

TAYLOR DEVICES INC  
Form 10-Q  
April 12, 2016

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

**Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended February 29, 2016

**OR**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES  
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 0-3498

**TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEW YORK

16-0797789

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

90 Taylor Drive, North Tonawanda, New York

14120-0748

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

716-694-0800

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of “large accelerated filer,” “accelerated filer” and “smaller reporting company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)  Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

As of April 12, 2016, there were outstanding 3,397,965 shares of the registrant’s common stock, par value \$.025 per share.

TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

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## TAYLOR DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

<b>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets</b>	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
	<b>February 29,</b>	May 31,
	<b>2016</b>	2015
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>\$ 6,787,766</b>	\$ 4,895,898
Accounts receivable, net	<b>4,734,856</b>	4,754,757
Inventory	<b>10,276,725</b>	8,662,056
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	<b>4,498,416</b>	5,169,956
Other current assets	<b>1,160,463</b>	1,249,006
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>27,458,226</b>	24,731,673
Maintenance and other inventory, net	<b>662,948</b>	889,929
Property and equipment, net	<b>8,328,087</b>	7,873,511
Other assets	<b>174,057</b>	169,995
	<b>\$ 36,623,318</b>	\$ 33,665,108
<b>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</b>		
<b>Current liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable	<b>\$ 2,086,950</b>	\$ 2,703,065
Accrued commissions	<b>507,874</b>	763,463
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings	<b>2,379,849</b>	2,723,472
Other current liabilities	<b>2,121,585</b>	1,395,341
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>7,096,258</b>	7,585,341
Long-term liabilities	<b>628,785</b>	628,785
<b>Stockholders' Equity:</b>		
Common stock and additional paid-in capital	<b>8,449,239</b>	8,072,932
Retained earnings	<b>23,092,819</b>	19,976,908
	<b>31,542,058</b>	28,049,840
Treasury stock - at cost	<b>(2,643,783)</b>	(2,598,858)
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>28,898,275</b>	25,450,982
	<b>\$ 36,623,318</b>	\$ 33,665,108

*See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.*



## TAYLOR DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

	<b>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)</b>		<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	<b>February 29, 2016</b>	February 28, 2015	<b>February 29, 2016</b>	February 28, 2015
Sales, net	<b>\$ 8,326,147</b>	\$ 6,566,338	<b>\$ 26,619,109</b>	\$ 19,822,815
Cost of goods sold	<b>5,010,028</b>	4,832,139	<b>16,932,908</b>	14,415,296
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>3,316,119</b>	1,734,199	<b>9,686,201</b>	5,407,519
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<b>1,645,236</b>	1,270,818	<b>5,048,450</b>	3,574,472
<b>Operating income</b>	<b>1,670,883</b>	463,381	<b>4,637,751</b>	1,833,047
Other income, net	<b>2,721</b>	3,373	<b>12,160</b>	14,326
Income before provision for income taxes	<b>1,673,604</b>	466,754	<b>4,649,911</b>	1,847,373
Provision for income taxes	<b>492,000</b>	75,000	<b>1,534,000</b>	559,000
<b>Net income</b>	<b>\$ 1,181,604</b>	\$ 391,754	<b>\$ 3,115,911</b>	\$ 1,288,373
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	<b>\$ 0.35</b>	\$ 0.12	<b>\$ 0.92</b>	\$ 0.39

*See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.*

## TAYLOR DEVICES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
For the nine months ended	<b>February 29, 2016</b>	February 28, 2015
<b>Operating activities:</b>		
Net income	<b>\$ 3,115,911</b>	\$ 1,288,373
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation	<b>616,561</b>	556,884
Deferred income taxes	<b>-</b>	3,000
Stock options issued for services	<b>60,719</b>	37,112
Changes in other assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	<b>19,901</b>	(996,528 )
Inventory	<b>(1,387,688)</b>	(101,903 )
Costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings	<b>671,540</b>	(1,727,087 )
Other current assets	<b>88,543</b>	(11,480 )
Accounts payable	<b>(616,115)</b>	)913,003
Accrued commissions	<b>(255,589)</b>	)18,594
Billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings	<b>(343,623)</b>	)763,664
Other current liabilities	<b>726,244</b>	(747,628 )
<b>Net operating activities</b>	<b>2,696,404</b>	(3,996 )
<b>Investing activities:</b>		
Acquisition of property and equipment	<b>(1,071,137)</b>	)(453,945 )
Other investing activities	<b>(4,062)</b>	)(4,125 )
<b>Net investing activities</b>	<b>(1,075,199)</b>	)(458,070 )
<b>Financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net	<b>270,663</b>	40,539
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	<b>1,891,868</b>	(421,527 )
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	<b>4,895,898</b>	2,793,642
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	<b>\$ 6,787,766</b>	\$ 2,372,115

*See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.*



TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

## Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

1. The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of the Company, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring accruals) necessary to present fairly the financial position as of February 29, 2016 and May 31 2015, the results of operations for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015, and cash flows for the nine months ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report to Shareholders for the year ended May 31, 2015.

2. The Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the date the financial statements were issued.

3. There is no provision nor shall there be any provisions for profit sharing, dividends, or any other benefits of any nature at any time for this fiscal year.

4. For the nine month periods ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015, the net income was divided by 3,382,678 and 3,344,778 respectively, which is net of the Treasury shares, to calculate the net income per share. For the three month periods ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015, the net income was divided by 3,378,446 and 3,344,059 respectively, which is net of the Treasury shares, to calculate the net income per share.

5. The results of operations for the three and nine month periods ended February 29, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

6. In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2014-09 is a comprehensive new revenue recognition model that requires a company to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to a customer at an amount that reflects the consideration it expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 also requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments and assets recognized from costs incurred to obtain or fulfill a contract. ASU 2014-09, as amended, is effective for annual reporting

periods, and interim periods within that period, beginning after December 15, 2017 (fiscal year 2019 for the Company). Companies may use either a full retrospective or a modified retrospective approach to adopt ASU 2014-09. The Company has not yet determined the potential effects of the adoption of ASU 2014-09 on its Consolidated Financial Statements. Except as identified in Note 7, below, other recently issued Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) guidance has either been implemented or are not significant to the Company.

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In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17, Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes. ASU 2015-17 simplifies the presentation of deferred taxes by requiring deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent on the balance sheet. ASU 2015-17 is effective for public companies for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The guidance may be adopted prospectively or retrospectively and early adoption is permitted. Adoption of this guidance would affect the balance sheets as of February 29, 2016 and May 31, 2015 as follows:

Decrease in Current assets \$858,900

Increase in Noncurrent assets \$230,115

Decrease in Noncurrent liabilities \$628,785

8.

Inventory:

	February 29, 2016	May 31, 2015
Raw materials	\$ 513,888	\$ 519,598
Work-in-process	9,235,739	7,657,720
Finished goods	627,098	584,738
	10,376,725	8,762,056
Less allowance for obsolescence	100,000	100,000
	\$ 10,276,725	\$ 8,662,056

**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations****Cautionary Statement**

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a "safe harbor" for forward-looking statements. Information in this Item 2, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and elsewhere in this 10-Q and its Exhibits that does not consist of historical facts, are "forward-looking statements." Statements accompanied or qualified by, or containing, words such as "may," "will," "should," "believes," "expects," "intends," "plans," "projects," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "outlook," "forecast," "anticipates," "presume," and "assume" constitute forward-looking statements and, as such, are not a guarantee of future performance. The statements involve factors, risks and uncertainties, the impact or occurrence of which can cause actual results to differ materially from the expected results described in such statements. Risks and uncertainties can include, among others, reductions in capital budgets by our customers and potential customers; changing product demand and industry capacity; increased competition and pricing pressures; advances in technology that can reduce the demand for the Company's products; the kind, frequency and intensity of natural disasters that affect demand for the Company's products; and other factors, many or all of which are beyond the Company's control. Consequently, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as predictive of future results. The Company disclaims any obligation to release publicly any updates or revisions to the forward-looking statements herein to reflect any change in the Company's expectations with regard thereto, or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

**Results of Operations**

A summary of the period to period changes in the principal items included in the condensed consolidated statements of income is shown below:

**Summary comparison of the nine months ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015**

	Increase / (Decrease)
Sales, net	\$ 6,796,000
Cost of goods sold	\$ 2,518,000
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 1,474,000
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 2,803,000
Provision for income taxes	\$ 975,000
Net income	\$ 1,828,000

Sales under certain fixed-price contracts, requiring substantial performance over several periods prior to commencement of deliveries, are accounted for under the percentage-of-completion method of accounting whereby revenues are recognized based on estimates of completion prepared on a ratio of cost to total estimated cost basis. Costs include all material and direct and indirect charges related to specific contracts.

Adjustments to cost estimates are made periodically and any losses expected to be incurred on contracts in progress are charged to operations in the period such losses are determined. However, any profits expected on contracts in progress are recognized over the life of the contract.

For financial statement presentation purposes, the Company nets progress billings against the total costs incurred on uncompleted contracts. The asset, "costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings," represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. The liability, "billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings," represents billings in excess of revenues recognized.

**For the nine months ended February 29, 2016** (All figures discussed are for the nine months ended February 29, 2016 as compared to the nine months ended February 28, 2015.)

	Nine months ended		Change	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015	Amount	Percent
Net Revenue	\$ 26,619,000	\$ 19,823,000	\$ 6,796,000	34%
Cost of sales	16,933,000	14,415,000	2,518,000	17%
Gross profit	\$ 9,686,000	\$ 5,408,000	\$ 4,278,000	79%
... as a percentage of net revenue	36%	27%		

The Company's consolidated results of operations showed a 34% increase in net revenues and an increase in net income of 142%. Revenues recorded in the current period for long-term construction projects ("Project(s)") were 35% more than the level recorded in the prior year. We had 58 Projects in process during the current period compared with 53 during the same period last year. Revenues recorded in the current period for other-than long-term construction projects (non-projects) were 34% more than the level recorded in the prior year. Total sales within the U.S. increased 52% from the same period last year. Total sales to Asia increased 1% from the same period of the prior year. Sales increases were recorded over the same period last year to customers involved in construction of buildings and bridges (50%), aerospace / defense (15%), as well as industrial customers (25%). Please refer to the charts, below, which show the breakdown of sales. The gross profit as a percentage of net revenue of 36% in the current period is significantly greater than during the same period of the prior year. This difference is primarily due to a combination of a.) certain larger construction Projects in the current period for which the Company was able to negotiate higher than typical selling prices; b.) several smaller, aerospace / defense Projects in the current period that have margins higher than the Company's average; and c.) greater total volume of product sales in the current period to cover non-variable manufacturing costs.

Sales of the Company's products are made to three general groups of customers: industrial, construction and aerospace / defense. A breakdown of sales to the three general groups of customers is as follows:

	Nine months ended	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015
Industrial	7%	7%
Construction	59%	53%
Aerospace / Defense	34%	40%

At February 28, 2015, the Company had 150 open sales orders in our backlog with a total sales value of \$30.3 million. At February 29, 2016, the Company has 14% fewer open sales orders in our backlog (129 orders) and the total sales value is \$19.5 million or 36% less than the prior year value.

The Company's backlog, revenues, commission expense, gross margins, gross profits, and net income fluctuate from period to period. The changes in the current period, compared to the prior period, are not necessarily representative of future results.

Net revenue by geographic region, as a percentage of total net revenue for the nine month periods ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015 is as follows:

	Nine months ended	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015
USA	70%	62%
Asia	25%	33%
Other	5 %	5%

## Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

	Nine months ended		Change	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015	Amount	Percent
Outside Commissions	\$ 1,597,000	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 492,000	45%
Other SG&A	3,451,000	2,469,000	982,000	40%
Total SG&A	\$ 5,048,000	\$ 3,574,000	\$ 1,474,000	41%
... as a percentage of net revenue	19%	18%		

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 41% from the prior year. Outside commission expense increased by 45% from last year's level. This fluctuation was primarily due to the significant increase in commissionable sales in the current year as well as an increased use of outside sales representatives. Other selling, general and administrative expenses increased 40% from last year to this. This increase is primarily due to an increase in freight charges incurred in order to meet contractual obligations to deliver products on schedule along with an increase in estimated incentive compensation expense in the current period related to the higher level of sales and operating results.

The above factors resulted in operating income of \$4,638,000 for the nine months ended February 29, 2016, 153% more than the \$1,833,000 in the same period of the prior year.

**Summary comparison of the three months ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015**

	Increase / (Decrease)
Sales, net	\$ 1,760,000
Cost of goods sold	\$ 178,000
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 374,000
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 1,207,000
Provision for income taxes	\$ 417,000
Net income	\$ 790,000

**For the three months ended February 29, 2016** (All figures discussed are for the three months ended February 29, 2016 as compared to the three months ended February 28, 2015.)

	Three months ended		Change	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015	Amount	Percent
Net Revenue	\$ 8,326,000	\$ 6,566,000	\$ 1,760,000	27%
Cost of sales	5,010,000	4,832,000	178,000	4%



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Gross profit	\$ 3,316,000	\$ 1,734,000	\$ 1,582,000	91%
... as a percentage of net revenue	40%	26%		

The Company's consolidated results of operations showed a 27% increase in net revenues and an increase in net income of 202%. Revenues recorded in the current period for long-term construction projects (“Project(s)”) were 14% more than the level recorded in the prior year. We had 35 Projects in process during the current period compared with 39 during the same period last year. Revenues recorded in the current period for other-than long-term construction projects (non-projects) were 58% more than the level recorded in the prior year. Total sales within the U.S. increased 31% from the same period last year. Total sales to Asia increased 10% from the same period of the prior year. Sales increases were recorded over the same period last year to customers involved in construction of buildings and bridges (31%), aerospace / defense (18%), as well as industrial customers (47%). Please refer to the charts, below, which show the breakdown of sales.

The gross profit as a percentage of net revenue of 40% in the current period is significantly greater than during the same period of the prior year. This difference is primarily due to a combination of a.) certain larger construction Projects in the current period for which the Company was able to negotiate higher than typical selling prices; b.) several smaller, aerospace / defense Projects in the current period that have margins higher than the Company's average; and c.) greater total volume of product sales in the current period to cover non-variable manufacturing costs.

Sales of the Company's products are made to three general groups of customers: industrial, construction and aerospace / defense. A breakdown of sales to the three general groups of customers is as follows:

	Three months ended	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015
Industrial	6%	5%
Construction	59%	57%
Aerospace / Defense	35%	38%

Net revenue by geographic region, as a percentage of total net revenue for the three month periods ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015 is as follows:

	Three months ended	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015
USA	70%	68%
Asia	23%	26%
Other	7%	6%

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

	Three months ended		Change	
	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2015	Amount	Percent
Outside Commissions	\$ 501,000	\$ 421,000	\$ 80,000	19%
Other SG&A	1,144,000	850,000	294,000	35%
Total SG&A	\$ 1,645,000	\$ 1,271,000	\$ 374,000	29%
... as a percentage of net revenue	20%	19%		

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by 29% from the prior year. Outside commission expense increased by 19% from last year's level. This fluctuation was primarily due to the significant increase in

commissionable sales in the current year. Other selling, general and administrative expenses increased 35% from last year to this. This increase is primarily due to an increase in estimated incentive compensation expense in the current period related to the higher level of sales and operating results.

The above factors resulted in operating income of \$1,671,000 for the three months ended February 29, 2016, 261% more than the \$463,000 in the same period of the prior year.

### **Stock Options**

The Company has a stock option plan which provides for the granting of nonqualified or incentive stock options to officers, key employees and non-employee directors. Options granted under the plan are exercisable over a ten year term. Options not exercised at the end of the term expire.

The Company expenses stock options using the fair value recognition provisions of the FASB ASC. The Company recognized \$61,000 and \$37,000 of compensation cost for the nine month periods ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015.

The fair value of each stock option grant has been determined using the Black-Scholes model. The model considers assumptions related to exercise price, expected volatility, risk-free interest rate, and the weighted average expected term of the stock option grants. Expected volatility assumptions used in the model were based on volatility of the Company's stock price for the thirty month period ending on the date of grant. The risk-free interest rate is derived from the U.S. treasury yield. The Company used a weighted average expected term.

The following assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes model to estimate the fair market value of the Company's stock option grants:

	February 2016	February 2015
Risk-free interest rate:	1.5%	2.375%
Expected life of the options:	3.3 years	3 years
Expected share price volatility:	31%	31%
Expected dividends:	zero	zero

These assumptions resulted in estimated fair-market value per stock option: \$3.11      \$2.06

The ultimate value of the options will depend on the future price of the Company's common stock, which cannot be forecast with reasonable accuracy.

A summary of changes in the stock options outstanding during the nine month period ended February 29, 2016 is presented below:

	Number of Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
Options outstanding and exercisable at May 31, 2015:	240,750	\$ 8.16
Options granted:	19,500	\$ 12.80
Options exercised:	35,750	\$ 8.44
Options outstanding and exercisable at February 29, 2016:	224,500	\$ 8.52
Closing value per share on NASDAQ at February 29, 2016:		\$ 13.50

### Capital Resources, Line of Credit and Long-Term Debt

The Company's primary liquidity is dependent upon the working capital needs. These are mainly inventory, accounts receivable, costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings, accounts payable, accrued commissions, and billings in excess of costs and estimated earnings. The Company's primary source of liquidity has been operations.

Capital expenditures for the nine months ended February 29, 2016 were \$1,071,000 compared to \$454,000 in the same period of the prior year. As of February 29, 2016, the Company has commitments for capital expenditures totaling \$1,475,000 during the next twelve months. These costs are primarily related to a planned building expansion to allow the Company to assemble and test larger units used to provide seismic protection in buildings and bridges.

The Company believes it is carrying adequate insurance coverage on its facilities and their contents.

The Company has available a \$6,000,000 bank demand line of credit, with interest payable at the Company's option of 30, 60, 90 or 180 day LIBOR rate plus 2.5%, or the bank's prime rate less .25%. There is no balance outstanding as of February 29, 2016 or as of May 31, 2015. The line is secured by accounts receivable, equipment, inventory, and general intangibles, and a negative pledge of the Company's real property. This line of credit is subject to the usual terms and conditions applied by the bank, is subject to renewal annually, and is not subject to an express requirement on the bank's part to lend. The outstanding balance on the line of credit fluctuates as the Company's various long-term projects progress.

The Company is in compliance with restrictive covenants under the line of credit. In these covenants, the Company agrees to maintain the following minimum levels of the stated item:

Covenant	Minimum per Covenant	Current Actual	When Measured
Minimum level of working capital	\$3,000,000	\$20,362,000	Quarterly
Minimum debt service coverage ratio	1.5:1	n/a	Fiscal Year-end

All of the \$6,000,000 unused portion of our line of credit is available without violating any of our debt covenants.

### Inventory and Maintenance Inventory

	February 29, 2016	May 31, 2015	Increase /(Decrease)	
Raw materials	\$ 514,000	\$ 520,000	\$ (6,000 )	-1%
Work in process	9,236,000	7,657,000	1,579,000	21%
Finished goods	527,000	485,000	42,000	9%
Inventory	10,277,000 94%	8,662,000 91%	1,615,000	19%
Maintenance and other inventory	663,000 6%	890,000 9%	(227,000 )	-26%
Total	\$ 10,940,000 100%	\$ 9,552,000 100%	\$ 1,388,000	15%
Inventory turnover	2.2	2.3		

NOTE: Inventory turnover is annualized for the nine month period ended February 29, 2016.

Inventory, at \$10,277,000 as of February 29, 2016, is \$1,615,000, or 19%, more than the prior year-end level of \$8,662,000. Approximately 90% of the current inventory is work in process, 5% is finished goods, and 5% is raw materials.

Maintenance and other inventory represent stock that is estimated to have a product life cycle in excess of twelve months. This stock represents certain items the Company is required to maintain for service of products sold and items that are generally subject to spontaneous ordering. This inventory is particularly sensitive to technological obsolescence in the near term due to its use in industries characterized by the continuous introduction of new product lines, rapid technological advances and product obsolescence. Management of the Company has recorded an allowance for potential inventory obsolescence. The provision for potential inventory obsolescence was \$135,000 for each of the nine month periods ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015. The Company continues to rework slow-moving inventory, where applicable, to convert it to product to be used on customer orders.

**Accounts Receivable, Costs and Estimated Earnings in Excess of Billings (CIEB"), and Billings in Excess of Costs and Estimated Earnings ("BIEC")**

	February 29, 2016	May 31, 2015	Increase /(Decrease)
Accounts receivable	\$ 4,735,000	\$ 4,755,000	\$ (20,000 ) 0%
CIEB	4,498,000	5,170,000	(672,000 ) -13%
Less: BIEC	2,380,000	2,723,000	(343,000 ) -13%
Net	\$ 6,853,000	\$ 7,202,000	\$ (349,000 ) -5%
Number of an average day's sales outstanding in accounts receivable	51	40	

The Company combines the totals of accounts receivable, the current asset, CIEB, and the current liability, BIEC, to determine how much cash the Company will eventually realize from revenue recorded to date. As the accounts receivable figure rises in relation to the other two figures, the Company can anticipate increased cash receipts within the ensuing 30-60 days.

Accounts receivable of \$4,735,000 as of February 29, 2016 includes approximately \$517,000 of amounts retained by customers on Projects. It also includes \$10,000 of an allowance for doubtful accounts (“Allowance”). The accounts receivable balance as of May 31, 2015 of \$4,755,000 included an Allowance of \$10,000. It is expected that amounts retained by customers under contracts will be released in the normal course of the business in accordance with the related contracts. The Company expects to collect the net accounts receivable balance, including the retainage, during the next twelve months.

The number of an average day's sales outstanding in accounts receivable (“DSO”) increased from 40 days at May 31, 2015 to 51 at February 29, 2016. The DSO is a function of 1.) the level of sales for an average day (for example, total sales for the past three months divided by 90 days) and 2.) the level of accounts receivable at the balance sheet date. The level of sales for an average day in the third quarter of the current year is 23% less than the level in the fourth quarter of the prior year. The level of accounts receivable at the end of the current period is only slightly less than at the end of the prior year. The combination of these two factors caused the DSO to increase from last year end to this quarter end.

As noted above, CIEB represents revenues recognized in excess of amounts billed. Whenever possible, the Company negotiates a provision in sales contracts to allow the Company to bill, and collect from the customer, payments in advance of shipments. Unfortunately, such provisions are often not possible. The \$4,498,000 balance in this account at February 29, 2016 is 13% less than the prior year-end balance. This decrease is the result of normal flow of the projects through production with billings to the customers as permitted in the related contracts. The Company expects to bill the entire amount during the next twelve months. 50% of the CIEB balance as of the end of the last fiscal quarter, November 30, 2015, was billed to those customers in the current fiscal quarter ended February 29, 2016. The remainder will be billed as the Projects progress, in accordance with the terms specified in the various contracts.

The balances in this account are comprised of the following components:

	February 29, 2016	May 31, 2015
Costs	\$ 6,720,000	\$ 7,005,000
Estimated Earnings	2,889,000	3,185,000
Less: Billings to customers	5,111,000	5,020,000
CIEB	\$ 4,498,000	\$ 5,170,000
Number of Projects in progress	22	25

As noted above, BIEC represents billings to customers in excess of revenues recognized. The \$2,380,000 balance in this account at February 29, 2016 is down 13% from the \$2,723,000 balance at the end of the prior year. This decrease is the result of normal flow of the projects through production with billings to the customers as permitted in the related contracts.



The balance in this account fluctuates in the same manner and for the same reasons as the account “costs and estimated earnings in excess of billings”, discussed above. Final delivery of product under these contracts is expected to occur during the next twelve months.

The balances in this account are comprised of the following components:

	February 29, 2016	May 31, 2015
Billings to customers	\$ 6,170,000	\$ 7,556,000
Less: Costs	2,763,000	3,434,000
Less: Estimated Earnings	1,027,000	1,399,000
BIEC	\$ 2,380,000	\$ 2,723,000
Number of Projects in progress	5	11

Summary of factors affecting the balances in CIEB and BIEC:

	February 29, 2016	May 31, 2015
Number of Projects in progress	27	36
Aggregate percent complete	56%	49%
Average total sales value of Projects in progress	\$857,000	\$862,000
Percentage of total value invoiced to customer	49%	41%

The Company's backlog of sales orders at February 29, 2016 is \$19.5 million, down 23% from the \$25.2 million at the end of the prior year. \$9.8 million of the current backlog is on Projects already in progress.

### Other Balance Sheet Items

Accounts payable, at \$2,087,000 as of February 29, 2016, is 23% less than the prior year-end. This decrease is primarily due to a greater level of purchased materials required at the end of last year to fill customer sales orders. Commission expense on applicable sales orders is recognized at the time revenue is recognized. The commission is paid following receipt of payment from the customers. Accrued commissions as of February 29, 2016 are \$508,000, down 33% from the \$763,000 accrued at the prior year-end. This decrease is primarily due to the 23% decrease in revenue during the fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2015 as compared to the fiscal quarter ended February 29, 2016. Other current liabilities increased 52% from the prior year-end, to \$2,122,000. This increase is primarily due to increases in a.) accrued tax obligations along with b.) accrued incentive compensation. These increases are both related to an increase revenue and earnings of the Company. The Company expects the current accrued amounts to be paid during the next twelve months.

Management believes the Company's cash flows from operations and borrowing capacity under the bank line of credit are sufficient to fund ongoing operations and capital improvements for the next twelve months.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information called for by this item.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

(a) *Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures.*

The Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of February 29, 2016 and have concluded that as of the evaluation date, the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and forms and that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) *Changes in internal control over financial reporting.*

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter ended February 29, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's control over financial reporting.

**Part II - Other Information**

ITEM 1 Legal Proceedings

There are no other legal proceedings except for routine litigation incidental to the business.

ITEM 1A Risk Factors

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information called for by this item.

ITEM 2 Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

- The Company sold no equity securities during the
- (a) fiscal quarter ended February 29, 2016 that were not registered under the Securities Act.
  - (b) Use of proceeds following effectiveness of initial registration statement:  
Not Applicable
  - (c) Repurchases of Equity Securities – Quarter Ended February 29, 2016

	<i>(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased</i>	<i>(b) Average Price Paid Per Share</i>	<i>(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</i>	<i>(d) Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</i>
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December 1, 2015				
-				
December 31, - 2015				

January 1, 2016	-	-	-
-			
January 31, - 2016	-	-	-
February 1, 2016			
-			
February 29, - 2016	-	-	-
			(1)
Total	-	-	-

(1) The share repurchase agreement with a major broker-dealer, under which the Company repurchased shares of its common stock on the open market, has been terminated by the Company. No shares have been purchased since August 2011.

Under the terms of the Company's credit arrangements with its primary lender, the Company is required to maintain net working capital of at least \$3,000,000, as such term is defined in the credit documents. On February 29, 2016, under such definition, the Company's net working capital was significantly in excess of such limit. Additional information regarding the Company's line of credit and restrictive covenants appears under the caption "Capital Resources, Line of Credit and Long-Term Debt" in the Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

ITEM 3 Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None

ITEM 4 Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable

ITEM 5 Other Information

(a) Information required to be disclosed in a Report on Form 8-K, but not reported

None

(b) Material changes to the procedures by which Security Holders may recommend nominees to the Registrant's Board of Directors

None

ITEM 6 Exhibits

20 News from Taylor Devices, Inc. Shareholder Letter, Spring 2016

	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
31(i)	
	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
31(ii)	
	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
32(i)	
	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
32(ii)	
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document





**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

The Board of Directors and Stockholders

Taylor Devices, Inc.

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet of Taylor Devices, Inc. and Subsidiary as of February 29, 2016, and the related condensed consolidated statements of income for the three and nine months ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015 and cash flows for the nine months ended February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements referred to above for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet as of May 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated August 12, 2015, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet as of May 31, 2015 is fairly stated, in all material

respects, in relation to the balance sheet from which it has been derived.

Lumsden & McCormick, LLP

Buffalo, New York

April 12, 2016

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TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.

**Signatures**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TAYLOR DEVICES, INC.  
(Registrant)

Date: April 12, 2016

/s/Douglas P.  
Taylor  
Douglas P. Taylor

President

Chairman of the Board  
of Directors

(Principal Executive  
Officer)

Date: April 12, 2016 /s/Mark V. McDonough

Mark V. McDonough

Chief Financial Officer