longer eligible for coverage under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, or COBRA. As of December 31, 2010, the continuation periods for Messrs. Rinkenberger, Barneson, Donnan, and McAuliffe were 16, 26, 16 and 10 weeks, respectively.

For quantitative disclosure regarding estimated payments and other benefits that would have been received by each of Messrs. Hockema, Rinkenberger, Barneson, Donnan and McAuliffe or his estate if his employment had terminated on December 31, 2010, the last business day of 2010 under various circumstances, see Potential Payments and Benefits upon Termination of Employment below.

Change in Control Agreements

In 2002, in connection with the commencement of our chapter 11 bankruptcy and the implementation of our court-approved Chapter 11 Key Employee Retention Plan, we also entered into Change in Control Agreements with certain key executives, including Messrs. Hockema, Rinkenberger, Barneson, Donnan and McAuliffe, in order to provide them with appropriate protection in the event of a termination of employment in connection with a change in control or, except as otherwise provided, a significant restructuring. Mr. Hockema's employment agreement discussed above supersedes his Change in Control Agreement. The Change in Control Agreements terminate on the second anniversary of a change in control.

The Change in Control Agreements provide for severance payments and continuation of welfare benefits upon termination of employment in certain circumstances. The participants are eligible for severance benefits if their employment is terminated by us without cause or by the participant with good reason during a period that commences 90 days prior to the change in control and ends on the second anniversary of the change in control. Participants (including Messrs. Rinkenberger, Donnan and McAuliffe but excluding Mr. Barneson) also are eligible for severance benefits if their employment is terminated by us due to a significant restructuring even when there has been no change in control. These benefits are not available if:

- the participant's employment is terminated other than by us without cause or by the participant for good reason; or

- the participant declines to sign, or subsequently revokes, a designated form of release.

In consideration for the severance payment and continuation of benefits, a participant will be subject to noncompetition, nonsolicitation and confidentiality restrictions following his or her termination of employment with us.

Upon a qualifying termination of employment, each of Messrs. Rinkenberger, Barneson, Donnan and McAuliffe are entitled to receive the following:

three times (for Mr. Barneson) or two times (for Messrs. Rinkenberger, Donnan and McAuliffe) the sum of his base pay and most recent short-term incentive target;

a pro-rated portion of his short-term incentive target for the year of termination; and

a pro-rated portion of his long-term incentive target in effect for the year of his termination, provided that such target was achieved.

In addition, welfare benefits and perquisites are continued for a period of three years (for Mr. Barneson) or two years (for Messrs. Rinkenberger, Donnan and McAuliffe) after termination of employment with us.

In general, if any payments would be subject to federal excise tax or any similar state or local tax by reason of being considered contingent on a change in control, the participant will be entitled to receive an additional amount such that, after satisfaction of all tax obligations imposed on such payments, the participant retains an amount equal to the federal excise tax or similar state or local tax imposed on such payments. However, if no such federal excise tax or similar state or local tax would apply if the aggregate payments were reduced by 5%, then the aggregate payments to the participant will be reduced by the amount necessary to avoid application of such federal excise tax or similar state or local tax.

For quantitative disclosure regarding estimated payments and other benefits that would have been received by each of Messrs. Hockema, Rinkenberger, Barneson, Donnan and McAuliffe or his estate if his employment had terminated on December 31, 2010, the last business day of 2010, under various circumstances, see Potential Payments and Benefits Upon Termination of Employment below.

Equity Incentive Plan

Our Equity Incentive Plan is an omnibus plan that facilitates the issuance of future long-term incentive awards as part of our comprehensive compensation structure and is administered by a committee of non-employee directors of our board of directors, currently, the compensation committee.

Officers and other key employees (and persons who have agreed to commence serving in any of those capacities within 90 days) who are selected by the compensation committee, as well as our non-employee directors, are eligible to participate in the Equity Incentive Plan. Any director emeritus and any person who provides services to us or any of our subsidiaries that are equivalent to those typically provided by employees and who are selected by the compensation committee are also eligible to participate in the Equity Incentive Plan. As December 31, 2010, approximately 42 members of management, including our named executive officers, and other key employees had been selected by the compensation committee to receive awards under the Equity Incentive Plan.

Subject to certain adjustments that may be required from time to time to prevent dilution or enlargement of the rights of participants under the Existing Equity Incentive Plan, a maximum of 2,722,222 shares of common stock may be issued under the Equity Incentive Plan. As of December 31, 2010, approximately 1,034,823 shares of common stock were available for additional awards under the Equity Incentive Plan.

The Equity Incentive Plan authorizes the issuance of option rights, appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares, performance units, awards to non-employee directors and directors emeritus, and other awards, including awards in the forms of cash, shares of common stock, notes or other property. The Equity Incentive Plan will expire on July 6, 2016. No grants will be made under the plan after that date, but all grants made on or prior to such date will continue in effect thereafter subject to the terms thereof and of the Equity Incentive Plan.

Under the Equity Incentive Plan, any award agreement may provide that, if the compensation committee determines that a participant has engaged in any detrimental activity, either during employment by us, or within a specified period after termination of employment, the participant is required to, among other things:

forfeit any award under the Equity Incentive Plan held by the participant,

return to us (in exchange for our payment to the participant of any cash amount that the participant paid to us for such an award) all shares of our common stock acquired under the Equity Incentive Plan that the participant has not disposed of, and

with respect to any shares acquired under the Equity Incentive Plan that the participant has disposed of, pay to us the difference between the market value of those shares on the date they were acquired and any amount that the participant paid for such shares.

Under the Equity Incentive Plan, detrimental activity is generally defined to include (1) conduct resulting in an accounting restatement due to material noncompliance with any financial reporting requirements under U.S. federal securities laws, (2) competing with us, (3) soliciting any of our employees to terminate his or her employment with us, (4) disclosing our confidential business information, (5) failing or refusing to promptly disclose and assign to us rights in certain intellectual property that the participant conceived during his or her employment with us, and (6) activity that results in the termination of the participant's employment by us for cause, which we typically define to include violations of our code of business conduct and ethics. Since our Equity Incentive Plan was originally implemented in 2006, each award agreement thereunder, other than award agreements with non-employee directors and a director emeritus, has contained such provisions that are applicable if the compensation committee determines the participant has engaged in detrimental activity, either during employment by us or generally within one year after termination of employment.

The Equity Incentive Plan also permits non-employee directors to elect to receive shares of our common stock in lieu of any or all of the annual cash retainers paid to non-employee directors, including retainers for serving as a committee chair or Lead Independent Director.

Our board of directors may, in its discretion, terminate the Equity Incentive Plan at any time. The termination of the Equity Incentive Plan would not affect the rights of participants or their successors under any awards outstanding and not exercised in full on the date of termination.

Our board of directors may at any time and from time to time amend the Equity Incentive Plan in whole or in part. Any amendment which must be approved by our stockholders in order to comply with applicable law or the rules of the principal securities exchange, association or quotation system on which our common stock is then traded or quoted will not be effective unless and until such approval has been obtained. The compensation committee will not, without the further approval of the stockholders, authorize the amendment of any outstanding option or appreciation right to reduce the exercise price or base price. Furthermore, no option will be cancelled and replaced with awards having a lower exercise price without further approval of the stockholders.

Savings Plan

We sponsor a tax-qualified profit sharing and 401(k) plan, our Savings Plan, in which eligible salaried employees may participate. Pursuant to the Savings Plan, employees may elect to reduce their current annual compensation up to the lesser of 75% or the statutorily prescribed limit of \$16,500 in calendar year 2011 (plus up to an additional \$5,500 in the form of catch-up contributions for participants near retirement age), and have the amount of any reduction contributed to the Savings Plan. Our Savings Plan is intended to qualify under sections 401(a) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, so that contributions by us or our employees to the Savings Plan and income earned on contributions are not taxable to employees until withdrawn from the Savings Plan and so that contributions will be deductible by us when made. We match 100% of the amount an employee contributes to the Savings Plan, subject to a 4% maximum based on the employee's compensation as defined in the Savings Plan.

Employees are immediately vested 100% in our matching contributions to our Savings Plan. We also make annual fixed-rate contributions on behalf of our employees in the following amounts:

For our employees who were employed with us on or before January 1, 2004, we contribute in a range from 2% to 10% of the employee's compensation, based upon the sum of the employee's age and years of continuous service as of January 1, 2004; and

For our employees who were first employed with us after January 1, 2004, we contribute 2% of the employee's compensation.

An employee is required to be employed on the last day of the year in order to receive the fixed-rate contribution. Employees are vested 100% in our fixed-rate contributions to the Savings Plan after three years of service. The total amount of elective, matching and fixed-rate contributions in any year cannot exceed the lesser of 100% of an employee's compensation or \$49,000 in 2010 (adjusted annually). We may amend or terminate these matching and fixed-rate contributions at any time by an appropriate amendment to our Savings Plan. Upon termination of employment, employees are eligible to receive a distribution of their vested plan balances under our Savings Plan. The independent trustee of the Savings Plan invests the assets of the Savings Plan as directed by participants.

Restoration Plan

We sponsor a nonqualified, deferred compensation plan, our Restoration Plan, in which a select group of our management and highly compensated employees may participate. Eligibility to participate in our Restoration Plan is determined by the compensation committee. The purpose of our Restoration Plan is to restore the benefit of matching and fixed-rate contributions that we would have otherwise paid to participants under our Savings Plan but for the limitations on benefit accruals and payments imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. We maintain an account on behalf of each participant in the Restoration Plan and make contributions to a participant's Restoration Plan account to restore benefits under the Savings Plan are made generally in the manner described below:

If our matching contributions to a participant under the Savings Plan are limited in any year, we will make an annual contribution to that participant's account under the Restoration Plan equal to the difference between:

the matching contributions that we could have made to that participant's account under the Savings Plan if the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 did not impose any limitations; and

the maximum contribution we could in fact make to that participant's account under the Savings Plan in light of the limitations imposed by the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

Annual fixed-rate contributions to the participant's account under the Restoration Plan are made in an amount equal to between 2% and 10% of the participant's excess compensation, as defined in Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.

Participants are immediately vested 100% in our matching contributions to the Restoration Plan and are vested 100% in our fixed-rate contributions to our Restoration Plan after three years of service or upon retirement, death, disability or a change of control. Participants do not make contributions to their respective Restoration Plan accounts. A participant is entitled to distributions six months following his or her termination of service, except that any participant who is terminated for cause will forfeit the entire amount of matching and fixed-rate contributions made by us to that participant's account under the Restoration Plan.

We may amend or terminate these matching and fixed-rate contributions at any time by an appropriate amendment to our Restoration Plan. The value of each participant's account under our Restoration Plan changes based upon the performance of the funds designated by the participant from a menu of various money market and investment funds.

Outstanding Equity Awards at December 31, 2010

The table below sets forth the information regarding equity awards held by our named executive officers as of December 31, 2010.

| Name | Option Awards | | | | Stock Awards | | | Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|---|--|---|
| | Number of Securities Unexercisable | Number of Securities Exercisable | Exercise Price (\$) | Option Expiration Date | Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#) | Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (1) (\$) | Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#) | Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (1) (\$) |
| Jack A. Hockema | 8,037(2) | 0 | \$80.01 | 4/3/17 | 9,805(3) | \$ 491,132 | 11,708(6) | \$ 586,454 |
| | | | | | 43,821(4) | \$2,194,994 | 53,196(7) | \$2,664,588 |
| | | | | | 20,348(5) | \$1,019,231 | 24,305(8) | \$1,217,437 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | 803(2) | 0 | \$80.01 | 4/3/17 | 982(3) | \$ 49,188 | 1,172(6) | \$ 58,705 |
| | | | | | 1,939(9) | \$ 97,125 | 2,316(10) | \$ 116,008 |
| | | | | | 15,192(4) | \$ 760,967 | 18,442(7) | \$ 923,760 |
| | | | | | 7,114(5) | \$ 356,340 | 8,497(8) | \$ 425,615 |
| John Barneson | 2,334(2) | 0 | \$80.01 | 4/3/17 | 2,847(3) | \$ 142,606 | 3,400(6) | \$ 170,306 |
| | | | | | 12,727(4) | \$ 637,495 | 15,450(7) | \$ 773,891 |
| | | | | | 5,921(5) | \$ 296,583 | 7,072(8) | \$ 354,236 |
| John M. Donnan | 2,083(2) | 0 | \$80.01 | 4/3/17 | 2,681(3) | \$ 134,291 | 3,202(6) | \$ 160,388 |
| | | | | | 11,985(4) | \$ 600,329 | 14,549(7) | \$ 728,759 |
| | | | | | 5,569(5) | \$ 278,951 | 6,652(8) | \$ 333,199 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | 1,067(2) | 0 | \$80.01 | 4/3/17 | 1,586(3) | \$ 79,443 | 1,894(6) | \$ 94,870 |
| | | | | | 3,964(4) | \$ 198,557 | 8,606(7) | \$ 431,075 |
| | | | | | 1,839(5) | \$ 92,116 | 3,929(8) | \$ 196,804 |

(1) Reflects the aggregate market value determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010.

(2)

Reflects option rights granted to the named executive officer effective April 3, 2007. The option rights became exercisable as to one-third of the total number of shares of common stock for which they are exercisable on each of April 3, 2008, April 3, 2009 and April 3, 2010. The option rights expire on April 3, 2017, unless terminated earlier in accordance with their terms.

- (3) *Reflects the number of shares of restricted stock received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 3, 2008. The restrictions on all such shares lapsed on March 3, 2011.*
- (4) *For named executive officers other than Mr. McAuliffe, reflects the number of shares of restricted stock received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 5, 2009; for Mr. McAuliffe, reflects the number of shares of restricted stock received by Mr. McAuliffe effective March 5, 2009 less the number of shares withheld to satisfy the withholding tax obligations resulting from the recognition of income when Mr. McAuliffe reached age 65 on June 7, 2010. The restrictions on all such shares will lapse on March 5, 2012 or earlier if the named executive officer's employment terminates as a result of death or disability, the named executive officer's employment is terminated by us without cause, the named executive officer's employment is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason or in the event of a change of control, each such event being referred to below as an accelerated vesting event. If, prior to March 5, 2012, the named executive officer's employment terminates as a result of his retirement at or after age 65, the shares of restricted stock granted to him will remain outstanding and the restrictions on 100% of such shares will lapse on March 5, 2012.*
- (5) *For named executive officers other than Mr. McAuliffe, reflects the number of shares of restricted stock received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 5, 2010; for Mr. McAuliffe, reflects the number of shares of restricted stock received by Mr. McAuliffe effective March 5, 2010 less the number of shares withheld to satisfy the withholding tax obligations resulting from the recognition of income when Mr. McAuliffe reached age 65 on June 7, 2010. The restrictions on all such shares will lapse on March 5, 2013 or earlier upon an accelerated vesting event referred to in Note 4 above. If, prior to March 5, 2013, the named executive officer's employment terminates as a result of his retirement at or after age 65, the shares of restricted stock granted to him will remain outstanding and the restrictions on 100% of such shares will lapse on March 5, 2013.*
- (6) *Reflects the target number of performance shares received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 3, 2008. Such target number is approximately one-half of the performance shares received*

by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 3, 2008. On March 4, 2011, the compensation committee certified the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance period and a portion of the performance shares vested based on the level of performance achieved during such three-year period, resulting in the issuance of common stock to our named executive officers as follows: Mr. Hockema, 3,126 shares; Mr. Rinkenberger, 931 shares; Mr. Barneson, 907 shares; Mr. Donnan, 854 shares; and Mr. McAuliffe, 505 shares. Performance shares not vested were forfeited.

- (7) Reflects the target number of performance shares received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 5, 2009. Such target number is approximately one-half of the performance shares received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 5, 2009. The number of performance shares, if any, that vest based on the level of performance achieved during the three-year performance period will vest on the later to occur of March 5, 2012 and the date on which the compensation committee certifies the performance level achieved during the three-year performance period. If, prior to December 31, 2011, an accelerated vesting event occurs with respect to the named executive officer, the target number of performance shares will vest. If an accelerated vesting event occurs with respect to a named executive officer, on or after December 31, 2011 and prior to the vesting date, the performance shares will remain outstanding and the number of performance shares, if any, that will vest on the vesting date will be determined based on the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance period, except that the performance shares will be forfeited if the executive officer's employment is terminated by us for cause or is voluntarily terminated by him without good reason prior to age 65. If, prior to the vesting date, the employment of the named executive terminates as a result of his retirement at or after age 65, the performance shares granted to him will remain outstanding and the number of performance shares, if any, that will vest on the vesting date will be determined based on the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance period. Each performance share that becomes vested entitles the participant to receive one share of our common stock.
- (8) Reflects the target number of performance shares received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 5, 2010. Such target number is approximately one-half of the performance shares received by the named executive officer pursuant to awards granted effective March 5, 2010. The number of performance shares, if any, that vest based on the level of performance achieved during the three-year performance period will vest on the later to occur of March 5, 2013 and the date on which the compensation committee certifies the performance level achieved during the three-year performance period. If, prior to December 31, 2012, an accelerated vesting event occurs with respect to the named executive officer, the target number of performance shares will vest. If an accelerated vesting event occurs with respect to a named executive officer, on or after December 31, 2012 and prior to the vesting date, the performance shares will remain outstanding and the number of performance shares, if any, that will vest on the vesting date will be determined based on the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance period, except that the performance shares will be forfeited if the executive officer's employment is terminated by us for cause or is voluntarily terminated by him without good reason prior to age 65. If, prior to the vesting date, the employment of the named executive officer terminates as a result of his retirement at or after age 65, the performance shares granted to him will remain outstanding and the number of performance shares, if any, that will vest on the vesting date will be determined based on the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance period. Each performance share that becomes vested entitles the participant to receive one share of our common stock.
- (9) Reflects the number of shares of restricted stock received by Mr. Rinkenberger pursuant to awards granted effective April 14, 2008, in connection with his appointment as our Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. The restrictions on all such shares will lapse on March 3, 2011 or earlier upon an accelerated vesting

event referred to in Note 4 above.

- (10) Reflects the target number of performance shares received by Mr. Rinckenberger pursuant to awards granted effective April 14, 2008 in connection with his appointment as our Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. The performance shares granted to Mr. Rinckenberger vest on the same terms as the performance shares described in Note 6 above. Each performance share that becomes vested entitles the participant to receive one share of our common stock.*

Option Exercises and Stock Vested in 2010

The table below sets forth information regarding vesting of shares of restricted stock to our named executive officers during 2010. These shares were issued on April 3, 2007 and were subject to three-year cliff vesting.

| Name | Stock Awards | |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| | Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#) | Value Realized on Vesting (\$)(1) |
| Jack A. Hockema | 13,239 | \$ 525,721 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | 1,323 | \$ 52,536 |
| John Barneson | 3,844 | \$ 152,645 |
| John M. Donnan | 3,431 | \$ 136,245 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | 1,758 | \$ 69,810 |

(1) Reflects the aggregate market value determined based on a per share price of \$39.71, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on April 2, 2010, which was the last business day before the date of vesting.

Pension Benefits as of December 31, 2010

The table below sets forth information regarding the present value as of December 31, 2010 of the accumulated benefits of our named executive officers under our old defined benefit pension plan, our Old Pension Plan. As discussed further below, our Old Pension Plan was terminated on December 17, 2003, at which time the number of years of credited service for participants was frozen.

| Name | Plan Name | Number of Years Credited Service (#) | Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (1) (\$) |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Jack A. Hockema | Kaiser Aluminum Salaried Employees Retirement Plan | 11.92 | \$ 367,702 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | Kaiser Aluminum Salaried Employees Retirement Plan | 12.67 | \$ 279,524 |
| John Barneson | Kaiser Aluminum Salaried Employees Retirement Plan | 28.83 | \$ 412,011 |
| John M. Donnan | Kaiser Aluminum Salaried Employees Retirement Plan | 10.25 | \$ 218,483 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | Kaiser Aluminum Salaried Employees Retirement Plan | 5.75 | \$ 142,265 |

(1) Determined (a) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000WC mortality table projected 10 years with Scale AA and (b) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.

The Old Pension Plan previously maintained by us was a qualified, defined-benefit retirement plan for our salaried employees who met certain eligibility requirements. Effective December 17, 2003, the PBGC terminated and effectively assumed responsibility for making benefit payments in respect of the Old Pension Plan. As a result of the termination, all benefit accruals under the Old Pension Plan were terminated and benefits available to certain

executive officers, including Messrs. Hockema and Barneson, were significantly reduced due to the limitation on benefits payable by the PBGC. Benefits payable to participants will be reduced to a maximum of \$34,742 annually for retirement at age 62, a lower amount for retirement prior to age 62, and a higher amount for retirements after age 62, up to \$43,977 at age 65, and participants will not accrue additional benefits. In addition, the PBGC will not make lump-sum payments to participants.

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation for 2010

The table below sets forth, for each of our named executive officers, information regarding his participation in our Restoration Plan during 2010.

| Name | Registrant Contributions in Last FY (1) (a) | Aggregate Earnings in Last FY (2)(3) (b) | Aggregate Balance at Last FYE (c) |
|-------------------------|--|---|--|
| Jack A. Hockema | \$ 110,622 | \$ 180,417 | \$ 2,458,964 |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | \$ 20,814 | \$ 12,309 | \$ 114,011 |
| John Barneson | \$ 23,458 | \$ 142,655 | \$ 1,269,389 |
| John M. Donnan | \$ 15,948 | \$ 15,943 | \$ 213,413 |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | \$ 11,581 | \$ 14,326 | \$ 134,201 |

(1) In each case, 100% of such amount is included in the amounts for 2010 reflected in the *All Other Compensation* column of the Summary Compensation Table above.

(2) Amounts included in this column do not include amounts reflected in column (a).

(3) Amounts included in this column do not include above-market or preferential earnings (of which there were none) and, accordingly, such amount is not included in the *Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings* column of the Summary Compensation Table above.

Potential Payments and Benefits Upon Termination of Employment

The tables below set forth for each named executive officer quantitative disclosure regarding estimated payments and other benefits that would have been received by the named executive officer or his estate if his employment had terminated on December 31, 2010, the last business day of 2010, under the following circumstances:

voluntary termination by the named executive officer prior to age 65;

termination by us for cause;

termination by us without cause or by the named executive officer with good reason;

termination by us without cause or by the named executive officer with good reason following a change in control;

termination at retirement at or after age 65;

termination as a result of disability; or

termination as a result of death.

Information regarding estimated payments and other benefits upon termination of employment of Messrs. Hockema, Rinkenberger, Barneson and Donnan at retirement is provided for illustrative purposes notwithstanding the fact that none of such named executive officers had reached age 65 as of December 31, 2010. Mr. McAuliffe reached age 65 during 2010.

JACK A. HOCKEMA

| Payments and Benefits | Circumstances of Termination | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|-------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Voluntary Termination by Named Executive Officer Prior to Age 65 | Termination by us without Cause or by the Named Executive Officer with Good Reason | Termination by us without Cause or by the Named Executive Officer with Good Reason Following a Change in Control | Retirement At or After Age 65 | Disability | Death | |
| Payment of earned but unpaid: | | | | | | | |
| Base salary (1) | | | | | | | |
| Short-term incentive (2) | | \$ 421,322 | \$ 421,322 | \$ 421,322 | \$ 421,322 | \$ 421,322 | \$ 421,322 |
| Vacation (3) | \$ 62,077 | \$ 62,077 | \$ 62,077 | \$ 62,077 | \$ 62,077 | \$ 62,077 | \$ 62,077 |
| Other Benefits: | | | | | | | |
| Lump sum payment | | \$ 2,718,000(4) | \$ 4,077,000(5) | | | | |
| Healthcare benefits | | \$ 42,203(6) | \$ 63,305(6) | | | | |
| Disability benefits | | \$ 12,023(7) | \$ 16,316(7) | | \$ 420,328(8) | | |
| Life insurance | | \$ 10,127(9) | \$ 15,851(9) | | | | \$ 150,000(10) |
| Perquisites and other personal benefits | | | | | | | |
| Tax gross-up (11) | | | | | | | |
| Acceleration of Equity Awards: | | | | | | | |
| Market value of stock vesting on termination (12) | | \$ 7,743,964 | \$ 7,743,964 | \$ 7,096,250 | \$ 7,743,964 | \$ 7,743,964 | \$ 7,743,964 |

| | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Spread for options vesting on termination (13) | | | | | | | |
| Distribution of Restoration Plan Balance: Amount of Distribution (14) | \$ 2,458,964 | \$ 2,458,964 | \$ 2,458,964 | \$ 2,458,964 | \$ 2,458,964 | \$ 2,458,964 | \$ 2,458,964 |
| Total | \$ 2,521,041 | \$ 62,077 | \$ 13,468,680 | \$ 14,858,799 | \$ 10,038,613 | \$ 11,106,655 | \$ 10,836,327 |

- (1) Assumes that there is no earned but unpaid base salary at the time of termination.
- (2) Under our 2010 STI Plan, Mr. Hockema's target award for 2010 was \$552,000, but his award could have ranged from a threshold of \$276,000 to a maximum of \$1,656,000, or could have been zero if the threshold performance was not achieved. Mr. Hockema's award under our 2010 STI Plan was determined in March 2011 to be \$421,322. Pursuant to Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, we must pay Mr. Hockema or his estate any earned but unpaid short-term incentive unless his employment is terminated by us for cause or is voluntarily terminated by him other than for good reason prior to age 65. Under Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, if his employment had been terminated during 2010 but prior to December 31, 2010, Mr. Hockema's target award for 2010 under our 2010 STI Plan would have been prorated for the actual number of days of Mr. Hockema's employment in 2009 and Mr. Hockema would have been entitled to payment of such amount, without any increase or reduction that would normally be considered with his award, unless his employment had been terminated by us for cause or had been voluntarily terminated by him other than for good reason. Under Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, if his employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010, the last day of our 2010 fiscal year, Mr. Hockema would have been entitled to full payment of his award (\$421,322) under the 2010 STI Plan unless his employment had been terminated by us for cause or had been voluntarily terminated by him other than for good reason.
- (3) Assumes that Mr. Hockema used all of his 2010 vacation and that he has four weeks of accrued vacation for 2011.
- (4) Under Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, if Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, we must make a lump-sum payment to Mr. Hockema in an amount equal to two times the sum of his base salary and target annual bonus opportunity for the fiscal year in which such termination occurs.
- (5) Under Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, if Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within two years following a change in control, we must make a lump-sum payment to Mr. Hockema in an amount equal to three times the sum of his base salary and target annual bonus.
- (6) Under Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, if Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, we must continue his medical and dental benefits for two years, or, if such termination occurs within two years following a change in control, three years, commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental

benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan throughout the applicable benefit continuation period, and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011.

- (7) Under Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, if Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, we must continue his disability benefits for two years, or, if such termination occurs within two years following a change in control, three years, commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (b) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (c) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (d) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.
- (8) Reflects the actuarial present value of Mr. Hockema's disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming full disability at December 31, 2010, (b) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (c) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum. Such disability benefits would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.
- (9) Under Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, if Mr. Hockema's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, we must continue his life insurance benefits for two years, or, if such termination occurs within two years following a change in control, three years, commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout the applicable benefit continuation period at Mr. Hockema's current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.
- (10) Reflects the life insurance benefit payable assuming Mr. Hockema's death had occurred on December 31, 2010 other than while traveling on company-related business. Such life insurance benefit would have been paid by a third-party insurer and not by us. We maintain a travel and accidental death policy for certain employees, including Mr. Hockema, that would provide a \$1,000,000 death benefit payable to Mr. Hockema's estate if his death occurs during company-related travel. Such death benefit would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.
- (11) In November 2010, our obligation to make excise tax gross-up payments to Mr. Hockema was eliminated in connection with the amendment and restatement of his employment agreement. Mr. Hockema's employment agreement, as amended and restated, instead provides that, if any payments to Mr. Hockema would be subject to a federal excise tax by reason of being considered contingent on a change in control, then such payments will be reduced to the minimum extent necessary so that no portion of such payments, as so reduced, is subject to such tax, except that such a reduction will be made only if and to the extent such reduction would result in an increase in the aggregate payment on an after-tax basis. It is estimated that, if Mr. Hockema's employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010 by us without cause or by him for good reason following a change in control on such date, no payments owing to Mr. Hockema would have been subject to a federal excise tax by reason of being considered contingent on a change in control and, accordingly, no such payments would have been reduced.

(12) *If Mr. Hockema's employment had been terminated as a result of his death or disability, his employment had been terminated by us without cause or his employment had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, or if there had been a change in control, then (a) the restrictions on all shares of restricted stock that were held by Mr. Hockema on December 31, 2010 would have lapsed, (b) the performance shares granted to Mr. Hockema effective March 3, 2008 would have remained outstanding, with the number of shares of common stock to be received by him determined based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (c) the target number of performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have vested; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to the sum of (i) all shares of restricted stock held by Mr. Hockema on December 31, 2010, (ii) the number of shares of common stock received by Mr. Hockema in respect of the performance shares granted*

to him effective March 3, 2008 based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (iii) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. Hockema in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010. If Mr. Hockema had qualified for retirement on December 31, 2010 and he had retired on such date, then all shares of restricted stock and performance shares that were held by Mr. Hockema on December 31, 2010 would have remained outstanding, with the restrictions on such shares of restricted stock to lapse in each case on the third anniversary of the date of grant and with the number of shares of common stock, if any, to be received by Mr. Hockema in respect of such performance shares to be determined based on the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance periods; in such instances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to the sum of (a) all shares of restricted stock held by Mr. Hockema at December 31, 2010, (b) the number of shares of common stock received by Mr. Hockema in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 3, 2008, based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (c) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. Hockema in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010.

- (13) Reflects the spread, if any, of (a) the aggregate market value of the shares of common stock purchasable upon exercise of the option rights which would have vested early due to Mr. Hockema's termination, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, over (b) the aggregate exercise price required to purchase such shares upon exercise of such option rights. All option rights held by Mr. Hockema on December 31, 2010 had previously vested. Accordingly, no spread is reported in the table.
- (14) Under our Restoration Plan, Mr. Hockema is entitled to a distribution of his account balance six months following his termination, except that he will forfeit the entire amount of matching and fixed rate contributions made by us to his account if his employment is terminated for cause. In addition, under our Savings Plan, upon termination of employment, Mr. Hockema is eligible to receive a distribution of his vested balance under the plan; however, such balance is not reflected in this table.

DANIEL J. RINKENBERGER

| | Circumstances of Termination | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | Voluntary Termination by Named Executive Officer Prior to Termination by us for Cause | Termination by us without Cause or by the Named Executive Officer with Good Reason | Termination by us without Cause or by the Named Executive Officer with Good Reason | Executive Officer with Good Reason Following a Change in Control | Retirement At or After Age 65 | Disability | Death |
| Payment of earned but unpaid: | | | | | | | |
| Base salary (1) | | | | | | | |
| Short-term incentive (2) | | \$ 152,653 | \$ 152,653 | \$ 152,653 | \$ 152,653 | \$ 152,653 | \$ 152,653 |
| Vacation (3) | \$ 25,000 | \$ 25,000 | \$ 25,000 | \$ 25,000 | \$ 25,000 | \$ 25,000 | \$ 25,000 |
| Other Benefits: | | | | | | | |
| Lump sum payment | | \$ 100,000(4) | \$ 1,050,000(5) | | | | |
| Healthcare benefits | | \$ 6,493(6) | \$ 44,313(7) | | | | |
| Disability benefits | | \$ 2,330(8) | \$ 15,330(9) | | \$ 1,684,517(10) | | |
| Life insurance | | \$ 31(11) | \$ 199(12) | | | | \$ 50,000(13) |
| Perquisites and other personal benefits | | | \$ 37,570(14) | | | | |
| Tax gross-up (15) | | | \$ 1,237,527 | | | | |
| Acceleration of Equity Awards: | | | | | | | |
| Market value of stock vesting on termination | | \$ 2,659,629 | \$ 2,659,629 | \$ 2,466,682 | \$ 2,659,629 | \$ 2,659,629 | \$ 2,659,629 |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (16) | | | | | | | |
| Spread for options vesting on termination | | | | | | | |
| (17) | | | | | | | |
| Distribution of Restoration Plan Balance: | | | | | | | |
| Amount of Distribution | | | | | | | |
| (18) | \$ 114,011 | | \$ 114,011 | \$ 114,011 | \$ 114,011 | \$ 114,011 | \$ 114,011 |
| Total | \$ 139,011 | \$ 25,000 | \$ 3,060,147 | \$ 5,336,232 | \$ 2,758,346 | \$ 4,635,810 | \$ 3,001,293 |

- (1) Assumes that there is no earned but unpaid base salary at the time of termination.
- (2) Under our 2010 STI Plan, Mr. Rinkenberger's target award for 2010 was \$200,000, but his award could have ranged from a threshold of \$100,000 to a maximum of \$600,000, or could have been zero if the threshold performance was not achieved. Mr. Rinkenberger's award under our 2010 STI Plan was determined in March 2011 to be \$152,653. Under the 2010 STI Plan, Mr. Rinkenberger would have been entitled to a pro rata award under the 2010 STI Plan if his employment had been terminated during 2010 but prior to December 31, 2010 and his employment had been terminated as a result of death, disability, normal retirement or full early retirement (position elimination), had been terminated by us without cause or had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason. Under Mr. Rinkenberger's Change in Control Agreement, if his employment had been terminated by us without cause or by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control and such termination had occurred during 2010 other than on December 31, 2010, Mr. Rinkenberger's target award for 2010 under our 2010 STI Plan would have been prorated for the actual number of days of Mr. Rinkenberger's employment in 2010 and Mr. Rinkenberger would have been entitled to payment of such amount. If Mr. Rinkenberger's employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010, the last day of our 2010 fiscal year, Mr. Rinkenberger would have been entitled to full payment of his award (\$152,653) under the 2010 STI Plan unless his employment had been terminated by us for cause or voluntarily terminated by him other than for good reason.
- (3) Assumes that Mr. Rinkenberger used all of his 2010 vacation and that he has four weeks of accrued vacation for 2011.
- (4) Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Rinkenberger is entitled to a lump-sum payment equal to his weekly base salary multiplied by a number of weeks (not to exceed 26), which we refer to as the continuation period, determined based on his number of years of full employment. As of December 31, 2010, Mr. Rinkenberger's continuation period was 16 weeks.

- (5) *Under Mr. Rinkenberger's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period beginning 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, Mr. Rinkenberger is entitled to a lump-sum payment equal to two times the sum of his base salary and most recent short-term incentive target.*
- (6) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Rinkenberger is entitled to continuation of his medical and dental benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan throughout Mr. Rinkenberger's continuation period and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011.*
- (7) *Under Mr. Rinkenberger's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his medical and dental benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan throughout the benefit continuation period and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011 and assuming a 10% increase in the cost of medical and dental coverage for 2012 as compared to 2011.*
- (8) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Rinkenberger is entitled to continuation of his disability benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout Mr. Rinkenberger's continuation period, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during Mr. Rinkenberger's continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout Mr. Rinkenberger's continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (9) *Under Mr. Rinkenberger's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his disability benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout the benefit continuation period, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (10) *Reflects the actuarial present value of Mr. Rinkenberger's disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming full disability at December 31, 2010, (b) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (c) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum. Such disability benefits would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.*

(11) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Rinkenberger is entitled to continuation of his life insurance benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout Mr. Rinkenberger's continuation period at his current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during Mr. Rinkenberger's continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout Mr. Rinkenberger's continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d)*

assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.

- (12) *Under Mr. Rinkenberger's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his life insurance benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout the benefit continuation period at his current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (13) *Reflects the life insurance benefit payable assuming Mr. Rinkenberger's death had occurred on December 31, 2010 other than while traveling on company-related business. Such life insurance benefit would have been paid by a third-party insurer and not by us. We maintain a travel and accidental death policy for certain employees, including Mr. Rinkenberger, that would provide an additional \$1,000,000 death benefit payable to Mr. Rinkenberger's estate if his death occurs during company-related travel. Such death benefit would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.*
- (14) *Under Mr. Rinkenberger's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Rinkenberger's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his perquisites for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the estimated cost to us of continuing Mr. Rinkenberger's perquisites for such two-year period as follows: club membership dues, \$16,994, and vehicle allowance, \$20,576. Such amount has been estimated by multiplying the cost of Mr. Rinkenberger's perquisites for 2010 by two.*
- (15) *Under Mr. Rinkenberger's Change in Control Agreement, in general, if any payments to Mr. Rinkenberger would be subject to federal excise tax or any similar state or local tax by reason of being considered contingent on a change in control, we must pay to Mr. Rinkenberger an additional amount such that, after satisfaction of all tax obligations imposed on such payments, Mr. Rinkenberger retains an amount equal to the federal excise tax or similar state or local tax imposed on such payments. The table reflects an estimate of such additional amount that we would have been obligated to pay Mr. Rinkenberger if his employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010 by us without cause or by him for good reason following a change in control on such date.*
- (16) *If Mr. Rinkenberger's employment had been terminated as a result of his death or disability, his employment had been terminated by us without cause or his employment had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, or if there had been a change in control, then (a) the restrictions on all shares of restricted stock that were held by Mr. Rinkenberger on December 31, 2010 would have lapsed, (b) the performance shares granted to him effective March 3, 2008 and April 14, 2008 would have remained outstanding, with the number of shares of common stock to be received by Mr. Rinkenberger determined based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (c) the target number of performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have vested; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to (i) all shares of restricted stock held by Mr. Rinkenberger on December 31, 2010, (ii) the number of shares of common stock received by Mr. Rinkenberger in respect of the performance shares*

granted to him effective March 3, 2008 based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (iii) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. Rinckenberger in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010. If Mr. Rinckenberger had qualified for retirement on December 31, 2010 and he had retired on such date, then (a) the shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Rinckenberger effective March 3, 2008 and April 14, 2008 would have been forfeited, (b) the shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Rinckenberger effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have remained outstanding and the restrictions on such shares would lapse on March 5, 2012 and March 5, 2013, respectively, (c) the performance shares granted to Mr. Rinckenberger effective March 3, 2008 and April 14, 2008 would have been forfeited, and (d) the performance shares granted to Mr. Rinckenberger effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have remained outstanding with the number of shares of common stock, if any, to be received by Mr. Rinckenberger

in respect to such performance shares to be determined based on the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance periods; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to the sum of (i) all shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Rinkenberger effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010, and (ii) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. Rinkenberger in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010.

- (17) *Reflects the spread, if any, of (a) the aggregate market value of the shares of common stock purchasable upon exercise of the option rights which would have vested early due to Mr. Rinkenberger's termination, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, over (b) the aggregate exercise price required to purchase such shares upon exercise of such option rights. All option rights that were held by Mr. Rinkenberger on December 31, 2010 had previously vested. Accordingly, no spread is reflected in the table because the \$80.01 per share exercise price of such option rights exceeded the \$50.09 closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010.*
- (18) *Under our Restoration Plan, Mr. Rinkenberger is entitled to a distribution of his account balance six months following his termination, except that he will forfeit the entire amount of matching and fixed rate contributions made by us to his account if he is terminated for cause. In addition, under our Savings Plan, upon termination of employment, Mr. Rinkenberger is eligible to receive a distribution of his vested balance under the plan; however, such balance is not reflected in this table.*

JOHN BARNESON**Circumstances of Termination****Termination**

by
us without
Cause or
by the
Named

Termination

by us
without
Cause or
by

Executive
Officer
with
Good
Reason
Following

Retirement

At or
After

Payments and

Voluntary
Termination
by

Named

Executive
Officer

Prior to Termination
by us

Age 65

Termination
for
Cause

Executive
Officer

with

Good
Reason

Change in

Control

Age 65

Disability

Death

Benefits

Payment of
earned but
unpaid:

Base salary (1)

Short-term

incentive (2)

Vacation (3)

Other Benefits:

Lump sum

payment

Healthcare

benefits

Disability

benefits

Life insurance

Perquisites and

other personal

benefits

Tax gross-up

(15)

Acceleration of

Equity

Awards:

Market value

of stock

vesting on

termination

(16)

| | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | | \$ 106,094 | \$ 106,094 | \$ 106,094 | \$ 106,094 | \$ 106,094 |
| | \$ 29,808 | \$ 29,808 | \$ 29,808 | \$ 29,808 | \$ 29,808 | \$ 29,808 | \$ 29,808 |
| | | | \$ 155,000(4) | \$ 1,347,000(5) | | | |
| | | | \$ 10,551(6) | \$ 69,846(7) | | | |
| | | | \$ 4,455(8) | \$ 21,372(9) | | \$ 792,723(10) | |
| | | | \$ 1,386(11) | \$ 9,020(12) | | | \$ 300,000(13) |
| | | | | \$ 57,717(14) | | | |
| | | | \$ 2,250,243 | \$ 2,250,243 | \$ 2,062,205 | \$ 2,250,243 | \$ 2,250,243 |

Spread for
options vesting
on termination
(17)

Distribution of
Restoration

Plan Balance:

Amount of

Distribution

| | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (18) | \$ 1,269,389 | \$ 1,269,389 | \$ 1,269,389 | \$ 1,269,389 | \$ 1,269,389 | \$ 1,269,389 | |
| Total | \$ 1,299,197 | \$ 29,808 | \$ 3,826,926 | \$ 5,160,489 | \$ 3,467,496 | \$ 4,448,257 | \$ 3,955,534 |

- (1) Assumes that there is no earned but unpaid base salary at the time of termination.
- (2) Under our 2010 STI Plan, Mr. Barneson's target award for 2010 was \$139,000, but his award could have ranged from a threshold of \$69,000 to a maximum of \$417,000, or could have been zero if the threshold performance was not achieved. Mr. Barneson's award under our 2010 STI Plan was determined in March 2011 to be \$106,094. Under the 2010 STI Plan, Mr. Barneson would have been entitled to a pro rata award under the 2010 STI Plan if his employment had been terminated during 2010 but prior to December 31, 2010 and his employment had been terminated as a result of death, disability, normal retirement or full early retirement (position elimination), had been terminated by us without cause or had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason. Under Mr. Barneson's Change in Control Agreement, if his employment had been terminated by us without cause or by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control and such termination had occurred during 2010 other than on December 31, 2010, Mr. Barneson's target award for 2010 under our 2010 STI Plan would have been prorated for the actual number of days of Mr. Barneson's employment in 2010 and Mr. Barneson would have been entitled to payment of such amount. If Mr. Barneson's employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010, the last day of our 2010 fiscal year, Mr. Barneson would have been entitled to full payment of his award (\$106,094) under the 2010 STI Plan unless his employment had been terminated by us for cause or voluntarily terminated by him other than for good reason.
- (3) Assumes that Mr. Barneson used all of his 2010 vacation and that he has five weeks of accrued vacation for 2011.
- (4) Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Barneson is entitled to a lump-sum payment equal to his weekly base salary multiplied by a number of weeks (not to exceed 26), which we refer to as the continuation period, determined based on his number of years of full employment. As of December 31, 2010, Mr. Barneson's continuation period was 26 weeks.
- (5) Under Mr. Barneson's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period beginning 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, Mr. Barneson is entitled to a lump-sum payment equal to three times the sum of his base salary and most recent short-term incentive target.
- (6) Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Barneson is entitled to continuation of his medical and dental benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period

commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan throughout Mr. Barneson's continuation period and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011.

- (7) *Under Mr. Barneson's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason and if such termination occurs within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his medical and dental benefits for three years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan throughout the benefit continuation period and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011 and assuming a 10% increase in the cost of medical and dental coverage for 2012 as compared to 2011 and a 10% increase in the cost of medical and dental coverage for 2013 as compared to 2012.*
- (8) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Barneson is entitled to continuation of his disability benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout Mr. Barneson's continuation period, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during Mr. Barneson's continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout Mr. Barneson's continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (9) *Under Mr. Barneson's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his disability benefits for three years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout the benefit continuation period, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (d) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (10) *Reflects the actuarial present value of Mr. Barneson's disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming full disability at December 31, 2010, (b) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (c) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum. Such disability benefits would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.*
- (11) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Barneson is entitled to continuation of his life insurance benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout Mr. Barneson's continuation period at his current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs*

do not increase during Mr. Barneson's continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout Mr. Barneson's continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.

(12) Under Mr. Barneson's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his life insurance benefits for three years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout the benefit continuation period at his current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.

- (13) *Reflects the life insurance benefit payable assuming Mr. Barneson's death had occurred on December 31, 2010 other than while traveling on company-related business. Such life insurance benefit would have been paid by a third-party insurer and not by us. We maintain a travel and accidental death policy for certain employees, including Mr. Barneson, that would provide an additional \$1,000,000 death benefit payable to Mr. Barneson's estate if his death occurs during company-related travel. Such death benefit would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.*
- (14) *Under Mr. Barneson's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Barneson's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his perquisites for three years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the estimated cost to us of continuing Mr. Barneson's perquisites for such three-year period as follows: club membership dues, \$26,340; and vehicle allowance, \$31,377. Such amounts have been estimated by multiplying the cost of Mr. Barneson's perquisites for 2010 by three.*
- (15) *Under Mr. Barneson's Change in Control Agreement, in general, if any payments to Mr. Barneson would be subject to federal excise tax or any similar state or local tax by reason of being considered contingent on a change in control, we must pay to Mr. Barneson an additional amount such that, after satisfaction of all tax obligations imposed on such payments, Mr. Barneson retains an amount equal to the federal excise tax or similar state or local tax imposed on such payments. The table reflects an estimate of such additional amount that we would have been obligated to pay Mr. Barneson if his employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010 by us without cause or by him for good reason following a change in control on such date.*
- (16) *If Mr. Barneson's employment had been terminated as a result of his death or disability, his employment had been terminated by us without cause or his employment had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, or if there had been a change in control, then (a) the restrictions on all shares of restricted stock that were held by Mr. Barneson on December 31, 2010 would have lapsed, (b) the performance shares granted to him effective March 3, 2008 would have remained outstanding, with the number of shares of common stock to be received by Mr. Barneson determined based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (c) the target number of performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have vested; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to the sum of (i) all shares of restricted stock held by Mr. Barneson on December 31, 2010, (ii) the number of shares of common stock received by Mr. Barneson in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 3, 2008 based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (iii) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. Barneson in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010. If Mr. Barneson had qualified for retirement on December 31, 2010 and he had retired on such date, then (a) the shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Barneson effective March 3, 2008 would have been forfeited, (b) the shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Barneson effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have remained outstanding and the restrictions on such shares would lapse on March 5, 2012 and March 5, 2013, respectively, (c) the performance shares granted to Mr. Barneson effective March 3, 2008 would have been forfeited, and (d) the performance shares granted to Mr. Barneson effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have remained outstanding with the number of shares of common stock, if any, to be received by Mr. Barneson in respect to such performance shares to be determined based on the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance periods; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to the sum of (i) all shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Barneson effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010, and (ii) the*

target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. Barneson in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010.

- (17) *Reflects the spread, if any, of (a) the aggregate market value of the shares of common stock purchasable upon exercise of the option rights which would have vested early due to Mr. Barneson's termination, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, over (b) the aggregate exercise price required to purchase such shares upon exercise of such option rights. All option rights that were held by Mr. Barneson on December 31, 2010 had previously vested. Accordingly, no spread is reflected in the table because the \$80.01 per share exercise price of such option rights exceeded the \$50.09*

closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010.

- (18) Under our Restoration Plan, Mr. Barneson is entitled to a distribution of his account balance six months following his termination, except that he will forfeit the entire amount of matching and fixed rate contributions made by us to his account if he is terminated for cause. In addition, under our Savings Plan, upon termination of employment, Mr. Barneson is eligible to receive a distribution of his vested balance under the plan; however, such balance is not reflected in this table.*

JOHN M. DONNAN**Circumstances of Termination**

| Payments and Benefits | Voluntary Termination by Named Executive Officer | | Termination by us without Cause or by the Named Executive Officer with Good Reason | | Termination by us without Cause or by the Named Executive Officer with Good Reason | | Retirement At or After Age | |
|--|--|-----------|--|------------------------------------|--|------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| | Prior to Termination by us for Cause | Age 65 | Executive Officer with Good Reason | Executive Officer with Good Reason | Change in Control | 65 | Disability | Death |
| Payment of earned but unpaid: | | | | | | | | |
| Base salary (1) | | | | | | | | |
| Short-term incentive (2) | | | \$ 117,543 | \$ 117,543 | \$ 117,543 | \$ 117,543 | \$ 117,543 | \$ 117,543 |
| Vacation (3) | \$ 23,231 | \$ 23,231 | \$ 23,231 | \$ 23,231 | \$ 23,231 | \$ 23,231 | \$ 23,231 | \$ 23,231 |
| Other Benefits: | | | | | | | | |
| Lump sum payment | | | \$ 92,923(4) | \$ 912,000(5) | | | | |
| Healthcare benefits | | | \$ 6,493(6) | \$ 44,313(7) | | | | |
| Disability benefits | | | \$ 1,861(8) | \$ 12,492(9) | | \$ 1,875,145(10) | | |
| Life insurance | | | \$ 297(11) | \$ 1,993(12) | | | | \$ 600,000(13) |
| Perquisites and other personal benefits | | | | \$ 25,368(14) | | | | |
| Tax gross-up (15) | | | | | | | | |
| Acceleration of Equity Awards: | | | | | | | | |
| Market value of stock vesting on termination | | | \$ 2,118,306 | \$ 2,118,306 | \$ 1,941,238 | \$ 2,118,306 | \$ 2,118,306 | \$ 2,118,306 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (16) | | | | | | | |
| Spread for | | | | | | | |
| options vesting | | | | | | | |
| on termination | | | | | | | |
| (17) | | | | | | | |
| Distribution of | | | | | | | |
| Restoration | | | | | | | |
| Plan Balance: | | | | | | | |
| Amount of | | | | | | | |
| Distribution | | | | | | | |
| (18) | \$ 213,413 | | \$ 213,413 | \$ 213,413 | \$ 213,413 | \$ 213,413 | \$ 213,413 |
| Total | \$ 236,644 | \$ 23,231 | \$ 2,574,067 | \$ 3,468,659 | \$ 2,295,425 | \$ 4,347,638 | \$ 3,072,493 |

- (1) Assumes that there is no earned but unpaid base salary at the time of termination.
- (2) Under our 2010 STI Plan, Mr. Donnan's target award for 2010 was \$154,000, but his award could have ranged from a threshold of \$77,000 to a maximum of \$462,000, or could have been zero if the threshold performance was not achieved. Mr. Donnan's award under our 2010 STI Plan was determined in March 2011 to be \$117,543. Under the 2010 STI Plan, Mr. Donnan would have been entitled to a pro rata award under the 2010 STI Plan if his employment had been terminated during 2010 but prior to December 31, 2010 and his employment had been terminated as a result of death, disability, normal retirement or full early retirement (position elimination), had been terminated by us without cause or had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason. Under Mr. Donnan's Change in Control Agreement, if his employment had been terminated by us without cause or by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control and such termination had occurred during 2010 other than on December 31, 2010, Mr. Donnan's target award for 2010 under our 2010 STI Plan would have been prorated for the actual number of days of Mr. Donnan's employment in 2010 and Mr. Donnan would have been entitled to payment of such amount. If Mr. Donnan's employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010, the last day of our 2010 fiscal year, Mr. Donnan would have been entitled to full payment of his award (\$117,543) under the 2010 STI Plan unless his employment had been terminated by us for cause or voluntarily terminated by him other than for good reason.
- (3) Assumes that Mr. Donnan used all of his 2010 vacation and that he has four weeks of accrued vacation for 2011.
- (4) Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Donnan is entitled to a lump-sum payment equal to his weekly base salary multiplied by a number of weeks (not to exceed 26), which we refer to as the continuation period, determined based on his number of years of full employment. As of December 31, 2010, Mr. Donnan's continuation period was 16 weeks.

- (5) *Under Mr. Donnan's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period beginning 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, Mr. Donnan is entitled to a lump-sum payment equal to two times the sum of his base salary and most recent short-term incentive target.*
- (6) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Donnan is entitled to continuation of his medical and dental benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan through out Mr. Donnan's continuation period and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011.*
- (7) *Under Mr. Donnan's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his medical and dental benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan through out the benefit continuation period and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011 and assuming a 10% increase in the cost of medical and dental coverage for 2012 as compared to 2011.*
- (8) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Donnan is entitled to continuation of his disability benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout Mr. Donnan's continuation period, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during Mr. Donnan's continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout Mr. Donnan's continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (9) *Under Mr. Donnan's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his disability benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage through out the benefit continuation period, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (d) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (10) *Reflects the actuarial present value of Mr. Donnan's disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming full disability at December 31, 2010, (b) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (c) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum. Such disability benefits would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.*

(11) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. Donnan is entitled to continuation of his life insurance benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout Mr. Donnan's continuation period at his current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during Mr. Donnan's continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout Mr. Donnan's continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*

- (12) *Under Mr. Donnan's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his life insurance benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage through out the benefit continuation period at his current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (13) *Reflects the life insurance benefit payable assuming Mr. Donnan's death had occurred on December 31, 2010 other than while traveling on company-related business. Such life insurance benefit would have been paid by a third-party insurer and not by us. We maintain a travel and accidental death policy for certain employees, including Mr. Donnan, that would provide an additional \$1,000,000 death benefit payable to Mr. Donnan's estate if his death occurs during company-related travel. Such death benefit would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.*
- (14) *Under Mr. Donnan's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. Donnan's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his perquisites for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the estimated cost to us of continuing Mr. Donnan's perquisites for such two-year period as follows: vehicle allowance, \$25,368. Such amount has been estimated by multiplying the cost of Mr. Donnan's vehicle allowance for 2010 by two.*
- (15) *Under Mr. Donnan's Change in Control Agreement, in general, if any payments to Mr. Donnan would be subject to federal excise tax or any similar state or local tax by reason of being considered contingent on a change in control, we must pay to Mr. Donnan an additional amount such that, after satisfaction of all tax obligations imposed on such payments, Mr. Donnan retains an amount equal to the federal excise tax or similar state or local tax imposed on such payments. The table reflects an estimate of such additional amount that we would have been obligated to pay Mr. Donnan if his employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010 by us without cause or by him for good reason following a change in control on such date.*
- (16) *If Mr. Donnan's employment had been terminated as a result of his death or disability, his employment had been terminated by us without cause or his employment had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, or if there had been a change in control, then (a) the restrictions on all shares of restricted stock that were held by Mr. Donnan on December 31, 2010 would have lapsed, (b) the performance shares granted to him effective March 3, 2008 would have remained outstanding, with the number of shares of common stock to be received by Mr. Donnan determined based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (c) the target number of performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have vested; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to (i) all shares of restricted stock held by Mr. Donnan on December 31, 2010, (ii) the number of shares of common stock received by Mr. Donnan in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 3, 2008 based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (iii) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. Donnan in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010. If Mr. Donnan had qualified for retirement on December 31, 2010 and he had retired on such date, then (a) the shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Donnan effective March 3,*

2008 would have been forfeited, (b) the shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Donnan effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have remained outstanding and the restrictions on such shares would lapse on March 5, 2012 and March 5, 2013, respectively, (c) the performance shares granted to Mr. Donnan effective March 3, 2008 would have been forfeited, and (d) the performance shares granted to Mr. Donnan effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have remained outstanding with the number of shares of common stock, if any, to be received by Mr. Donnan in respect of such performance shares to be determined based on the performance level achieved during the applicable three-year performance periods; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares

equal to the sum of (i) all shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. Donnan effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010, and (ii) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. Donnan in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010.

- (17) *Reflects the spread, if any, of (a) the aggregate market value of the shares of common stock purchasable upon exercise of the option rights which would have vested early due to Mr. Donnan's termination, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, over (b) the aggregate exercise price required to purchase such shares upon exercise of such option rights. All option rights that were held by Mr. Donnan on December 31, 2010 had previously vested. Accordingly, no spread is reflected in the table because the \$80.01 per share exercise price of such option rights exceeded the \$50.09 closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010.*
- (18) *Under our Restoration Plan, Mr. Donnan is entitled to a distribution of his account balance six months following his termination, except that he will forfeit the entire amount of matching and fixed rate contributions made by us to his account if he is terminated for cause. In addition, under our Savings Plan, upon termination of employment, Mr. Donnan is eligible to receive a distribution of his vested balance under the plan; however, such balance is not reflected in this table.*

JAMES E. MCAULIFFE, JR.

| | Circumstances of Termination | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Voluntary Termination by Named Executive Officer Prior to Termination by us for Cause | Termination by us without Cause or by the Named Executive Officer with Good Reason | Termination by us without Cause or by the Named Executive Officer with Good Reason | Executive Officer with Good Reason Following a Change in Control | Retirement At or After | Disability | Death |
| Payments and Benefits | Age 65 | by us for Cause | Good Reason | Control | Age 65 | Disability | Death |
| Payment of earned but unpaid: | | | | | | | |
| Base salary (1) | | | | | | | |
| Short-term incentive (2) | | | \$ 82,432 | \$ 82,432 | \$ 82,432 | \$ 82,432 | \$ 82,432 |
| Vacation (3) | \$ 18,538 | \$ 18,538 | \$ 18,538 | \$ 18,538 | \$ 18,538 | \$ 18,538 | \$ 18,538 |
| Other Benefits: | | | | | | | |
| Lump sum payment | | | \$ 46,346(4) | \$ 698,000(5) | | | |
| Healthcare benefits | | | \$ 4,058(6) | \$ 44,313(7) | | | |
| Disability benefits | | | \$ 819(8) | \$ 7,834(9) | | \$ 239,717(10) | |
| Life insurance | | | \$ 1,005(11) | \$ 10,541(12) | | | \$ 300,000(13) |
| Perquisites and other personal benefits | | | | \$ 21,622(14) | | | |
| Tax gross-up (15) | | | | | | | |
| Acceleration of Equity Awards: | | | | | | | |
| Market value of stock vesting on termination | | | \$ 1,023,289 | \$ 1,023,289 | \$ 918,550 | \$ 1,023,289 | \$ 1,023,289 |

| | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (16) | | | | | | | |
| Spread for options vesting on termination | | | | | | | |
| (17) | | | | | | | |
| Distribution of Restoration Plan Balance: | | | | | | | |
| Amount of Distribution | | | | | | | |
| (18) | \$ 134,201 | | \$ 134,201 | \$ 134,201 | \$ 134,201 | \$ 134,201 | \$ 134,201 |
| Total | \$ 152,739 | \$ 18,538 | \$ 1,310,688 | \$ 2,040,770 | \$ 1,153,722 | \$ 1,498,177 | \$ 1,558,460 |

- (1) Assumes that there is no earned but unpaid base salary at the time of termination.
- (2) Under our 2010 STI Plan, Mr. McAuliffe's target award for 2010 was \$108,000, but his award could have ranged from a threshold of \$54,000 to a maximum of \$324,000, or could have been zero if the threshold performance was not achieved. Mr. McAuliffe's award under our 2010 STI Plan was determined in March 2011 to be \$82,432. Under the 2010 STI Plan, Mr. McAuliffe would have been entitled to a pro rata award under the 2010 STI Plan if his employment had been terminated during 2010 but prior to December 31, 2010 and his employment had been terminated as a result of death, disability, normal retirement or full early retirement (position elimination), had been terminated by us without cause or had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason. Under Mr. McAuliffe's Change in Control Agreement, if his employment had been terminated by us without cause or by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control and such termination had occurred during 2010 other than on December 31, 2010, Mr. McAuliffe's target award for 2010 under our 2010 STI Plan would have been prorated for the actual number of days of Mr. McAuliffe's employment in 2010 and Mr. McAuliffe would have been entitled to payment of such amount. If Mr. McAuliffe's employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010, the last day of our 2010 fiscal year, Mr. McAuliffe would have been entitled to full payment of his award (\$82,432) under the 2010 STI Plan unless his employment had been terminated by us for cause or voluntarily terminated by him other than for good reason.
- (3) Assumes that Mr. McAuliffe used all of his 2010 vacation and that he has four weeks of accrued vacation for 2011.
- (4) Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. McAuliffe is entitled to a lump-sum payment equal to his weekly base salary multiplied by a number of weeks (not to exceed 26), which we refer to as the continuation period, determined based on his number of years of full employment. As of December 31, 2010, Mr. McAuliffe's continuation period was 10 weeks.
- (5) Under Mr. McAuliffe's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period beginning 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, Mr. McAuliffe is entitled to a lump-sum payment equal to two times the sum of his base salary and most recent short-term incentive target.

- (6) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. McAuliffe is entitled to continuation of his medical and dental benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan throughout Mr. McAuliffe's continuation period and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011.*
- (7) *Under Mr. McAuliffe's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his medical and dental benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such medical and dental benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming family coverage in a point of service medical plan and a premium dental plan throughout the benefit continuation period and (b) based on current COBRA coverage rates for 2011 and assuming a 10% increase in the cost of medical and dental coverage for 2012 as compared to 2011.*
- (8) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. McAuliffe is entitled to continuation of his disability benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout Mr. McAuliffe's continuation period, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during Mr. McAuliffe's continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout Mr. McAuliffe's continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (9) *Under Mr. McAuliffe's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his disability benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout the benefit continuation period, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (d) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.*
- (10) *Reflects the actuarial present value of Mr. McAuliffe's disability benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming full disability at December 31, 2010, (b) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (c) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum. Such disability benefits would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.*
- (11) *Under our Salaried Severance Plan, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause, Mr. McAuliffe is entitled to continuation of his life insurance benefits following the termination of employment for a period not to exceed the shorter of his continuation period (as described above in Note 4) and the period commencing on the termination of employment and ending on the date he is no longer eligible for coverage*

under COBRA. The table reflects the present value of such life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout Mr. McAuliffe's continuation period at his current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during Mr. McAuliffe's continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout Mr. McAuliffe's continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.

(12) Under Mr. McAuliffe's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his life insurance benefits for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the present value of such

life insurance benefits at December 31, 2010 determined (a) assuming coverage throughout the benefit continuation period at his current election of the maximum available coverage, (b) based on our current costs of providing such benefits and assuming such costs do not increase during the applicable benefit continuation period, (c) assuming we pay such costs throughout the applicable benefit continuation period in the same manner as we currently pay such costs, (d) assuming mortality according to the RP-2000 Combined Health mortality table published by the Society of Actuaries, and (e) applying a discount rate of 4.70% per annum.

- (13) *Reflects the life insurance benefit payable assuming Mr. McAuliffe's death had occurred on December 31, 2010 other than while traveling on company-related business. Such life insurance benefit would have been paid by a third-party insurer and not by us. We maintain a travel and accidental death policy for certain employees, including Mr. McAuliffe, that would provide an additional \$1,000,000 death benefit payable to Mr. McAuliffe's estate if his death occurs during company-related travel. Such death benefit would be paid by a third-party insurer and not by us.*
- (14) *Under Mr. McAuliffe's Change in Control Agreement, if Mr. McAuliffe's employment is terminated by us without cause or is voluntarily terminated by him for good reason within the period commencing 90 days prior to a change in control and ending two years following a change in control, we must continue his perquisites for two years commencing on the date of such termination. The table reflects the estimated cost to us of continuing Mr. McAuliffe's perquisites for such two-year period as follows: vehicle allowance, \$21,622. Such amount has been estimated by multiplying the cost of Mr. McAuliffe's vehicle allowance for 2010 by two.*
- (15) *Under Mr. McAuliffe's Change in Control Agreement, in general, if any payments to Mr. McAuliffe would be subject to federal excise tax or any similar state or local tax by reason of being considered contingent on a change in control, we must pay to Mr. McAuliffe an additional amount such that, after satisfaction of all tax obligations imposed on such payments, Mr. McAuliffe retains an amount equal to the federal excise tax or similar state or local tax imposed on such payments. The table reflects an estimate of such additional amount that we would have been obligated to pay Mr. McAuliffe if his employment had been terminated on December 31, 2010 by us without cause or by him for good reason following a change in control on such date.*
- (16) *If Mr. McAuliffe's employment had been terminated as a result of his death or disability, his employment had been terminated by us without cause or his employment had been voluntarily terminated by him for good reason, or if there had been a change in control, then (a) the restrictions on all shares of restricted stock that were held by Mr. McAuliffe on December 31, 2010 would have lapsed, (b) the performance shares granted to him effective March 3, 2008 would have remained outstanding, with the number of shares of common stock to be received by Mr. McAuliffe determined based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (c) the target number of performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have vested; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to the sum of (i) all shares of restricted stock held by Mr. McAuliffe on December 31, 2010, (ii) the number of shares of common stock received by Mr. McAuliffe in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 3, 2008 based on the actual level of performance achieved in 2008, 2009 and 2010, and (iii) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. McAuliffe in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010. Mr. McAuliffe had qualified for retirement on December 31, 2010 and if he had retired on such date, then (a) the shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. McAuliffe effective March 3, 2008 would have been forfeited, (b) the shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. McAuliffe effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have remained outstanding and the restrictions on such shares would lapse on March 5, 2012 and March 5, 2013, respectively (c) the performance shares granted to Mr. McAuliffe effective March 3, 2008 would have been forfeited and (d) the performance shares granted to Mr. McAuliffe*

effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010 would have remained outstanding with the number of shares of common stock, if any, to be received by Mr. McAuliffe in respect of such performance shares to be determined based on the performance level achieved during the three-year performance periods; in such circumstances, the table reflects the aggregate market value, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, of a number of shares equal to the sum of (i) all shares of restricted stock granted to Mr. McAuliffe effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010, and (ii) the target number of shares of common stock that could be received by Mr. McAuliffe in respect of the performance shares granted to him effective March 5, 2009 and March 5, 2010.

- (17) *Reflects the spread, if any, of (a) the aggregate market value of the shares of common stock purchasable upon exercise of the option rights which would have vested early due to Mr. McAuliffe's termination, determined based on a per share price of \$50.09, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010, which was the last trading day of 2010, over (b) the aggregate exercise price required to purchase such shares upon exercise of such option rights. All option rights that were held by Mr. McAuliffe on December 31, 2010 had previously vested. Accordingly, no spread is reflected in the table because the \$80.01 per share exercise price of such option rights exceeded the \$50.09 closing price per share of our common stock as reported on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on December 31, 2010.*
- (18) *Under our Restoration Plan, Mr. McAuliffe is entitled to a distribution of his account balance six months following his termination, except that he will forfeit the entire amount of matching and fixed rate contributions made by us to his account if he is terminated for cause. In addition, under our Savings Plan, upon termination of employment, Mr. McAuliffe is eligible to receive a distribution of his vested balance under the plan; however, such balance is not reflected in this table.*

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

The table below sets forth certain information concerning compensation of our non-employee directors who served in 2010.

Director Compensation for 2010

| Name | Fees Earned or | | Total (2) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------|
| | Paid in Cash | Stock Awards (1) | |
| Carolyn Bartholomew | \$ 62,750(3) | \$ 60,000 | \$ 122,750 |
| David Foster | \$ 55,750(3) | \$ 60,000 | \$ 115,750 |
| Teresa A. Hopp | \$ 77,250(3) | \$ 60,000 | \$ 137,250 |
| Lauralee E. Martin(4) | \$ 41,750(5) | \$ 45,000(6) | \$ 86,750 |
| William F. Murdy | \$ 63,000(3) | \$ 60,000 | \$ 123,000 |
| Alfred E. Osborne, Jr., Ph.D. | \$ 80,250(3) | \$ 60,000 | \$ 140,250 |
| Jack Quinn | \$ 59,500(3) | \$ 60,000 | \$ 119,500 |
| Thomas M. Van Leeuwen | \$ 67,500(3) | \$ 60,000 | \$ 127,500 |
| Brett E. Wilcox | \$ 63,750(3) | \$ 60,000 | \$ 123,750 |

(1) Reflects the aggregate grant date fair value of restricted stock awards to non-employee directors determined in accordance with ASC Topic 718, without regard to potential forfeiture. On June 8, 2010, in accordance with our director compensation policy described below, each non-employee director, except Ms. Martin, received a grant of restricted stock having a value of \$60,000; the closing price per share of our common stock as reported by the Nasdaq Global Select Market on June 8, 2010 was \$35.39, resulting in the issuance of 1,695 shares of restricted stock to each non-employee director. For additional information regarding the compensation cost of restricted stock awards with respect to our 2010 fiscal year, see Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010. As of December 31, 2010, each non-employee director held 1,695 shares of restricted stock, except for Ms. Martin, who held 1,081 shares of restricted stock. The restrictions on 100% of the shares of restricted stock granted to non-employee directors will lapse on June 8, 2011 or earlier if the director's services to our company terminate as a result of death or disability, or in the event of a change in control. The non-employee director will receive all dividends and other distributions paid with respect to the shares of restricted stock he or she holds, but if any of such dividends or distributions are paid in shares of our capital stock, such shares will be subject to the same restrictions on transferability as are the shares of restricted stock with respect to which they were paid.

(2) Excludes perquisites and other personal benefits where the aggregate amount of such compensation to the director is less than \$10,000.

(3) Reflects (a) annual retainer of \$40,000, (b) any additional annual retainer for serving as Lead Independent Director or chair of a committee of the board of directors, and (c) fees for attendance of board or board committee meetings. Each non-employee director had the right to elect to receive shares of our common stock in lieu of any or all of his or her annual cash retainer, including retainers for serving as a committee chair or Lead Independent Director. In 2010: Ms. Bartholomew elected to receive 113 shares of common stock in lieu of approximately \$3,999 of her annual retainer; Mr. Murdy elected to receive 953 shares of common stock in lieu of approximately \$33,727 of his annual retainer; Dr. Osborne elected to receive 1,554 shares of common stock in lieu of approximately \$54,996 of his annual retainer; and Mr. Wilcox elected to receive 1,130 shares of common stock in lieu of approximately \$39,991 of his annual retainer. In each case, the number of shares received was determined based on a per share price of \$35.39, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported by the Nasdaq Global Select Market on June 8, 2010, the award date of the annual retainers.

- (4) *Ms. Martin was appointed to our board of directors in September 2010.*
- (5) *Reflects (a) annual retainer of \$30,000, which was prorated to reflect service on the board of directors of less than one full year prior to the 2011 meeting of the stockholders and (b) fees for attendance of board or board committee meetings. As described in Note 3 above, Ms. Martin had the right to elect to receive shares of our common stock in lieu of any or all of her annual cash retainer and elected to receive 721 shares of common stock in lieu of approximately \$29,994 of her annual retainer. The number of shares received was determined based on a per share price of \$41.60, the closing price per share of our common stock as reported by the*

Nasdaq Global Select Market on September 15, 2010, the date Ms. Martin was appointed to our board of directors and the award date of her annual retainer.

- (6) *On September 15, 2010, the date Ms. Martin was appointed to our board of directors, Ms. Martin received a grant of restricted stock having a value of \$45,000, which was prorated to reflect service on the board of directors of less than one full year prior to the 2011 meeting of the stockholders; the closing price per share of our common stock as reported by the Nasdaq Global Select Market on September 15, 2010 was \$41.60, resulting in the issuance of 1,081 shares of restricted stock.*

Director Compensation Arrangements

We periodically review director compensation in relation to other comparable companies and in light of other factors that the compensation committee deems appropriate and discuss director compensation with the full board of directors. In February 2010, the board of directors approved increases to audit committee meeting fees and to the audit committee chair annual retainer.

Pursuant to the director compensation policy, each non-employee director receives the following compensation:
an annual retainer of \$40,000 per year;

an annual grant of restricted stock having a value equal to \$60,000;

a fee of \$1,500 per day for each meeting of the board of directors attended in person and \$750 per day for each such meeting attended by phone; and

a fee of \$1,500 per day for each committee meeting of the board of directors attended in person on a date other than a date on which a meeting of the board of directors is held (\$2,000 per day for each such audit committee meeting) and \$750 per day for each such meeting attended by phone (\$1,000 per day for each such audit committee meeting).

In addition, pursuant to our director compensation policy, our Lead Independent Director receives an additional annual retainer of \$10,000, the chair of the audit committee receives an additional annual retainer of \$15,000, the chair of the compensation committee receives an additional annual retainer of \$5,000 and the chair of the nominating and corporate governance committee receives an additional annual retainer of \$5,000, with all such amounts payable at the same time as the annual retainer. Each non-employee director may elect to receive shares of common stock in lieu of any or all of his or her annual retainer, including any additional annual retainer for service as the Lead Independent Director or the chair of a committee of the board of directors. Our stock ownership guidelines require our non-employee directors to own company stock equal in value to five times their annual base retainer.

The payment of annual retainers, including any additional annual retainer for service as Lead Independent Director or the chair of a committee of the board of directors, and the annual grant of restricted stock is made each year on the date on which we hold our annual meeting of stockholders, unless the board of directors determines such payment and grant should occur on another date. The number of shares of common stock to be received in the grant of restricted stock, as well as the number of shares of common stock to be received by any non-employee director electing to receive common stock in lieu of any or all of his or her payment of annual retainer, including any additional annual retainer, will be based on the closing price per share of common stock on the date such grant and payments are made.

We reimburse all directors for reasonable and customary travel and other disbursements relating to meetings of the board of directors and committees thereof, and non-employee directors are provided accident insurance with respect to company-related business travel.

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2010 with respect to shares of our common stock that may be issued under equity compensation plans.

| Plan Category | Number of Shares of Common Stock to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (a) | Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights (b) | Number of Shares of Common Stock Remaining Available for Future Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Shares of Common Stock Reflected in Column (a)) (c) |
|---|--|--|--|
| Equity compensation plans approved by stockholders (1) | 716,844(2) | \$ 80.01(3) | 1,034,832(4) |
| Equity compensation plans not approved by stockholders 2006 Equity and Performance Incentive Plan, as amended | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Total | 716,844(2) | \$ 80.01(3) | 1,034,832(4) |

- (1) *Our Equity Incentive Plan initially became effective on July 6, 2006. thereafter, the Equity Incentive Plan was amended and restated by our board of directors effective as of February 6, 2008, again effective as of June 2, 2009 and again effective as of March 1, 2010; the amendments in connection therewith were not material and did not affect the number of shares available for issuance under the Equity Incentive Plan. Subsequently, the Equity Incentive Plan was amended and restated by our board of directors and approved by our stockholders effective June 8, 2010; in this instance, the amendments increased the number of shares available for issuance under the Equity Incentive Plan by 500,000 shares. The Equity Incentive Plan is our only equity compensation plan. A copy of the Equity Incentive Plan is attached as Exhibit 10.1 to our Current Report on Form 8-K dated and filed with the SEC on June 1, 2010.*
- (2) *Reflects options to purchase 22,077 shares of common stock, restricted stock units covering 7,872 shares of common stock and performance shares covering 686,895 shares of common stock, in each case outstanding as of December 31, 2010, and does not include unvested restricted shares outstanding on December 31, 2010.*
- (3) *Reflects the exercise price per share of common stock purchasable upon exercise of options outstanding as of December 31, 2010. The exercise price is the same for all such options. No exercise price is payable in connection with the issuance of shares covered by the restricted stock units or performance shares outstanding as of December 31, 2010.*
- (4) *Subject to certain adjustments that may be required from time to time to prevent dilution or enlargement of the rights of participants, a maximum of 2,722,222 shares of common stock may be issued under the Equity Incentive Plan, taking into account all shares issued under the Equity Incentive Plan. As of December 31, 2010, 970,555 shares of common stock had been issued thereunder. Of such 970,555 shares, 274,667 were shares of restricted*

stock that remained subject to forfeiture as of such date. In the event of forfeiture, such shares again become available for issuance.

PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS AND MANAGEMENT OWNERSHIP

The following table presents information regarding the number of shares of the company's common stock beneficially owned as of April 20, 2011 by:

each named executive officer;

each of our current directors;

all our current directors and executive officers as a group; and

each person or entity known to us to beneficially own 5% or more of our common stock as determined in accordance with Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Unless otherwise indicated by footnote, the beneficial owner exercises sole voting and investment power over the shares noted below. The percentage of beneficial ownership for our directors and executive officers, both individually and as a group, is calculated based on 19,268,791 shares of our common stock outstanding as of April 20, 2011.

| Name of Beneficial Owner | Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership | Percent of Class |
|--|---|---------------------|
| <i>Directors and Named Executive Officers</i> | | |
| Jack A. Hockema | 224,706(1)(2) | 1.2% |
| Daniel J. Rinkenberger | 50,773(1)(2) | * |
| John Barneson | 54,310(1)(2) | * |
| John M. Donnan | 56,700(1)(2) | * |
| James E. McAuliffe, Jr. | 22,419(1)(2) | * |
| Carolyn Bartholomew | 5,861(2) | * |
| David Foster | 3,435(2) | * |
| Teresa A. Hopp | 6,288(2) | * |
| Lauralee E. Martin | 1,802(2) | * |
| William F. Murdy | 10,367(2) | * |
| Alfred E. Osborne, Jr., PhD | 14,852(2)(3) | * |
| Jack Quinn | 7,463(2) | * |
| Thomas M. Van Leeuwen | 10,719(2) | * |
| Brett E. Wilcox | 12,045(2) | * |
| All current directors and executive officers as a group (16 persons) | 498,976(1)(2)(3) | 2.6% |
| <i>5% Stockholders</i> | | |
| BlackRock, Inc. | 1,199,640(4) | 6.2% |
| Dimensional Fund Advisors LP | 1,398,255(5) | 7.3% |
| Goldman Sachs Asset Management | 874,543(6) | 4.5% |
| Keeley Asset Management Corp | 1,202,005(7) | 6.2% |
| Piper Jaffray Companies | 2,690,821(8) | 14.0% |
| Union VEBA Trust | 2,980,059(9) | 15.5% |

* *Less than one percent.*

(1) *Includes shares of our common stock that as of April 20, 2011 were issuable upon exercise of options within 60 days after April 20, 2011, as follows: Hockema (8,037 shares); Rinkenberger (803 shares); Barneson (2,334 shares); Donnan (2,083 shares); McAuliffe (1,067 shares) and all current directors and executive officers as a group (14,324 shares).*

- (2) *Includes shares of restricted stock that remained subject to forfeiture as of April 20, 2011, as follows: Hockema (79,702 shares); Rinckenberger (27,796 shares); Barneson (23,200 shares); Donnan (21,834 shares); McAuliffe (7,229 shares); Bartholomew (1,695 shares); Foster (1,695 shares); Hopp (1,695 shares); Martin (1,081 shares); Murdy (1,695 shares); Osborne (1,695 shares); Quinn (1,695 shares); Van Leeuwen (1,695 shares); Wilcox (1,695 shares); and all current directors and executive officers as a group (190,346 shares).*

- (3) *Includes 3,500 shares of our common stock held by a Keough plan of which Dr. Osborne is the beneficiary, 200 shares of our common stock held by Dr. Osborne's son and 500 shares held by the Rahnasto/Osborne Revocable Trust U/A DTD 11/07/1999 of which Dr. Osborne is a co-beneficiary and a co-trustee.*
- (4) *Shares beneficially owned by BlackRock, Inc. are as reported on Schedule 13G filed by BlackRock, Inc. on February 7, 2011. BlackRock, Inc. has sole voting power and sole dispositive power with respect to all 1,199,640 shares. The principal address of BlackRock, Inc. is 40 East 52nd Street, New York, New York 10022.*
- (5) *Shares beneficially owned by Dimensional Fund Advisors, LP are as reported on Amendment No. 1 to Schedule 13G filed by the Dimensional Fund Advisors LP on February 11, 2011. Dimensional Fund Advisors, LP has sole voting power with respect to 1,366,142 shares and sole dispositive power with respect to 1,398,255 shares. The principal address of Dimensional Fund Advisors, LP is Palisades West, Building One, 6300 Bee Cave Road, Austin, Texas, 78746.*
- (6) *Shares beneficially owned by Goldman Sachs Asset Management are as reported on Amendment No. 1 to Schedule 13G filed by Goldman Sachs Asset Management on February 14, 2011. Goldman Sachs Asset Management has shared voting power with respect to 794,896 shares and shared dispositive power with respect to 874,543 shares. The principal address of Goldman Sachs Asset Management is 200 West Street, New York, New York 10282.*
- (7) *Shares beneficially owned by Keeley Asset Management Corp. are as reported on Amendment No. 2 to Schedule 13G filed by the Keeley Asset Management Corp. on February 7, 2011. Keeley Asset Management Corp. has sole voting power with respect to 1,165,565 shares and sole dispositive power with respect to 1,202,005 shares. The principal address of Keeley Asset Management Corp. is 401 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Illinois 60605.*
- (8) *Shares beneficially owned by Piper Jaffray Companies are as reported on Schedule 13G filed by the Piper Jaffray Companies on February 10, 2011. Such Schedule 13G reports that Piper Jaffray Companies has sole voting power and sole dispositive power with respect to all 2,690,821 shares. However, such Schedule 13G notes that such shares are beneficially owned by Advisory Research, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Piper Jaffray Companies, that Piper Jaffray Companies may be deemed to beneficially own such shares as a result of its control of Advisory Research, Inc. and that Piper Jaffray Companies disclaims beneficial ownership of such shares. The principal address of Piper Jaffray Companies is 800 Nicollet Mall Suite 800, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402, and the principal address of Advisory Research, Inc. is 180 N. Stetson, Chicago, IL 60601.*
- (9) *Shares beneficially owned by the VEBA trust that provides benefits for certain eligible retirees represented by certain unions and their spouses and eligible dependents, or the Union VEBA Trust, are as reported on the Form 4 filed by the Union VEBA Trust on April 21, 2011. The information in this footnote regarding the voting and investment power of the Union VEBA Trust is based on the information reported on the Amendment No. 2 to Schedule 13G filed by the Union VEBA Trust on February 16, 2010 and other information provided by the Union VEBA Trust. Pursuant to a Prohibited Transaction Exemption, or the PTE, that has been granted by the U.S. Department of Labor, the trustees of the Union VEBA Trust are required to have an independent fiduciary in place to act with respect to the shares of our common stock. Independent Fiduciary Services, Inc., or IFS, is an independent fiduciary of the Union VEBA Trust pursuant to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act. Pursuant to the trust agreement governing the Union VEBA Trust, a separate engagement letter and the PTE, IFS has discretionary authority with respect to the disposition and voting of the shares of our common stock. Although IFS is granted exclusive voting and dispositive power over the shares of our common stock pursuant to the trust agreement, engagement letter and the PTE, the Union VEBA Trust is deemed to share voting and dispositive power with IFS due to the Union VEBA Trust's right to replace IFS as its independent fiduciary*

under such agreements. The principal address of the Union VEBA Trust is c/o The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation, as Trustee for the VEBA for Retirees of Kaiser Aluminum, One Mellon Center, Room 151-1935, Pittsburg, PA 15258.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Director Designation Agreement

For a description of the Director Designation Agreement with the USW, see Corporate Governance Director Designation Agreement above.

Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement

On July 6, 2006, in connection with our emergence from chapter 11 bankruptcy, we entered into a Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement with the trustee of the Union VEBA Trust, which is our largest stockholder. The Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement provides, in general, that, until the earliest of (1) July 6, 2016, (2) the repeal, amendment or modification of Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 in such a way as to render us no longer subject to the restrictions imposed by Section 382, (3) the beginning of a taxable year in which none of the income tax benefits in existence on July 6, 2006 are currently available or will be available, (4) the determination by our board of directors that the restrictions will no longer apply, (5) a determination by the board of directors or the Internal Revenue Service that we are ineligible to use Section 382(1)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 permitting full use of the income tax benefits existing on July 6, 2006, and (6) an election by us for Section 382(1)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not to apply, except as described below the trustee of the Union VEBA Trust will be prohibited from transferring or otherwise disposing of more than 15% of the total number of shares of common stock deemed to be issued pursuant to our chapter 11 plan of reorganization to the Union VEBA Trust in any 12-month period without the prior written approval of our board of directors in accordance with our certificate of incorporation. The number of shares of our common stock that generally may be sold by the Union VEBA Trust under the Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement without approval of our board of directors during any 12-month period is 1,321,485. Pursuant to the Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement, the trustee of the Union VEBA Trust also expressly acknowledged and agreed to comply with the restrictions on the transfer of our securities contained in our certificate of incorporation.

Registration Rights Agreement

On July 6, 2006, we entered into the Registration Rights Agreement with the trustee of the Union VEBA Trust and certain parties. The Registration Rights Agreement provides the Union VEBA Trust with certain rights to require that we register the resale of the shares of common stock issued to the Union VEBA Trust pursuant to our plan of reorganization unless such securities (1) are disposed of pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, or the Securities Act, (2) are distributed to the public pursuant to Rule 144 under the Securities Act, (3) may be freely sold publicly without either registration under the Securities Act or compliance with any restrictions under Rule 144 under the Securities Act, (4) have been transferred to any person, or (5) have ceased to be outstanding (prior to the occurrence of any such event, such securities (together with any shares of common stock issued as a dividend or other distribution with respect to, or in exchange for or in replacement of, such securities are referred to below as registrable securities).

Pursuant to Section 3.1 of the Registration Rights Agreement, the Union VEBA Trust may (and, if so directed by its independent fiduciary, will) demand that we prepare and file with the SEC a shelf registration statement covering the resale of all registrable securities held by the Union VEBA Trust on a continuous basis under and in accordance with Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The Registration Rights Agreement provides that, following receipt of such a request, we will prepare and file the shelf registration covering all registrable securities held by the Union VEBA Trust and will use commercially reasonable efforts to cause the shelf registration to be declared effective under the Securities Act as soon as practicable after such filing.

On April 2, 2010, in response to a demand by the Union VEBA Trust, we filed a registration statement on Form S-3 for the resale of up to 4,392,265 shares of our common stock then owned by the Union VEBA Trust. The registration statement became effective on July 9, 2010. While all shares of our common stock owned by the Union VEBA Trust are registered under the registration statement, pursuant to the Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement referred to above, the Union VEBA Trust generally may not sell more than 1,321,485 shares of our common stock in any 12-month period without the prior approval of our board of directors.

Subject to provisions for reimbursement in limited circumstances, we bore all of our out-of-pocket expenses and legal fees of the Union VEBA Trust up to \$50,000 in connection with the registration under the Registration Rights

Agreement. All underwriting fees, discounts, selling commissions and stock transfer taxes applicable to the sale of registrable securities were borne by the Union VEBA Trust.

The Registration Rights Agreement also provides that we will file all required SEC reports, and cooperate with the Union VEBA Trust, to the extent required to permit the Union VEBA Trust to sell, subject to the terms of the Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement, its registrable securities without registration under Rule 144.

Union VEBA Annual Variable Cash Contribution

We make annual variable cash contributions to the Union VEBA Trust pursuant to agreements reached during our chapter 11 bankruptcy. Under these agreements, the aggregate amount to be contributed to the Union VEBA Trust is 8.5% of the first \$20 million of annual cash flow (as defined; but generally, earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation and amortization less cash payments for, among other things, interest, income taxes and capital expenditures), plus 17% of annual cash flow, as defined, in excess of \$20 million. The aggregate annual payment to the Union VEBA Trust may not exceed \$17 million and is also limited (with no carryover to future years) to the extent that the payment would cause our liquidity to be less than \$50 million. The amount of the variable cash contribution is determined on an annual basis and payable within 120 days following the end of fiscal year, or within 15 days following the date on which we file our Annual Report on Form 10-K with the SEC (or, if no such report is required to be filed, within 15 days of the delivery of the independent auditor's opinion of our annual financial statements), whichever is earlier. In March 2010 and 2011, we made cash contributions of \$2.4 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, to the Union VEBA Trust. In addition, we are obligated to pay one-half of the administrative expenses of the Union VEBA Trust, up to \$250,000, in each calendar year. The administrative expenses of the Union VEBA Trust for 2010 were paid in March 2011. In connection with the renewal and ratification of a labor agreement with the members of the USW at our Newark, Ohio and Spokane, Washington facilities on January 20, 2010, we agreed to extend our obligation to make an annual variable cash contribution to the Union VEBA Trust, which was originally set to expire on December 31, 2012, to September 30, 2017. The Union VEBA Trust is managed by four trustees (two appointed by us and two appointed by the USW), and its assets are managed by an independent fiduciary.

Review, Approval of or Ratification of Transactions with Related Persons

Our corporate governance guidelines require that our board of directors conduct an appropriate review of all related-party transactions. The charter for the audit committee of our board of directors requires that any related-party transaction required to be disclosed under Item 404 of SEC Regulation S-K must be approved by the audit committee. Neither the board of directors nor the audit committee has adopted specific policies or procedures for review or approval of related-party transactions.

The Director Designation Agreement, the Stock Transfer Restriction Agreement, the Registration Rights Agreement and the Union VEBA Trust annual variable contribution were authorized in connection with our plan of reorganization and, accordingly, our corporate governance guidelines and audit committee charter, which were also adopted upon emergence, were not applicable. The extension of the terms of the Director Designation Agreement and the obligation to make annual variable cash contributions to the Union VEBA Trust were reviewed with our board of directors and audit committee before being ratified by the audit committee.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The audit committee charter requires the audit committee to undertake a variety of activities designed to assist our board of directors in fulfilling its oversight role regarding our independent registered public accounting firm's independence, our financial reporting process, our systems of internal controls and our compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations. These requirements are briefly summarized under Corporate Governance Board Committees Audit Committee above. The audit committee charter also makes it clear that the independent registered public accounting firm is ultimately accountable to the board of directors and the audit committee, not management.

Our internal accountants prepare our consolidated financial statements and our independent registered public accounting firm is responsible for auditing those financial statements. The audit committee oversees the financial reporting processes implemented by management but does not conduct any auditing or accounting reviews. The members of the audit committee are not company employees. Instead, the audit committee relies, without independent verification, on management's representation that the financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and on the representations of our independent registered public accounting firm included in its report on our financial statements. The audit committee's oversight does not provide them with an independent basis for determining whether management has maintained appropriate accounting and financial reporting principles or policies or appropriate internal controls and procedures designed to assure compliance with accounting standards and applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, the audit committee's discussions with management and its accountants do not ensure that the financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America or that the audit of the financial statements has been carried out in accordance with auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board or that our independent registered public accounting firm is in fact independent.

We have engaged Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent registered public accounting firm to audit and report to our stockholders on our financial statements for 2011 and the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting. The audit committee has discussed with management and Deloitte & Touche LLP significant accounting policies applied by us in our financial statements as well as alternative treatments and significant judgments, including (1) the valuation of our commitments and contingencies, (2) estimates in respect of defined benefit plans, including the two defined benefit postretirement medical plans maintained by the Union VEBA Trust and another VEBA trust that provides benefits for certain other eligible retirees and their surviving spouses and eligible dependents, (3) estimates in regard to environmental commitments and contingencies, (4) estimates in respect to conditional asset retirement obligations, (5) long lived assets, (6) our tax attributes, (7) tax contingencies, and (8) inventory valuation. For a more detailed discussion of these accounting items, see Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. During the year ended December 31, 2010, there were no disagreements with Deloitte & Touche LLP on any matter of accounting principle or practice, financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure, which, if not resolved to the satisfaction of Deloitte & Touche LLP, would have caused them to make a reference to the subject matter of the disagreement in connection with its reports.

The audit committee has reviewed and discussed the company's audited financial statements contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 with our management. The audit committee has also discussed with our independent registered public accounting firm the matters required to be discussed pursuant to applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent accountant's communications with the audit committee concerning independence.

The audit committee has also received and reviewed the written disclosures and the letter from Deloitte & Touche LLP required by applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board regarding the independent accountant's communications with the audit committee concerning independence, and has discussed with Deloitte & Touche LLP its independence.

The audit committee discussed with our internal accountants and Deloitte & Touche LLP the overall scope and plans for their respective audits. The audit committee meets with management, our internal auditors and our independent auditors periodically in separate private sessions to discuss any matter that the committee, management, the independent auditors or such other persons believe should be discussed privately.

Based on the review and discussions referred to above, the audit committee recommended to the board of directors that the audited financial statements be included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, as filed with the SEC.

The audit committee considered whether, and concluded that, the provision by Deloitte & Touche LLP of the services for which we paid the amounts set forth under Tax Fees and All Other Fees below is compatible with maintaining the independence of Deloitte & Touche LLP.

This report is submitted by the members of the audit committee of the board of directors:

Audit Committee

Teresa A. Hopp (Chair)
 Carolyn Bartholomew
 Lauralee E. Martin
 Alfred E. Osborne, Jr., Ph.D.
 Thomas M. Van Leeuwen
 Brett E. Wilcox

This Audit Committee Report does not constitute soliciting material and shall not be deemed filed or incorporated by reference into any other filing made by us under the Securities Act or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent that we specifically incorporate this Audit Committee Report by reference therein.

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The following table presents fees for professional audit services rendered by Deloitte & Touche LLP for the audit of our annual financial statements for each of 2009 and 2010, and fees billed for other services rendered by Deloitte & Touche LLP.

| | 2009 | 2010 |
|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Audit Fees(1) | \$ 1,696,323 | \$ 1,731,130 |
| Audit-Related Fees (2) | \$ 28,355 | \$ 46,286 |
| Tax Fees (3) | \$ 46,255 | \$ 3,100 |
| All Other Fees (4) | \$ 1,500 | \$ 106,577 |

(1) *Audit fees consist principally of fees for the audit of our annual financial statements and review of our financial statements included in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for those years, and for audit services provided in connection with compliance with the requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*

(2) *Audit related fees consist principally of fees from statutory audits.*

(3) *Tax fees consist principally of fees for tax advisory services.*

(4) *All other fees for 2009 consist of a subscription fee to the Deloitte & Touche LLP Research Tool Library. All other fees for 2010 consist of fees relating to our cash convertible notes offering in March 2010, a subscription fee to the Deloitte & Touche LLP Research Tool Library, and fees relating to the review of agreed-upon procedures relating to certain environmental matters.*

The audit committee charter requires that the audit committee pre-approve all audit and non-audit engagements, fees, terms and services in a manner consistent with Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and all rules and applicable listing standards promulgated by the SEC and the Nasdaq Marketplace Rules and other applicable criteria of FINRA. The audit committee may delegate the authority to grant any pre-approvals of non-audit engagements to one or more members of the audit committee, provided that such member (or members) reports any pre-approvals to the audit committee at its next scheduled meeting. The audit committee has delegated pre-approval authority to its chair. All of the audit-related fees, tax fees and other fees for 2010 were pre-approved by the audit committee.

Representatives of Deloitte & Touche LLP are expected to be present at the Annual Meeting and will have the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and will be available to respond to appropriate questions.

SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires our officers and directors and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities to file initial reports of ownership and reports of changes in ownership with the SEC. Such persons are required by regulation of the SEC to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Based solely on our review of the copies of such forms or written representations from certain reporting persons received by us with respect to 2010, we believe that our officers and directors and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our equity securities have complied with all applicable filing requirements.

OTHER MATTERS

We do not know of any other matters to be presented or acted upon at the Annual Meeting. If any other matter is presented at the Annual Meeting on which a vote may properly be taken, the shares represented by proxies will be voted in accordance with the judgment of the proxy holders.

FORM 10-K

Copies of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2010 (excluding exhibits) filed with the SEC are available, without charge, upon written request to Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, California 92610-2831, Attention: Investor Relations Department. Exhibits to the Annual Report on Form 10-K will be furnished upon payment of a fee of \$0.25 per page to cover our expenses in furnishing the exhibits.

STOCKHOLDER PROPOSALS

To be considered for inclusion in our proxy statement for our 2012 annual meeting of stockholders, proposals of stockholders must be in writing and received by us no later than January 7, 2012. To be presented at the 2012 annual meeting of stockholders without inclusion in our proxy statement for such meeting, proposals of stockholders must be in writing and received by us no later than March 7, 2012 and no earlier than February 6, 2012, in accordance with procedures set forth in our bylaws. Such proposals should be mailed to Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, California 92610-2831 and directed to the corporate secretary.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

John M. Donnan
*Senior Vice President, Secretary and
General Counsel*

Foothill Ranch, California
April 27, 2011

You can now access your Kaiser Aluminum Corporation account online.

Access your Kaiser Aluminum Corporation account online via Investor ServiceDirect® (ISD). BNY Mellon Shareowner Services, the transfer agent for Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, now makes it easy and convenient to get current information on your shareholder account.

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| View account status | View payment history for dividends |
| View certificate history | Make address changes |
| View book-entry information | Obtain a duplicate 1099 tax form |

*Visit us on the web at <http://www.bnymellon.com/shareowner/equityaccess>
For Technical Assistance Call 1-877-978-7778 between 9am-7pm
Monday-Friday Eastern Time
Investor ServiceDirect®
Available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week
TOLL FREE NUMBER: 1-800-370-1163*

Choose **MLinkSM** for fast, easy and secure 24/7 online access to your future proxy materials, investment plan statements, tax documents and more. Simply log on to **Investor ServiceDirect®** at www.bnymellon.com/shareowner/equityaccess where step-by-step instructions will prompt you through enrollment. **Important notice regarding the Internet availability of proxy materials for the Annual Meeting of shareholders.** The Proxy Statement and the 2011 Annual Report to Stockholders are available at: <http://bnymellon.mobular.net/bnymellon/kalu>

**FOLD AND DETACH HERE
PROXY**

**KAISER ALUMINUM CORPORATION
27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200
Foothill Ranch, California 92610**

**This proxy is solicited by the Board of Directors of Kaiser Aluminum Corporation
for the annual meeting of stockholders to be held on June 9, 2011.**

The undersigned hereby appoints Jack A. Hockema, Daniel J. Rinkenberger and John M. Donnan, and each of them, with power to act without the other and with power of substitution, as proxies and attorneys-in-fact and hereby authorizes them to represent and vote, as provided on the other side, all the shares of Kaiser Aluminum Corporation common stock which the undersigned is entitled to vote, and, in their discretion, to vote upon such other business as may properly come before the annual meeting of stockholders to be held 9:00 a.m. Pacific Time on Thursday, June 9, 2011, at the corporate office of Kaiser Aluminum Corporation, located at 27422 Portola Parkway, Suite 200, Foothill Ranch, California 92610, or at any adjournment or postponement thereof, with all powers which the undersigned would possess if present at the meeting.

THIS PROXY, WHEN PROPERLY EXECUTED, WILL BE VOTED IN THE MANNER DIRECTED HEREIN BY THE UNDERSIGNED. IF NO DIRECTION IS GIVEN, THIS PROXY WILL BE VOTED FOR ALL THE NOMINEES LISTED IN PROPOSAL 1 ON THE REVERSE SIDE, FOR PROPOSALS 2 AND 4, IN FAVOR OF EVERY 1 YEAR ON PROPOSAL 3, AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DISCRETION OF THE PERSON VOTING THE PROXY WITH RESPECT TO ANY OTHER BUSINESS PROPERLY BROUGHT BEFORE THE ANNUAL MEETING.

**Address Change/Comments
(Mark the corresponding box on the reverse side)**

BNY MELLON SHAREOWNER SERVICES

P.O. BOX 3550

SOUTH HACKENSACK, NJ 07606-9250

(Continued and to be marked, dated and signed, on the other side)

WO#
00000

Fulfillment#
00000

YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT. PLEASE VOTE TODAY.
We encourage you to take advantage of Internet or telephone voting.
Both are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

Internet and telephone voting is available through 11:59 PM Eastern Time the day prior to the stockholder meeting date.

**KAISER ALUMINUM
CORPORATION**

WO# Fulfillment#
00000 00000

INTERNET

<http://www.proxyvoting.com/kalu>

Use the Internet to vote your shares. Have your proxy card in hand when you access the web site.

OR

TELEPHONE

1-866-540-5760

Use any touch-tone telephone to vote your shares. Have your proxy card in hand when you call.

If you vote your shares by Internet or by telephone, you do NOT need to mail back your proxy card.

To vote by mail, mark, sign and date your proxy card and return it in the enclosed postage-paid envelope.

Your Internet or telephone vote authorizes the named proxies to vote your shares in the same manner as if you marked, signed and returned your proxy card.

FOLD AND DETACH HERE

YOUR SHARES WILL BE VOTED AS DIRECTED, OR IF NO DIRECTION IS INDICATED, WILL BE VOTED FOR ALL THE NOMINEES LISTED IN PROPOSAL 1, FOR PROPOSALS 2 AND 4, AND IN FAVOR OF EVERY 1 YEAR ON PROPOSAL 3.

Please mark your x votes as indicated in this example

The Board of Directors recommends you vote FOR ALL the nominees listed in the following proposal.

| | FOR ALL | WITHHOLD FOR ALL | EXCEPTIONS* |
|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. ELECTION OF DIRECTORS | o | o | o |

- Nominees:
- 01 Carolyn Bartholomew
 - 02 Jack A. Hockema
 - 03 Lauralee E. Martin
 - 04 Brett E. Wilcox

(INSTRUCTIONS: To withhold authority to vote for any individual nominee, mark the Exceptions box above and write that nominee's name(s) in the space provided below.)

*Exceptions:

The Board of Directors recommends you vote FOR the following proposal:

FOR AGAINST ABSTAIN

2. ADVISORY VOTE TO APPROVE COMPENSATION OF THE COMPANY'S NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AS DISCLOSED IN THE PROXY STATEMENT

The Board of Directors recommends you vote for EVERY 1 YEAR on the following proposal:

**EVERY EVERY EVERY ABSTAIN
1 YEAR 2 YEARS 3 YEARS**

3. ADVISORY VOTE ON THE FREQUENCY OF FUTURE ADVISORY VOTES ON EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The Board of Directors recommends you vote FOR the following proposal:

FOR AGAINST ABSTAIN

4. RATIFICATION OF THE SELECTION OF DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP AS THE COMPANY'S INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM FOR 2011

You may revoke this proxy prior to the time this proxy is voted by (i) voting again over the Internet or by telephone no later than 11:59 p.m. Eastern Time, on Wednesday, June 8, 2011, (ii) submitting a properly signed proxy card with a later date, (iii) delivery, no later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on Wednesday, June 8, 2011, written notice of revocation to the Secretary of Kaiser Aluminum Corporation c/o BNY Mellon Shareowner Services, P.O. Box 3550, South Hackensack, New Jersey 07606-9250 or (iv) attending the Annual Meeting and voting in person. Your attendance at the Annual Meeting alone will not revoke your proxy. To change your vote, you must also vote in person at the Annual Meeting.

Mark Here
for
Address
Change
or
Comments
SEE
REVERSE

NOTE: Please sign as name appears hereon. Joint owners should each sign. When signing as attorney, executor, administrator, trustee or guardian, please give full title as such.

Signature

Signature

Date