AERIE PHARMACEUTICALS INC Form 10-O August 03, 2017

**Table of Contents** 

**UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF  $^{\rm o}$  1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 001-36152

Aerie Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

20-3109565 Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer incorporation or organization) Identification Number) 2030 Main Street, Suite 1500

Irvine, California 92614

(949) 526-8700

(Address of principal executive offices, zip code and telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90

days. Yes: ý No: o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes: ý No: o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company o

Emerging growth company ý

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\circ$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No ý

# Table of Contents

As of July 27, 2017, there were 36,340,622 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.001, outstanding.

# Table of Contents

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SPECIA</u>	AL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS	Pago <u>ii</u>
PART I	. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	1
Item 1.	Financial Statements (Unaudited)	<u>1</u>
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016	1
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016	2
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016	<u>3</u>
	Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>4</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>15</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>24</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>25</u>
<u>PART I</u>	I. OTHER INFORMATION	<u>26</u>
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>26</u>
Item 1A	A. Risk Factors	<u>26</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>26</u>
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>27</u>
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>27</u>
Item 5.	Other Information	<u>27</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>27</u>

#### **Table of Contents**

Unless otherwise indicated or the context requires, the terms "Aerie," "Company," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Aerie Pharmaceuticals. Inc. and its subsidiaries.

#### SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). We may, in some cases, use terms such as "predicts," "believes," "potential," "proposed," "continue," "estimates," "anticipates," "expects," "plans," "intends," "may," "would," "could," "might," "will," "should," "exploring," "pursuing" or of convey uncertainty of future events or outcomes to identify these forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements appear in a number of places throughout this report and include statements regarding our intentions, beliefs, projections, outlook, analyses or current expectations concerning, among other things:

the success, timing and cost of our ongoing and anticipated preclinical studies and clinical trials for our current product candidates and potential future product candidates, including statements regarding the timing of initiation and completion of the studies and trials;

our expectations regarding the clinical effectiveness of our product candidates and results of our clinical trials;

- the timing of and our ability to request, obtain and maintain U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") or
- other regulatory authority approval of, or other action with respect to, our product candidates in the U.S.,
- Canada, Europe, Japan and elsewhere, including the expected timing of, and regulatory and/or other review of, filings for our product candidates;

our expectations related to the use of proceeds from our financing activities;

our estimates regarding anticipated operating expenses and capital requirements and our needs for additional financing;

the commercial launch and potential future sales of our current or any other future product candidates;

our commercialization, marketing, manufacturing and supply management capabilities and strategies;

•hird-party payor coverage and reimbursement for our product candidates;

the glaucoma patient market size and the rate and degree of market adoption of our product candidates by eye-care professionals and patients;

the timing, cost or other aspects of the commercial launch of our product candidates;

our plans to pursue development of additional product candidates and technologies in ophthalmology, including development of our product candidates for additional indications and other therapeutic opportunities;

the potential advantages of our product candidates;

our plans to explore possible uses of our existing proprietary compounds beyond glaucoma;

our ability to protect our proprietary technology and enforce our intellectual property rights;

our expectations regarding collaborations, licensing, acquisitions and strategic operations, including our ability to in-license or acquire additional ophthalmic products or product candidates; and

our stated objective of building a major ophthalmic pharmaceutical company.

By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties because they relate to events, competitive dynamics, industry change and other factors beyond our control, and depend on regulatory approvals and economic and other environmental circumstances that may or may not occur in the future or may occur on longer or shorter timelines than anticipated. We discuss many of these risks under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 9, 2017, and other documents we have filed or furnished with the SEC. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events.

ii

#### **Table of Contents**

In particular, our receipt of a Prescription Drug User Fee Act ("PDUFA") goal date does not constitute FDA approval of the Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> New Drug Application ("NDA"), and there can be no assurance that the FDA will complete its review by the PDUFA goal date, that the FDA will not require changes or additional data, whether as a result of recommendations, if any, made by any FDA advisory committee or otherwise, that must be made or received before it will approve the NDA, if ever, or that the FDA will approve the NDA.

Although we believe that we have a reasonable basis for each forward-looking statement contained in this report, we caution you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that our actual results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and the development of the industry in which we operate may differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this report. In addition, even if our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, and events in the industry in which we operate are consistent with the forward-looking statements contained in this report, they may not be predictive of results or developments in future periods.

Any forward-looking statements that we make in this report speak only as of the date of this report. Except as required by law, we are under no duty to update or revise any of the forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, after the date of this report.

iii

## **Table of Contents**

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

AERIE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	JUNE 30, 2017	DECEMBER 31, 2016
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$242,650	•
Short-term investments	65,269	35,717
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,057	4,028
Total current assets	309,976	237,690
Property, plant and equipment, net	14,391	7,857
Other assets	2,617	2,707
Total assets	\$326,984	\$ 248,254
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$13,265	\$ 18,820
Interest payable	545	551
Total current liabilities	13,810	19,371
Convertible notes, net	123,692	123,539
Other non-current liabilities	4,440	_
Total liabilities	141,942	142,910
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)		
Stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; 15,000,000 shares authorized as of June 30, 2017 and		
December 31, 2016; None issued and outstanding		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 150,000,000 shares authorized as of June 30, 2017 and		
December 31, 2016; 36,337,542 and 33,458,607 shares issued and outstanding as of June	36	33
30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		
Additional paid-in capital	555,930	422,002
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(68)
Accumulated deficit	(370,843)	
Total stockholders' equity	185,042	105,344
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$326,984	\$ 248,254

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Table of Contents

# AERIE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except share and per share data)

	THREE MONTHS		SIX MONTHS	
	ENDED JUNE 30,		ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Operating expenses				
Selling, general and administrative	\$17,153	\$9,386	\$31,628	\$19,187
Research and development	10,615	13,304	21,569	25,613
Total operating expenses	27,768	22,690	53,197	44,800
Loss from operations	(27,768)	(22,690 )	(53,197)	(44,800 )
Other income (expense), net	(618)	(482)	(930)	(1,030 )
Net loss before income taxes	\$(28,386)	\$(23,172)	\$(54,127)	\$(45,830)
Income tax expense	47	47	93	93
Net loss	\$(28,433)	\$(23,219)	\$(54,220)	\$(45,923)
Net loss per common share —basic and diluted	\$(0.82)	\$(0.87)	\$(1.58)	\$(1.72)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding—basic and diluted	34,783,19	526,773,337	34,283,073	326,748,301
Net loss Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale investments Comprehensive loss	24	58	(13)	\$(45,923) 169 \$(45,754)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Table of Contents

# AERIE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

(in thousands)

	SIX MON ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net loss	\$(54,220)	\$(45,923)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Depreciation	600	457
Amortization of deferred financing costs and debt discount	153	151
Amortization and accretion of premium or discount on available-for-sale investments, net	60	275
Stock-based compensation	11,515	7,415
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	365	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Prepaid, current and other assets	1,765	791
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(6,024)	(2,998)
Net cash used in operating activities	(45,786)	(39,832)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of available-for-sale investments	(54,427)	(19,228)
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	24,801	<del>-24</del> ,815
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2,594)	(459)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(32,220)	5,128
Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from sale of common stock, net	122,046	2,043
Proceeds related to issuance of stock for stock-based compensation arrangements, net	665	120
Net cash provided by financing activities	122,711	2,163
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	44,705	(32,541)
Beginning of period	197,945	91,060
End of period	\$242,650	\$58,519
Supplemental disclosures		
Income taxes paid	<b>\$</b> —	\$1,789
Interest paid	\$540	\$1,096
Non-cash investing and financing activities		
Build-to-suit lease transaction (Note 8)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### AERIE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

## 1. The Company

Aerie Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ("Aerie"), with its wholly-owned subsidiaries Aerie Distribution, Inc., Aerie Pharmaceuticals Limited and Aerie Pharmaceuticals Ireland Limited ("Aerie Distribution," "Aerie Limited" and "Aerie Ireland Limited," respectively, together with Aerie, the "Company"), is a clinical-stage pharmaceutical company focused on the discovery, development and commercialization of first-in-class therapies for the treatment of patients with glaucoma and other diseases of the eye.

In 2015, the Company revised its corporate structure to align with its business strategy outside of North America by establishing Aerie Limited and Aerie Ireland Limited. Aerie assigned the beneficial rights to its non-U.S. and non-Canadian intellectual property for its lead product candidates to Aerie Limited (the "IP Assignment"). As part of the IP Assignment, Aerie and Aerie Limited entered into a research and development cost sharing agreement pursuant to which Aerie and Aerie Limited will share the costs of the development of intellectual property and Aerie Limited and Aerie Ireland Limited entered into a license arrangement pursuant to which Aerie Ireland Limited will develop and commercialize the beneficial rights of the intellectual property assigned as part of the IP Assignment.

In 2016, Aerie assigned the beneficial rights to certain of Aerie's intellectual property in the U.S. and Canada to Aerie Distribution, and amended and restated the research and development cost sharing agreement to transfer Aerie's rights and obligations under the agreement to Aerie Distribution.

The Company has its principal executive offices in Irvine, California, and operates as one business segment. The Company has not yet commenced commercial operations and therefore has not generated product revenue. The Company's activities since inception have primarily consisted of developing product candidates, raising capital and performing research and development activities. The Company does not expect to generate revenue until and unless it receives regulatory approval of and successfully commercializes its current product candidates. The Company has incurred losses and experienced negative operating cash flows since inception. The Company has funded its operations primarily through the sale of equity securities and issuance of convertible notes (Note 7). If the Company does not successfully commercialize any of its current product candidates, it may be unable to generate product revenue or achieve profitability. Accordingly, the Company may be required to obtain further funding through other public or private offerings, debt financing, collaboration and licensing arrangements or other sources. Adequate additional funding may not be available to the Company on acceptable terms, or at all. If the Company is unable to raise capital when needed or on attractive terms, it may be forced to delay, reduce or eliminate

# 2. Significant Accounting Policies

its research and development programs or commercialization efforts.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Company's interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). In the opinion of management, the Company has made all necessary adjustments, which include normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations for the interim periods presented. Certain information and disclosures normally included in the annual consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2016 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for a full year, any other interim periods or any future year or period.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### Principles of Consolidation

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Aerie and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts, transactions and profits have been eliminated in consolidation. Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the valuation of stock options and operating expense accruals. Actual results could differ from the Company's estimates. Investments

The Company determines the appropriate classification of its investments in debt and equity securities at the time of purchase. The Company's investments are comprised of certificates of deposit, commercial paper, corporate bonds and government agency securities that are classified as available-for-sale in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 320, Investments—Debt and Equity Securities. The Company classifies investments available to fund current operations as current assets on its consolidated balance sheets. Investments are classified as long-term assets on the consolidated balance sheets if (i) the Company has the intent and ability to hold the investments for a period of at least one year and (ii) the contractual maturity date of the investments is greater than one year.

Available-for-sale investments are recorded at fair value, with unrealized gains or losses included in comprehensive loss on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss and in accumulated other comprehensive loss on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Realized gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method and are included as a component of other income (expense), net (Note 3). There were no realized gains or losses recognized for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 or 2016.

The Company reviews investments for other-than-temporary impairment whenever the fair value of an investment is less than the amortized cost and evidence indicates that an investment's carrying amount is not recoverable within a reasonable period of time. To determine whether an impairment is other-than-temporary, the Company considers its intent to sell, or whether it is more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the investment before recovery of the investment's amortized cost basis. Evidence considered in this assessment includes reasons for the impairment, the severity and the duration of the impairment and changes in value subsequent to period end. As of June 30, 2017, there were no investments with a fair value that was significantly lower than the amortized cost basis or any investments that had been in an unrealized loss position for a significant period.

### Fair Value Measurements

The Company records certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value based on the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. The fair value of the Company's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments, approximate their respective carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The estimated fair value of the 2014 Convertible Notes (as defined in Note 7) was \$287.3 million and \$209.6 million as of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The increase in the estimated fair value of the 2014 Convertible Notes was primarily attributable to the increase in the closing price of Aerie's common stock on June 30, 2017 as compared to December 31, 2016.

### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-09, Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Scope of Modification Accounting, which clarifies when changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award must be accounted for as modifications. Under ASU 2017-09, an entity will not apply modification accounting to a share-based payment award if the award's fair value, vesting conditions and classification as an equity or liability instrument are the same immediately before and after the change. ASU 2017-09 will be applied prospectively to awards modified on or after the adoption date. The guidance is effective for the Company beginning on January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact of the adoption of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements but does not expect it to have a material impact.

#### **Table of Contents**

In October 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-16, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets Other Than Inventory, which eliminates the exception to the principle in ASC 740, Income Taxes, that generally requires comprehensive recognition of current and deferred income taxes for all intra-entity sales of assets other than inventory. As a result, a reporting entity would recognize the tax expense from the sale of the asset in the seller's tax jurisdiction when the transfer occurs, even though the pre-tax effects of that transaction are eliminated in consolidation. The new standard is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted, and must be applied on a modified retrospective basis through a cumulative-effect adjustment directly to retained earnings as of the beginning of the period of adoption. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, which requires that financial assets measured at amortized cost be presented at the net amount expected to be collected. Currently, U.S. GAAP delays recognition of the full amount of credit losses until the loss is probable of occurring. Under this new standard, the income statement will reflect an entity's current estimate of all expected credit losses. The measurement of expected credit losses will be based upon historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the collectability of the reported amount. Credit losses relating to available-for-sale debt securities will be recorded through an allowance for credit losses rather than as a direct write-down of the security. The new standard is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2020. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal year beginning January 1, 2019. The new guidance prescribes different transition methods for the various provisions. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), which requires lessees to recognize a right of use asset and related lease liability for those leases classified as operating leases at the commencement date and for those leases that have lease terms of more than 12 months. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and all annual and interim periods thereafter, with early adoption permitted, and must be adopted using a modified retrospective transition approach for leases that exist or are entered into after the beginning of the earliest comparative period in the financial statements, and provides for certain practical expedients. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on the its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-01, Financial Instruments - Overall (Subtopic 825-10): Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities, which provides guidance related to the accounting for equity investments, financial liabilities under the fair value option and the presentation and disclosure requirements for financial instruments. The guidance is effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The new guidance prescribes different transition methods for the various provisions. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this accounting standard update on the its consolidated financial statements and disclosures.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606). The standard states that an entity should recognize revenue based on the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The FASB has subsequently issued amendments to ASU 2014-09 that have the same effective date of January 1, 2018. The future impact of ASU 2014-09 will be dependent on the nature of the Company's future revenue contracts and arrangements, if any.

# Net Loss per Common Share

Basic net loss per common share ("Basic EPS") is calculated by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period, without consideration for potentially dilutive securities with the exception of warrants for common stock with a \$0.05 exercise price, which are exercisable for nominal consideration and are therefore included in the calculation of the weighted-average number of shares of common stock as common stock equivalents. Diluted net loss per share ("Diluted EPS") gives effect to all dilutive potential shares of common stock outstanding during this period. For Diluted EPS, net loss used in calculating Basic EPS is adjusted for certain items related to the dilutive securities.

For all periods presented, Aerie's potential common stock equivalents have been excluded from the computation of Diluted EPS as their inclusion would have had an anti-dilutive effect.

### **Table of Contents**

The potential common stock equivalents that have been excluded from the computation of Diluted EPS consist of the following:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MON ENDED	THS
	JUNE 30,		JUNE 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
2014 Convertible Notes <sup>(1)</sup>	5,040,323	5,040,323	5,040,323	5,040,323
Outstanding stock options	6,028,083	5,271,279	6,028,083	5,271,279
Stock purchase warrants	157,500	157,500	157,500	157,500
Unvested restricted common stock awards	353,660	184,633	353,660	184,633

Conversion is limited to a 9.985% ownership cap in shares of common stock by the holder. In addition to the common stock equivalents presented above, the 2014 Convertible Notes provide for an increase in the conversion rate if conversion is elected in connection with a significant corporate transaction. Refer to Note 7 for further information regarding the 2014 Convertible Notes.

## 3. Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net consists of the following:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED		SIX MON ENDED	
	JUNE :		JUNE 30	),
(in thousands)	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest and amortization expense	\$(604)	\$(622)	\$(1,201)	\$(1,310)
Foreign exchange loss	(391)	(3)	(402)	(9)
Investment income	377	143	673	289
	(618)	\$(482)	\$(930)	\$(1,030)

The foreign exchange loss during the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2017 is primarily related to the remeasurement of the Company's Euro-denominated monetary liability related to its build-to-suit lease obligation (Note 8), which is held by a subsidiary with a U.S. dollar functional currency.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### 4. Investments

Cash, cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2017 included the following:

(in thousands)	AMORTIZED COST	GROSS UNREALIZED GAINS	GROSS UNREALIZED LOSSES	FAIR VALUE
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash and money market accounts	\$ 242,650	\$	-\$ —	\$242,650
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 242,650	\$	-\$ —	\$242,650
Investments:				
Commercial paper (due within 1 year)	\$ 33,480	\$	-\$ —	\$33,480
Corporate bonds (due within 1 year)	31,871		(82)	31,789
Total investments	\$ 65,351	\$	-\$ (82)	\$65,269
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 308,001	\$	-\$ (82)	\$307,919

Cash, cash equivalents and investments as of December 31, 2016 included the following:

(in thousands)	AMORTIZED COST	GROSS UNRE GAINS	ALIZED	UN	OSS REALIZED SSES	FAIR VALUE
Cash and cash equivalents:						
Cash and money market accounts	\$ 196,445	\$		\$		\$196,445
Commercial paper	1,500	_		—		1,500
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 197,945	\$		\$		\$197,945
Investments:						
Certificates of deposit (due within 1 year)	\$ 6,920	\$	4	\$	(1)	\$6,923
Corporate bonds (due within 1 year)	27,615	4		(75	)	27,544
Government agencies (due within 1 year)	1,250	_		—		1,250
Total investments	\$ 35,785	\$	8	\$	(76)	\$35,717
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 233,730	\$	8	\$	(76)	\$233,662

## 5. Fair Value Measurements

The Company records certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value in accordance with the provisions of ASC 820 on fair value measurements. As defined in the guidance, fair value, defined as an exit price, represents the amount that would be received to sell an asset or pay to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. As a result, fair value is a market-based approach that should be determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or a liability. As a basis for considering these assumptions, the guidance defines a three-tier value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in the valuation methodologies in measuring fair value.

Level 1—Unadjusted quoted prices in active, accessible markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2—Other inputs that are directly or indirectly observable in the marketplace.

Level 3—Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity.

#### **Table of Contents**

The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The following tables summarize the fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value and the classification by level of input within the fair value hierarchy:

	FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AS OF			
	JUNE 30,	2017		
(in thousands)	Level 1	Level 2	Level	3 Total
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Cash and money market accounts	\$242,650	<b>\$</b> —		-\$242,650
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$242,650	<b>\$</b> —	\$	-\$242,650
Investments:				
Commercial paper	\$	\$33,480	\$	_\$33,480
Corporate bonds	_			31,789
Total investments				-\$65,269
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$242,650	\$65,269	\$	_\$307,919
	EAID MA	LUEME	A CLID	EMENTE
	AS OF	LUE ME	ASUK	EMENTS
				EMEN 15
(in thousands)	AS OF	BER 31, 2	016	
(in thousands) Cash and cash equivalents:	AS OF DECEMB	BER 31, 2	016	
	AS OF DECEMB	BER 31, 2 Level 2	016 Level	3 Total
Cash and cash equivalents:	AS OF DECEME Level 1 \$196,445	BER 31, 2 Level 2 \$— 1,500	016 Level \$ —	3 Total -\$196,445 1,500
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and money market accounts	AS OF DECEME Level 1	BER 31, 2 Level 2 \$— 1,500	016 Level \$ —	3 Total -\$196,445 1,500
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and money market accounts Commercial paper	AS OF DECEME Level 1 \$196,445 - \$196,445	BER 31, 2 Level 2 \$— 1,500	016 Level \$ —	3 Total -\$196,445 1,500
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and money market accounts Commercial paper Total cash and cash equivalents	AS OF DECEME Level 1 \$196,445	SER 31, 2 Level 2 \$— 1,500 \$1,500 \$6,923	016 Level \$ — \$	3 Total  -\$196,445 1,500 -\$197,945  -\$6,923
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and money market accounts Commercial paper Total cash and cash equivalents Investments: Certificates of deposit Corporate bonds	AS OF DECEME Level 1 \$196,445 - \$196,445	SER 31, 2 Level 2 \$— 1,500 \$1,500 \$6,923 27,544	016 Level \$ - \$	3 Total  -\$196,445 1,500 -\$197,945  -\$6,923 27,544
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and money market accounts Commercial paper Total cash and cash equivalents Investments: Certificates of deposit Corporate bonds Government agencies	AS OF DECEME Level 1 \$196,445 - \$196,445	SER 31, 2 Level 2 \$— 1,500 \$1,500 \$6,923 27,544 1,250	016 Level \$ - \$	3 Total  -\$196,445 1,500 -\$197,945  -\$6,923 27,544 1,250
Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and money market accounts Commercial paper Total cash and cash equivalents Investments: Certificates of deposit Corporate bonds	AS OF DECEMB Level 1 \$196,445	SER 31, 2 Level 2 \$— 1,500 \$1,500 \$6,923 27,544 1,250 \$35,717	016 Level \$ - \$	3 Total  -\$196,445 1,500 -\$197,945  -\$6,923 27,544

#### Convertible Notes

As of June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the estimated fair value of the 2014 Convertible Notes was \$287.3 million and \$209.6 million, respectively. The estimated fair value of the 2014 Convertible Notes was determined using a scenario analysis and Monte Carlo simulation model to capture the various features of the 2014 Convertible Notes. The scenario analysis and Monte Carlo simulation require the use of Level 3 unobservable inputs and subjective assumptions, including but not limited to the probability of conversion, stock price volatility, the risk-free interest rate and credit spread. The increase in the estimated fair value of the 2014 Convertible Notes was primarily attributable to the increase in the closing price of Aerie's common stock on June 30, 2017 as compared to December 31, 2016. The estimates presented are not necessarily indicative of amounts that could be realized in a current market exchange. The use of alternative market assumptions and estimation methodologies could have a material effect on these estimates of fair value.

#### **Table of Contents**

## 6. Accounts Payable & Other Current Liabilities

Accounts payable and other current liabilities consist of the following:

(in thousands)	JUNE 30, 2017	DECEMBER 31, 2016
Accounts payable	\$2,194	\$ 5,610
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities:		
Employee benefits and compensation related accruals <sup>(1)</sup>	3,142	4,111
Selling, general and administrative related accruals <sup>(2)</sup>	4,302	2,908
Research and development related accruals <sup>(3)</sup>	3,627	6,191
	\$13,265	\$ 18,820

- (1) Comprised of accrued bonus, accrued vacation and other employee-related expenses.
- (2) Comprised of accruals such as outside professional fees, accruals related to commercial manufacturing activities and other business related expenses.
- (3) Comprised of accruals such as fees for investigative sites, contract research organizations, contract manufacturing organizations and other service providers that assist in conducting preclinical research studies and clinical trials.

#### 7. Convertible Notes

On September 30, 2014, Aerie issued \$125.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior secured convertible notes ("the 2014 Convertible Notes") to Deerfield Partners, L.P., Deerfield International Master Fund, L.P., Deerfield Private Design Fund III, L.P., Deerfield Special Situations Fund, L.P. and Deerfield Special Situations International Master Fund, L.P. transferred all of its rights under the 2014 Convertible Notes to Deerfield Special Situations Fund, L.P. (together with the other Deerfield entities listed above, "Deerfield"). The 2014 Convertible Notes were issued pursuant to a note purchase agreement (as amended and supplemented from time to time, the "Note Purchase Agreement"), dated as of September 8, 2014, among Aerie and the Deerfield entities party thereto.

The 2014 Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 1.75% per annum payable quarterly in arrears on the first business day of each January, April, July and October. The 2014 Convertible Notes mature on the seventh anniversary from the date of issuance, unless earlier converted.

The 2014 Convertible Notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by Aerie Distribution. The 2014 Convertible Notes constitute the senior secured obligations of Aerie and Aerie Distribution, collateralized by a first priority security interest in substantially all of the assets of Aerie and Aerie Distribution. The Note Purchase Agreement provides that, upon the request of Aerie, Deerfield will release all of the liens on the collateral and the security agreement will terminate if both of the following occur: (i) beginning one month after FDA approval of either Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> or Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, shares of Aerie's common stock have traded at a price above \$30 per share (subject to adjustment for any subdivision or combination of outstanding common stock) for 30 consecutive trading days, and (ii) Aerie is prepared to close a financing that will be secured by a lien on Aerie's assets, subject only to the release of the lien on Aerie's assets held by Deerfield.

At closing, Aerie paid Deerfield a one-time transaction fee of \$0.6 million. In addition, Aerie reimbursed Deerfield in the amount of \$0.3 million for certain expenses incurred by Deerfield in connection with the transaction. Aerie also incurred \$1.3 million of legal and advisory fees in connection with the transaction.

The 2014 Convertible Notes are convertible at any time at the option of Deerfield, in whole or in part, into shares of common stock, including upon the repayment of the 2014 Convertible Notes at maturity (the "Conversion Option"). However, upon conversion, Deerfield (together with their affiliates) is limited to a 9.985% ownership cap in shares of common stock (the "9.985% Cap"). The 9.985% Cap would remain in place upon any assignment of the 2014 Convertible Notes by Deerfield.

#### **Table of Contents**

The initial conversion price is \$24.80 per share of common stock (equivalent to an initial conversion rate of 40.32 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2014 Convertible Notes), representing a 30% premium over the closing price of the common stock on September 8, 2014. The conversion rate and the corresponding conversion price are subject to adjustment for stock dividends (other than a dividend for which Deerfield would be entitled to participate on an as-converted basis), stock splits, reverse stock splits and reclassifications. In addition, in connection with certain significant corporate transactions, Deerfield, at its option, may (i) require Aerie to prepay all or a portion of the principal amount of the 2014 Convertible Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest, or (ii) convert all or a portion of the principal amount of the 2014 Convertible Notes into shares of common stock or receive the consideration Deerfield would have received had Deerfield converted the 2014 Convertible Notes immediately prior to the consummation of the transaction. The 2014 Convertible Notes provide for an increase in the conversion rate if Deerfield elects to convert their 2014 Convertible Notes in connection with a significant corporate transaction. The current maximum increase to the initial conversion rate, in connection with a significant corporate transaction, is 12.07 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2014 Conversion Notes, which decreases over time and is determined by reference to the price of the common stock prior to the consummation of the significant corporate transaction.

The Note Purchase Agreement contains various representations and warranties, and affirmative and negative covenants, customary for financings of this type, including restrictions on the incurrence of additional debt and liens on Aerie's and its subsidiaries' assets. As of June 30, 2017, Aerie was in compliance with the covenants. The Note Purchase Agreement also provides for certain events of default, including the failure to pay principal and interest when due; inaccuracies in Aerie's or Aerie Distribution's representations and warranties to Deerfield; failure to comply with any of the covenants; Aerie's or Aerie Distribution's insolvency or the occurrence of certain bankruptcy-related events; certain judgments against Aerie and its subsidiaries; the suspension, cancellation or revocation of governmental authorizations that are reasonably expected to have a material adverse effect on Aerie's business; the acceleration of a specified amount of indebtedness; and the failure to deliver shares of common stock upon conversion of the 2014 Convertible Notes. If any event of default were to occur, and continue beyond any applicable cure period, the holders of more than 50% of the aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding 2014 Convertible Notes would be permitted to declare the principal and accrued and unpaid interest to be immediately due and payable. The Company recorded the 2014 Convertible Notes as long-term debt at face value less debt discounts relating to fees and certain expenses paid to Deerfield in connection with the transaction. The Conversion Option is a derivative that qualifies for an exemption from bifurcation and liability accounting as provided for in ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging - Contracts in Entity's Own Equity ("ASC 815"). Since the Conversion Option is not bifurcated as a derivative pursuant to ASC 815, the Company further evaluated the Conversion Option to determine whether it is considered a beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"). The Company determined that the initial accounting conversion price was greater than the fair value of the common stock at the close of trading on the date of issuance, therefore no BCF existed at inception. However, if Deerfield elects to convert their 2014 Convertible Notes in connection with a significant corporate transaction, the increase to the initial conversion rate may cause a contingent BCF to exist at the time of conversion. The contingent BCF, if any, will be recognized in earnings when the contingency is resolved and will be measured using the fair value of the common stock at the close of trading on the date of issuance and the accounting conversion price as adjusted for such an increase to the initial conversion rate.

In connection with the IP Assignment, Aerie granted Deerfield a security interest in certain intercompany promissory notes and pledged 65% of the voting stock of Aerie Limited. Upon the request of Aerie, Deerfield will release the lien on the intercompany promissory notes under certain circumstances.

Unamortized debt discounts were \$1.3 million as of June 30, 2017. Debt discounts are amortized using the effective interest method through the earlier of maturity or the conversion of the 2014 Convertible Notes.

#### **Table of Contents**

The table below summarizes the carrying value of the 2014 Convertible Notes as of June 30, 2017:

(in thousands)

Gross proceeds

Initial value of issuance costs recorded as debt discount

Amortization of debt discount and issuance costs

Carrying value

SUNE 30,
2017

\$125,000

(2,146
)
\$38

Carrying value

\$123,692

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 interest expense related to the 2014 Convertible Notes was \$0.5 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 interest expense related to the 2014 Convertible Notes was \$0.5 million and \$1.1 million, respectively.

### 8. Build-to-Suit Lease

the lease.

In January 2017, the Company entered into a Euro-denominated lease agreement, expiring in September 2037, for a new manufacturing plant in Athlone, Ireland, under which the Company is leasing approximately 30,000 square feet of interior floor space for build-out. The Company is permitted to terminate the lease beginning in September 2027. Total expected rental payments, using foreign exchange rates in effect at June 30, 2017, are approximately \$2.7 million through September 2027 and approximately \$6.2 million through the expiration of the lease. The Company is not the legal owner of the leased space. However, in accordance with ASC 840, Leases, the Company is deemed to be the owner of the leased space, including the building shell, during the construction period because of the Company's expected level of direct financial and operational involvement in the substantial tenant improvements required. As a result, the Company capitalized approximately \$4.2 million as a build-to-suit asset within property, plant and equipment, net and recognized a corresponding build-to-suit facility lease obligation as a

liability on its consolidated balance sheets equal to the estimated replacement cost of the building at the inception of

Additionally, construction costs incurred as part of the build-out and tenant improvements will also be capitalized within property, plant and equipment, net. Costs of approximately \$5.2 million have been capitalized through June 30, 2017 related to both equipment purchases and the build-out of the facility. Rental payments made under the lease will be allocated to interest expense and the build-to-suit facility lease obligation based on the implicit rate of the build-to-suit facility lease obligation was approximately \$4.6 million as of June 30, 2017, of which \$0.2 million was classified as other current liabilities as of June 30, 2017. The lease obligation is denominated in Euros and is remeasured to U.S. dollars at the balance sheet date with any foreign exchange gain or loss recognized within other income (expense), net on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. Unrealized foreign currency loss related to the remeasurement of the lease obligation for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was \$0.4 million.

## 9. Stockholders' Equity

From the Company's initial public offering ("IPO") through December 31, 2016, the Company has issued and sold (1) a total of 5,933,712 shares of common stock under its "at-the-market" sales agreements and received net proceeds of approximately \$146.6 million, after deducting commissions at a rate of up to 3% of the gross sales price per share sold and other fees and expenses, and (2) 2,542,373 shares of common stock pursuant to an underwriting agreement, dated September 15, 2016, for which the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$71.0 million, after deducting the underwriting discount, fees and expenses of approximately \$4.0 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, the Company has issued and sold 906,858 shares of common stock under its "at-the-market" sales agreement, for which the Company received net proceeds of approximately \$49.3 million, after deducting commissions, fees and expenses of \$0.6 million. Further, on May 25, 2017, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement relating to the registered public offering of 1,395,349 shares of the Company's common stock at a price to the public of \$53.75 per share. The Company received net proceeds of approximately \$72.7 million, after deducting underwriting discounts, fees and expenses of \$2.3 million.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### Warrants

As of June 30, 2017, the Company also has the following equity-classified warrants to purchase common stock outstanding:

NUMBERXERCISE WARRANT UNDERIPTING PER EXPIRATION SHARESSHARE DATE 75,000 \$ 5.00 February 2019 75,000 \$ 5.00 November 2019 7,500 \$ 5.00 August 2020 223,482 \$ 0.05 December 2019

The warrants outstanding as of June 30, 2017 are all currently exercisable with a weighted-average remaining life of 2.3 years.

### 10. Stock-based Compensation

Stock-based compensation expense for options and restricted stock awards ("RSAs") is reflected in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss as follows:

	THREE MONT ENDEI JUNE	HS O	SIX MO ENDED JUNE 3	
(in thousands)	2017	2016	2017	2016
Research and development	\$1,414	\$814	\$2,478	\$1,526
Selling, general and administrative	5,251	3,067	9,037	5,889
Total	\$6,665	\$3,881	\$11,515	\$7,415

The estimated fair value of options to purchase common stock is determined on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Options granted to non-employees are revalued at each financial reporting period until the required service is performed. The fair value of RSAs granted is based on the market value of Aerie's common stock on the date of grant. Compensation expense related to time-based RSAs is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. For RSAs with non-market performance conditions, the Company evaluates the criteria for each grant to determine the probability that the performance condition will be achieved. Compensation expense for RSAs with non-market performance conditions is recognized over the respective service period when it is deemed probable that the performance condition will be satisfied.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had \$49.3 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to options granted under its equity plans. This expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.9 years as of June 30, 2017. The weighted average remaining contractual life on all outstanding options as of June 30, 2017 was 7.4 years.

As of June 30, 2017, the Company had \$9.9 million of unrecognized compensation expense, related to unvested RSAs. This expense is expected to be recognized over the weighted average contractual term period of 3.2 years as of June 30, 2017.

#### **Equity Plans**

The Company maintains three equity compensation plans, the 2005 Aerie Pharmaceutical Stock Plan (the "2005 Plan"), the 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2013 Equity Plan"), which was amended and restated as the Aerie Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Amended and Restated Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "Amended and Restated Equity Plan"), as described below, and the Aerie Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Inducement Award Plan (the "Inducement Award Plan"), as described below. The 2005 Plan, the Amended and Restated Equity Plan and the Inducement Award Plan are referred to collectively as the "Plans."

On October 30, 2013, the effective date of the 2013 Equity Plan, the 2005 Plan was frozen and no additional awards have been or will be made under the 2005 Plan. Any remaining shares available for future grant under the 2005 Plan were allocated to the 2013 Equity Plan.

#### **Table of Contents**

On April 10, 2015, Aerie's stockholders approved the adoption of the Amended and Restated Equity Plan and no additional awards have been or will be made under the 2013 Equity Plan. Any remaining shares available under the 2013 Equity Plan were allocated to the Amended and Restated Equity Plan. The Amended and Restated Equity Plan provides for the granting of up to 5,729,068 equity awards in respect of common stock of Aerie, including equity awards that were available for issuance under the 2013 Equity Plan.

On December 7, 2016, Aerie's Board of Directors approved the Inducement Award Plan which provides for the granting of up to 418,000 equity awards in respect of common stock of Aerie, which was increased by 463,500 shares during the six months ended June 30, 2017. Awards granted under the Inducement Award Plan are intended to qualify as employment inducement awards under NASDAQ Listing Rule 5635(c)(4).

The following table summarizes the stock option activity under the Plans:

	NUMBER OF SHARES	WEIGHTED AVERAG EXERCISE PRICE	WEIGHTED  AVERAGE  REMAINING  CONTRACTUAL  LIFE (YEARS)	AGGREGATE INTRINSIC VALUE (000's)
Options outstanding at December 31, 2016	5,255,930	\$ 14.34		
Granted	988,459	44.63		
Exercised	(198,735)	10.93		
Canceled	(17,571)	34.34		
Options outstanding at June 30, 2017	6,028,083	\$ 19.36	7.4	\$ 200,150
Options exercisable at June 30, 2017	3,692,130	\$ 11.85	6.5	\$ 150,268

The following table summarizes the RSA activity under the Plans:

	NUMBER OF SHARES	WEIGHTED AVERAGE FAIR VALUE PER SHARE
Nonvested RSAs at December 31, 2016	164,194	\$ 19.87
Granted	246,393	44.56
Vested	(54,591)	20.47
Canceled	(2,336)	43.90
Nonvested RSAs at June 30, 2017	353,660	\$ 36.82

The vesting of time-based RSAs is service based with terms of one to four years. RSAs with non-market performance conditions vest upon the satisfaction of certain performance conditions and/or service conditions.

### 11. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company may periodically become subject to legal proceedings and claims arising in connection with its business. The Company is not a party to any known litigation, is not aware of any unasserted claims and does not have contingency reserves established for any litigation liabilities.

#### **Table of Contents**

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
The following management's discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes that appear elsewhere in this report and with our audited financial statements and related notes and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, as filed with the SEC on March 9, 2017 ("2016 Form 10-K"). This discussion and analysis contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Please see "Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" for additional factors relating to such statements, and see "Risk Factors" in our 2016 Form 10-K and other documents we have filed or furnished with the SEC for a discussion of certain risk factors applicable to our business, financial condition and results of operations. Past operating results are not necessarily indicative of operating results in any future periods.

Overview

We are a clinical-stage pharmaceutical company focused on the discovery, development and commercialization of first-in-class therapies for the treatment of patients with glaucoma and other diseases of the eye. Our strategy is to advance our product candidates, Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> (netarsudil ophthalmic solution) 0.02% ("Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>") and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> (netarsudil/latanoprost ophthalmic solution) 0.02%/0.005% ("Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>"), to regulatory approval and commercialize these products ourselves in North American markets. If approved, we plan to build a commercial team that will include approximately 100 sales representatives to target approximately 10,000 high prescribing eye-care professionals throughout the United States. We are also enhancing our longer-term commercial potential by identifying and advancing additional product candidates and drug delivery technologies, including through our internal discovery efforts and potential research collaborations, in-licensing or acquisitions of additional ophthalmic products or technologies or product candidates that would complement our current product portfolio. Our strategy includes developing our business outside of North America, including obtaining regulatory approval in Europe and Japan on our own for our product candidates. In 2015, we revised our corporate structure to align with our business strategy outside of North America by establishing Aerie Pharmaceuticals Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary ("Aerie Limited"), and Aerie Pharmaceuticals Ireland Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary ("Aerie Ireland Limited"). We assigned the beneficial rights to our non-U.S. and non-Canadian intellectual property for our lead product candidates to Aerie Limited (the "IP Assignment"). As part of the IP Assignment, we and Aerie Limited entered into a research and development cost sharing agreement pursuant to which we and Aerie Limited will share the costs of the development of intellectual property and Aerie Limited and Aerie Ireland Limited entered into a license arrangement pursuant to which Aerie Ireland Limited will develop and commercialize the beneficial rights of the intellectual property assigned as part of the IP Assignment. In 2016, we assigned the beneficial rights to certain of our intellectual property in the U.S. and Canada to Aerie Distribution, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary ("Aerie Distribution"), and amended and restated the research and development cost sharing agreement to transfer our rights and obligations under the agreement to Aerie Distribution.

## Product Candidate Overview

Our two advanced stage product candidates are designed to lower intraocular pressure ("IOP") in patients with open-angle glaucoma or ocular hypertension. Both product candidates are taken once-daily and have shown in preclinical and clinical trials to be effective in lowering IOP, with novel mechanisms of action ("MOAs") and a positive safety profile.

We own the worldwide rights to all indications for our current Aerie product candidates. Our intellectual property portfolio contains patents and pending patent applications related to composition of matter, pharmaceutical compositions, methods of use, and synthetic methods. We have patent protection for our current product candidates, Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, in the United States through at least 2030. Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>

Our first product candidate, Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> is a novel once-daily eye drop designed to lower IOP in patients with glaucoma or ocular hypertension. We are developing Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> as the first of a new class of compounds that is designed to lower IOP in patients through novel MOAs. We believe that, if approved, Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> will represent the first new MOAs for lowering IOP in patients with glaucoma in over 20 years. Based on preclinical studies and clinical data to date, we expect that Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, if approved, will have the potential to compete with non-prostaglandin

analogue products as a preferred adjunctive therapy to prostaglandin analogues ("PGAs"), due to its targeting of the diseased tissue known as the trabecular meshwork ("TM"), its demonstrated IOP-lowering ability across tested baselines with once-daily dosing, its potential synergistic effect with PGA

#### **Table of Contents**

products, and its lack of drug-related serious or systemic adverse events. Adjunctive therapies currently represent approximately one-half of the entire glaucoma therapy market in the United States, according to IMS. In addition, if approved, we believe that Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> may also potentially become a preferred therapy where PGAs are contraindicated, for patients who do not respond to PGAs and for patients who choose to avoid the cosmetic issues associated with PGA products. Also, in a 24-hour, 12-patient pilot study comparing Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> efficacy to that of placebo, Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> demonstrated similar levels of IOP lowering during nocturnal and diurnal periods. This is potentially a further differentiating feature of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> when considering that currently marketed products have demonstrated little or no efficacy at night and eye pressure is typically highest when patients are asleep. We resubmitted our NDA with the FDA for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> on February 28, 2017. The PDUFA goal date for the completion of the FDA's review of the Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> NDA is set for February 28, 2018. This date reflects a standard 12-month review period. The notification we received from the FDA also indicated that the FDA is currently planning to hold an advisory committee to discuss the NDA. Our initial submission, announced in September 2016, was withdrawn as a result of a contract manufacturer of our drug product not being prepared for pre-approval inspection by the FDA.

The NDA submission included our second Phase 3 registration trial for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, named "Rocket 2," as the pivotal clinical trial and our initial Phase 3 registration trial, named "Rocket 1," as supportive in nature. Our Rocket 2 trial achieved its primary efficacy endpoint of demonstrating non-inferiority of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> compared to timolol. In addition, the 12-month safety data from this registration trial also confirmed a positive safety profile for the drug and demonstrated a consistent IOP-lowering effect throughout the 12-month period at the specified measurement time points. We also included as supportive data the 90-day efficacy results of Rocket 4 and Mercury 1, each as further discussed below, with the NDA submission for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>.

Our fourth Phase 3 registration trial for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, named "Rocket 4," in the U.S., was designed to generate adequate six-month safety data for European regulatory approval, for which we expect to file in the second half of 2018. The six-month safety and efficacy data were largely consistent with observations in the other Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> Phase 3 registration trials and the 90-day efficacy results achieved the primary efficacy endpoint of demonstrating non-inferiority of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> compared to timolol. A third Phase 3 registration trial for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, named "Rocket 3," was a small 12-month safety-only study in Canada that was not necessary for the NDA submission and for which we had discontinued enrollment.

The Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> Phase 3 registration trial results have shown no drug-related serious adverse events or drug related systemic adverse events, with the most common adverse event reported being conjunctival hyperemia, or eye redness, with incidence rates of approximately 50% across all Phase 3 registration trials for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, the majority of which was reported as mild.

Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>

Our second product candidate is once daily Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, a fixed-dose combination of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and latanoprost. We believe, based on our preclinical studies and clinical trials to date, that Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, if approved, will be the only glaucoma product that covers the full spectrum of currently known IOP-lowering MOAs, giving it the potential to provide a greater IOP-lowering effect than any currently marketed glaucoma product. Therefore, we believe that Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, if approved, could compete with both PGA and non-PGA therapies for patients requiring maximal IOP lowering, including those with higher IOPs and those who present with significant disease progression despite currently available therapies.

We recently completed two Phase 3 registration trials for Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>. The first Phase 3 registration trial for Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, named "Mercury 1," was a 12-month safety trial with a 90-day efficacy readout. Mercury 1 achieved its primary efficacy endpoint of demonstrating superiority of Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> to each of its components. The safety and tolerability results for Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> from the 90-day efficacy period of Mercury 1 showed no drug-related serious adverse events or drug related systemic adverse events. On July 19, 2017, we announced the results of the Mercury 1 12-month safety study, noting the safety results for Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> for the 12-month period were consistent with those observed for the 90-day efficacy period. There were no new adverse events that developed over the 12-month period, and there were no drug-related serious or systemic adverse events.

The second Phase 3 registration trial for Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, named "Mercury 2," was a 90-day efficacy and safety trial also designed to demonstrate superiority of Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> to each of its components. The Mercury 2 trial design was identical to that of Mercury 1, except that Mercury 2 was a 90-day trial without the additional nine-month safety extension included in Mercury 1. Both Mercury 1 and Mercury 2 achieved their 90-day primary efficacy endpoints of demonstrating statistical superiority over each of its components, including Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and market-leading PGA, latanoprost, at all measured time points. The superiority of Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> over its components was consistently in the range of 1 to 3 mmHg (millimeters of mercury). We are permitted to submit the Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> NDA while the Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> NDA is still being reviewed by the FDA. We expect to submit an NDA for Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> in the first half of 2018, which may be prior to obtaining approval for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>.

#### **Table of Contents**

Mercury 1 and Mercury 2 will also be used for European approval of Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, and we plan to initiate a third Phase 3 registration trial for Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, named "Mercury 3," in Europe in the third quarter of 2017. Mercury 3 is designed to compare Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> to Ganf®tta fixed-dose combination product of bimatoprost and timolol marketed in Europe, which if successful, is expected to improve our commercialization prospects in that region.

In addition to our continued use of product sourced from our current contract manufacturer based in the U.S., in January 2017, we announced that we are building a new manufacturing plant in Athlone, Ireland. This will be our first manufacturing plant, expected to produce commercial supplies of our current product candidates, Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>. If we obtain regulatory approval, commercial product supply from the plant is expected to be available by 2020. We are also in the process of adding a second contract manufacturer.

## Pipeline Opportunities

Our stated objective is to build a major ophthalmic pharmaceutical company. In addition to our primary product candidates, Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>, we continue to explore the impact of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> on the diseased TM. We have issued several research updates on preclinical results demonstrating that Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> may have the potential for disease modification, including stopping and potentially reversing fibrosis in the TM, and also increasing perfusion in the trabecular outflow pathway thus increasing both drainage and the delivery of nutrients to the diseased tissue. We are also conducting ongoing research to evaluate injectable sustained release formulation technologies with the potential capability of delivering the active metabolite in Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> internally in the eye over several months for the treatment of glaucoma.

We are also evaluating possible uses of our existing proprietary portfolio of Rho kinase inhibitors beyond glaucoma. Our owned preclinical small molecule, AR-13154, has demonstrated the potential for the treatment of wet age-related macular degeneration ("AMD") by inhibiting Rho kinase and Protein kinase C and has shown lesion size decreases in an in vivo preclinical model of wet AMD at levels similar to the current market-leading wet AMD anti-VEGF product, and even greater lesion size reduction in combination with the current market-leading wet AMD anti-VEGF product. Further, in our preclinical studies, we have seen a promising potential of this molecule to reduce neovascularization in a model of proliferative diabetic retinopathy. Pending additional studies, the active metabolite of AR-13154 and related molecules may have the potential to provide an entirely new mechanism and pathway to treat wet AMD and other diseases of the retina, such as diabetic retinopathy. This molecule has not yet been tested in humans in a clinical trial setting.

We may enter into research collaboration arrangements, license, acquire or develop additional product candidates and technologies to broaden our presence in ophthalmology, and we continually explore and discuss potential additional opportunities for new ophthalmic products, delivery alternatives and new therapeutic areas with potential partners. We are currently focused on the evaluation of technologies for the delivery of our owned molecules to the front and back of the eye over sustained periods. For example, we recently announced that we have entered into a collaborative research, development and licensing agreement with DSM, a global science-based company headquartered in the Netherlands. The research collaboration agreement includes an option to license DSM's bioerodible polymer implant technology for evaluating its application to the delivery of certain Aerie compounds, initially focused on retinal diseases.

## Financial Overview

Our cash, cash equivalents and investments totaled \$307.9 million as of June 30, 2017 and are currently expected to provide sufficient resources for our ongoing needs. See "—Operating Capital Requirements."

To date, we have not generated product revenue and we do not expect to generate product revenue unless and until we successfully complete development and obtain regulatory approval for one or more of our current product candidates. If we do not successfully commercialize any of our current product candidates, we may be unable to generate product revenue or achieve profitability.

We have incurred net losses since our inception in June 2005. Our operations to date have primarily been limited to research and development and raising capital. As of June 30, 2017, we had an accumulated deficit of \$370.8 million. We recorded net losses of \$28.4 million and \$54.2 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017, respectively. We recorded net losses of \$23.2 million and \$45.9 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, respectively. We anticipate that a substantial portion of our capital resources and efforts in the foreseeable

future will be focused on completing the development and obtaining regulatory approval and preparing for potential commercialization and manufacturing of our product candidates.

#### **Table of Contents**

As a result, we expect to continue to incur significant operating losses until such a time when our product candidates are commercially successful, if at all. In 2017, we expect our selling, general and administrative expenses to be higher than in 2016 as we prepare for potential commercialization of our product candidates, including increases in employee-related costs and in expenses and costs related to expanded infrastructure, pre-launch commercial operations and manufacturing activities. Additionally, we anticipate that our clinical expenses will be lower in 2017 as compared to 2016 as we complete clinical trials and pursue regulatory approval for our product candidates in the U.S. Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries, benefits and stock-based compensation for all officers and employees in general management, sales and marketing, finance, and administration. Other significant expenses include pre-approval commercial-related manufacturing costs, including building commercial inventory in preparation for the potential launch of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, pre-launch sales and marketing activities, facilities expenses and professional fees for audit, tax, legal and other services.

We expect that our selling, general and administrative expenses will increase with the continued advancement of our product candidates as we prepare for potential commercialization. We expect these increases will likely be associated with the hiring of additional employees in areas such as sales and marketing and medical affairs, along with increased levels of manufacturing activity and overhead expenses associated with the growth of our employee base.

## Research and Development Expenses

The following table shows our research and development ("R&D") expenses by product candidate and type of activity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30.		SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	(in thous	ands)		
Rhopressa <sup>TM</sup>				
Direct non-clinical	\$520	\$958	\$775	\$1,613
Direct clinical	674	2,929	1,569	6,312
Total	\$1,194	\$3,887	\$2,344	\$7,925
Roclatan <sup>TM</sup>				
Direct non-clinical	\$245	\$774	\$819	\$1,275
Direct clinical	2,694	3,015	5,532	6,016
Total	\$2,939	\$3,789	\$6,351	\$7,291
Other research and development activities	\$112	\$587	\$233	\$1,108
Unallocated	\$6,370	\$5,041	\$12,641	\$9,289
Total research and development expense	\$10,615	\$13,304	\$21,569	\$25,613

We expense R&D costs as incurred. Expenses relating to R&D activities that are supportive of the product candidate itself, such as manufacturing and stability and toxicology studies, are classified as direct non-clinical. Expenses relating to clinical trials and similar activities, including costs associated with contract research organizations ("CROs") and FDA-related fees, are classified as direct clinical. Other research and development activities include direct costs associated with collaboration arrangements and pipeline activities, including our ongoing preclinical activities. Expenses relating to activities that support more than one development program or activity such as employee-related costs, including stock-based compensation, facilities expenses and depreciation expense for assets used in R&D are not allocated to direct clinical or non-clinical expenses and are separately classified as "unallocated."

#### **Table of Contents**

### Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense) primarily includes interest income, interest expense, and foreign exchange gains and losses. Other income primarily consists of interest earned on our cash and cash equivalents and investments, and amortization or accretion of discounts and premiums on our investments. Interest expense consists of interest expense under the 2014 Convertible Notes, including the amortization of debt discounts and issuance costs. Foreign exchange gains and losses are primarily due to the remeasurement of our Euro-denominated liability related to our build-to-suit lease obligation, which is held by a subsidiary with a U.S. dollar functional currency.

## Critical Accounting Policies and Use of Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based on our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or U.S. GAAP. The preparation of consolidated financial statements also requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, costs and expenses and related disclosures. We evaluate our estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. Significant estimates include assumptions used in the determination of stock-based compensation and operating expense accruals. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other factors that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Our critical accounting policies and the methodologies and assumptions we apply under them have not materially changed since the date we filed our 2016 Form 10-K. For more information on our critical accounting policies refer to our 2016 Form 10-K.

## **Results of Operations**

Comparison of the Three Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

The following table summarizes the results of our operations for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,		CHANGE	% CHA	% CHANGE	
	2017	2016				
	(in thousan	nds, except	percentages	s)		
Selling, general and administrative	\$17,153	\$9,386	\$7,767	83	%	
Research and development	10,615	13,304	(2,689)	(20	)%	
Total operating expenses	27,768	22,690	5,078	22	%	
Loss from operations	(27,768)	(22,690)	(5,078)	22	%	
Other income (expense), net	(618)	(482)	(136)	28	%	
Net loss before income taxes	\$(28,386)	\$(23,172)	\$ (5,214)	23	%	

#### Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$7.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. This increase was primarily associated with the expansion of our employee base and preparatory commercial operations and manufacturing activities.

Employee-related expenses increased by \$3.6 million, including an increase in stock-based compensation expense of \$2.2 million and an increase in salaries and other employee-related expenses of \$1.4 million due to increased headcount

Expenses related to our pre-launch sales and marketing planning increased \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. Total costs related to preparatory commercial operations and manufacturing were approximately \$2.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$1.2 million as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016, and included scale-up of our current manufacturing activities and building

#### **Table of Contents**

commercial inventory in preparation for the potential launch of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>. Certain of our direct preparatory commercial operations and manufacturing activities are recognized in selling, general and administrative expenses until such time when we determine such costs should be capitalized as saleable inventory. In addition, professional fees increased by \$1.0 million, primarily due to consulting fees for compliance-related activities and legal fees to support the growth of our operations.

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses decreased by \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, our research and development activity was primarily associated with Phase 3 registration trials for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>. The Phase 3 registration trials for both Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> have been completed for purposes of applying for FDA approval in the U.S. As such, direct clinical and non-clinical costs for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> decreased by \$2.7 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, for the three months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. Unallocated expenses increased by \$1.3 million primarily driven by increased employee-related expenses, including stock-based compensation.

Comparison of the Six Months Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

The following table summarizes the results of our operations for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	SIX MON	THS		01-	
	ENDED JU	JNE 30,	<b>CHANGE</b>	% CHA	NCE
	2017	2016		СПА	NGE
	(in thousan	ds, except	percentages	3)	
Selling, general and administrative	\$31,628	\$19,187	\$12,441	65	%
Research and development	21,569	25,613	(4,044 )	(16	)%
Total operating expenses	53,197	44,800	8,397	19	%
Loss from operations	(53,197)	(44,800 )	(8,397)	19	%
Other income (expense), net	(930)	(1,030 )	100	(10	)%
Net loss before income taxes	\$(54,127)	\$(45,830)	\$(8,297)	18	%

Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$12.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016. This increase was primarily associated with the expansion of our employee base and preparatory commercial operations and manufacturing activities.

Employee-related expenses increased by \$5.4 million, including an increase in stock-based compensation expense of \$3.2 million and an increase in salaries and other employee-related expenses of \$2.2 million due to increased headcount

Expenses related to our direct preparatory commercial operations and manufacturing activities were approximately \$4.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017, an increase of \$2.9 million as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016, and included scale-up of our current manufacturing activities and building commercial inventory in preparation for the potential launch of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, as discussed above. Our pre-launch sales and marketing planning activities increased \$2.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016, and professional fees increased by \$1.3 million, primarily due to consulting fees for compliance-related activities and legal fees to support the growth of our operations.

#### **Table of Contents**

#### Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses decreased by \$4.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, our research and development activity was primarily associated with Phase 3 registration trials for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup>. The Phase 3 registration trials for both Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> have been completed for purposes of applying for FDA approval in the U.S. As such, direct clinical and non-clinical costs for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> decreased by \$5.6 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, for the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016. Unallocated expenses increased by \$3.4 million primarily driven by increased employee-related expenses, including stock-based compensation.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since our inception, we have funded operations primarily through the sale of equity securities and the issuance of convertible notes. We have incurred losses and experienced negative operating cash flows since our inception and anticipate that we will continue to incur losses until such a time when our product candidates are commercially successful, if at all.

## Sources of Liquidity

Prior to our IPO, we raised net cash proceeds of \$78.6 million from the private placement of convertible preferred stock and convertible notes. Prior to and in connection with our IPO, all outstanding shares of convertible preferred stock and all convertible notes were converted into shares of common stock. On October 30, 2013, we completed our IPO and raised net proceeds of approximately \$68.3 million, after deducting underwriting discounts, fees and expenses.

#### Since our IPO, we have issued:

\$125.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior secured convertible notes (the "2014 Convertible Notes"), for which we received net proceeds of approximately \$122.9 million, after deducting discounts and certain expenses of \$2.1 million, and

10.8 million shares of our common stock through June 30, 2017, for which we received net proceeds of approximately \$339.5 million, after deducting commissions and other fees and expenses. This includes \$195.9 million raised from "at-the-market" sales agreements, of which \$49.3 million in net proceeds was raised during the six months ended June 30, 2017. Additionally, we raised net proceeds of \$143.6 million from the issuance of shares of our common stock pursuant to underwriting agreements, of which approximately \$72.7 million was raised during the six months ended June 30, 2017.

As of June 30, 2017, our principal sources of liquidity were our cash, cash equivalents and investments, which totaled approximately \$307.9 million.

### Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our sources and uses of cash:

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 2016 (in thousands)

Net cash (used in) provided by:

Operating activities \$(45,786) \$(39,832)
Investing activities (32,220) 5,128
Financing activities 122,711 2,163
Net change in cash and cash equivalents \$44,705 \$(32,541)

#### **Table of Contents**

#### **Operating Activities**

During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, net cash used in operating activities was \$45.8 million and \$39.8 million, respectively. The increase in cash used in operating activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017 as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2016 was primarily due to the expansion of our employee base and commercial operations and manufacturing activities in preparation for the launch of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, assuming FDA approval. This is partially offset by a reduction in expenditures for clinical trials in 2017 compared to 2016.

Additionally, in connection with the initial NDA submission for Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup>, announced in September 2016, we paid the FDA a user fee of \$2.4 million, of which \$1.8 million was reimbursed to us during the six months ended June 30, 2017. The \$0.6 million retention by the FDA results from our withdrawal of the initial NDA submission prior to FDA acceptance of the NDA for review.

## **Investing Activities**

During the six months ended June 30, 2017, our investing activities used net cash of \$32.2 million primarily related to purchases of available-for-sale investments of \$54.4 million and purchases of fixed assets of \$2.6 million primarily associated with the build-out of our manufacturing plant in Ireland. These purchases were partially offset by sales and maturities of available-for-sale investments of \$24.8 million. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, our investing activities provided net cash of approximately \$5.1 million primarily related to maturities of available-for-sale investments of \$24.8 million, which were partially offset by purchases of available-for-sale investments of \$19.2 million.

## Financing Activities

During the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, our financing activities provided net cash of \$122.7 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. The net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2017 was primarily related to the issuance and sale of common stock pursuant to our "at-the-market" sales agreements and underwriting agreement, dated May 25, 2017, from which we received net proceeds of approximately \$49.3 million and \$72.7 million, respectively. The net cash provided by financing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2017 also included net proceeds of \$0.7 million from stock purchase rights under our employee stock purchase plan and stock option exercises, partially offset by tax withholdings related to restricted stock awards. The net cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2016 was primarily related to the issuance and sale of common stock under our former "at-the-market" sales agreements, from which we received net proceeds of approximately \$2.0 million.

### Capital Requirements

We expect to incur ongoing operating losses until such a time when our product candidates are commercially successful, if at all. Our principal liquidity requirements are for: working capital; future increased operational expenses; pre-commercialization planning and manufacturing activities; expenses associated with developing our pipeline opportunities, including pursuing strategic growth opportunities; costs associated with executing our strategy to expand into Europe and Japan; contractual obligations; capital expenditures, including completing our manufacturing plant in Ireland; and debt service payments.

In January 2017, we entered into a lease agreement for a new manufacturing plant in Ireland under which we are leasing approximately 30,000 square feet of interior floor space for build-out. Estimated project-wide equipment, construction and other related project costs are expected to total approximately \$39 million (excluding ongoing labor-related and lease expenses), of which approximately \$16 million is expected to be spent in 2017. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2017 will provide sufficient resources through the expected approval and planned commercialization of Rhopressa<sup>TM</sup> and Roclatan<sup>TM</sup> in the U.S. Our future funding requirements will depend on many factors, including, but not limited to the following:

## costs, timing and outcome of seeking regulatory approval;

the costs of commercialization activities for our product candidates, if we receive regulatory approval, including the costs and timing of establishing product sales, marketing, manufacturing and distribution capabilities; the commercial performance of our future product candidates;

timing and costs of our ongoing and future preclinical studies and clinical trials for our product candidates outside of the U.S.;

costs to complete our new manufacturing plant in Ireland;

#### **Table of Contents**

costs of any follow-on development or products, including the exploration and/or development of any additional opportunities for new ophthalmic products, delivery alternatives and new therapeutic areas; costs of any new business strategies;

costs of operating as a public company, including legal, compliance, accounting and investor relations expenses; terms and timing of any acquisitions, collaborations, licensing, consulting or other arrangements; and filing and prosecuting patent applications, maintaining and protecting our intellectual property rights and defending against intellectual property related claims.

We based our projections on assumptions that may prove to be incorrect or unreliable or may change due to circumstances beyond our control, and as a result, we may consume our available capital resources earlier than we originally projected. We may need to obtain additional financing to fund our future operations or we may decide, based on various factors, that additional financings are desirable. If such funding is required, we cannot guarantee that it will be available to us on favorable terms, if at all.

## **Outstanding Indebtedness**

As of June 30, 2017, our total indebtedness consisted of our \$125.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2014 Convertible Notes, which are due in September 2021. For a discussion of the 2014 Convertible Notes, see Note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report.

**Contractual Obligations and Commitments** 

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations at June 30, 2017:

	TOTAL	LESS THAN 1 YEAR	1 TO 3 YEARS	3 TO 5 YEARS	MORE THAN 5 YEARS
(in thousands)					
Lease obligations <sup>(1)</sup>	\$15,039	\$ 2,474	\$ 5,912	\$ 4,444	\$ 2,209
2014 Convertible Notes <sup>(2)</sup>	125,000		_	125,000	
	\$140,039	\$ 2,474	\$ 5,912	\$ 129,444	\$ 2,209

translated to U.S. dollars at the foreign exchange rate in effect at June 30, 2017.

Our lease obligations are primarily related to our principal executive office in Irvine, California, corporate offices in Bedminster, New Jersey, and Dublin, Ireland, and our research facility in Durham, North Carolina. Additionally, in January 2017, we entered into a lease agreement for a new manufacturing plant in Athlone, Ireland, under which we are leasing approximately 30,000 square feet of interior floor space for build-out. We are permitted to terminate the lease agreement beginning in September 2027. Obligations denominated in foreign currencies have been

On September 30, 2014, we issued the 2014 Convertible Notes to Deerfield Partners, L.P., Deerfield International Master Fund, L.P., Deerfield Private Design Fund III, L.P., Deerfield Special Situations Fund, L.P. and Deerfield Special Situations International Master Fund, L.P. The 2014 Convertible Notes mature on the seventh anniversary

(2) from the date of issuance, unless earlier converted. On January 1, 2015, Deerfield Special Situations International Master Fund, L.P. transferred all of its rights under the 2014 Convertible Notes to Deerfield Special Situations Fund, L.P. Refer to Note 7 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report for further information.

We have no other contractual obligations or commitments that are not subject to our existing financial statement accrual processes.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have during the periods presented, and we do not currently have, any off-balance sheet arrangements as defined under SEC rules.

#### **Table of Contents**

Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012

The Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act") provides that an emerging growth company can take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting and other requirements that are applicable to public companies that are not emerging growth companies. We currently take advantage of some, but not all, of the reduced regulatory and reporting requirements that are available to us for as long as we qualify as an emerging growth company. We have irrevocably elected under Section 107 of the JOBS Act not to take advantage of the extension of time to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards available under Section 102(b) of the JOBS Act and, therefore, we will be subject to the same new or revised accounting standards as other public companies that are not emerging growth companies. Our independent registered public accounting firm will not be required to provide an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting for as long as we qualify as an emerging growth company.

We may take advantage of these exemptions until we are no longer an "emerging growth company." We would cease to be an "emerging growth company" upon the earliest of: (i) December 31, 2018; (ii) the last day of the first fiscal year in which our annual gross revenues are \$1.07 billion or more; (iii) the date on which we have, during the previous three-year period, issued more than \$1 billion in non-convertible debt securities; or (iv) as of the end of any fiscal year in which the market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates exceeded \$700 million as of the end of the second quarter of that fiscal year.

Since the market value of our common stock held by non-affiliates exceeded \$700 million as of June 30, 2017, as of the year ending December 31, 2017, we will cease to be an "emerging growth company." As a result, beginning with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2017, we will be subject to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, which requires that our independent registered public accounting firm provide an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements** 

For a discussion of recently issued accounting standards, see Note 2 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in this report.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We have market risk exposure to interest income sensitivity, which is affected by changes in the general level of U.S. interest rates. Our cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2017, totaled \$242.7 million and consisted of cash and money market funds. Our investments totaled \$65.3 million as of June 30, 2017 and consisted of commercial paper and corporate bonds. We had cash, cash equivalents and investments of \$233.7 million as of December 31, 2016. Given the short-term nature of our cash, cash equivalents and investments and our investment policy, a sudden change in market interest rates would not be expected to have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations. We do not engage in any hedging activities against changes in interest rates. The 2014 Convertible Notes carry a fixed interest rate and, as such, are not subject to interest rate risk.

Aerie will face market risks attributable to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and exposure on the remeasurement of foreign currency-denominated monetary assets or liabilities into U.S. dollars. In particular, our operations and subsidiary in Ireland may enter into certain obligations or transactions in Euros or other foreign currencies, but has a U.S. dollar functional currency. We currently do not have any derivative instruments or a foreign currency hedging program. To date and during the six months ended June 30, 2017, foreign currency exposure and foreign currency financial instruments have not been material.

### **Table of Contents**

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

**Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures** 

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e)), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon the evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of June 30, 2017, the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file and submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives, and management necessarily applies its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their costs. Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **Table of Contents**

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We may periodically become subject to legal proceedings and claims arising in connection with our business. We are not a party to any known litigation, are not aware of any unasserted claims and do not have contingency reserves established for any litigation liabilities.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should consider carefully the risks described below and set forth under "Risk Factors" in our 2016 Form 10-K and other documents that we have filed or furnished with the SEC.

As of December 31, 2017, we will no longer be an "emerging growth company" and, as a result, we will have to comply with increased disclosure and governance requirements.

As a result of the significant increase in our market capitalization as of June 30, 2017, we will cease to be an "emerging growth company" as defined in the JOBS Act as of December 31, 2017. We will, as of December 31, 2017, be a large accelerated filer and, as such, will be subject to certain requirements that apply to other public companies but did not previously apply to us due to our status as an emerging growth company. These requirements include:

the provisions of Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requiring that our independent registered public

accounting firm provide an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting; the requirement to provide detailed compensation discussion and analysis in proxy statements and reports filed under the Exchange Act; and

the "say on pay" provisions (requiring a non-binding stockholder vote to approve compensation of certain executive officers) and the "say on golden parachute" provisions (requiring a non-binding stockholder vote to approve golden parachute arrangements for certain executive officers in connection with mergers and certain other business combinations) of the Dodd-Frank Act and some of the disclosure requirements of the Dodd-Frank Act relating to compensation of its chief executive officer.

Beginning with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2017, we will be subject to Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, which requires that our independent registered public accounting firm provide an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. Compliance with Section 404 will be expensive and time consuming for management and could result in the detection of internal control deficiencies of which we are currently unaware. Moreover, if we have a material weakness in our internal controls over financial reporting, we may not detect errors on a timely basis, and our financial statements may be materially misstated. We or our independent registered public accounting firm may not be able to conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal controls over financial reporting, which could harm our operating results, cause investors to lose confidence in our reported financial information and cause the trading price of our common stock to fall. We expect that the loss of "emerging growth company" status and compliance with the additional requirements will substantially increase our legal and financial compliance costs and make some activities more time consuming and costly.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities

None.

Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities

On November 3, 2014, we filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (the "2014 Registration Statement") that permitted the offering, issuance and sale by us of up to a maximum aggregate offering price of \$150.0 million of our common stock and permits sales of common stock by certain selling stockholders.

#### **Table of Contents**

On September 15, 2016, we filed a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 (Registration No. 333-213643), which was effective on September 15, 2016. The shelf registration statement permits the offering, issuance and sale by us of our common stock. In addition, on May 25, 2017, we filed a prospectus supplement to the base prospectus dated September 15, 2016 (the "2017 Prospectus Supplement"). The prospectus supplement permits the offering, issuance and sale by us of up to a maximum aggregate offering price of \$50.0 million of our common stock.

From November 10, 2014 through June 30, 2017, we issued and sold 6,840,570 shares of common stock under our "at-the-market" sales agreements, of which 906,858 shares were issued and sold during the six months ended June 30, 2017, and received net proceeds of approximately \$195.9 million, of which \$49.3 million were received during the six months ended June 30, 2017, in each case, after deducting commissions and other fees and expenses. Sales under the "at-the-market" sales agreements were made pursuant to the 2014 Registration Statement, the prospectus supplement (the "2016 Prospectus Supplement"), dated September 15, 2016, to the base prospectus dated September 15, 2016 and the 2017 Prospectus Supplement. As of June 30, 2017, no shares remain available for issuance under the 2014 Registration Statement, the 2016 Prospectus Supplement or the 2017 Prospectus Supplement.

Any remaining net proceeds from these sales are held as cash deposits and in a variety of capital preservation investments, including short-term, investment-grade, interest-bearing instruments and U.S. government securities.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are set forth on the Exhibit Index, which is incorporated herein by reference.

## Table of Contents

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

# AERIE PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.

Date: August 3, 2017 /s/ RICHARD J. RUBINO

Richard J. Rubino Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

## **Table of Contents**

### **EXHIBIT INDEX**

EXHIBIT NO. 31.1*	EXHIBIT  Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
32.1***	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2***	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS**	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.LAB**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Database.

101.DEF\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.

101.PRE\*\* XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

<sup>\*</sup>Filed herewith.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Attached as Exhibit 101 to this report are the following formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language):

<sup>(</sup>i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 (unaudited), (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss for the three and six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited), (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 (unaudited) and (iv) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).

\*\*\*Furnished herewith.